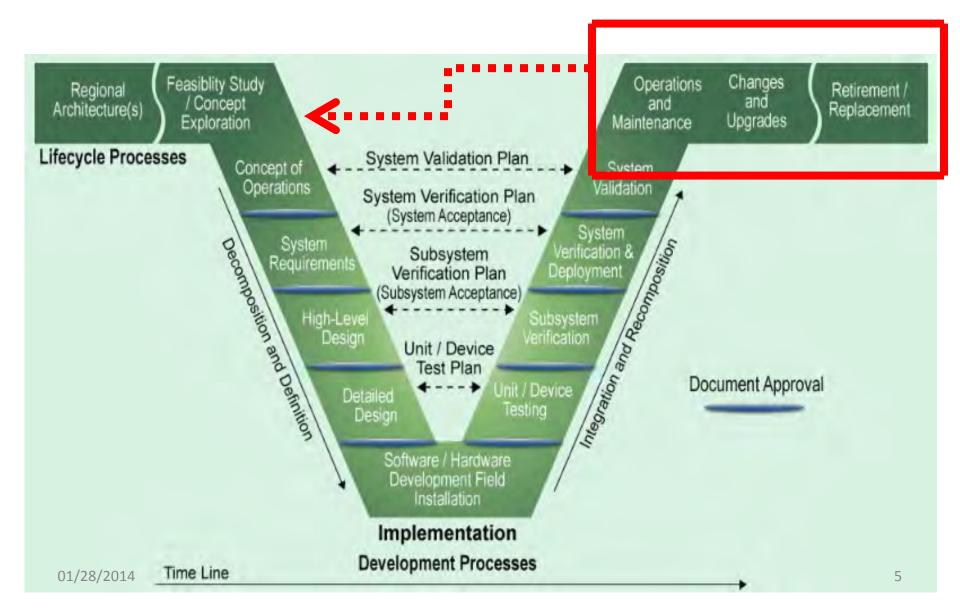


RISK-BASED ASSET MANAGEMENT

San Francisco Bay Area Rapid Transit (BART) District



WHY RISK MANAGEMENT?





COMMUTER/METRO SYSTEM

- BART operates the oldest heavy rail transit fleet in the U.S.
- In operation 41+ years
- 1st of its class built post-WWII
 - One-of-a-kind, hard to maintain
 - Tailored infrastructure, inflexible
 - Spurred economic development
 - Environmentally friendly

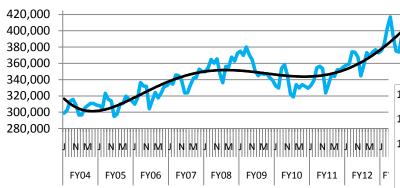




RAPID RIDERSHIP GROWTH

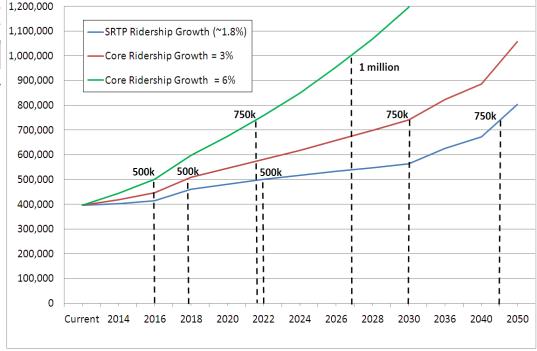
Average Weekday Ridership

Up nearly 100,000 trips since SFO Extension
Opened



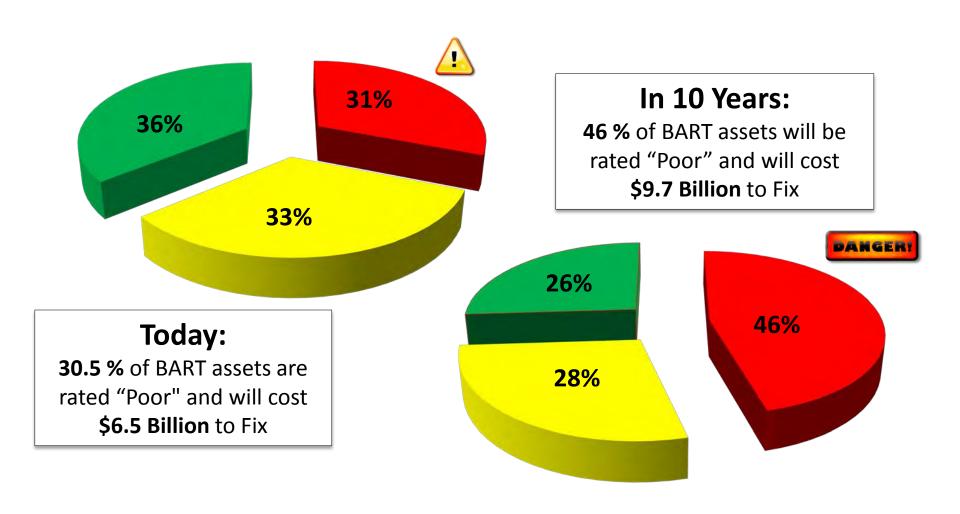
Average 6% ridership Growth over 2 years







A COMMON SCENARIO



The longer we wait...the higher the risk and expense



Risk – Asset Management Regional Impacts of Not Reinvesting?

- UC Berkeley / Bay Area Council study
- If performance declines, what are the consequences for ridership and for the region?
- Need to reinvest \$500+ M / annually
- Failure to reinvest net regional economic loss:

\$22 - 33 Billion

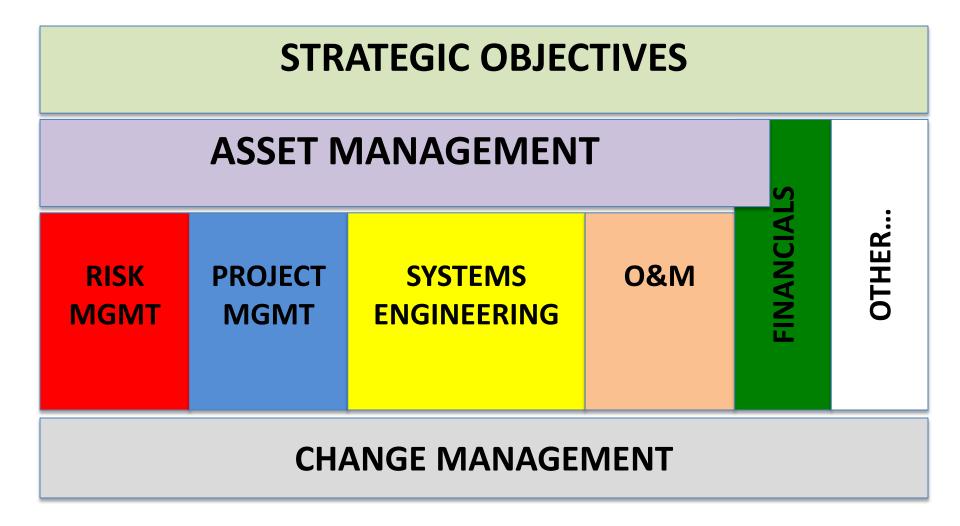


RISKS EVERYWHERE!

- Legacy
- Security
- Business
- Environment
- Demographic

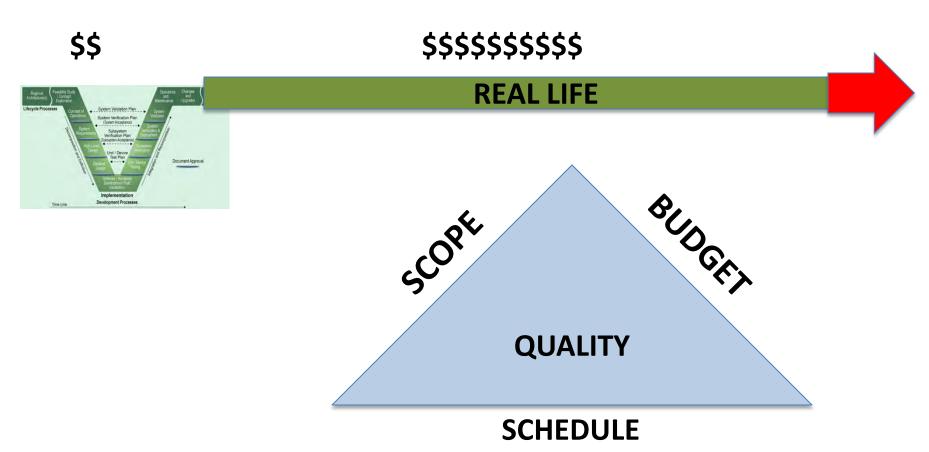
- Technology
- Operations
- Economic
- Ridership
- Future
- Doing nothing is a risk (deterioration)
- Doing too much is a risk (complexity)

SYSTEMS ENGINEERING SUPPORTS STRATEGY



PROJECT MANAGEMENT SUPPORTS SYSTEMS ENGINEERING

LIFE CYCLE COSTS



12

WHAT ARE 'AM' AND 'SGR'?

- Asset Management:
 - Maximize assets ability to generate value
 - Extend the economic life of assets
 - Minimize life cycle costs of assets

- State of Good Repair:
 - An asset is fit for its intended purpose and continues to provide value through its economic life

WHY ASSET MANAGEMENT?

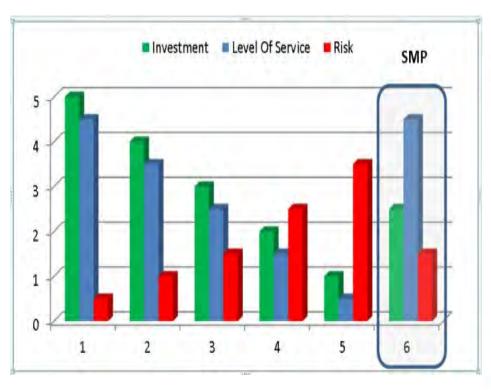
- Business imperative organizational sustainability
- Federal Legislation statutory requirement:
 - Asset Management Plan
 - ☐ Inventory of assets
 - Condition of assets
 - Capital rehabilitation program
 - ☐ Decision support system
 - Risk-based decision making
 - Performance Measurements
- Regional <u>economic viability</u>

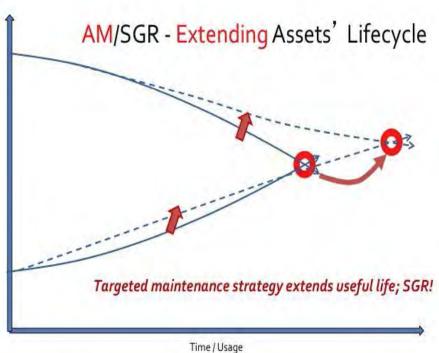
THE ASSET MANAGEMENT MODEL



HOLISTIC APPROACH

Integrate extent of <u>investment</u> needed to meet desired <u>service</u> <u>levels</u> while managing the risk to <u>reliable</u> service





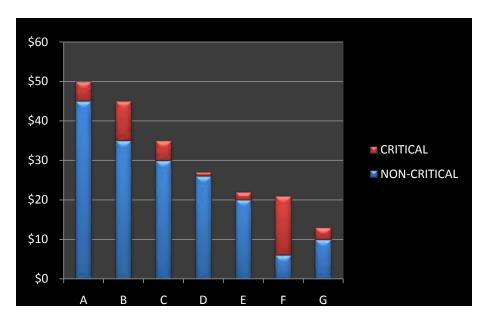
S.F. BART - Asset Management Program 01/28/2014

. . .

RISKS vs. COSTS

- Fiscal constraints lead to triage based on risk level
- Example shows how \$41M investment can stave off a \$243M crisis ... for a time
- Any funds in addition to \$41M contribute to reducing the speed of infrastructure decay and backlog build up.

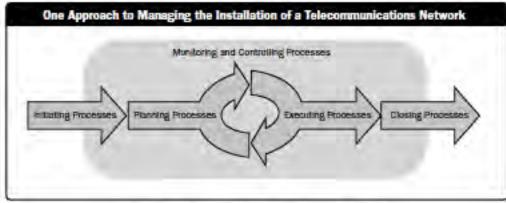
	С	NC	TOT
A	\$ 5	\$45	\$50
В	\$10	\$35	\$45
c	\$5	\$30	\$35
D	\$1	\$26	\$27
E	\$2	\$20	\$22
F	\$15	\$6	\$21
G	\$3	\$10	\$13
	\$41	\$172	\$213



Design

Time Line

Software / Hardware Development Field Installation Implementation **Development Processes**



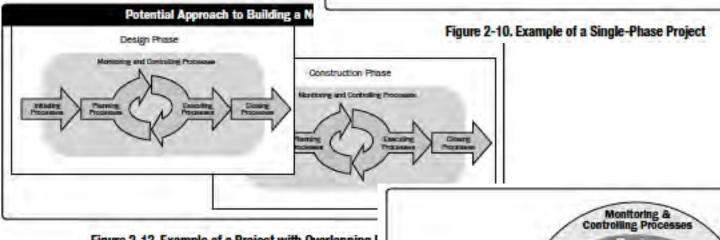


Figure 2-12. Example of a Project with Overlapping I

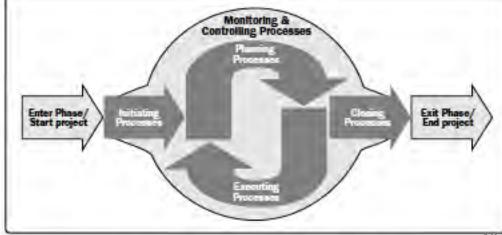


Figure 3-1. Project Management Process Groups

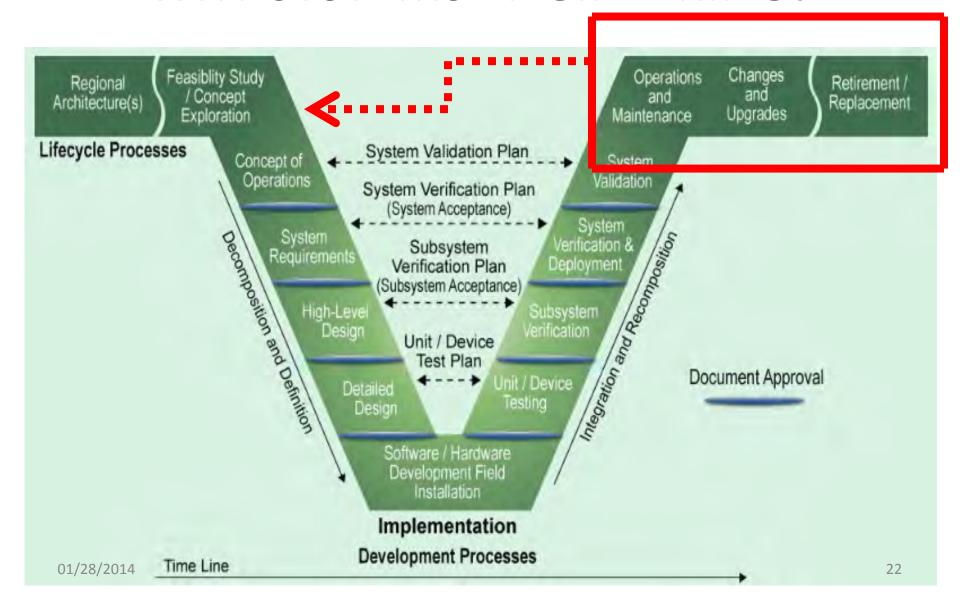
RISK - SYSTEM PLANING

- Make allowances for technology evolution
- No single-points of failure
- Mind the "ilities" (keys to good LCC):
 - Maintainability
 - Reliability
 - Availability
 - Quality
 - Security
 - Workmanship

KEYS TO SUCCESS

- Communication
- Executive Support
- Governance
 - Risk Management
 - Change Management
 - Program/Project Management
- Bottom-up and Top-down (voice of the infrastructure)
- Cross-disciplinary (silo busting)

WHY SYSTEMS ENGINEERING?





TAKEWAYS

- Asset Management is a:
 - Business imperative
 - Legislative requirement
- Risk-based AM maximizes scarce resources
- AM is an element of the SE ecosystem
- SE builds the foundation to a stable future
- SE is an essential element of success

