

# An Enterprise Systems Engineering Framework

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INCOSE International Symposium  
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# Friedman-Sage Case Study Framework

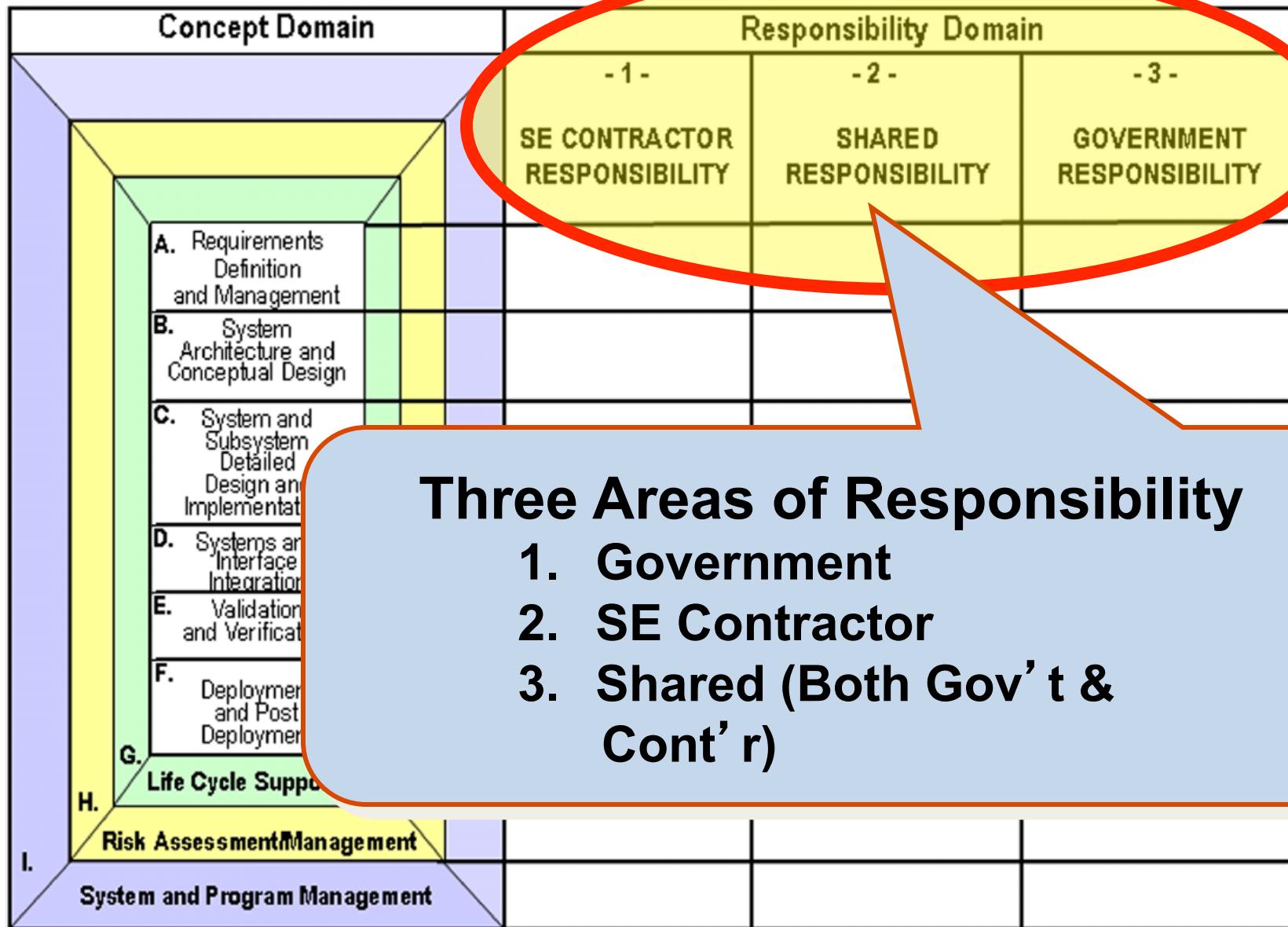
Concept Domain	Responsibility Domain		
	- 1 - SE CONTRACTOR RESPONSIBILITY	- 2 - SHARED RESPONSIBILITY	- 3 - GOVERNMENT RESPONSIBILITY
A. Requirements Definition and Management			
B. System Architecture and Conceptual Design			
C. System and Subsystem Detailed Design and Implementation			
D. Systems and Interface Integration			
E. Validation and Verification			
F. Deployment and Post Deployment			
G. Life Cycle Support			
H. Risk Assessment/Management			
I. System and Program Management			

**A Framework for  
“Project” Level  
Systems Engineering  
Case Studies**

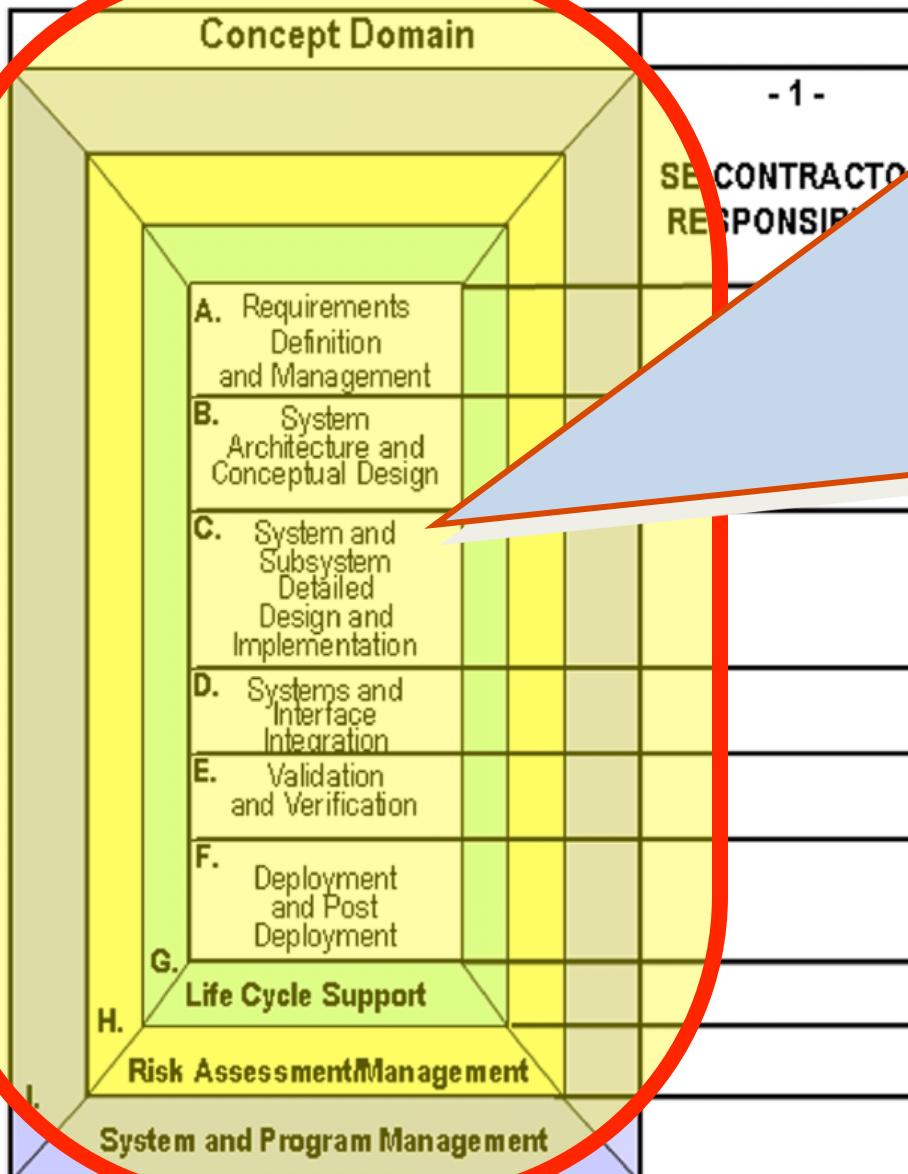
# Case Study Frameworks

- Case Studies
  - An evaluation research approach
  - Builds a basis for valid inferences
    - From case study “events”
    - From evidence collected
- Case Study Framework
  - Provides a structure for
    - Collecting evidence
    - Articulating questions
    - Categorizing “events”
  - Facilitates comparison of case study results
    - Providing a common structure
    - Providing common understanding of a domain of interest

# Friedman-Sage Case Study Framework



# Friedman-Sage Case Study Framework



## Nine Concept Domains

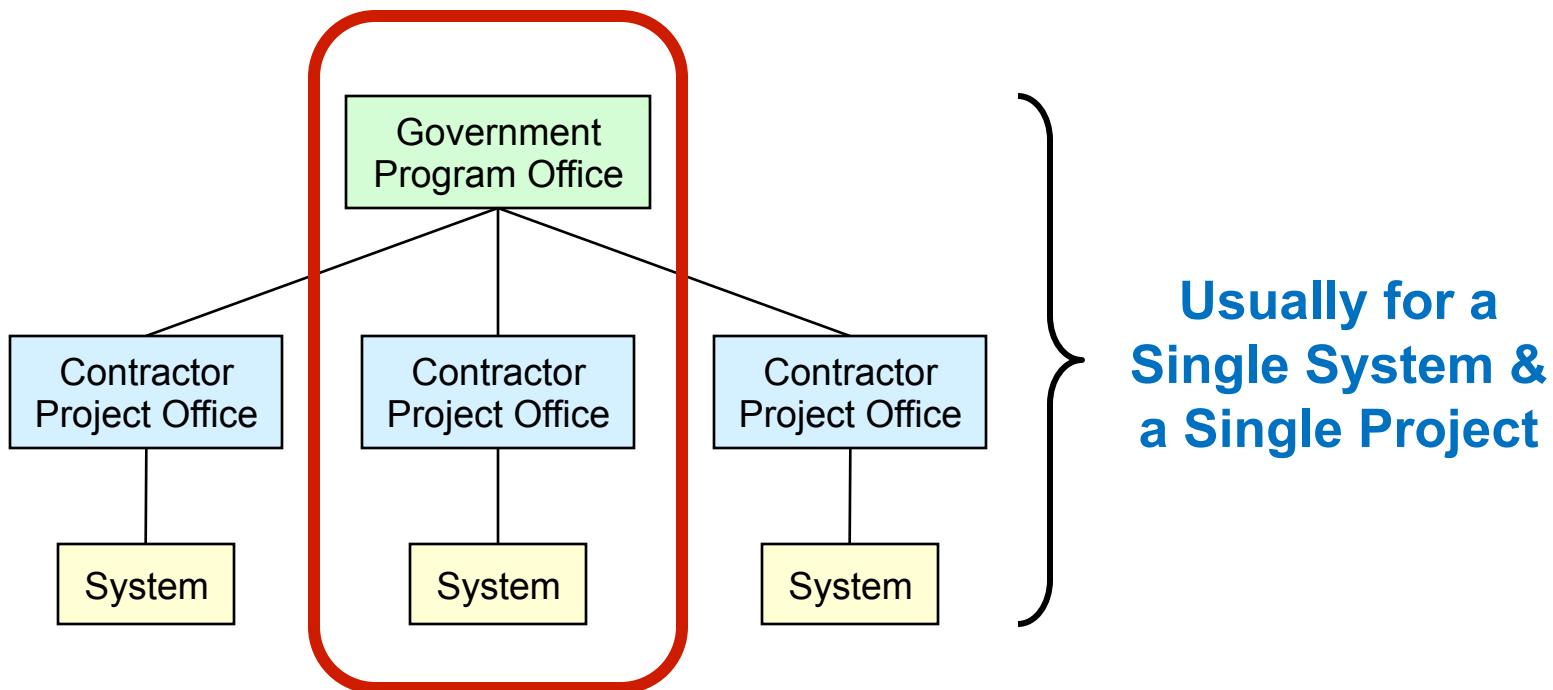
1. Requirements
2. Architecture
3. Detailed Design & Implementation
4. Integration & Interfaces
5. Verification & Validation
6. Deployment
7. Lifecycle Support
8. Risk
9. Management

# Friedman-Sage Case Study Framework

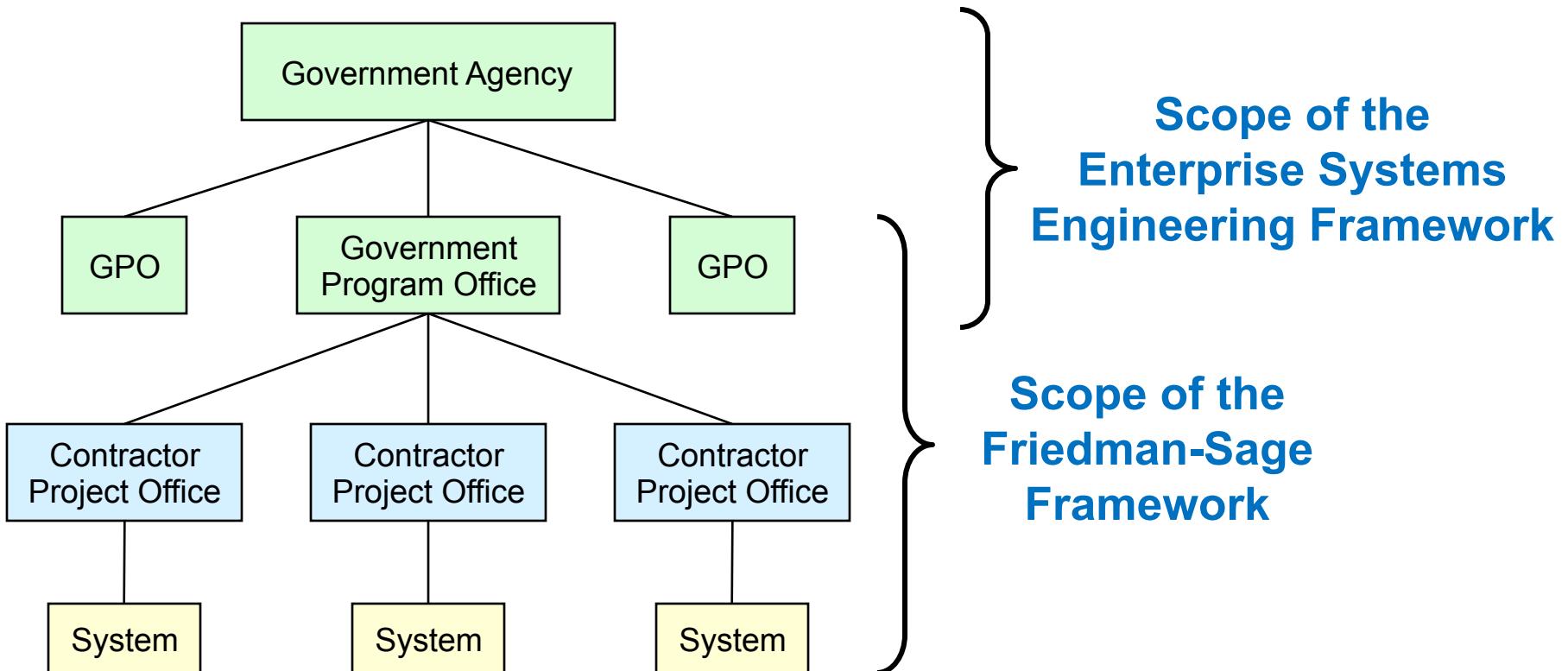
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**How would this be  
different for Enterprise  
Systems Engineering?**

# Scope of the Friedman-Sage Framework



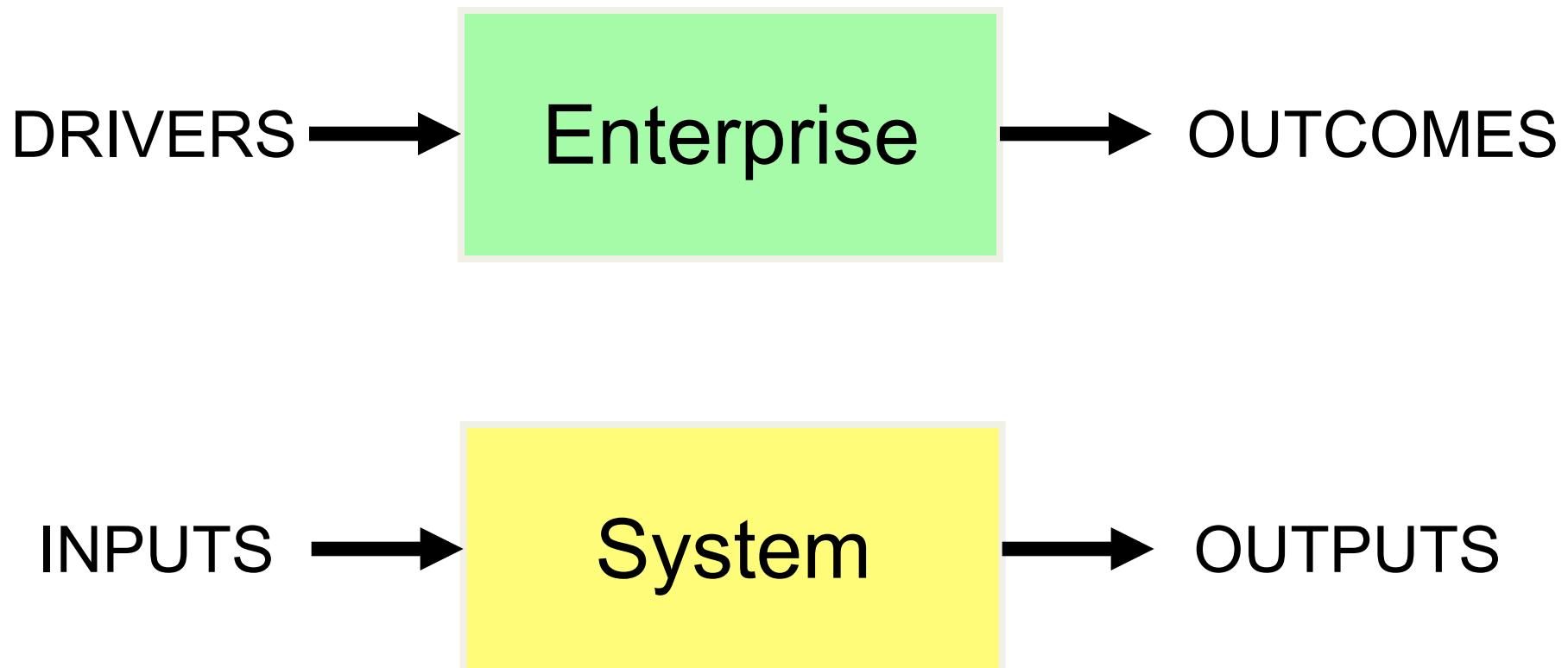
# Expanded Scope for ESE



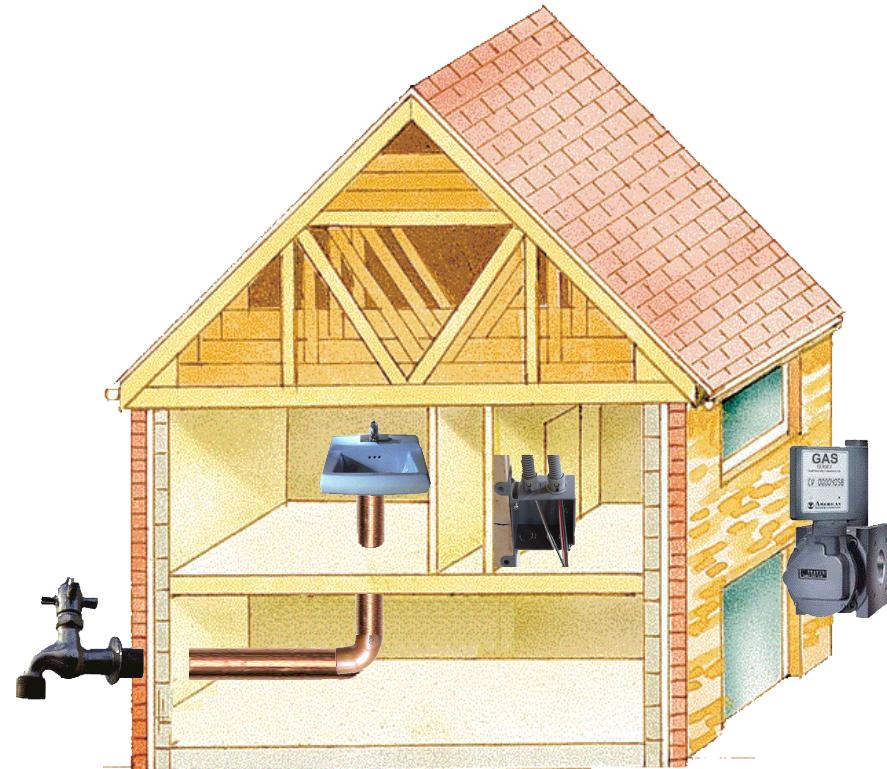
# What is an Enterprise?

- **A bold, new business venture**
- **Everything required to accomplish a large, complex undertaking**
- **An Enterprise uses Resources (People, Policies, Practices, Platforms, Money, Energy, Facilities, Infrastructure & Systems ) to accomplish its Goals and Objectives**

# Systems vs. Enterprises

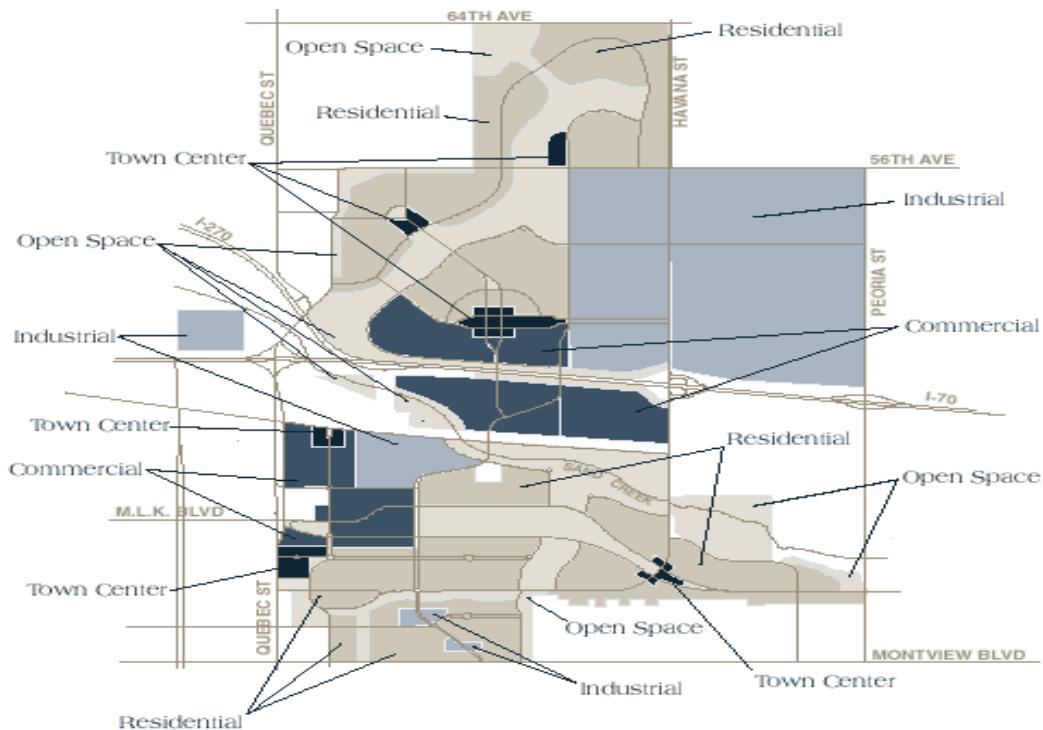
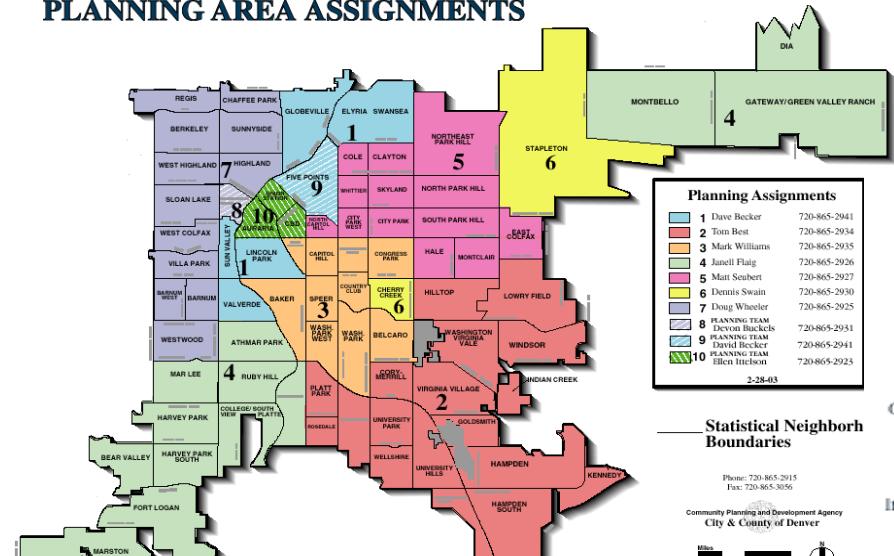


# System Architecture is Like Blueprints for a Building



# Enterprise Architecture is Like Urban Planning

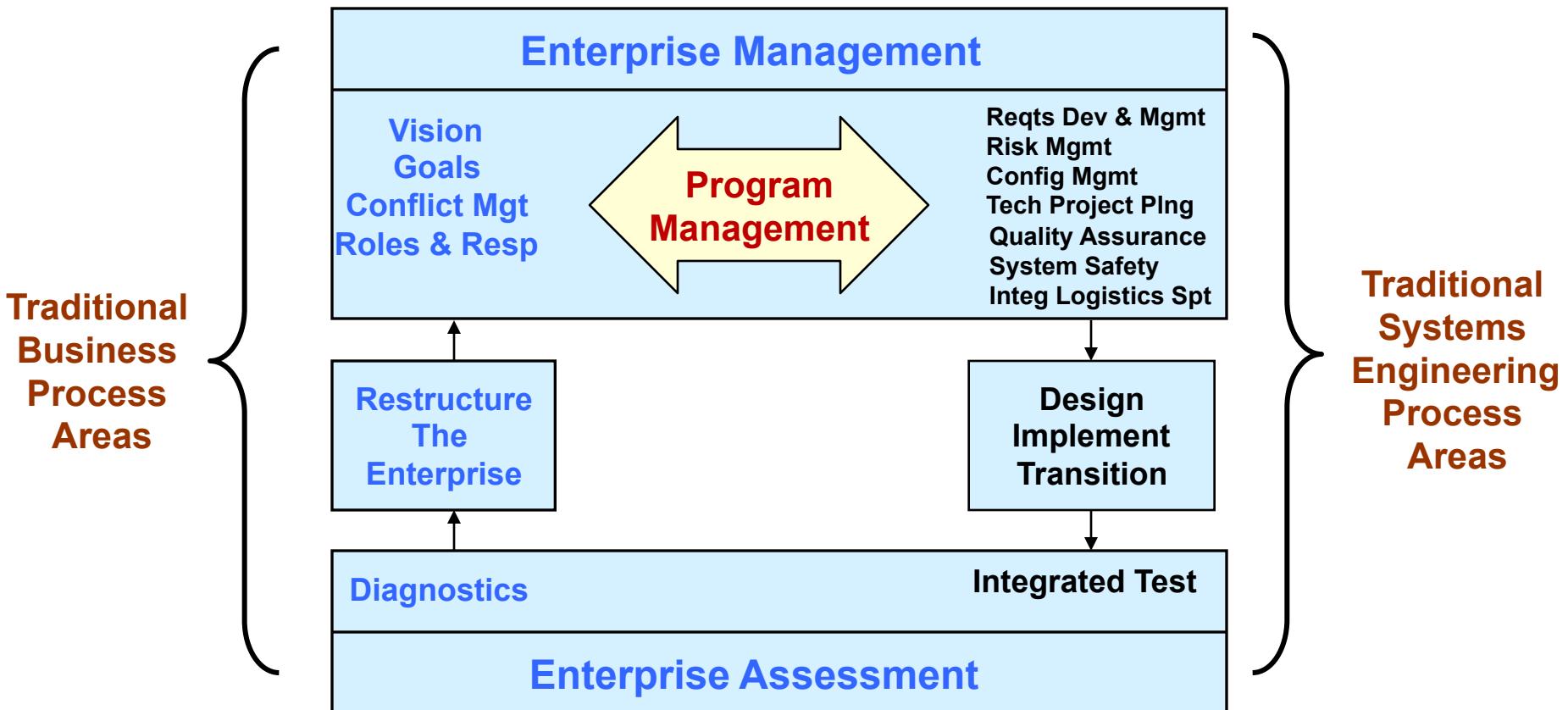
## PLANNING AREA ASSIGNMENTS



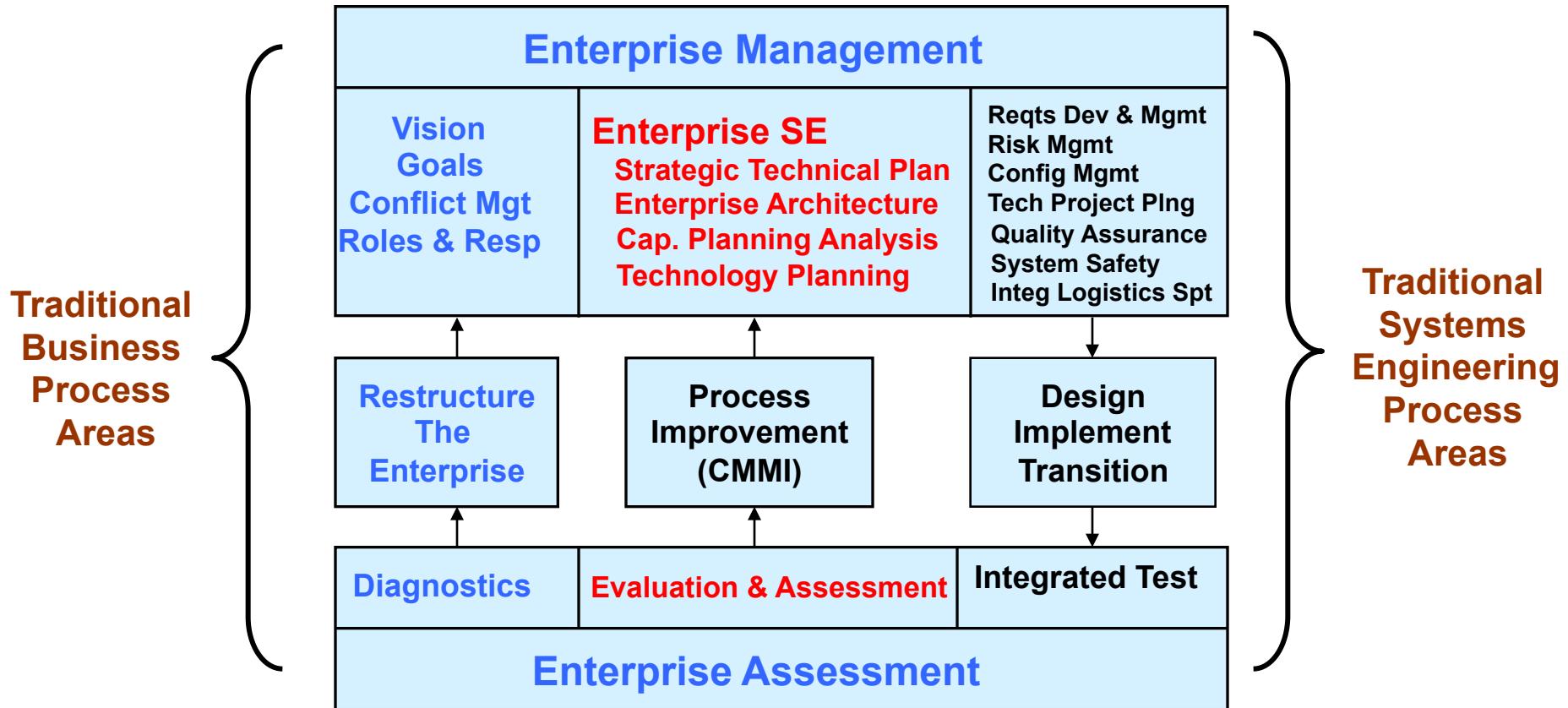
Concept Domain	Responsibility Domain		
	1. Program Responsibility	2. Shared Responsibility	3. Enterprise Responsibility
A. Strategic Technical Planning			
B. Capability-Based Planning Analysis			
C. Technology and Standards Planning			
D. Enterprise Requirements Definition and Management			
E. Enterprise Architecture and Conceptual Design			
F. Program and Project Detailed Design and Implementation			
G. Program Integration and Interfaces			
H. Program Validation and Verification			
I. Deployment and Post Deployment			
J. Program Life Cycle Support			
K. Risk and Opportunity Management			
L. Enterprise Evaluation and Assessment			

## New Enterprise-Level SE Case Study Framework

# Business & SE Process Areas



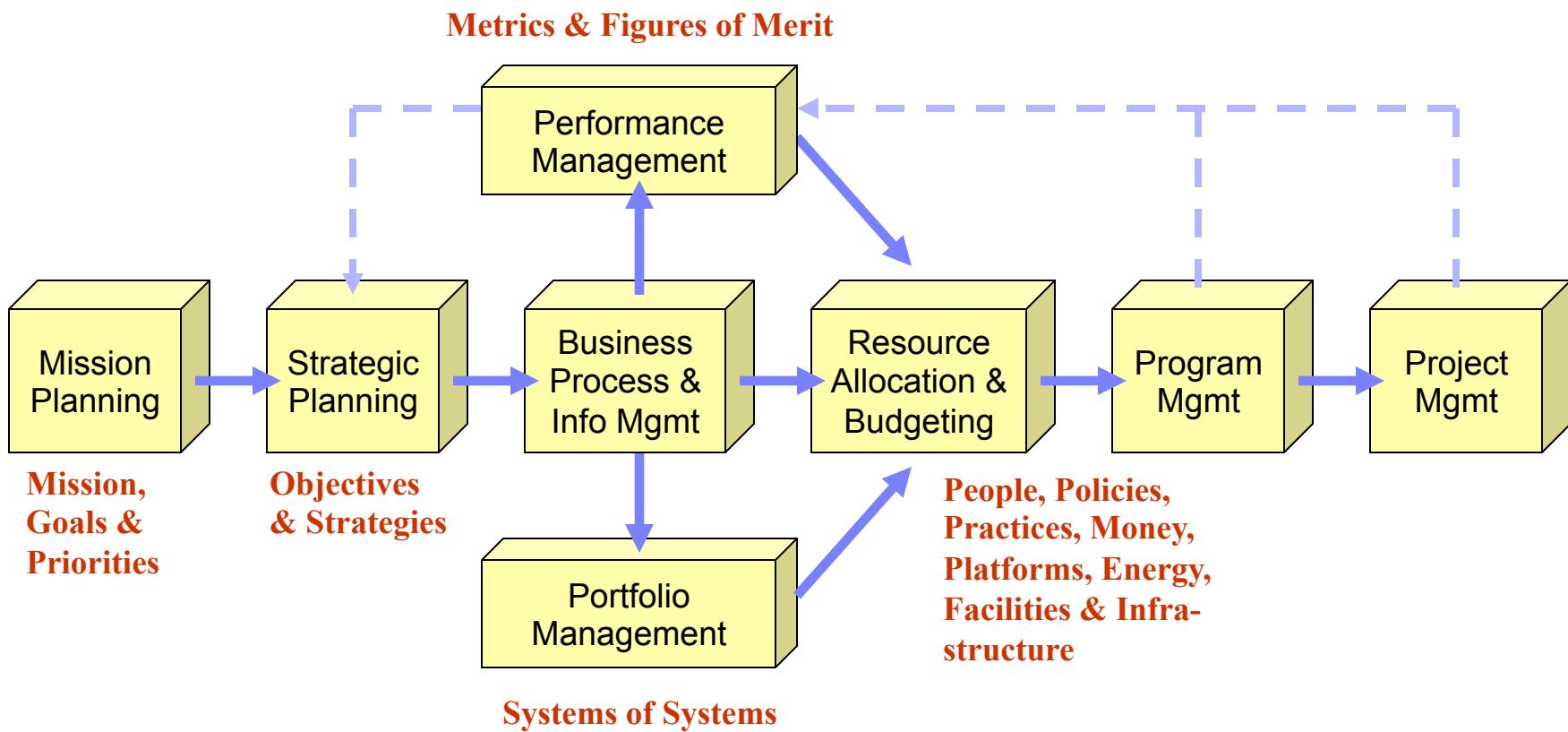
# Adding Enterprise SE Process Areas



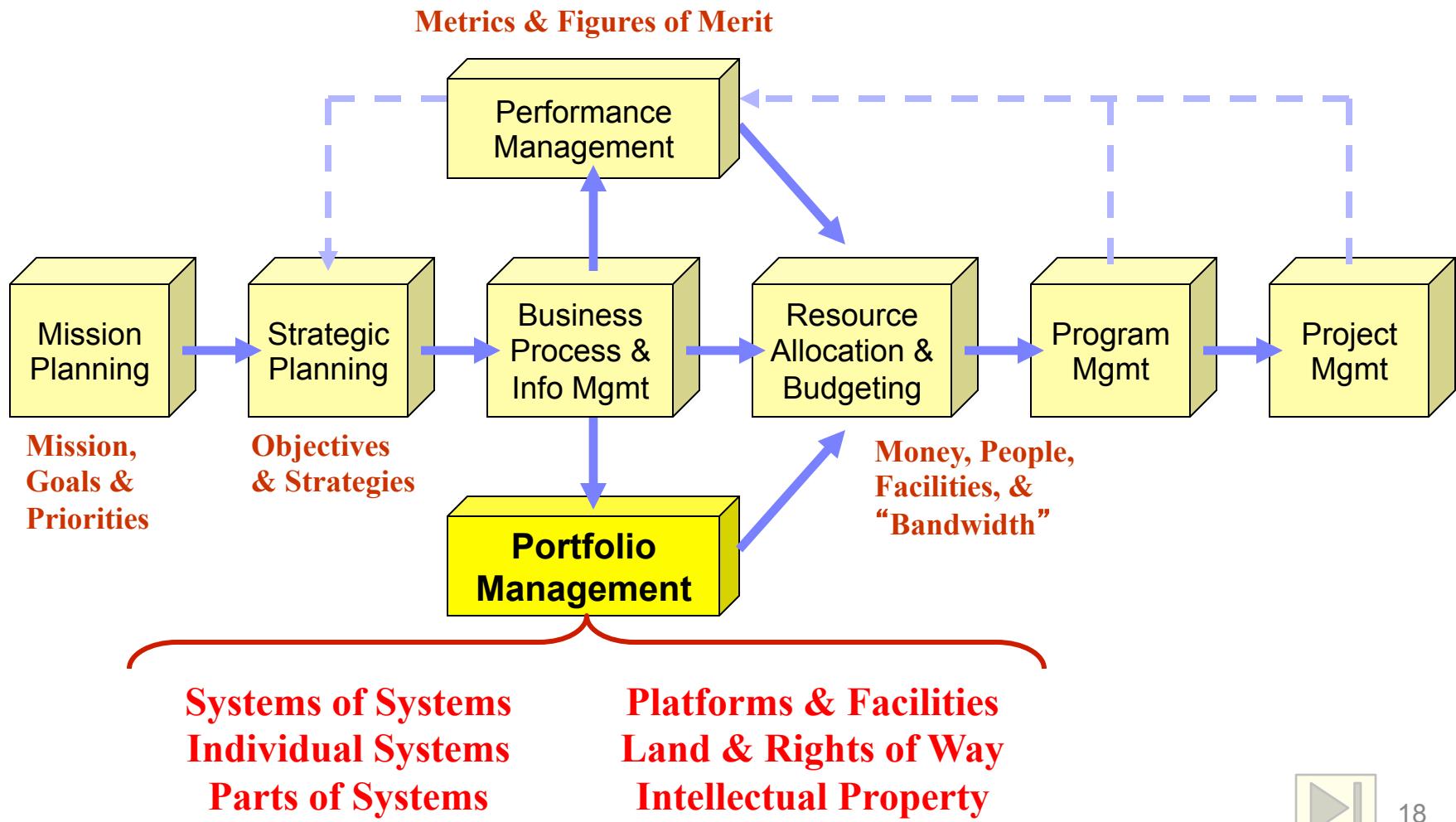
# Enterprise-Level SE Processes

- Strategic Technical Planning
- Enterprise Architecture
- Capabilities-Based Planning Analysis
- Technology Planning
- Enterprise Evaluation and Assessment

# Enterprise Systems Engineering & Management

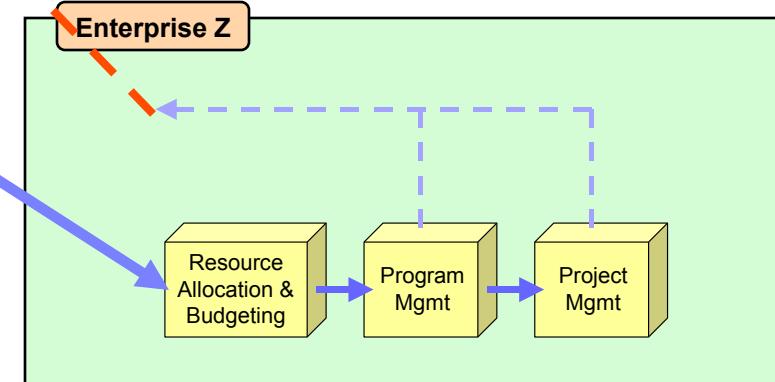
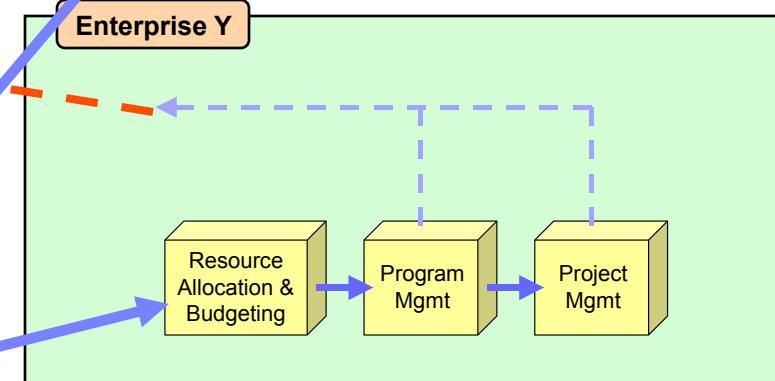
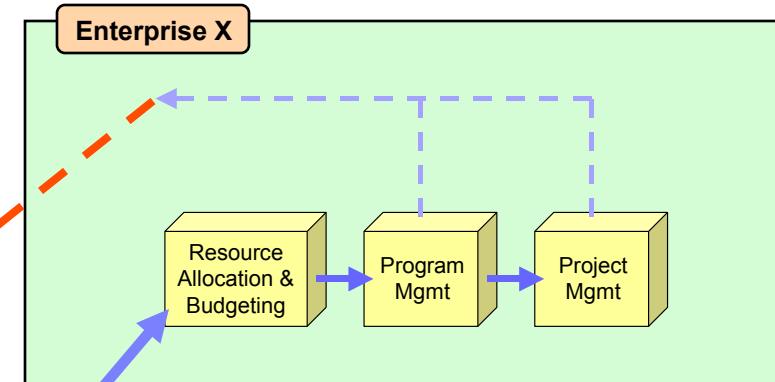
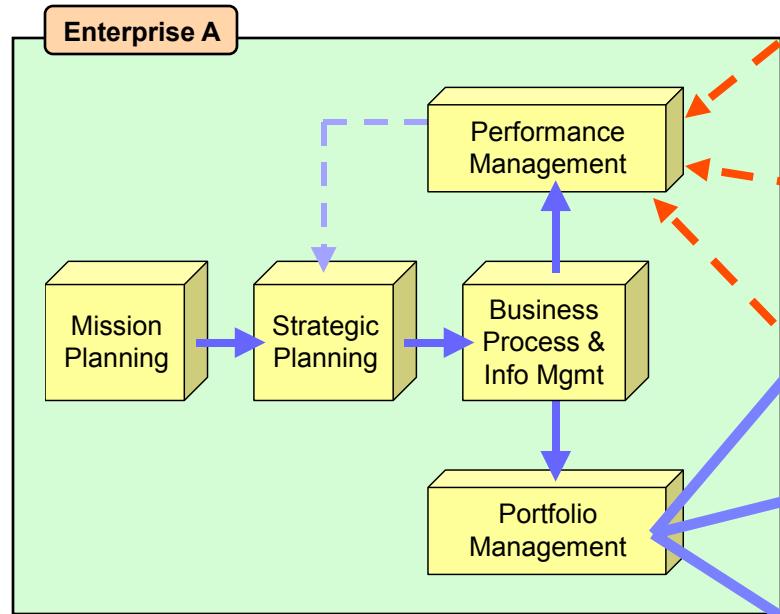


# Enterprise Portfolio Management



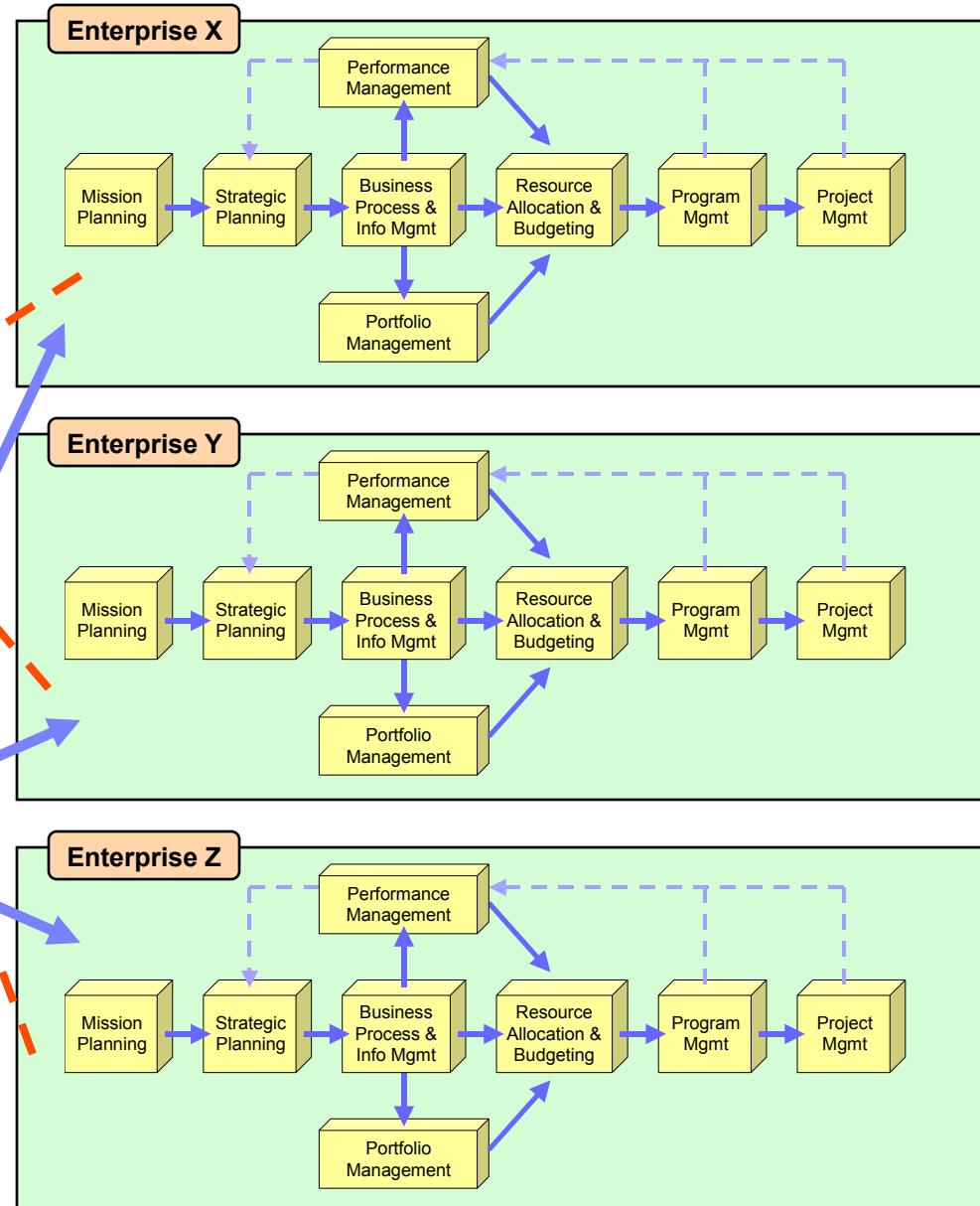
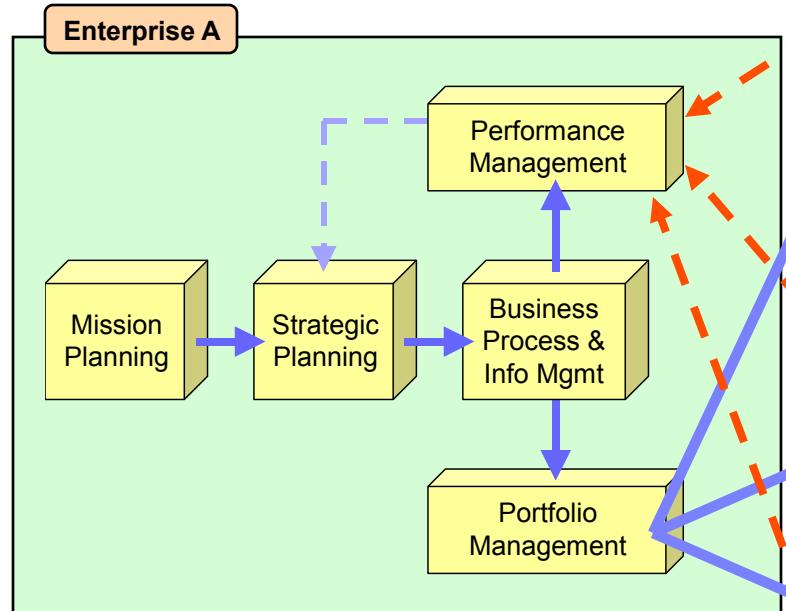
# Child Enterprises

## Parent Enterprise

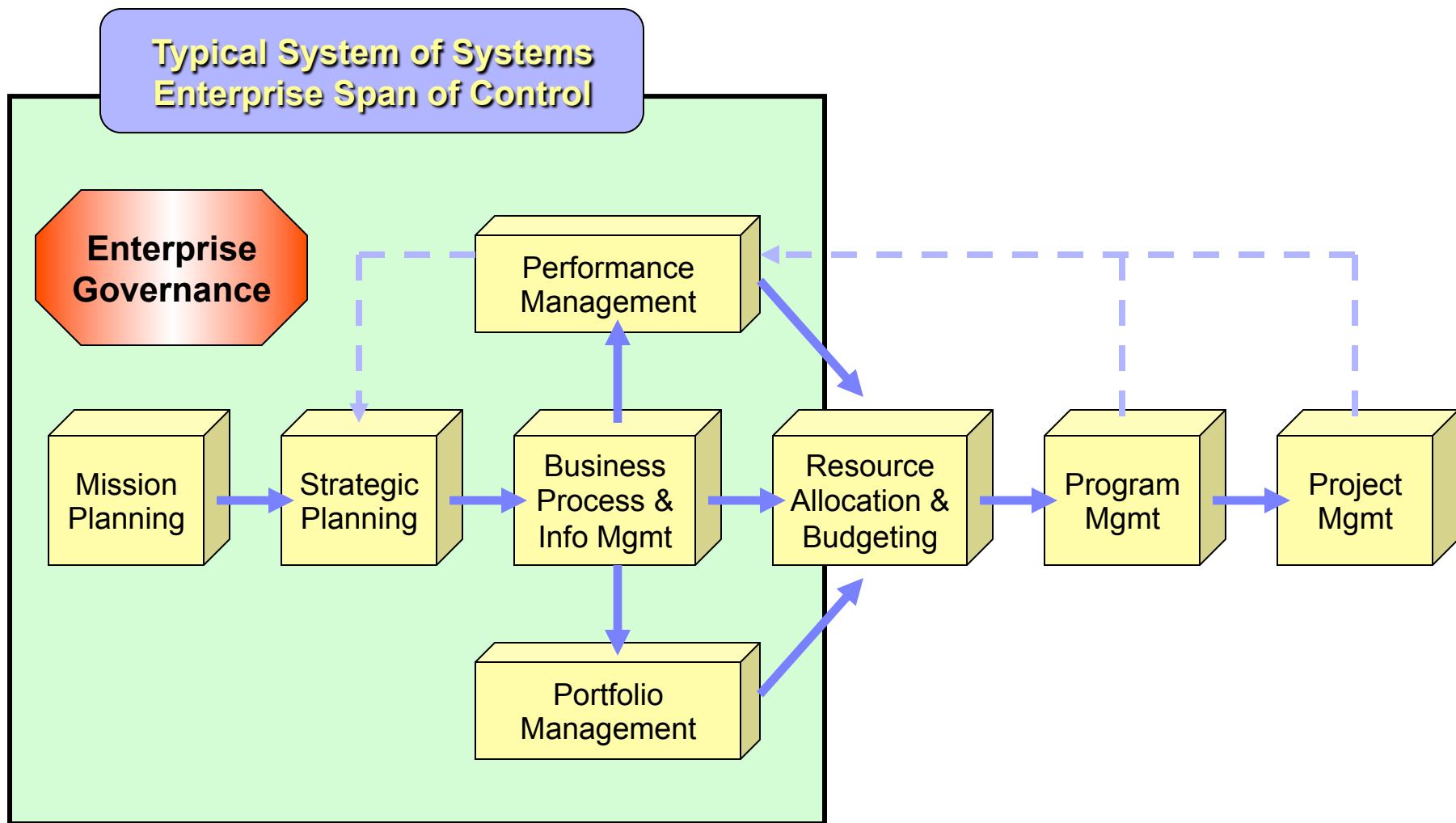


# Child Enterprises

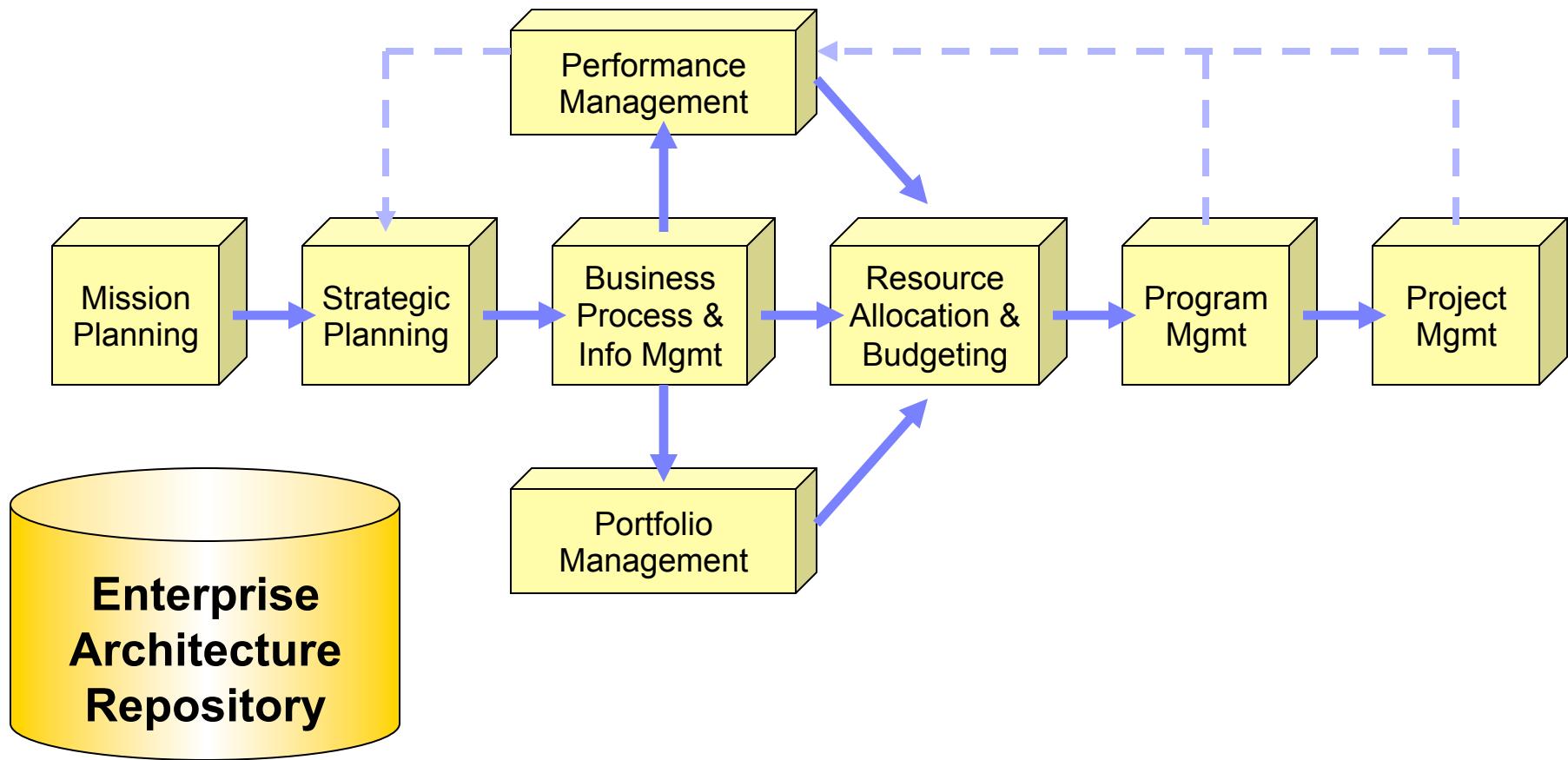
## Parent Enterprise



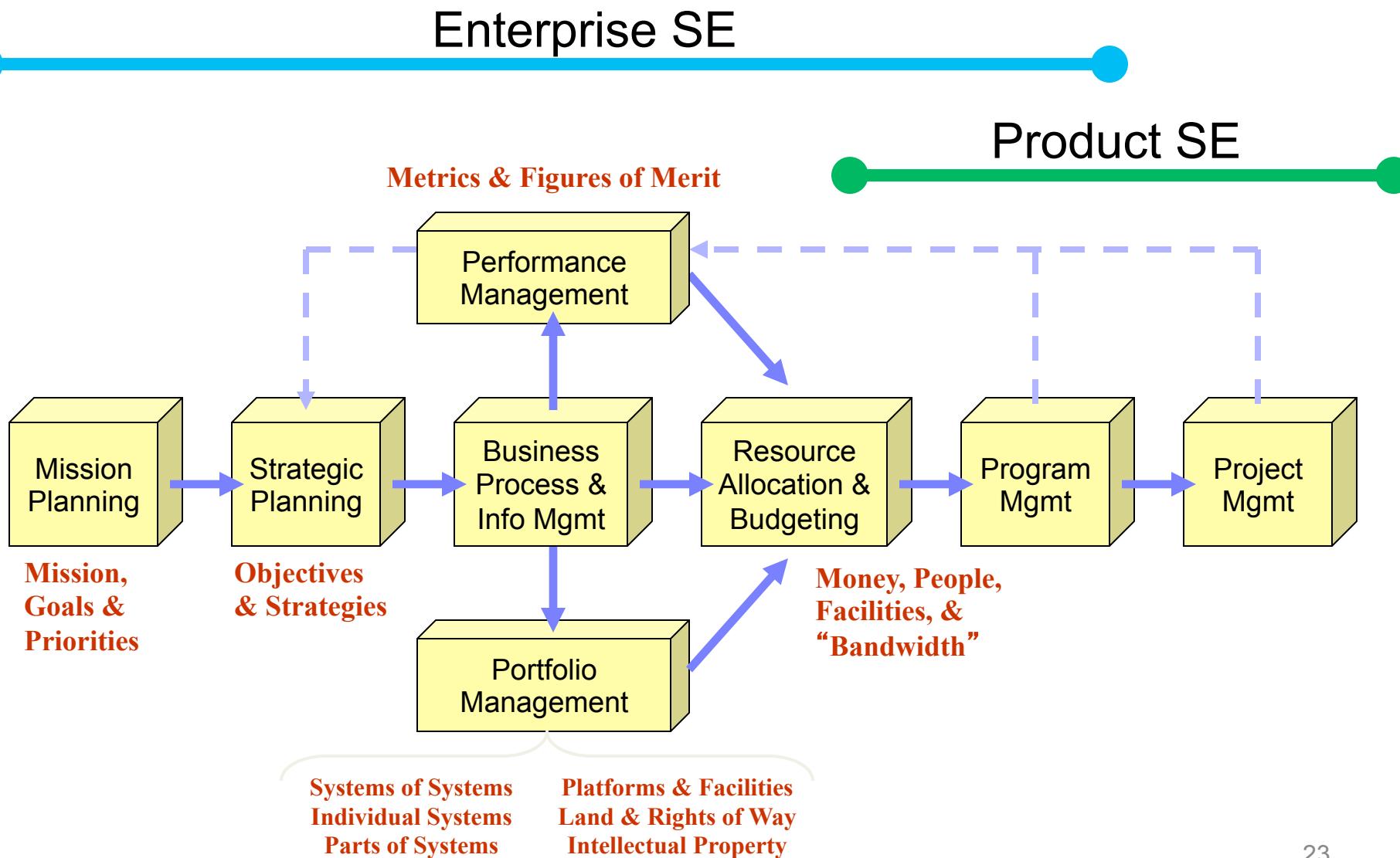
# Enterprise Governance is Often Needed to Manage Progress & Control Change



# Enterprise Architecture Can Facilitate Understanding of Inter-Relationships & Consequences



# Enterprise SE vs Product SE



# Achieving Proper Balance

- An Essential Aspect of ESE
  - Balance between Complexity & Order
  - Balance between Effectiveness & Efficiency
  - Balance between Enterprise Objectives & Project Objectives

**Enterprise:** People, processes and technology interacting with other people, processes and technology, serving some combination of their own objectives, those of their individual organizations and those of the enterprise as a whole.



# Friedman-Sage Framework

	Responsibility Domains		
Concept Domains	1. Contractor Responsibility	2. Shared Responsibility	3. Government Responsibility
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Systems Integration & Interfaces			
Validation and Verification			
Deployment & Post Deployment			
Life Cycle Support			
Risk Assessment & Management			
System & Program Management			

# Extension of Traditional SE to Enterprise SE

Acquisition-Oriented Process Areas	Strategic- and Investment-Oriented Process Areas
Requirements Definition & Management	<i>Enterprise</i> Requirements Definition & Management
System Architecture & Conceptual Design	<i>Enterprise</i> Architecture & Conceptual Design
System & Subsystem Detailed Design and Implementation	<i>Program &amp; Project</i> Detailed Design & Implementation
Systems Integration & Interfaces	<i>Program</i> Integration & Interfaces
Validation & Verification	<i>Program</i> Validation & Verification

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Validation & Verification	<i>Program</i> Validation & Verification
Deployment & Post Deployment	Deployment & Post Deployment
Life Cycle Support	<i>Program</i> Life Cycle Support
Risk Assessment & Management	Risk & <i>Opportunity</i> Management
System & Program Management	<i>Strategic Technical Planning</i>
	<i>Capability-Based Planning Analysis</i>
	<i>Technology &amp; Standards Planning</i>
	<i>Enterprise Evaluation &amp; Assessment</i>

# The Enterprise SE Framework Elements

Acquisition-Oriented Process Areas	Strategic- and Investment-Oriented Process Areas
Requirements Definition & Management	<i>Enterprise</i> Requirements Definition & Management
System Architecture & Conceptual Design	<i>Enterprise</i> Architecture & Conceptual Design
System & Subsystem Detailed Design and Implementation	<i>Program &amp; Project</i> Detailed Design & Implementation
Systems Integration & Interfaces	<i>Program</i> Integration & Interfaces
Validation & Verification	<i>Program</i> Validation & Verification
Deployment & Post Deployment	Deployment & Post Deployment
Life Cycle Support	<i>Program</i> Life Cycle Support
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# Enterprise Systems Engineering Framework

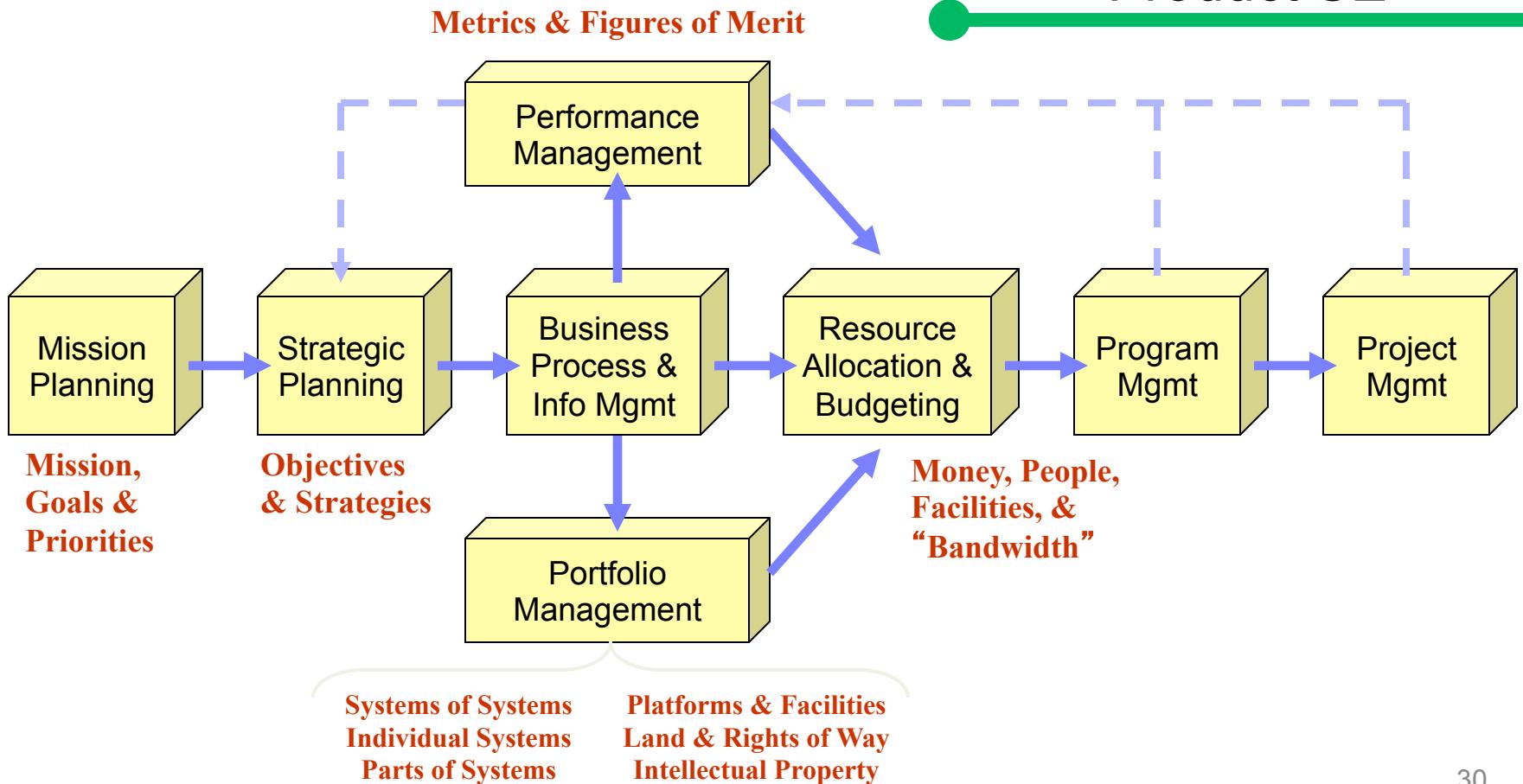
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Program Validation & Verification			
Deployment & Post Deployment			
Program Life Cycle Support			
Risk & Opportunity Management			
Enterprise Evaluation & Assessment			

Three Areas of Responsibility

1. Enterprise
2. Program
3. Shared

# Enterprise Systems Engineering

## Enterprise SE



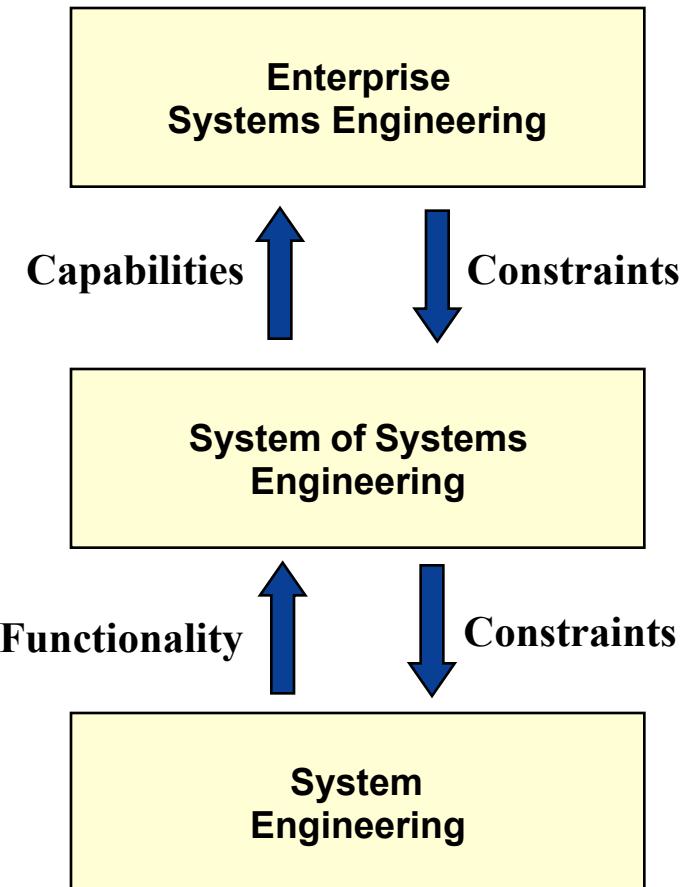
# Conclusions

- Enterprise SE is different from Product SE
  - Deals with less tangible “things”
  - Different knowledge & skills
  - Different tools & methods
  - Traditional SE processes are not sufficient for Enterprise-level SE
- Enterprise SE Framework
  - Useful but still immature
  - Needs updating based on more case study research projects & feedback

# BACKUP

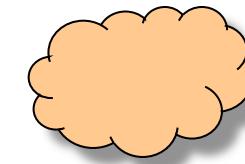
# Systems Engineering Applied at 3 Levels (Enterprise, SOS & System)

## Scales

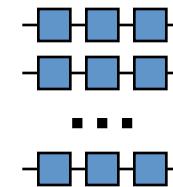


## Groupings

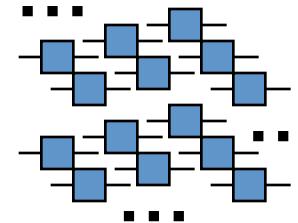
Enterprise & Sub-enterprise



Tens of System of Systems (Mission Strings)



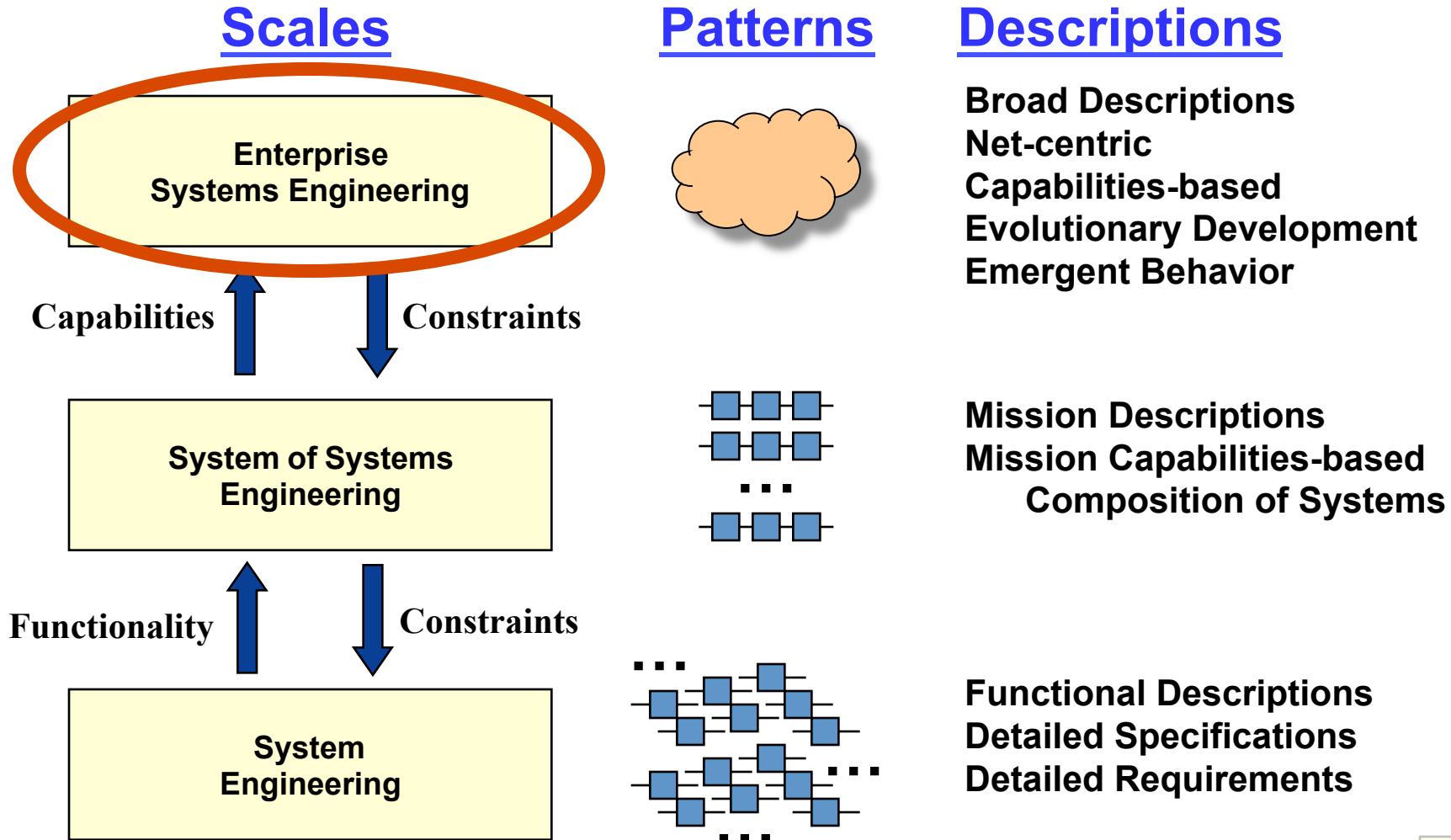
Hundreds of Independent Systems



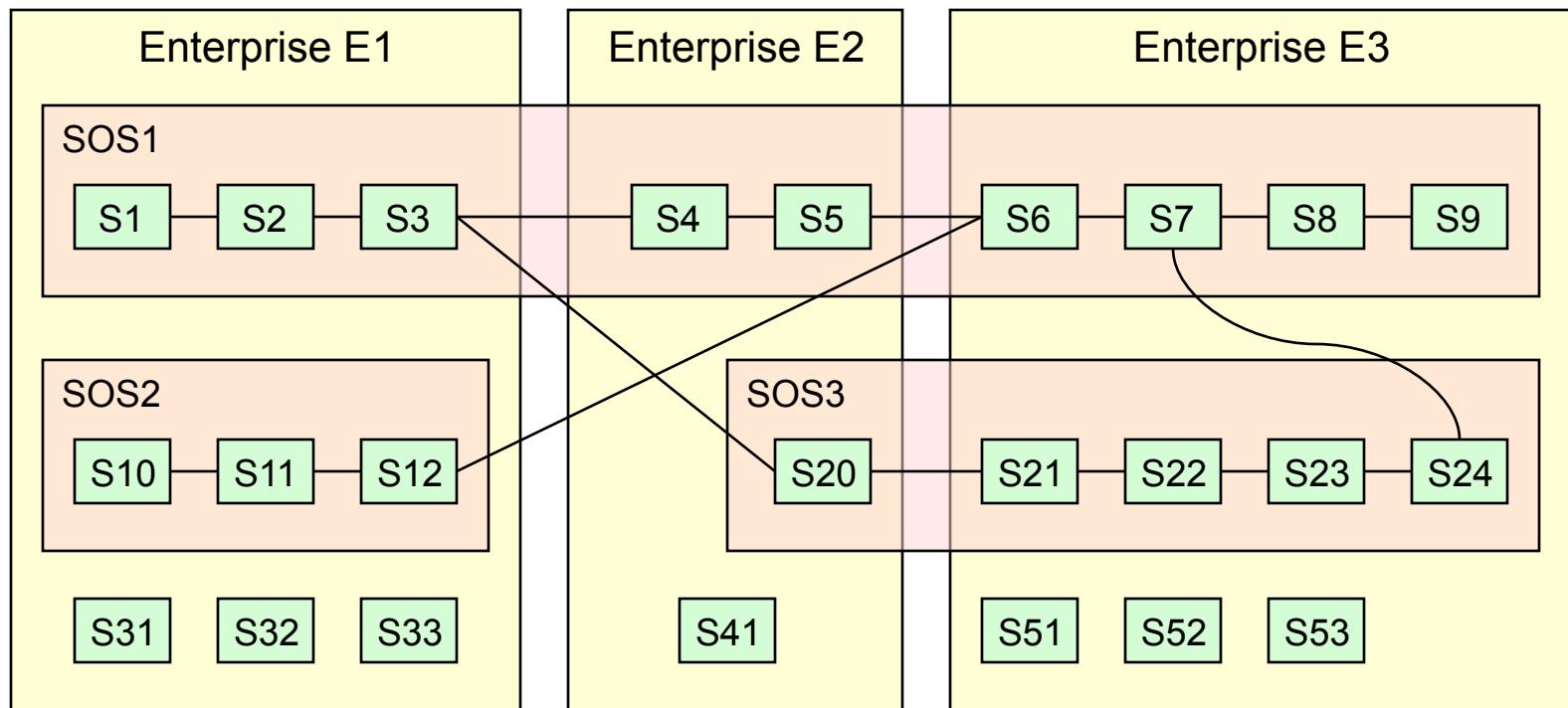
## Patterns

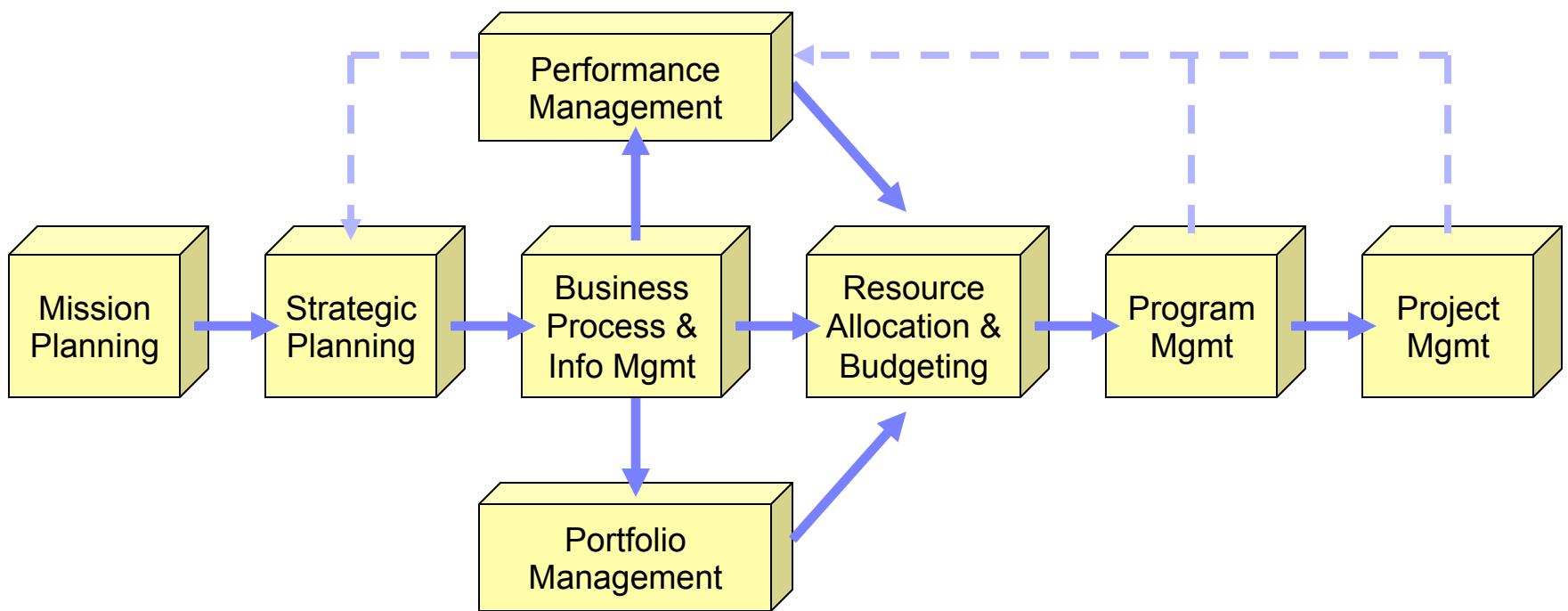


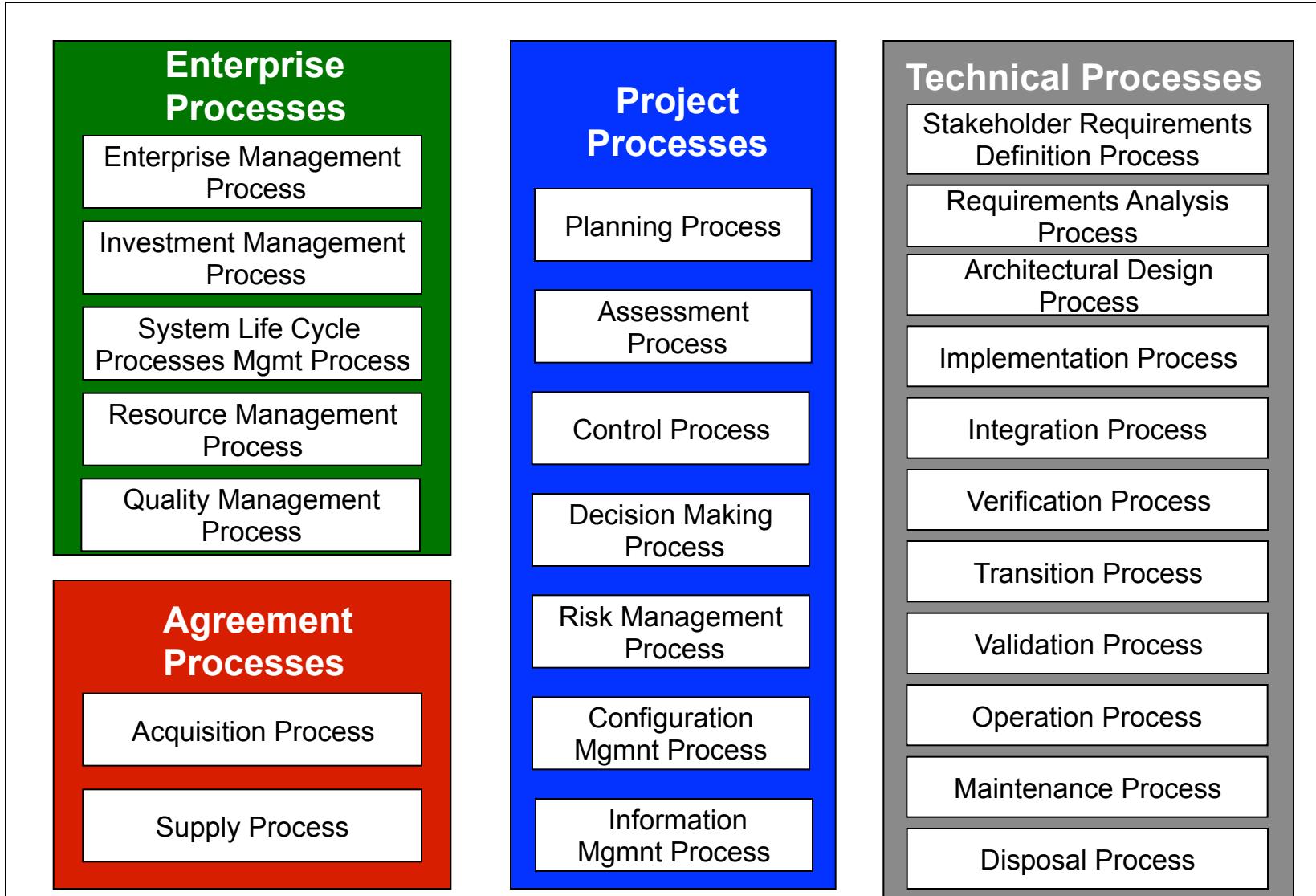
# Case Study Focused on the Enterprise Level (ie, Enterprise Architecture)



# Enterprise vs. SoS







**TIER 0**

**National / Int'l Architectures**

US, NATO, Other Countries

**TIER 1**

**Department / Federal Architectures**

DOD, IC, HLS, DOC, DOT, ...

**TIER 2**

**Cmd/Service/Agency Architectures**

Air Force, Army, Navy, ...

**TIER 3**

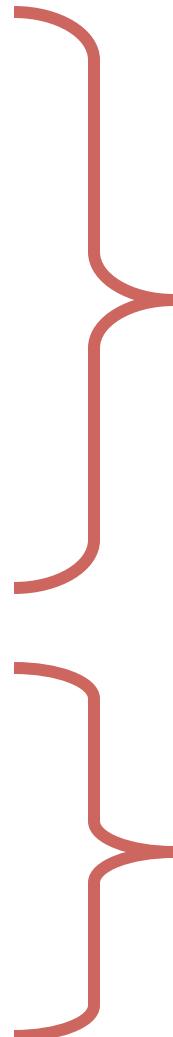
**Mission Area / X-MA Architectures**

Space, Wx, Combat Ops, Mobility, ...

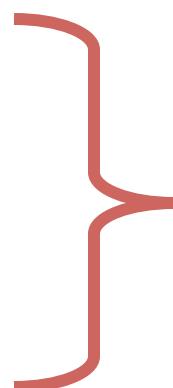
**TIER 4**

**Program / Node Architectures**

MILSTAR, AFSCN, AOC, ...



**Enterprise Architectures**



**Architectures for Mission Areas, Programs & Nodes & ‘Systems’**

## TIER 0

### National / Int'l Architectures

US, NATO, Other Countries

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## TIER 2

### Cmd/Service/Agency Architectures

Air Force, Army, Navy, ...

## TIER 3

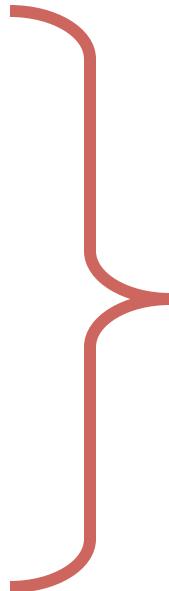
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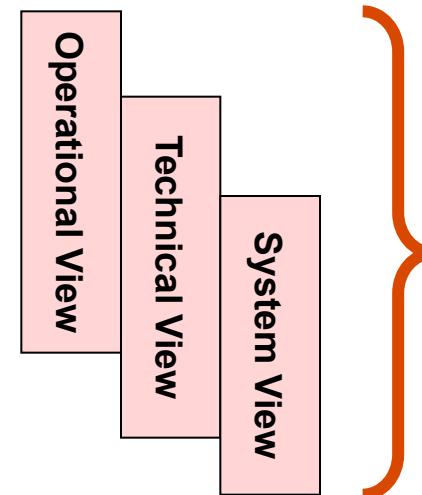
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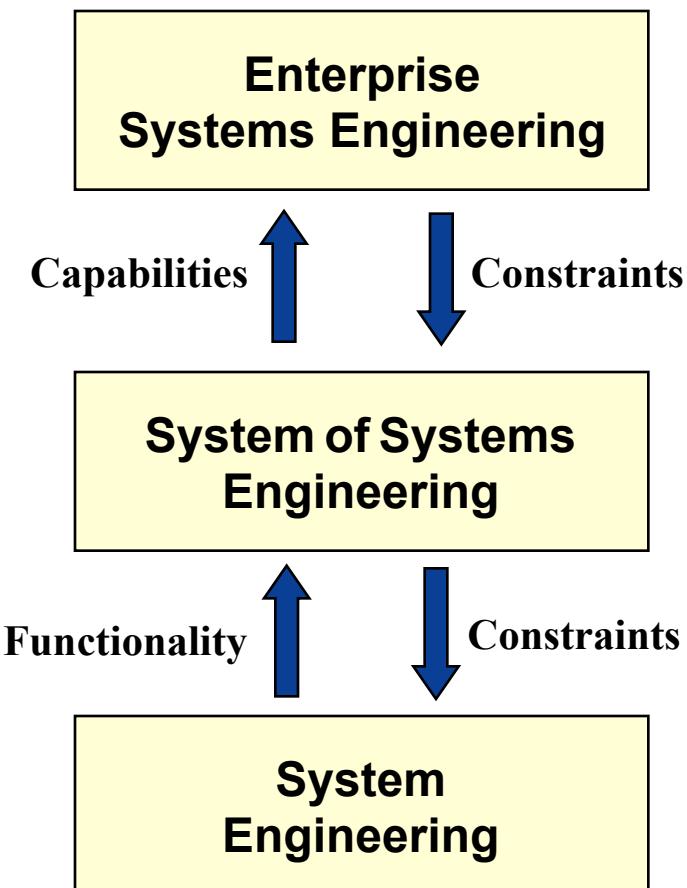


Enterprise  
Architectures



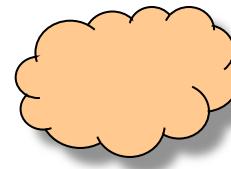
DOD  
Architecture  
Framework

## Scales



## Groupings

## Enterprise & Sub-enterprise



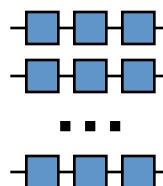
## Descriptions

**Broad Descriptions**  
**Net-centric**  
**Capabilities-based**  
**Evolutionary Development**  
**Emergent Behavior**

## **Mission Descriptions**

## **Mission Capabilities-k**

## **Composition of Sy**

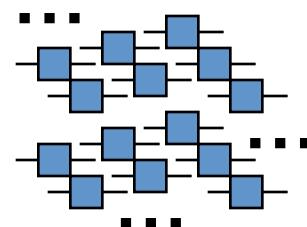


# Tens of System of Systems (Mission Strings)

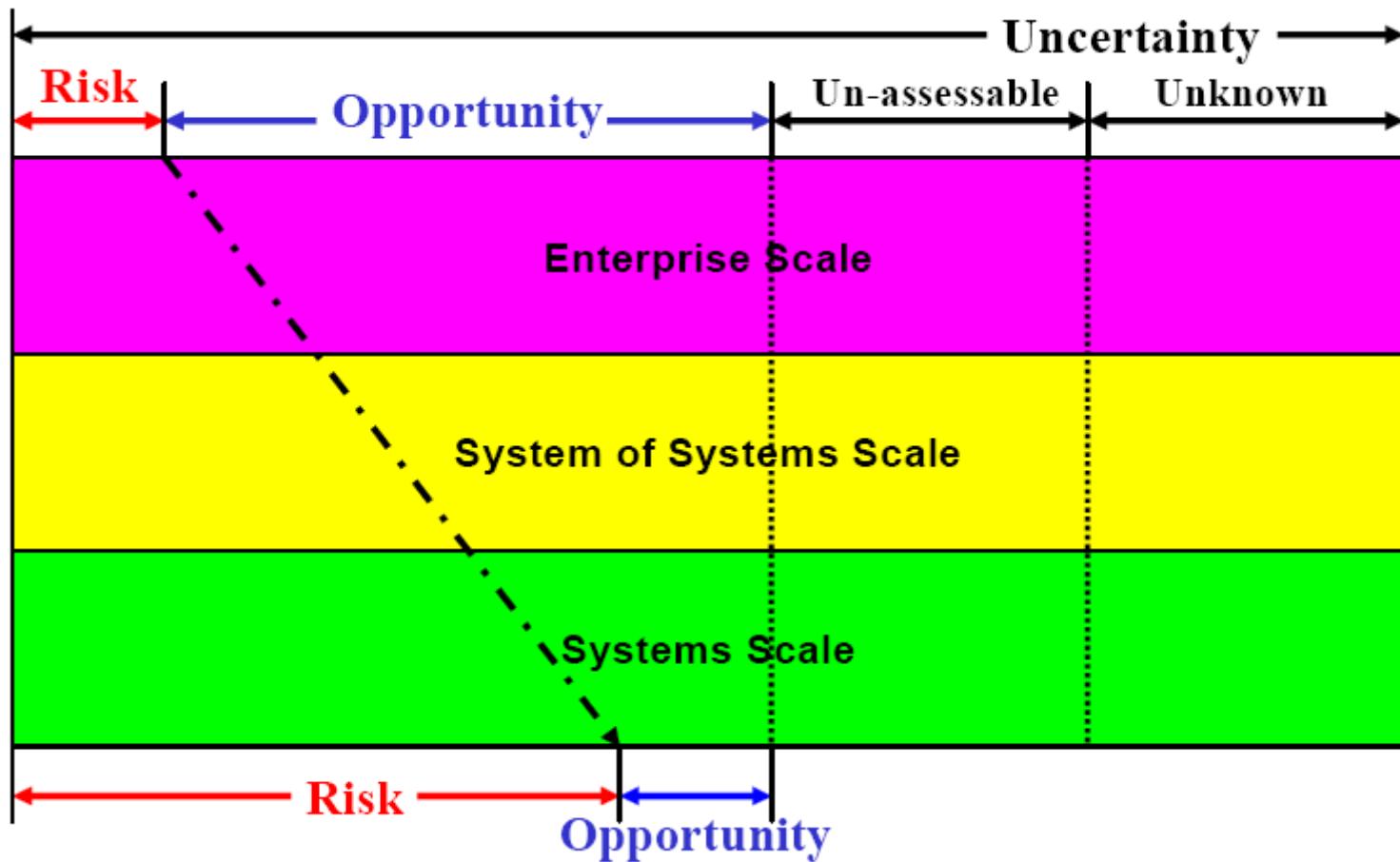
# Functional Descriptions

# Detailed Specifications

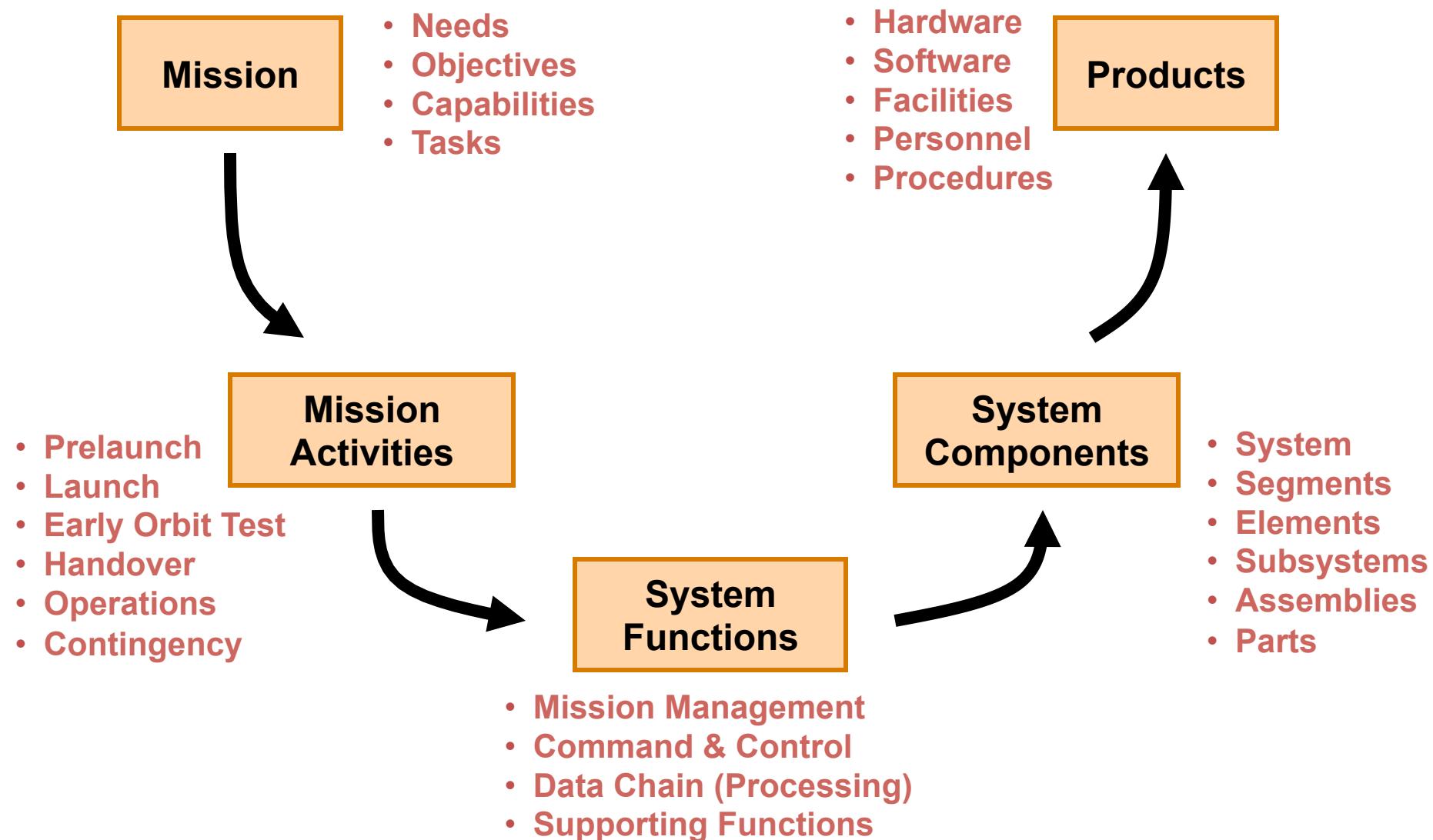
# Detailed Requirements



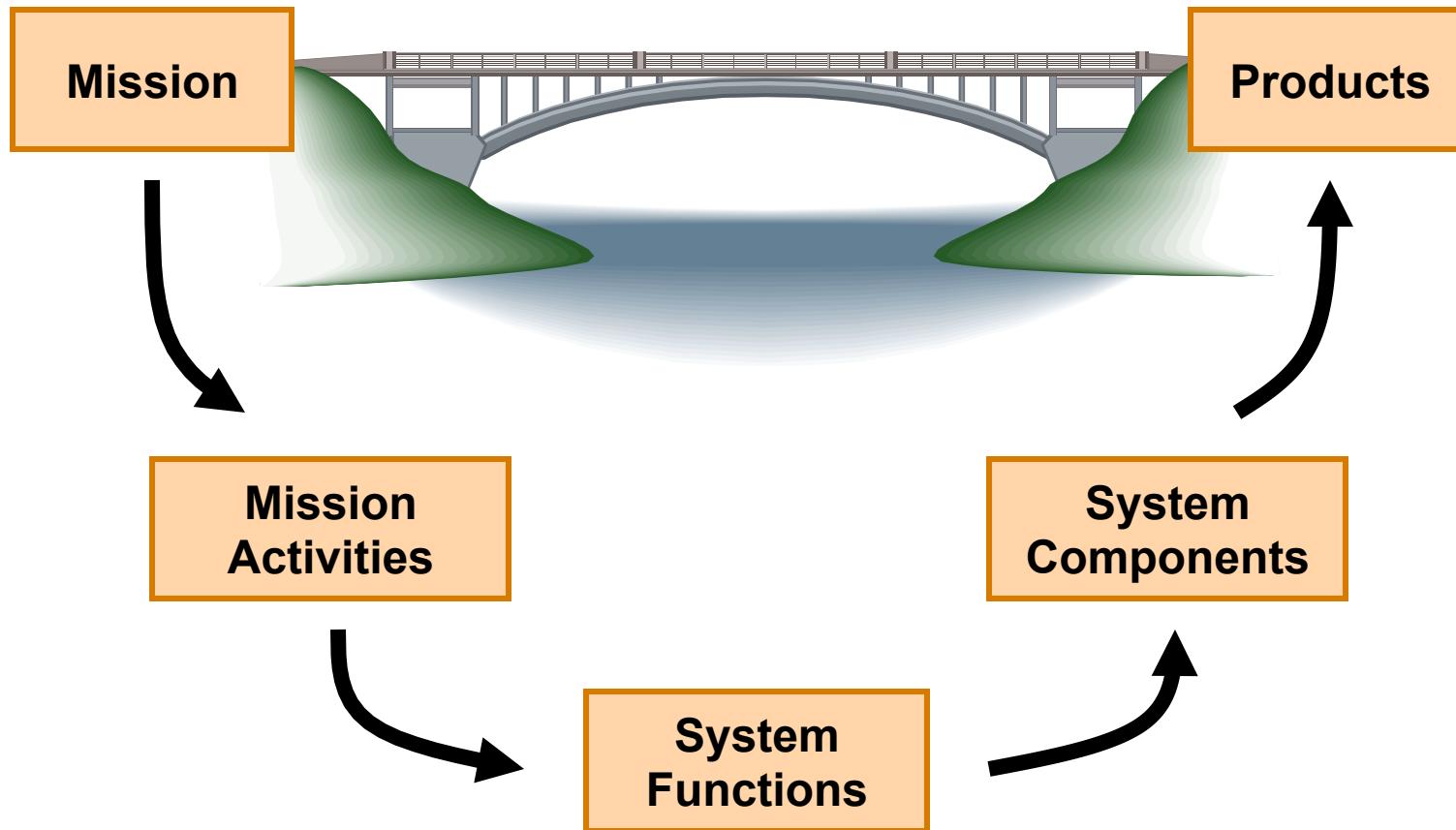
# Hundreds of Independent Systems



# What Does Architecture Do?

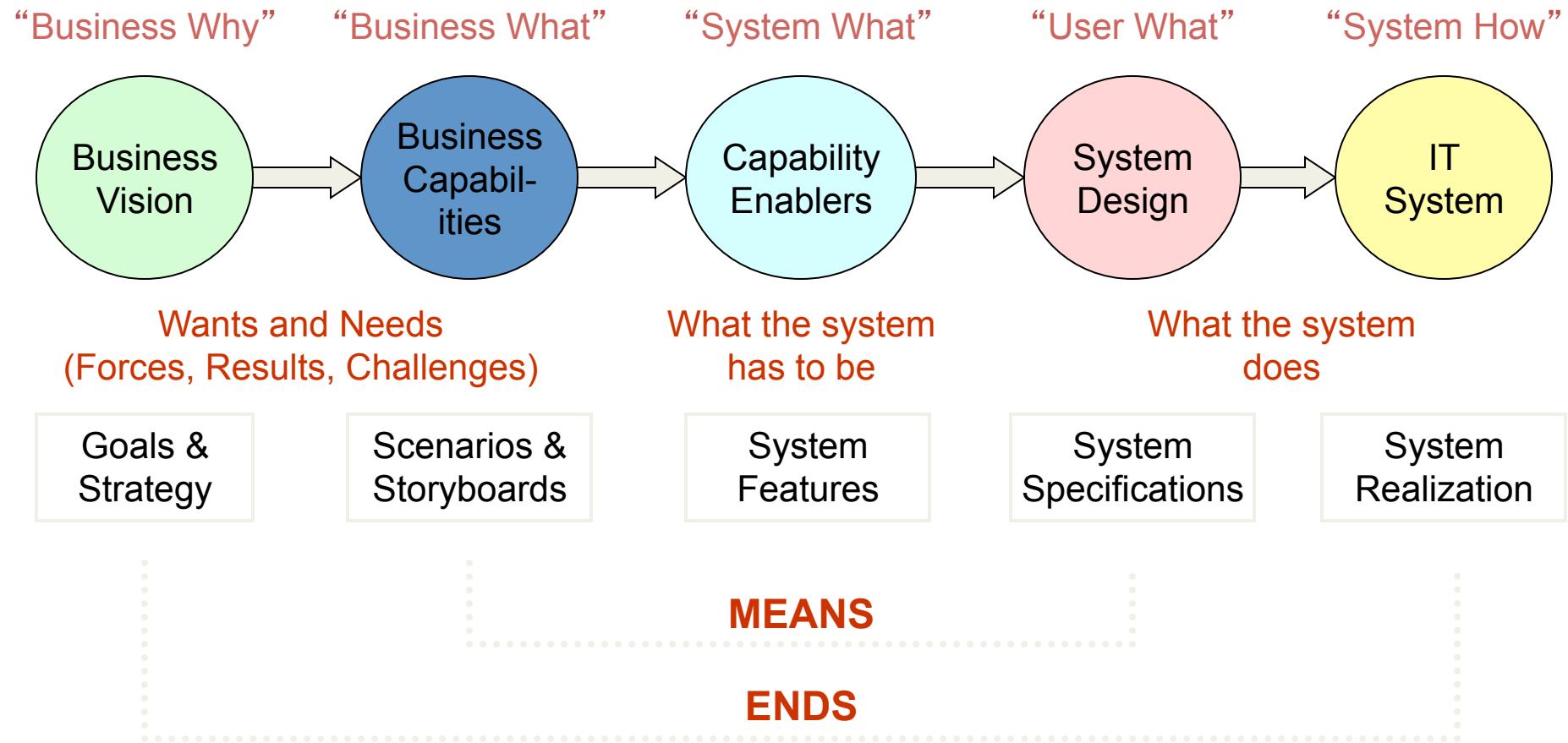


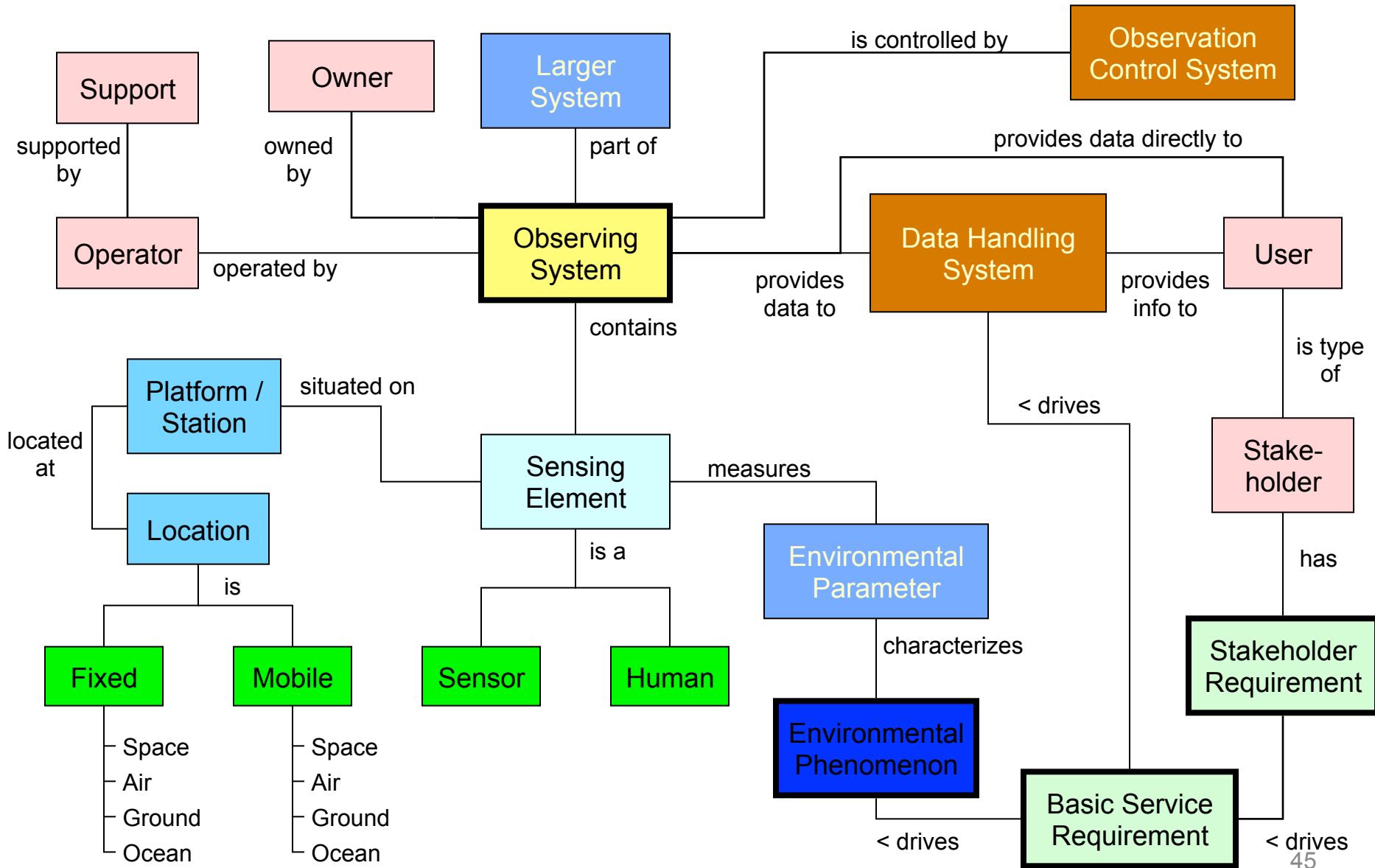
# Architecture Provides the “Bridge” Between the Mission & the Products

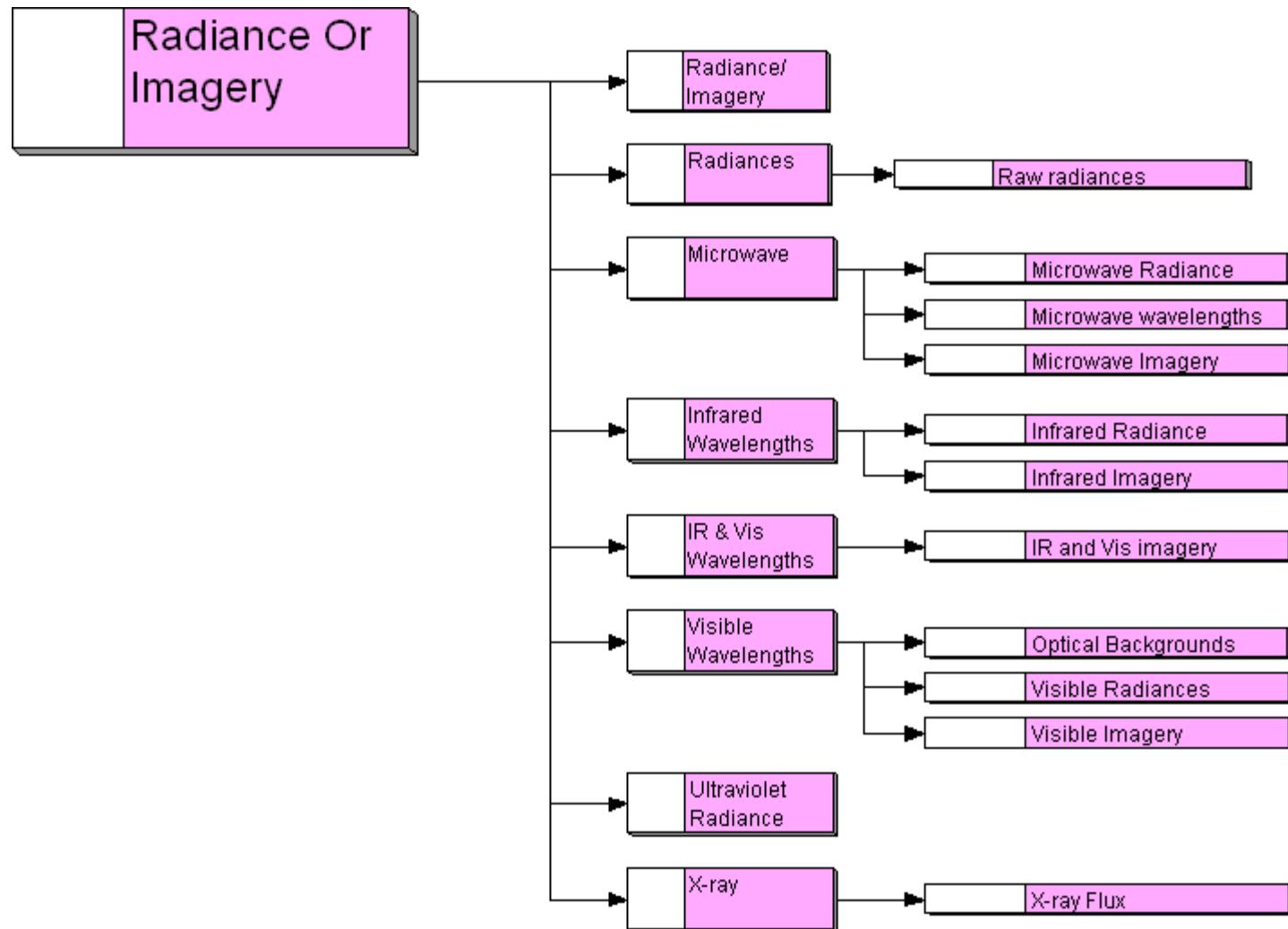


*Architecture is the “Arch” to Success*









# Enterprise Evaluation & Assessment

- Must go beyond traditional system evaluation and assessment practices
  - Must de-emphasize the comparison of detailed metrics against specific individual requirement values
  - must instead look for breakpoints where capabilities are either significantly enhanced or totally disabled
- Key characteristics of this activity are the following:
  - Multi-scale analysis
  - Early and continuous operational involvement
  - Lightweight command and control (C2) capability representations
  - Developmental versions available for assessment
  - Minimal infrastructure
  - Flexible modeling and simulation (M&S), operator-in-the-loop (OITL), and hardware-in-the-loop (HWIL) capabilities
  - In-line, continuous performance monitoring and selective forensics”



# Topics

- Friedman-Sage Framework
- Scope
- Enterprise
- Enterprise SE Framework
- Enterprise SE & Mgmt
- Child Enterprises
- Governance
- Enterprise vs. Product SE
- ESE Framework Extension
- Conclusions