

2018 Annual **INCOSE** international workshop **Jacksonville, FL, USA** January 20 - 23, 2018

• Working Group on

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Human-Systems Integration

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Agenda: January 2018

- Saturday
 - 13-17: Ongoing HSI WG agenda:
 - 1. keep writing new materials for SEBOK and SE Handbook;

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- 2. provide latest work in progress in HSI;
- 3. plan for INCOSE IS 2018
- 4. announcements: IEEE HSI WG + INCOSE Safety WG
- Tuesday

January 21, 2018

– 09-12: HSI Roadmap

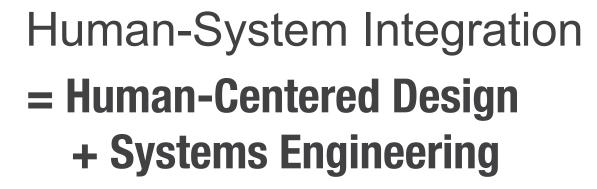


HSIWG

Introduction









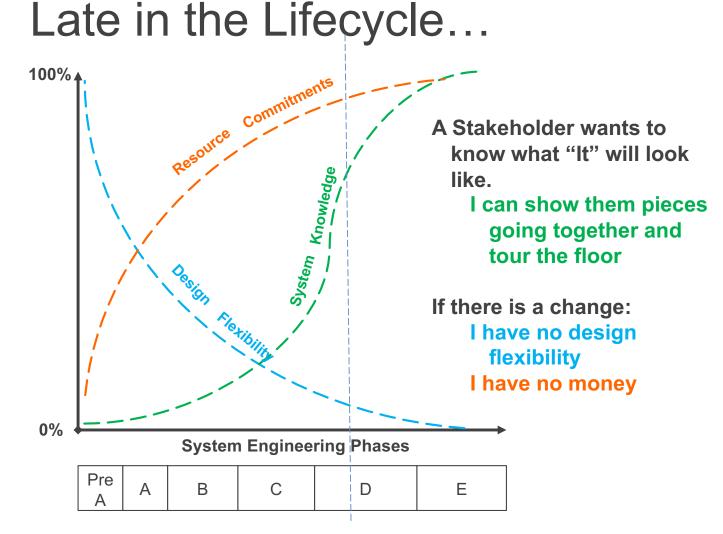


e.g., NASA Lifecycle Phases

- Pre-Phase A, Concept, Studies
 - Feasible concepts, simulations, studies, models, mockups
- **Phase A**, Concept and Technology Development
 - Concept definition, simulations, analysis, models, trades
- Phase B, Preliminary Design & Technology Completion
 Mockups, study results, specifications, interfaces, prototypes
- **Phase C**, Final Design, and Fabrication
 - Detailed designs, fabrication, software development
- **Phase D**, System Assembly, Integration and Test, Launch
 - Operations-ready system with related enabling products
- Phase E F, Operations and Sustainment, Closeout

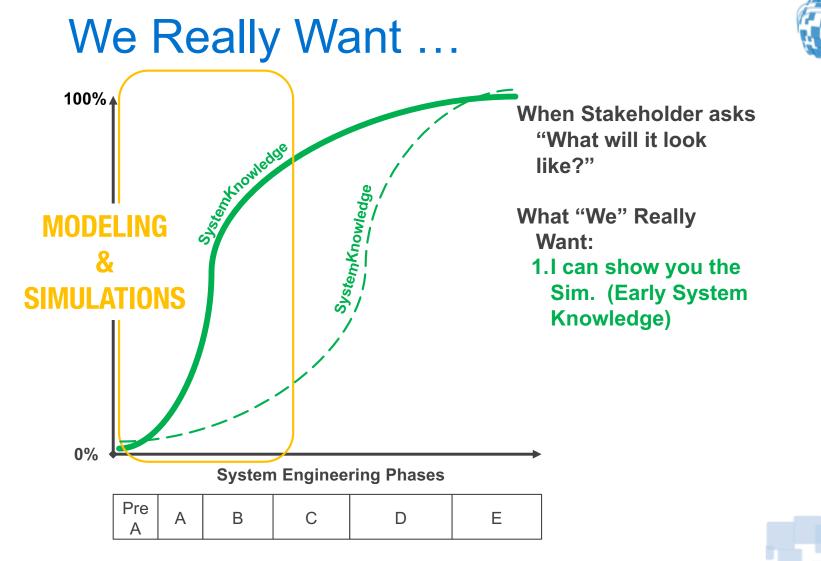






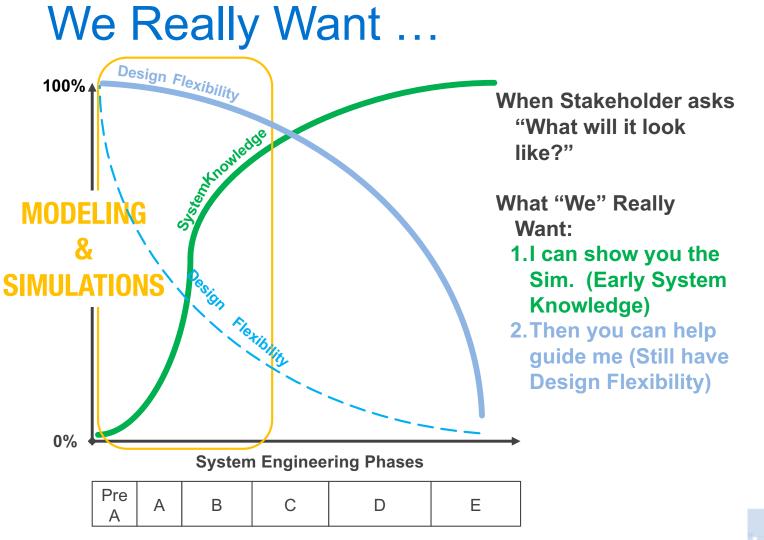








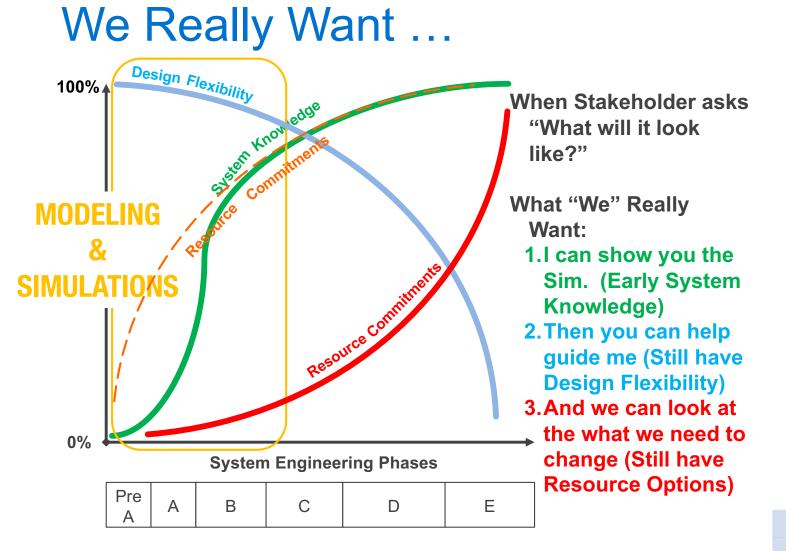






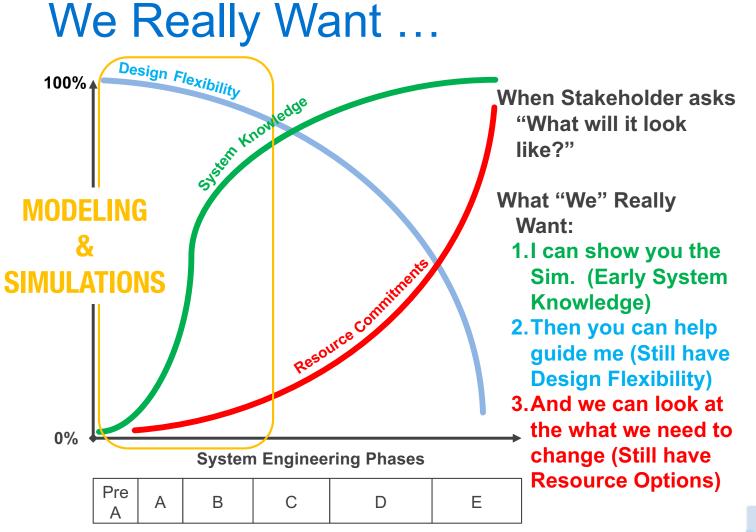














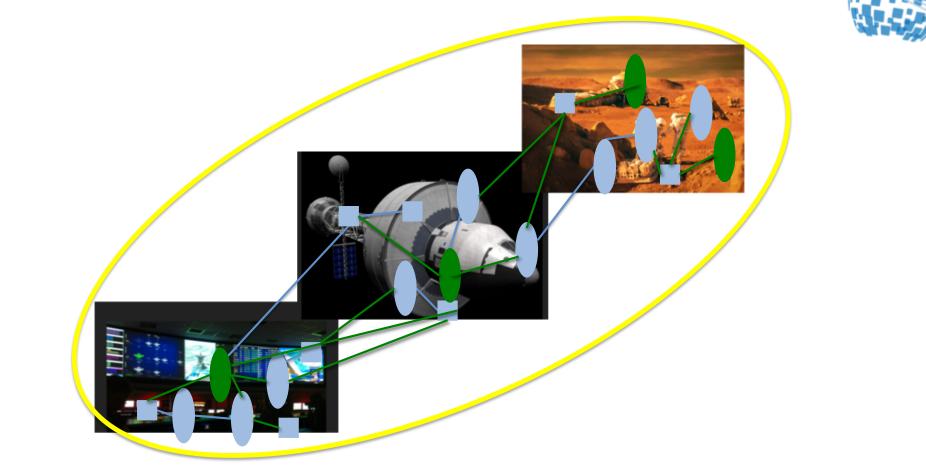




June 2017 M2020 Operations Design Simulation at JPL

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Integration of HCD and engineering

Design vs. engineering

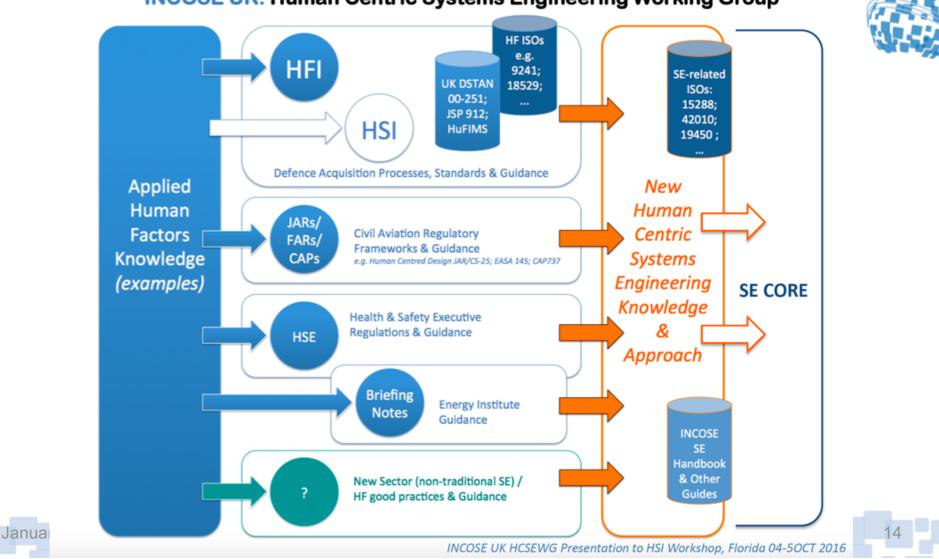
Human-centered design (HCD)

- ISO: ... focuses on usability and HFE
- Technology, organization and people during the whole life cycle of a system

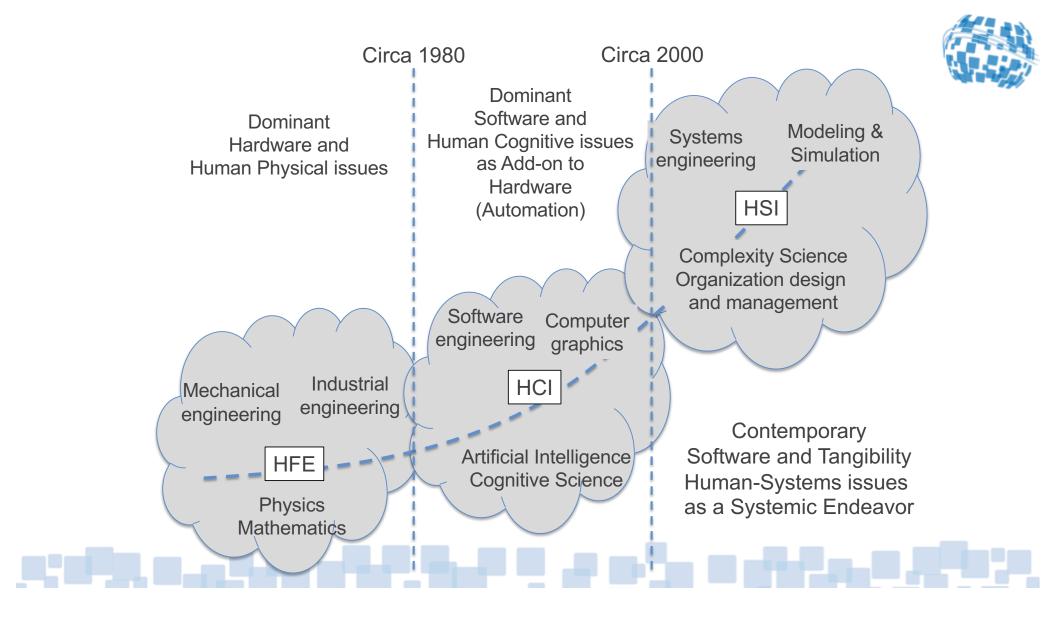
HCD supported by

- human-in-the-loop modeling and simulation
- complexity analysis and modeling (addressing messy and wicked problems)





INCOSE UK: Human Centric Systems Engineering Working Group



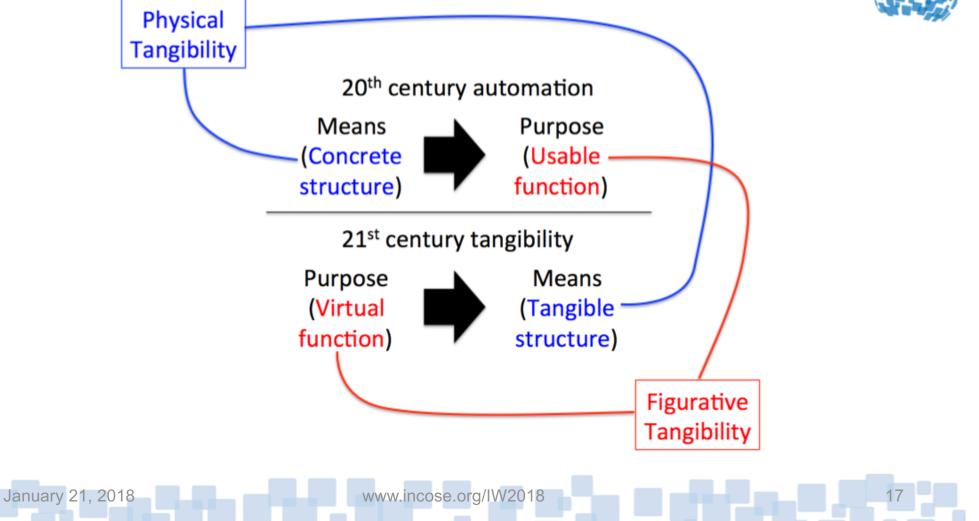


Tangibility

- Real, actual, material
- Opposite to imaginary or visionary
- Physical tangibility: touchable, graspable
- Figurative tangibility: acceptability, meaningfulness

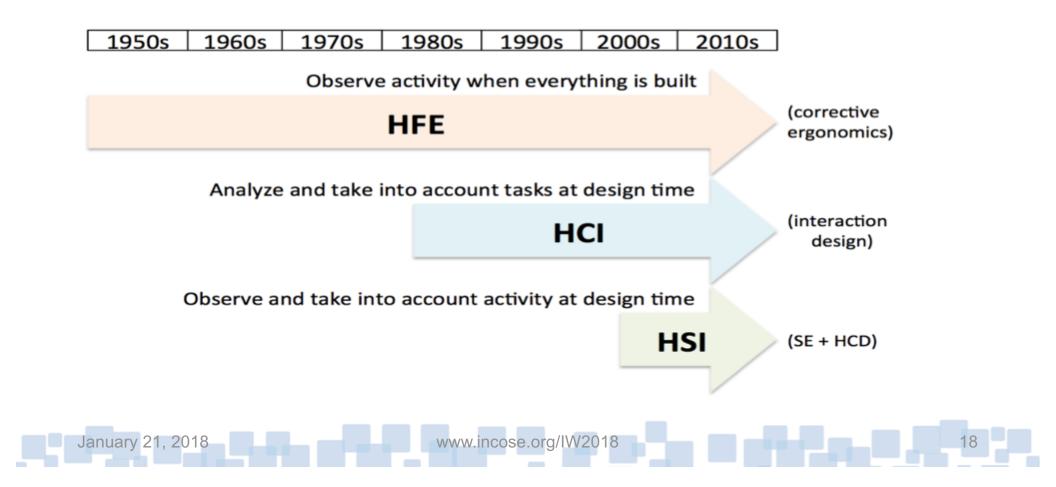








Activity-based HSI...





Report: HSIWG Workshop at FIT (Oct 4-5, 2016)

- Questions
 - HSI semantics?
 - Human-system architect?
 - INCOSE's HSI charter?





INCOSE HSI-WG

- Action items (short term):
 - Form an active INCOSE HSI steering committee
 - Organize teleconferences every two months
 - Organize a session during the next INCOSE IS





Logo





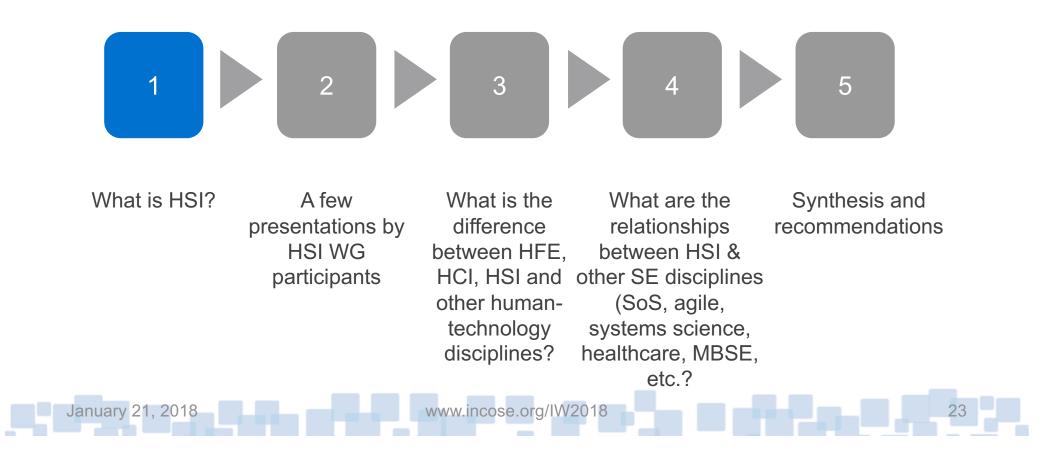


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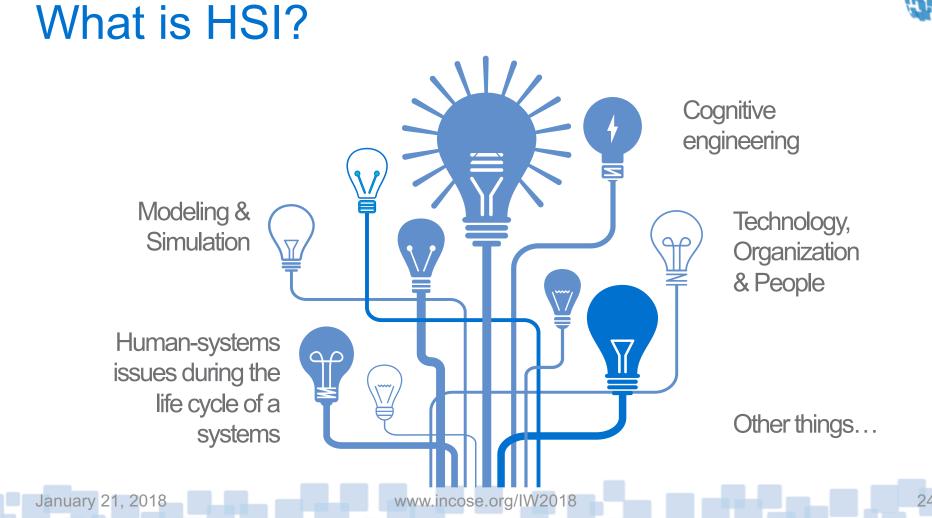
Status of HSI



A sequence for this afternoon (14:00-18:00)









Terminology and perspectives

HSIWG







Brainstorming on terminology and ontology supporting HSI Compilation of perspectives on HSI terminology Definition of a terminology for HSI





A definition (proposed at IW 2017)

Human-systems integration

- Interdisciplinary process (i.e., human and technological sciences together)
- Bring the human in the design process
- Not limited to user interface design
- Considers all stakeholders dealing with technology being developed
- Intent: increase total system performance
- Life cycle framework (i.e., from design to disposal)

Alternative term:

- human-centered systems integration
- human-centered systems engineering (condition is that SE would be a human-centered integrating discipline)
- > The term "system" should be thought as a representation





HSI key properties

Tangibility Human-in-the-loop simulation Fidelity Complexity Goal, task, activity... and user experience Function Integration The social dimension: Multi-agent vs. single-agent Autonomy Context Maturity





Human-in-the-loop simulation

- Fidelity and realism in terms of technology, organization and people
- Enables to consider human factors at design time by observing activity
- Separability issue (complexity management)





Fidelity

- Relation to the real world
- Realism
- May take several forms: physical, environmental, software, hardware, etc.
- Realistic scenarios (task fidelity)
- Degree of similarity with real world object, feature or condition (modeling)
- Levels of fidelity with respect to design and development phases
- Appropriateness: levels of abstraction with respect to system (or component) purpose and complexity
- Appropriately documented (e.g., for reuse)
- Fidelity from 3 viewpoints: technology, organization and people





Complexity

- Problem understanding difficulty
- Difficulty in understanding relationships among component of a system to be designed
- Unpredictable
- Non-linear
- All systems with humans in them are complex adaptive systems
- Emergent properties and behaviors

Competency of the design team

- Designing for idiots versus designing for experts
- Risk taking and management
- Human errors and human engagement





Grounding concepts

Goal

- End state that needs to be achieved
- Can be decomposed into sub-goals -
- ISO 9241-11: intended outcome

Task

- Prescribed set of actions
- To achieve a goal -
- ISO 9241-11 (1998) -

Activity

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- Set of actions effectively executed -
- Result of the application of a function executing a task -
- Observable (HITLS and real practice)

User experience

- ISO 9241
- Should be measurable
- Needs to be better defined

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Function

- Role of an agent
- A system outcomes which contribute to goals or objectives.
- To have a function, a system must be able to provide the outcome through two or more different combinations of elemental behavior. (Ackoff 1971)
- An action, a task, or an activity performed to achieve a desired outcome. (Hitchins 2007)
- A broad work area encompassing multiple related disciplines (e.g., Engineering, Finance, Human Resources, etc.). (Created for SEBoK)
- A function is defined by the transformation of input flows to output flows, with defined performance. (Created for SEBoK)





Integration (human-centered)

- Structure and function (ontology)
- Intentional and reactive behavior
- Function allocation
- Architecture
- Where in the life cycle
- Minimalism, seamlessness, noise reduction, value added





The social dimension

Multi-agent vs. single-agent

- Systems of systems
- Types and locus of control (hierarchical, heterarchical)
- Centralized versus distributed organizations
- Dependency versus autonomy
- 3C (communication, cooperation, coordination)
- Delegation, authority, responsibility, accountability
- Security
- Common frame of reference (language)
- Knowledge management





Autonomy

- Self direction
- Levels of autonomy
- Autonomy validity boundaries (constraints)
- Coordination rules
- External information processing (consciousness and support)





Context

- Environmental
- Social and historical
- Normal, abnormal and emergency (nominal and off-nominal)
- Expected versus unexpected
- Operations, maintenance, training, certification, decommissioning, design, manufacturing, etc.

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- Culture and education
- Ethical values

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- Legal and regulatory
- Economical and business



Maturity

- Process-driven (CMMi, TRLs)
- Technology and product (usability, usefulness)
- Culture, practice and training (social and human readiness, ISO 9241/220)
- Organization





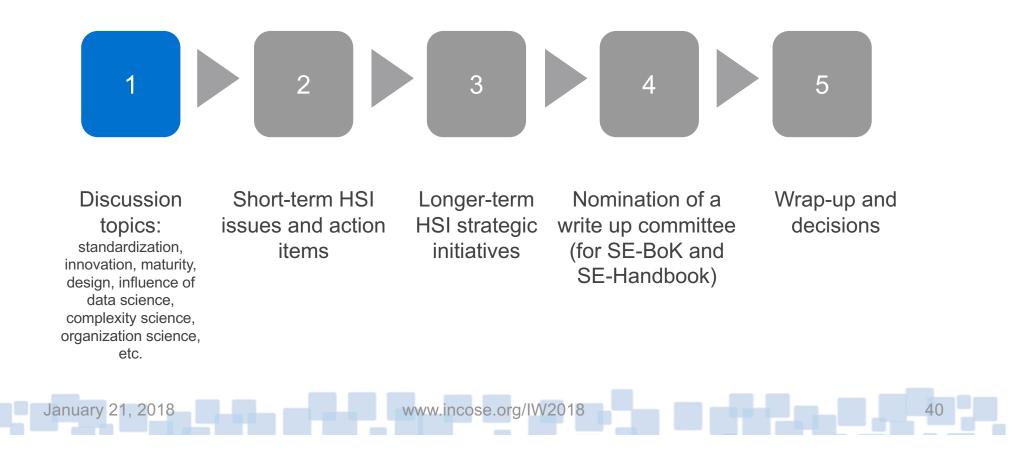
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Future of HSI



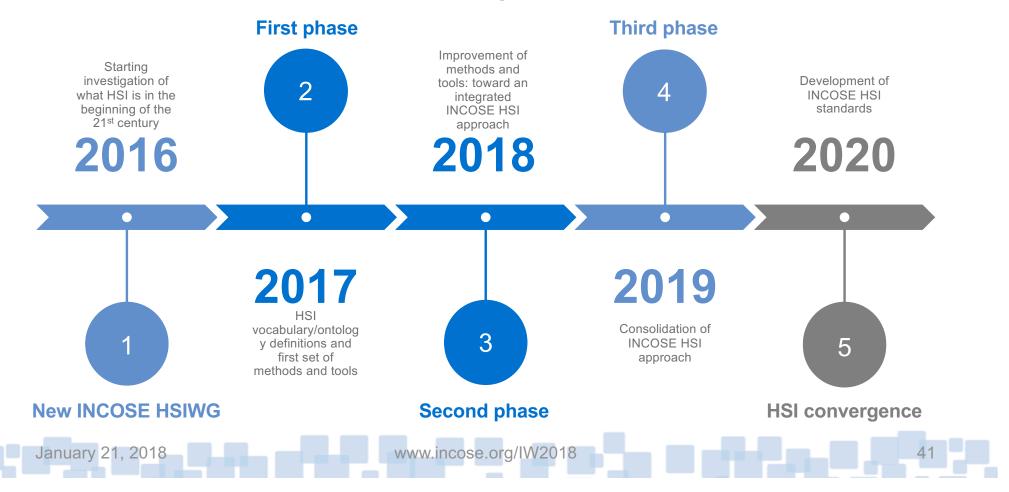


A sequence for today (10:00-15:00)





INCOSE HSI Roadmap







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