

Role of Systems Architecting in Innovation

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Abstract

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status: preliminary
draft
version: 0

logo
TBD

The Embedded Systems Domain



chip



GSM



MRI scanner



cardio X-ray system



television

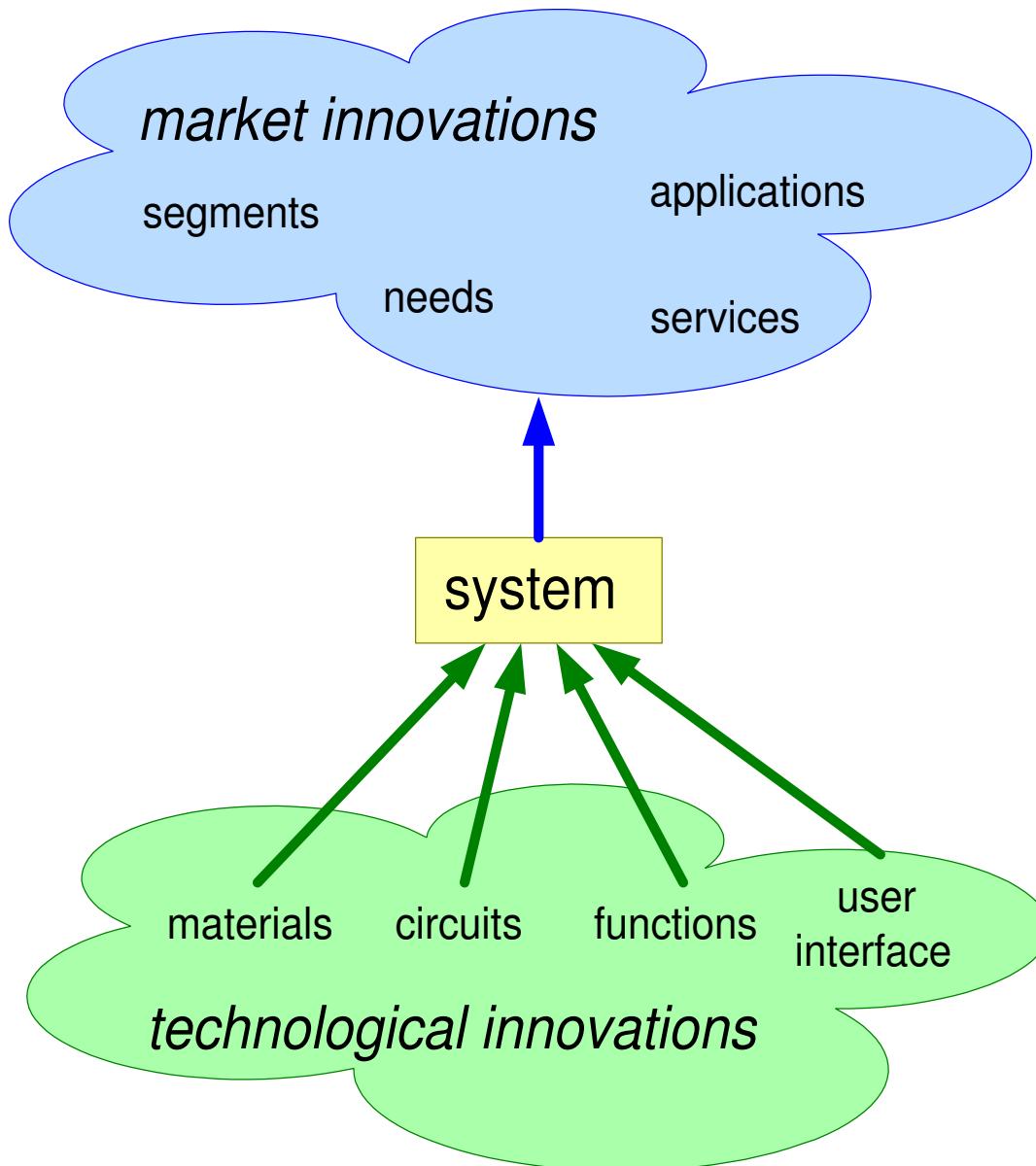


printer

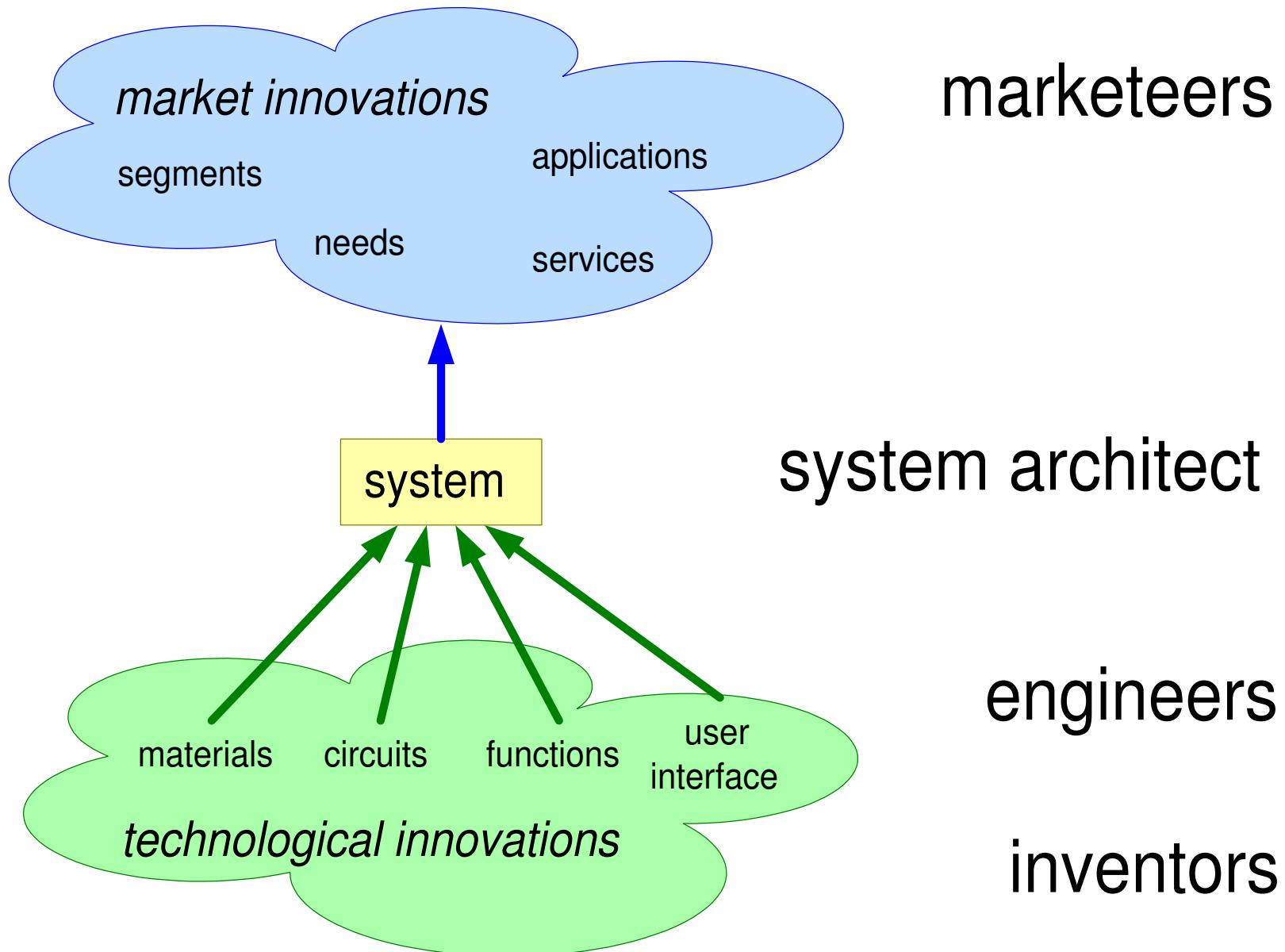


waferstepper

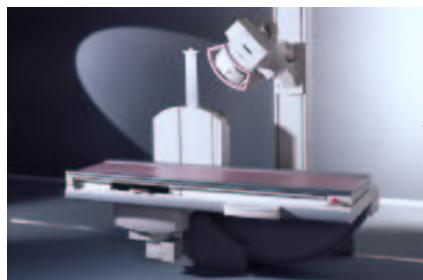
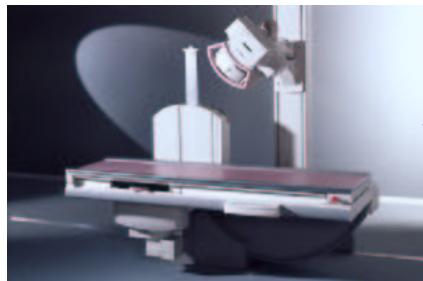
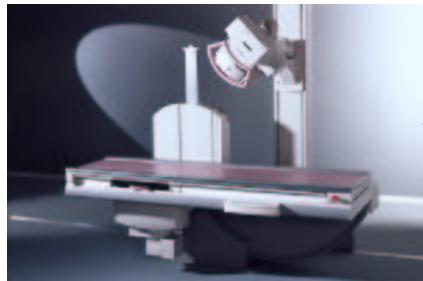
Successful Innovation = Technological + Market



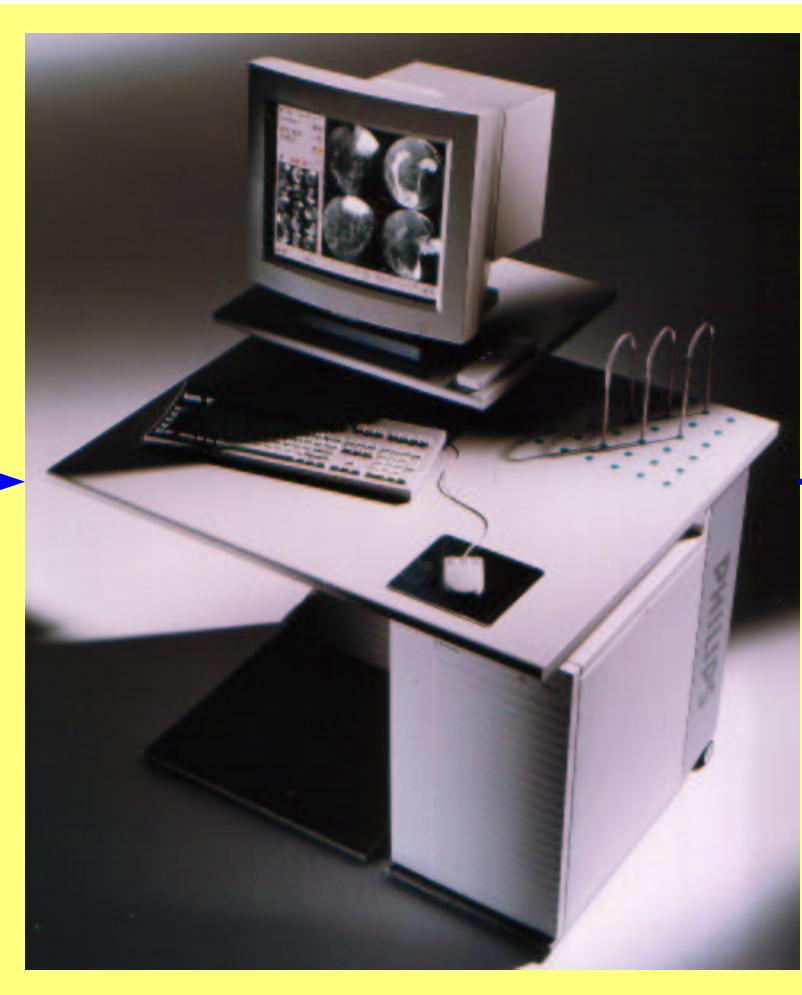
System Architect links technology and market



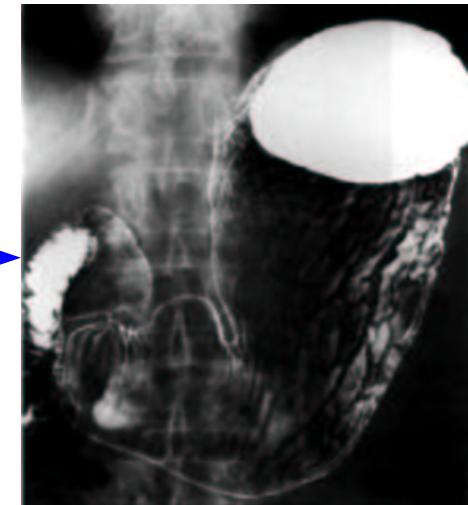
Example: Easyvision serving three URF examination rooms



URF-systems

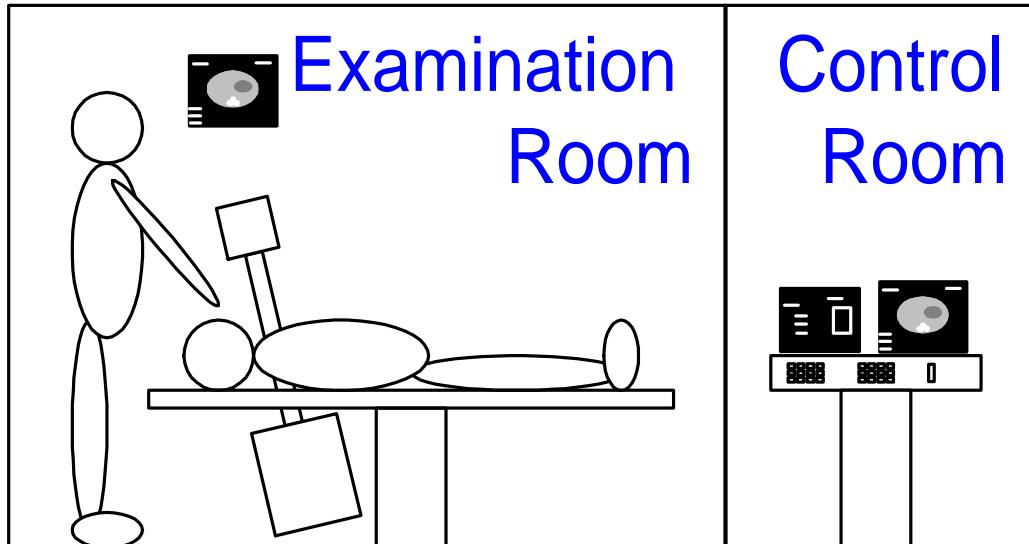


EasyVision: Medical Imaging Workstation

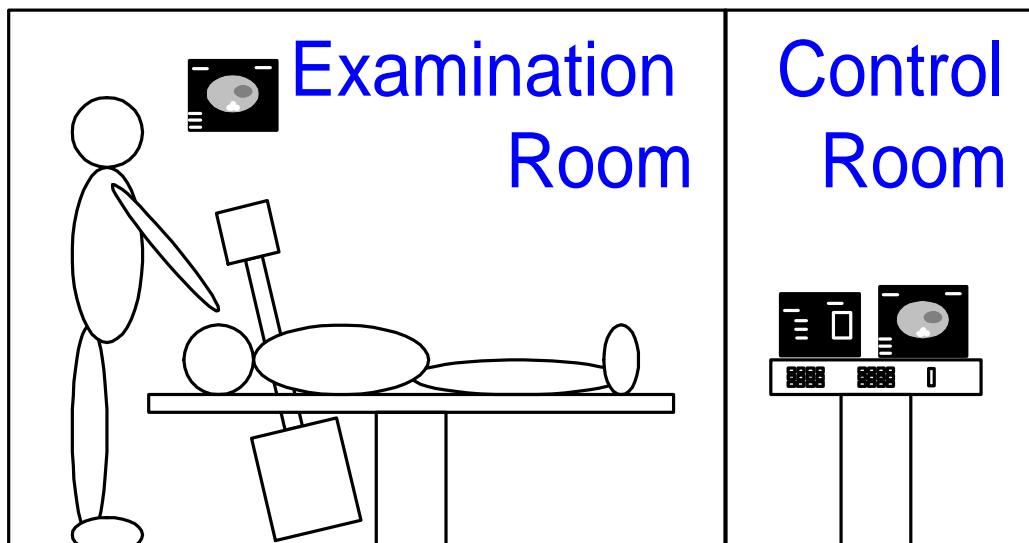


typical clinical
image (intestines)

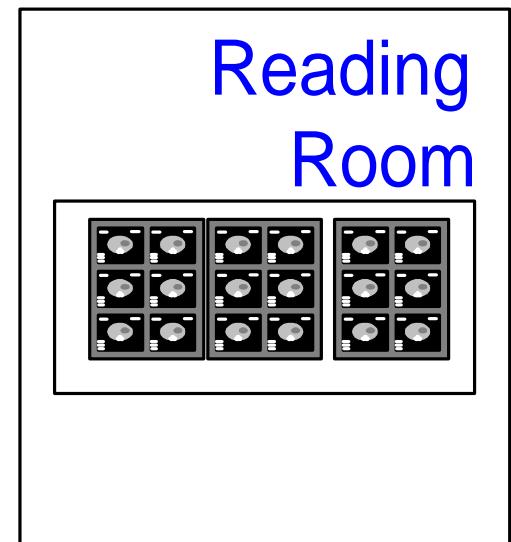
X-ray rooms from examination to reading around 1990



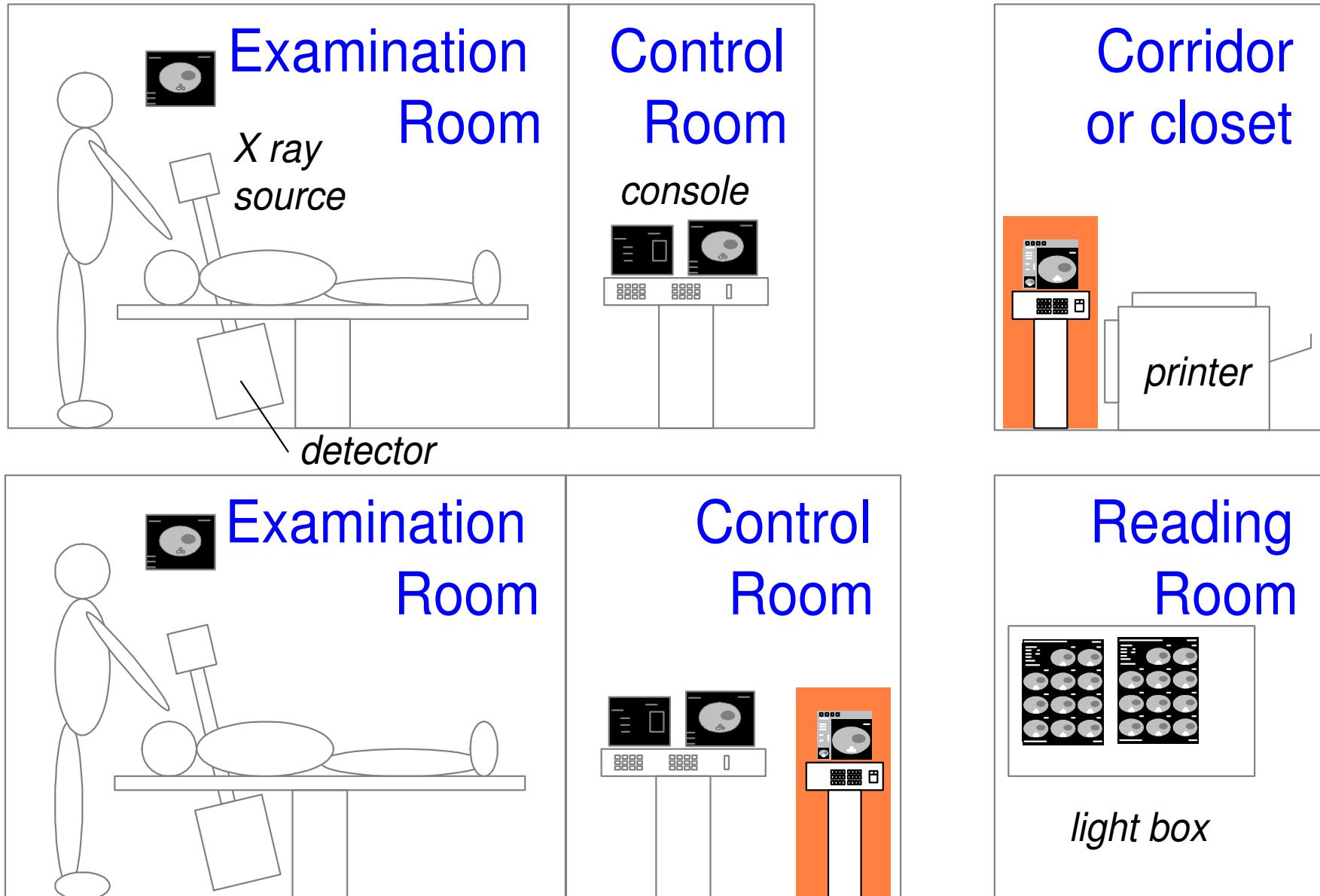
Corridor
or closet



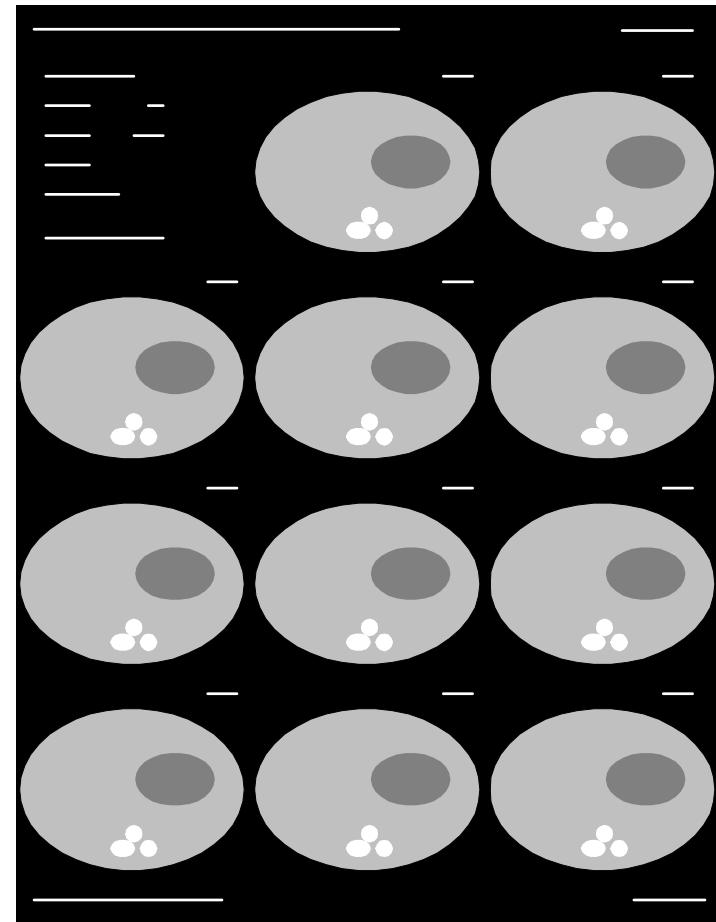
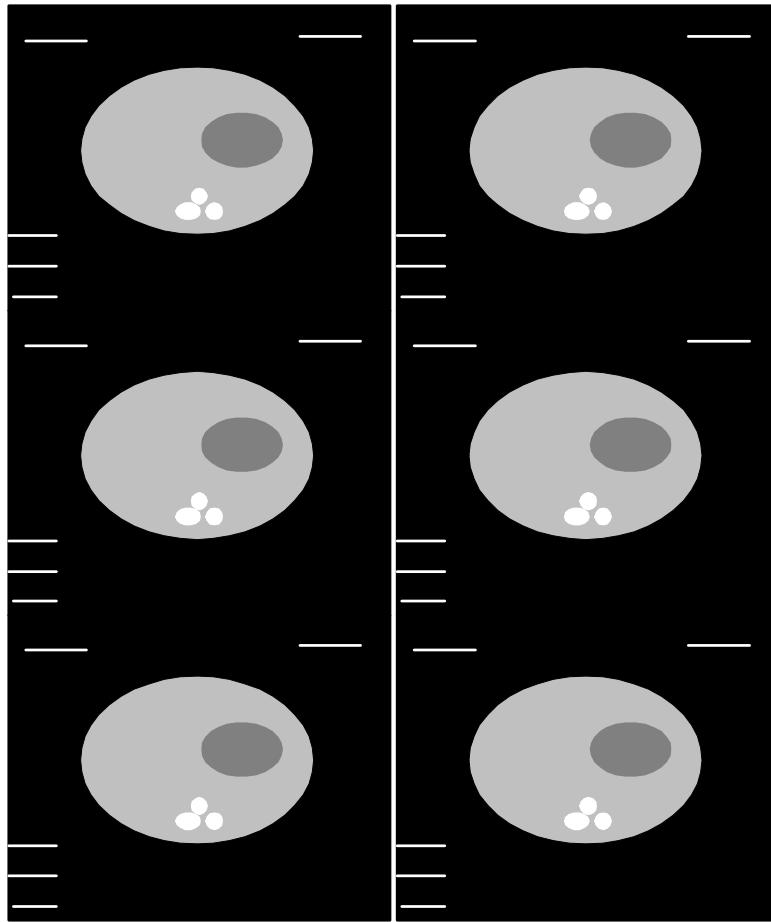
Reading
Room



Product Innovation: Easyvision applied as printserver

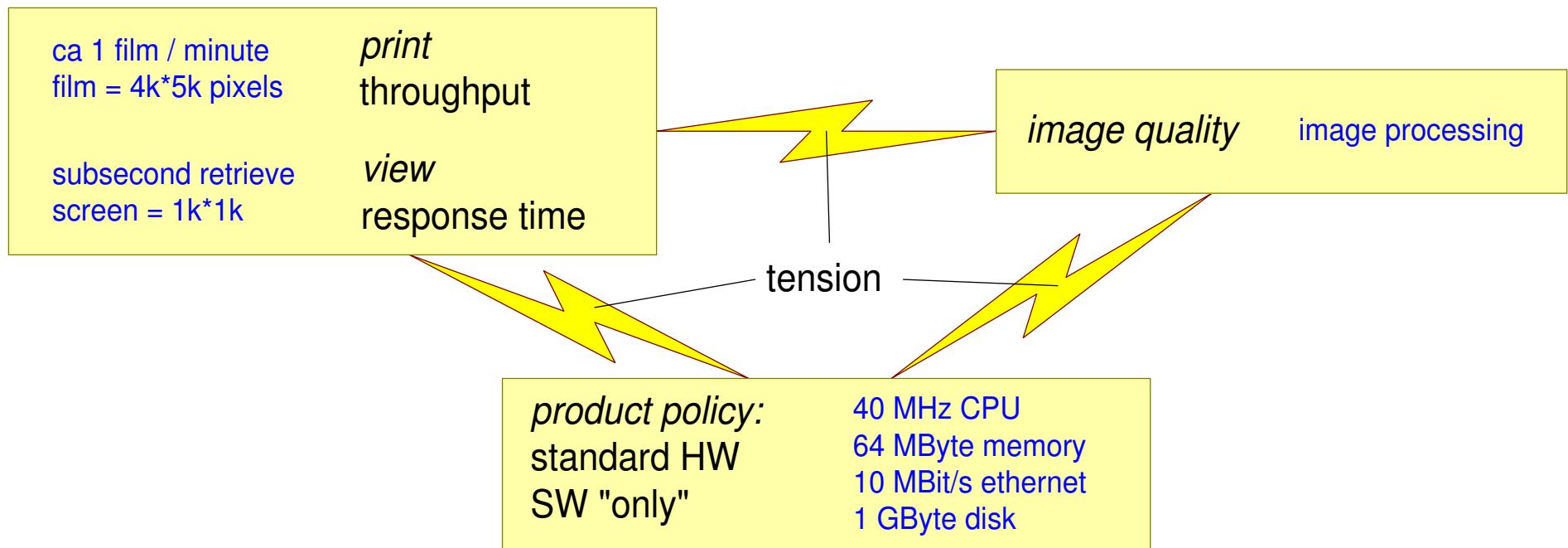


Market innovation: optimized film

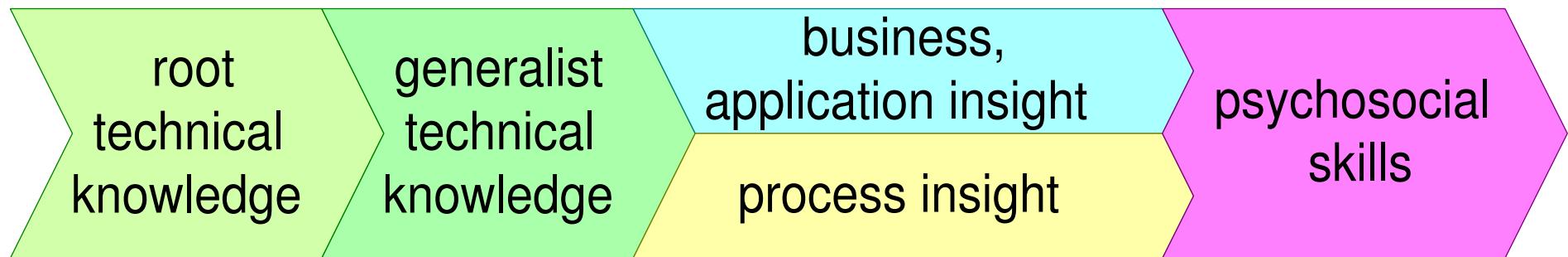


20 to 50% less film needed

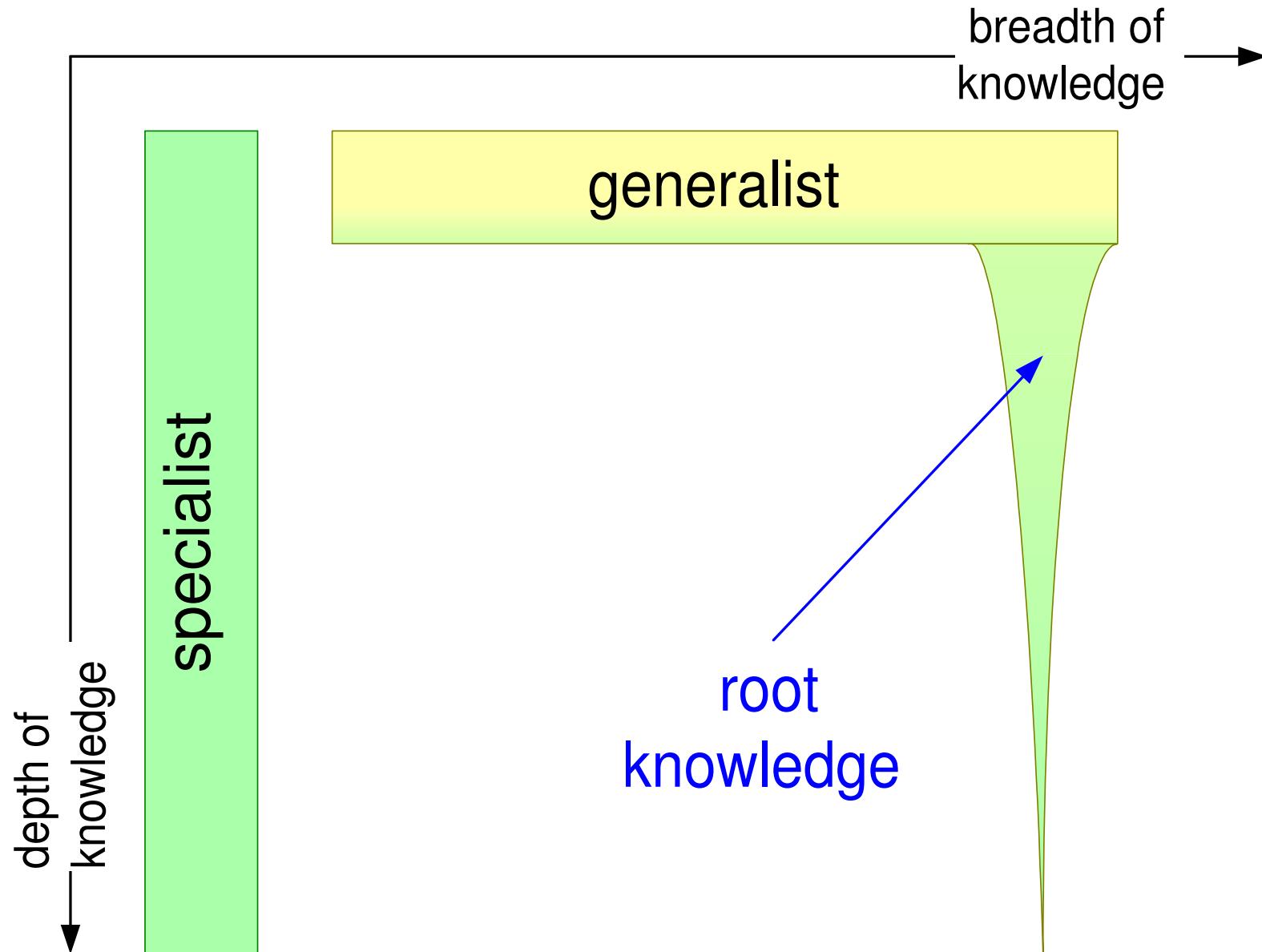
Technology innovation challenges



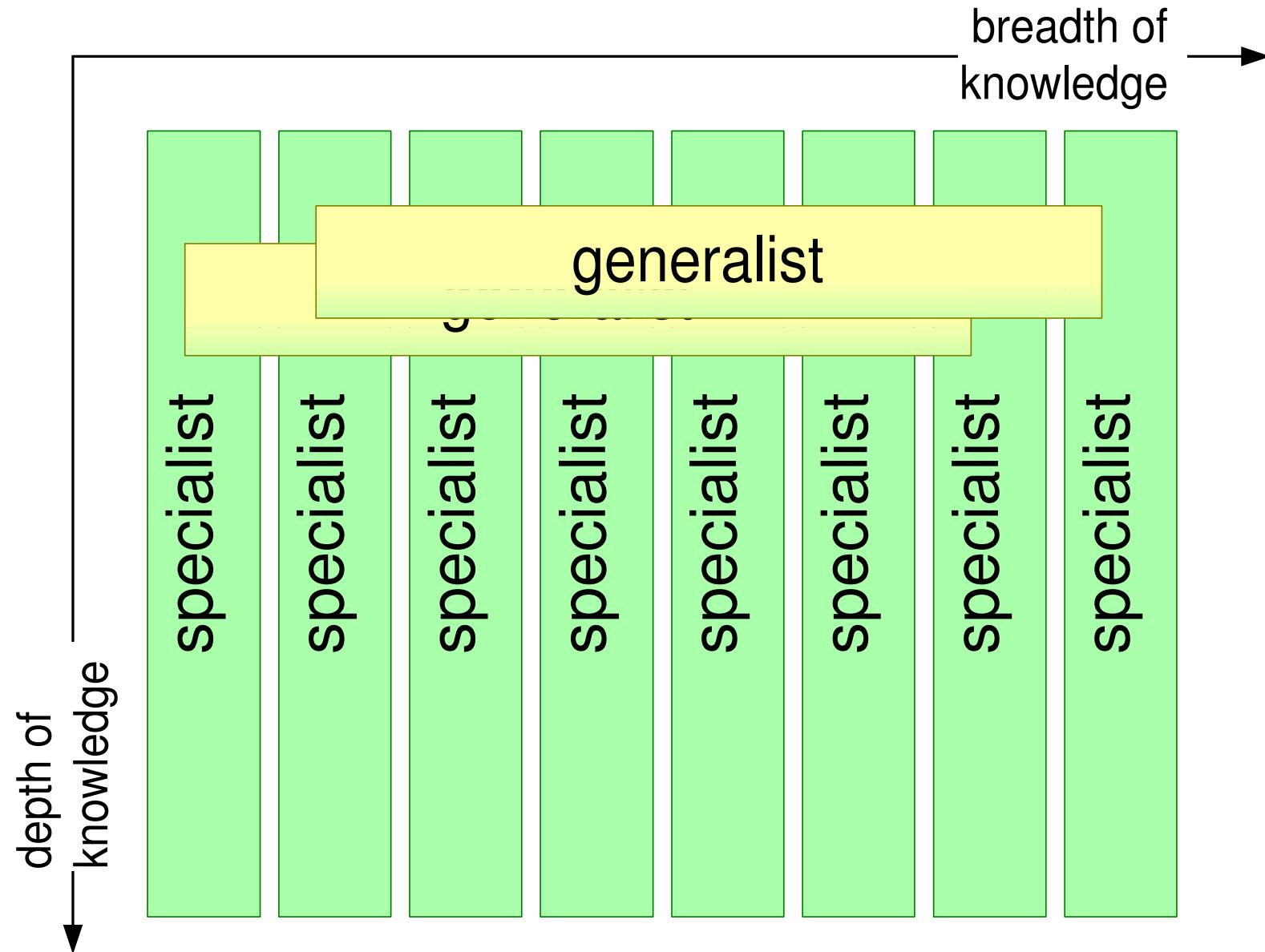
Typical Growth of a System Architect



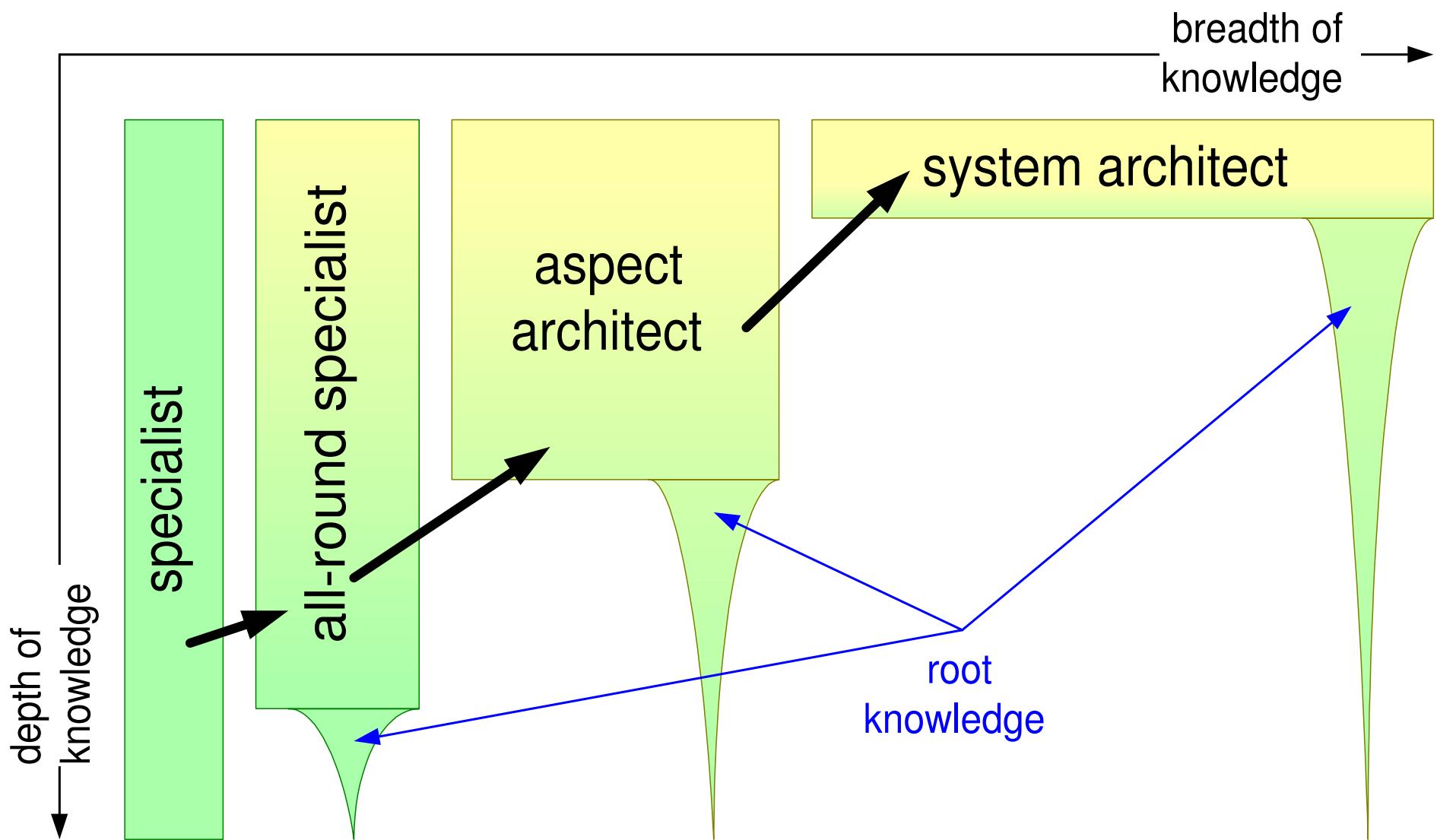
Generalist versus Specialist



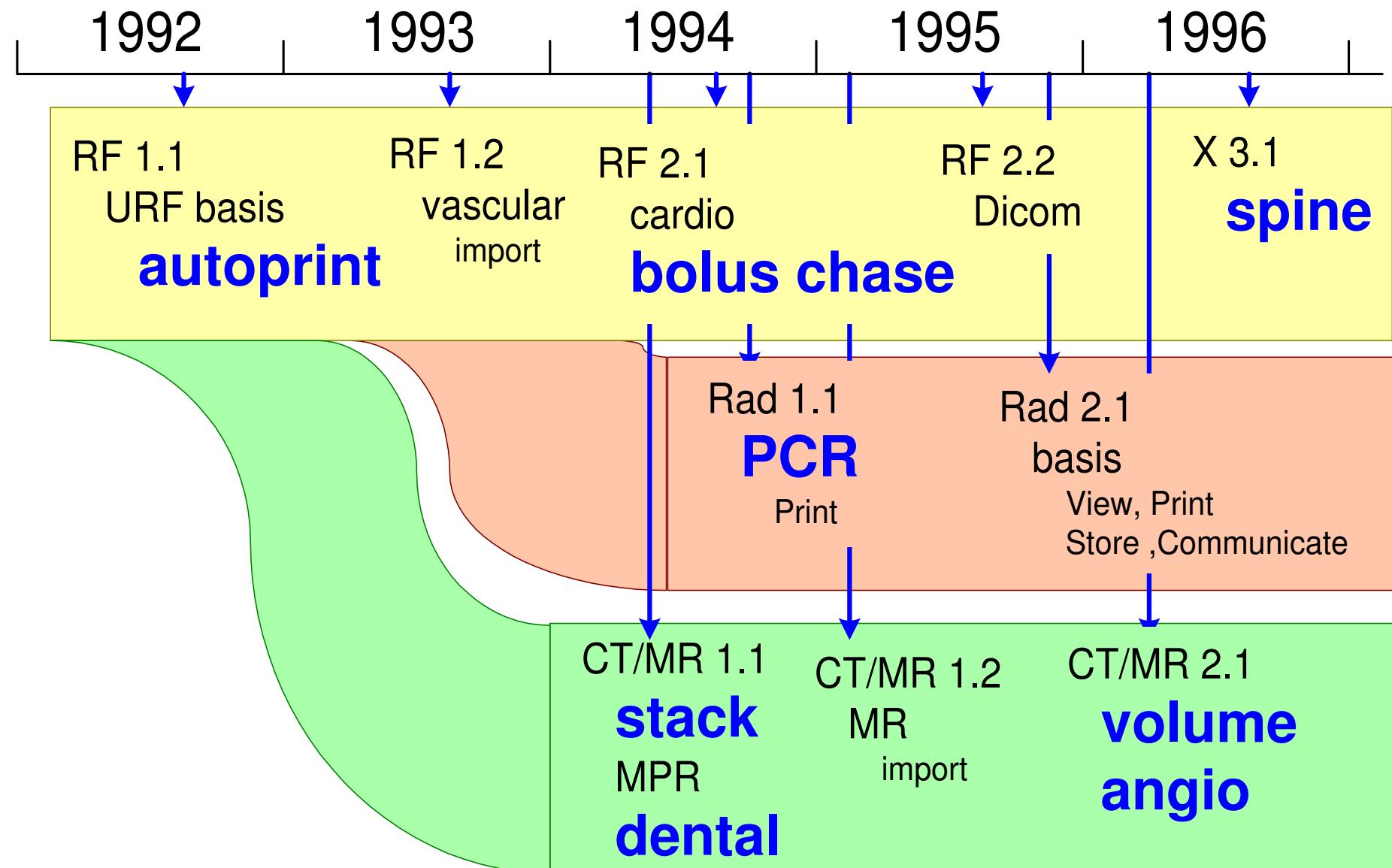
Generalists and Specialists are Complementary



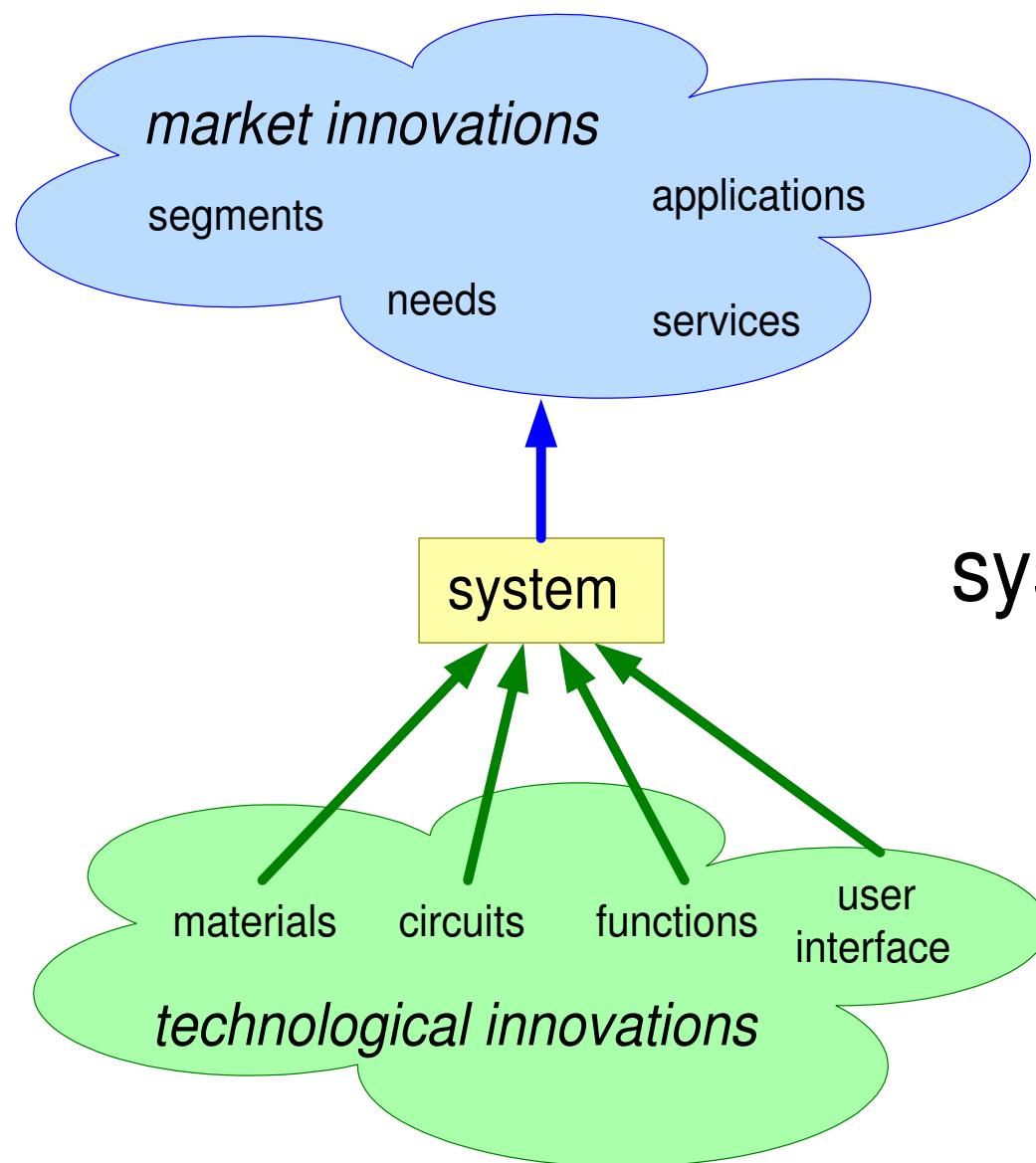
Spectrum from Specialist to System Architect



More innovations in Medical Imaging



Key success factor 1: innovation by all parties



marketeers



system architect



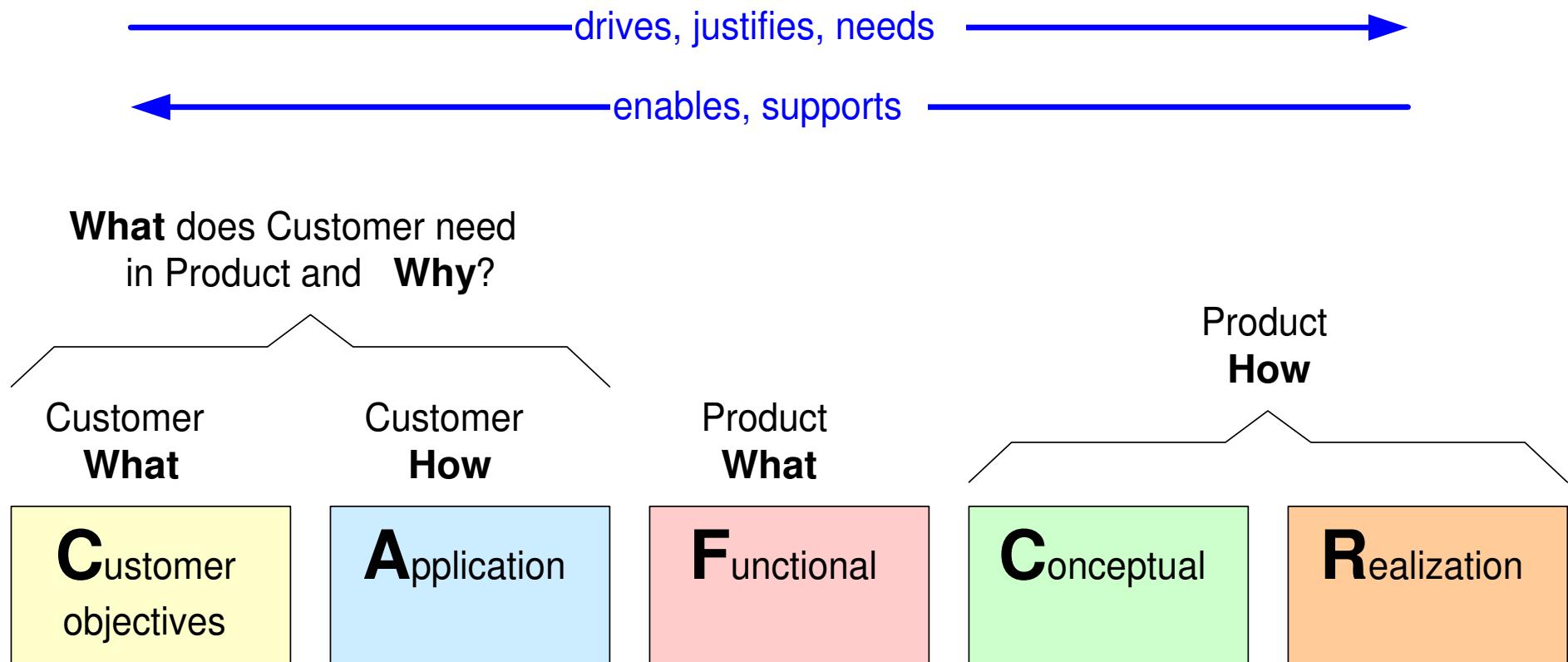
engineers



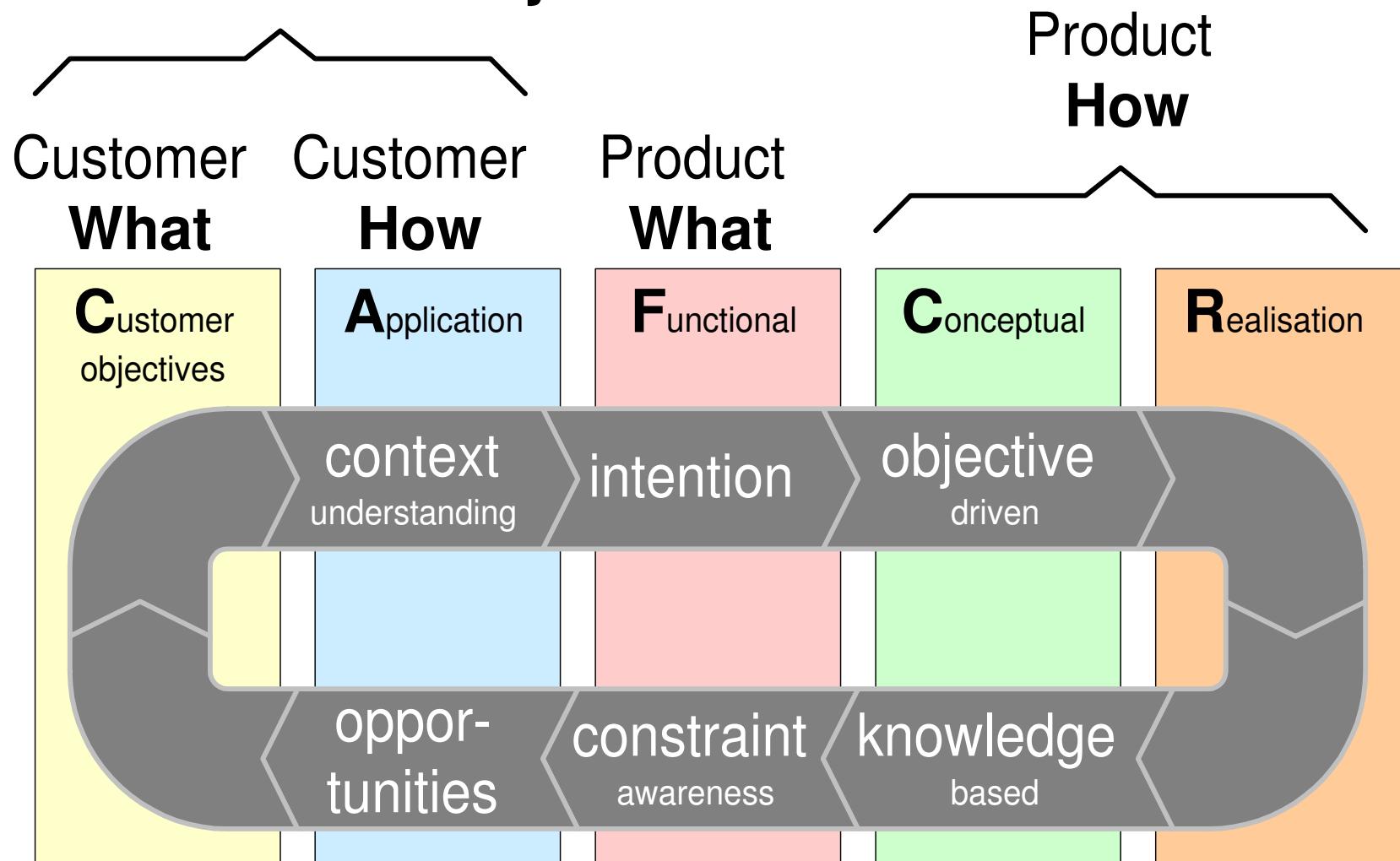
inventors



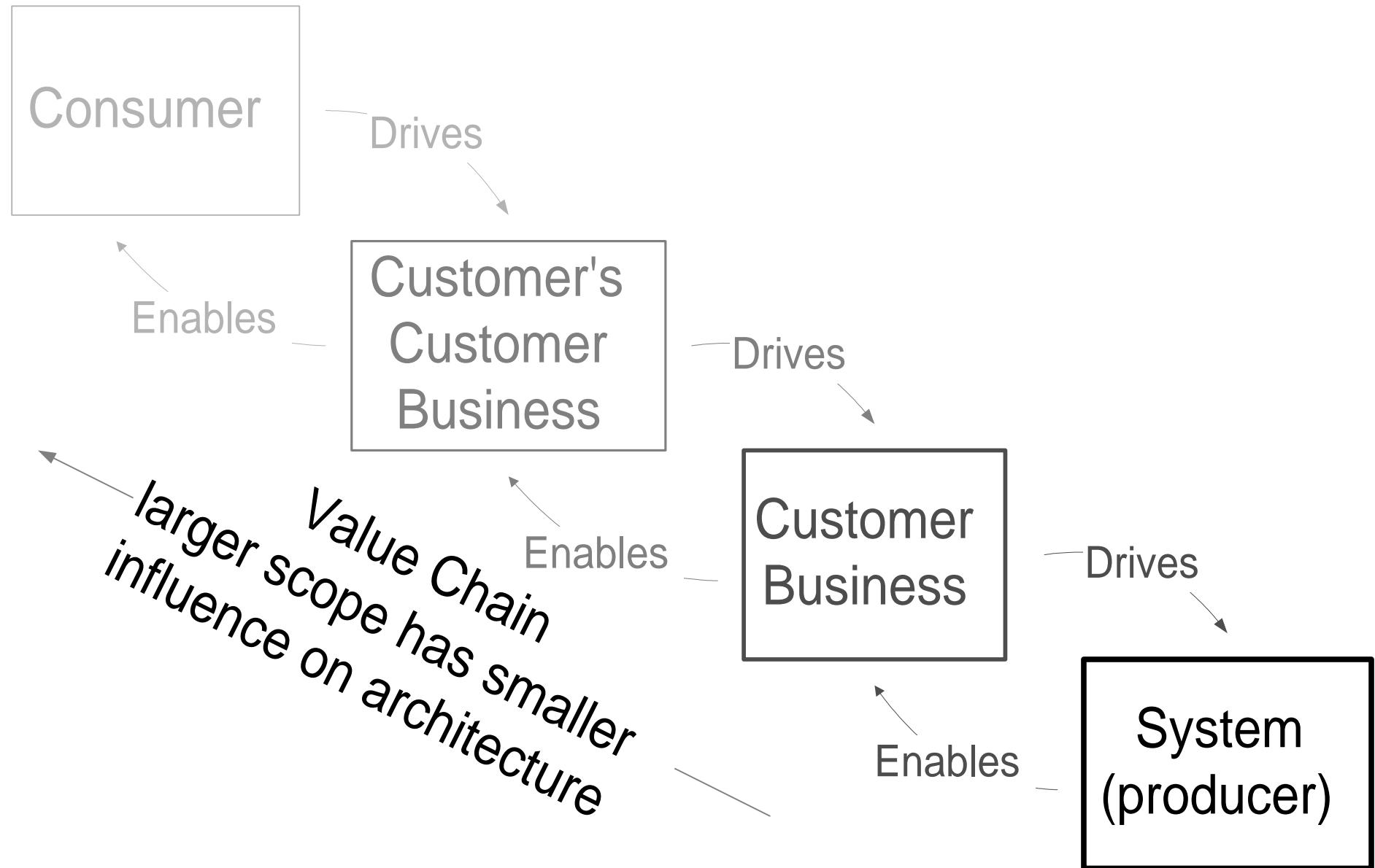
The "CAFCR" model



What does Customer need
in Product and **Why**?



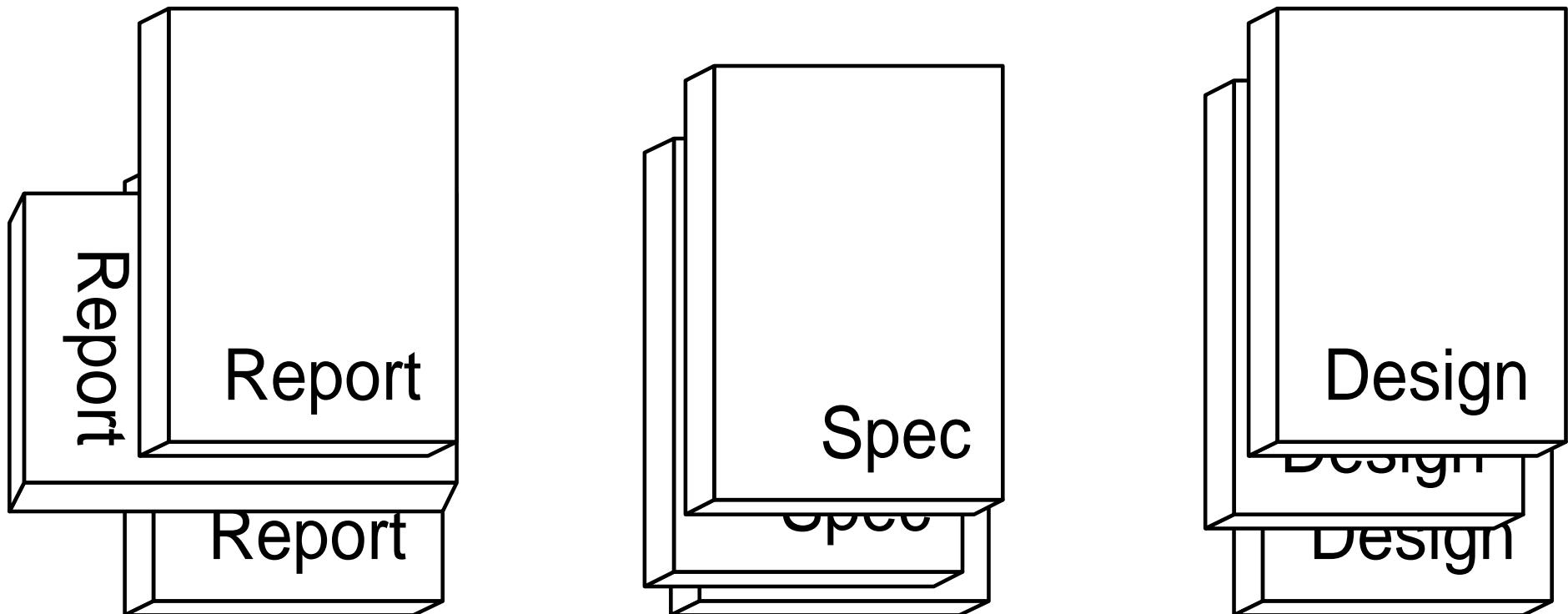
CAFCR can be applied recursively



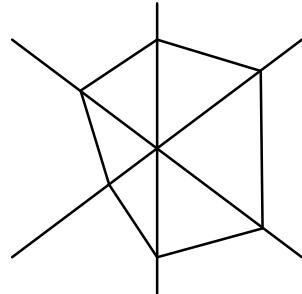
CAFCR applied on Security

C ustomer objectives	A pplication	F unctional	C onceptual	R ealization
  trusted	selection classification people information authentication badges passwords locks / walls guards administrators	functions for administration authentication intrusion detection logging quantification	cryptography firewall security zones authentication registry logging	<i>specific</i> algorithms interfaces libraries servers storage protocols
 not trusted	social contacts open passwords blackmail burglary fraud unworkable procedures	missing functionality wrong quantification	holes between concepts	<i>threats</i> bugs buffer overflow non encrypted storage poor exception handling

Deliverables of the System Architect



Responsibilities of the System Architect



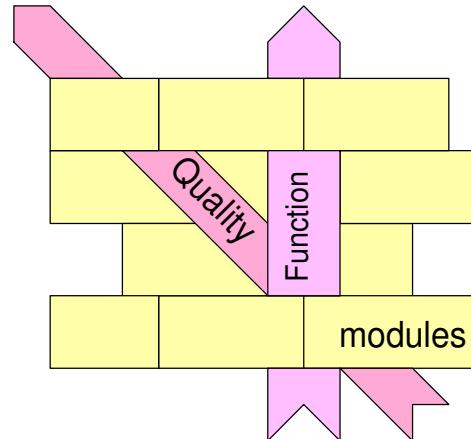
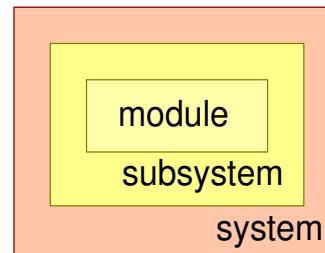
Balance

Consistency

Decomposition
Integration

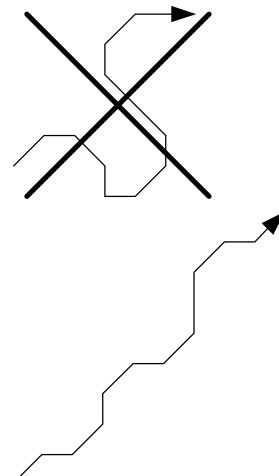
Overview

Requirement
Spec
Design
Realization

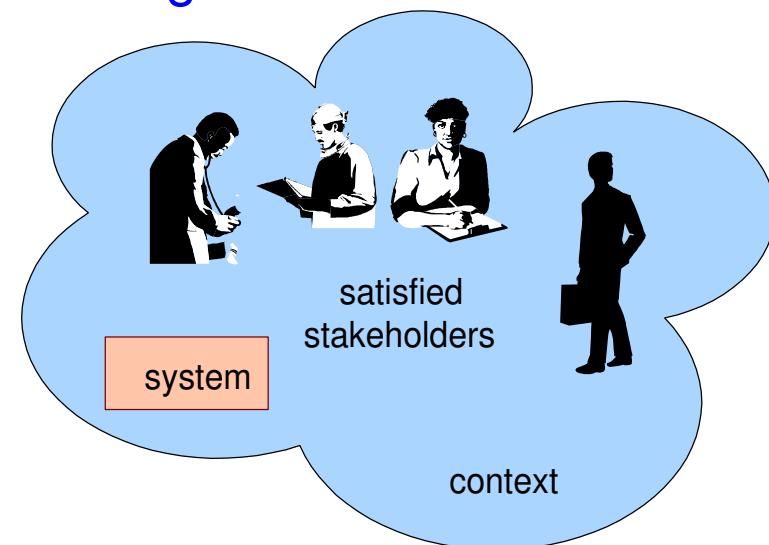


KISS

Elegance
Simple

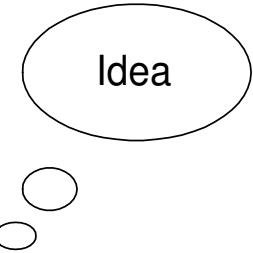
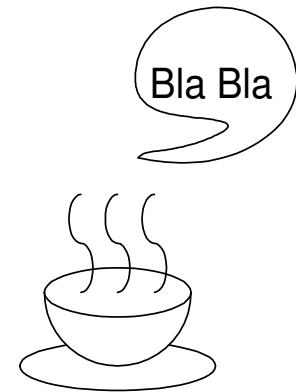
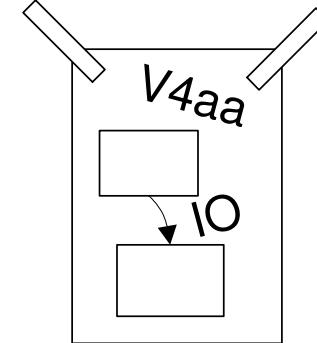
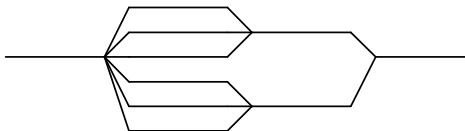
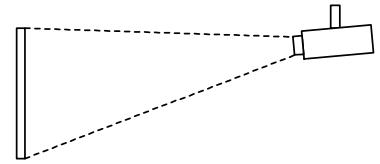
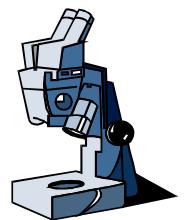
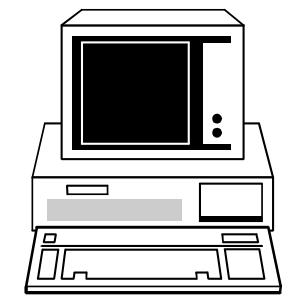
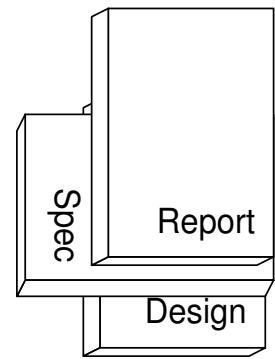
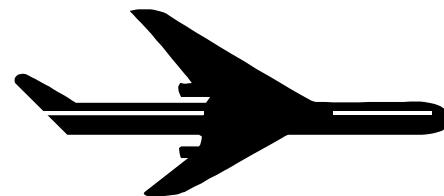
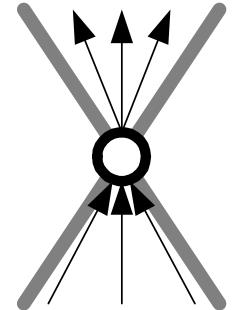


Integrity



Fitting

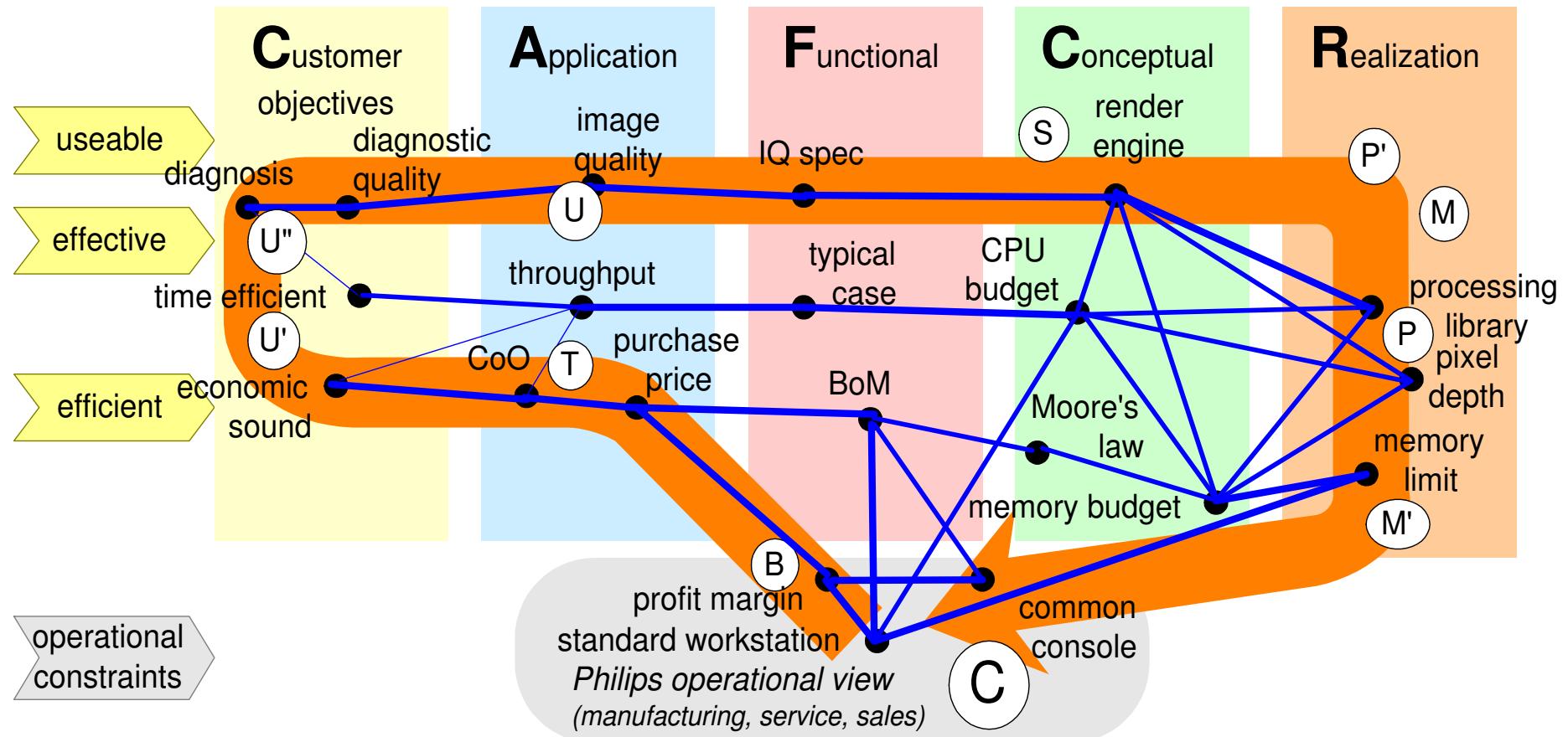
What does the System Architect do?

				
think, analyse	listen, talk, walk around	design, brainstorm, explain	assist project leader with work breakdown, schedule, risks	present, meet, teach, discuss
				
test, integrate	write, consolidate, browse	read, review	travel to customer, supplier, conference	provide vision and leadership

From Detail to Overview

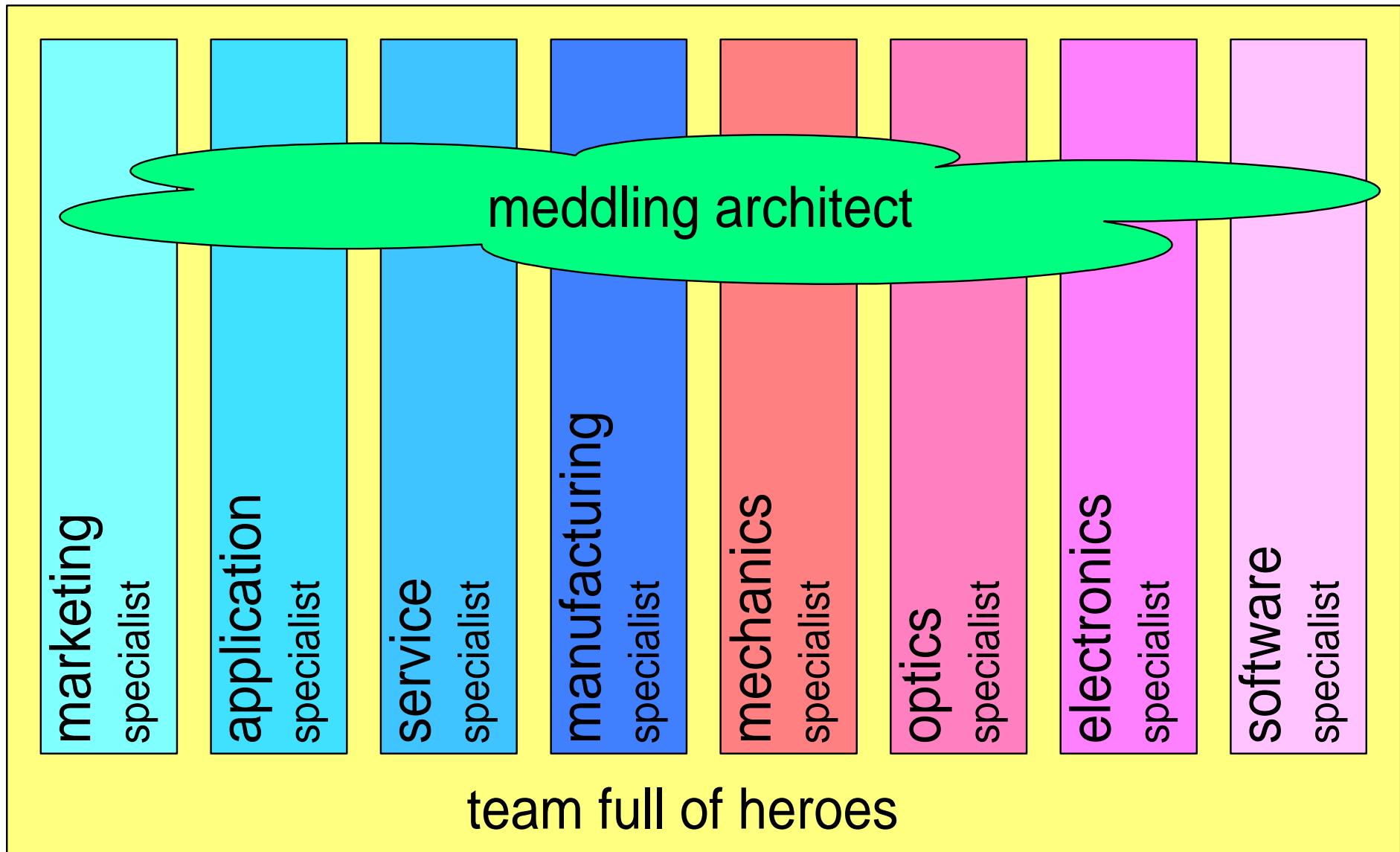
	Quantity per year (order of magnitude)	architect time per item
consolidation in deliverables	10	100 hrs
meetings	10^2	1 hr
informal contacts	10^4	0.5..10 min
sampling scanning	$10^5..10^6$	0.1 .. 1 sec
product details	$10^7..10^{10}$	
real world facts	infinite	

Key Success Factor 2: highly iterative



cost revisited in context of clinical needs and realization constraints; note: original threads are significantly simplified

Key Success Factor 3: Architect as Integrator



Innovation Challenges in Embedded Systems

