

xFFBD: towards a formal yet functional modeling language for system designers

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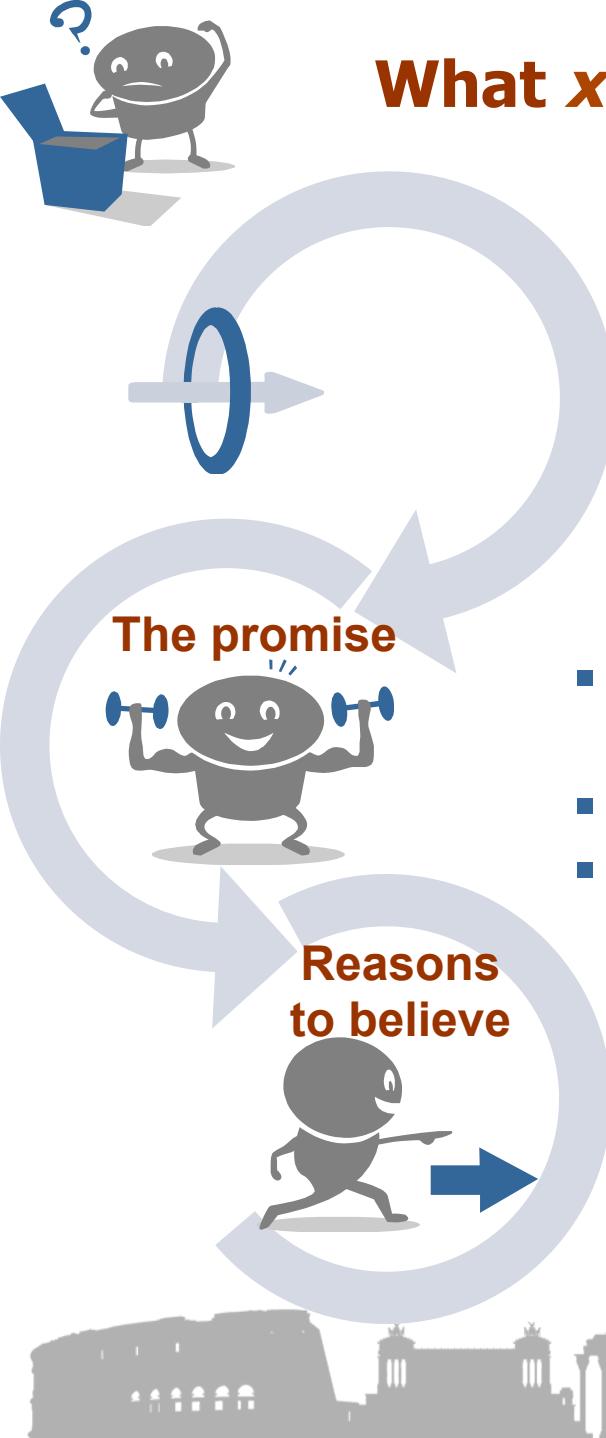


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A (definitive?) comprehensive, design-oriented functional modelling language for system designers (and maybe more ...)

- Support to design, thus creation process (quick V&V, what-if, composition ...)
- No paradigm breakthrough, respect legacy
- Respect the plurality of actors/disciplines/aspects

- Strong foundation for eFFBD and functional modelling (block diagram, system dynamics ...)
- Modelica, Altarica become “ready”
- Model transformation and interoperability are “quite” ready
- New paradigm and new modality in HMI

Who we are and why are we found of eFFBD?



- We are all professors, or associate professors or lecturer in system engineering, and more particularly related to Architectural Design.



- eFFBD has “good” educational properties and is a “good” teaching aid for functional **design**.
 - Clear separation between control and flows,
 - Formal enough (“closed to” – even isomorphic - to Temporal Petri Nets)
 - “on the fly” execution/simulation capabilities to support quick V&V loops.
 - Functional Architecture relying on Functional Architectural patterns



This is not a Function ...



René MAGRITTE, *La Trahison des images*
(1929, oil painting, 62 x 81 cm)

We heard so many
definition and
interpretation of
“what is a function
...”

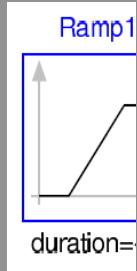


What is a function, a functional model ... a galaxy of legitimate answers

– System Dynamics: a concrete example of usage

Modelica (multi-physics)

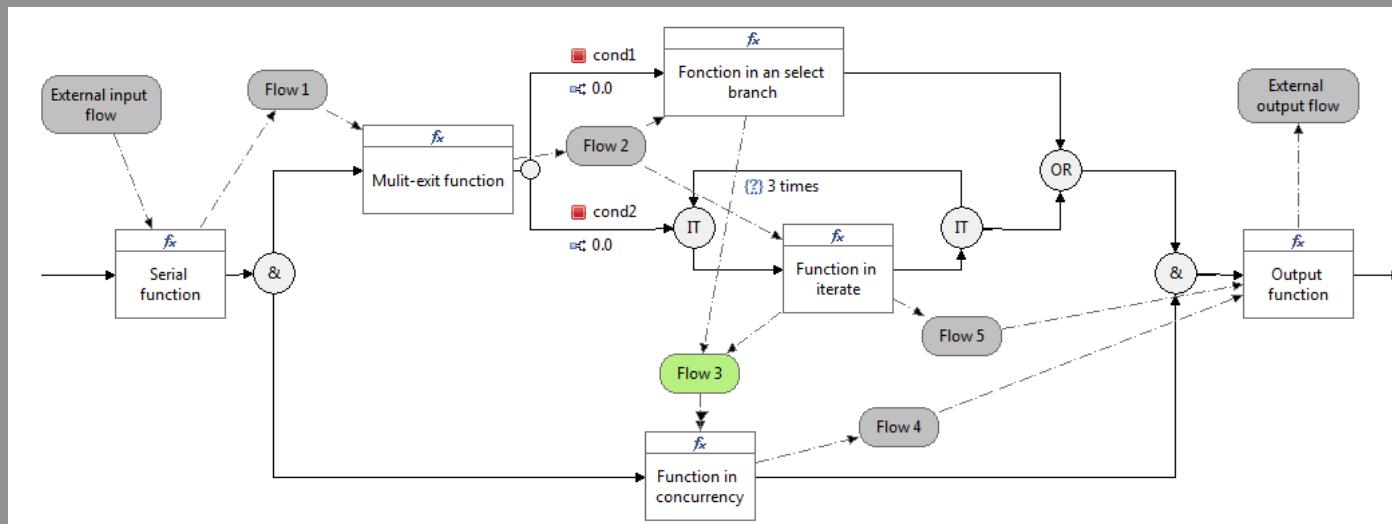
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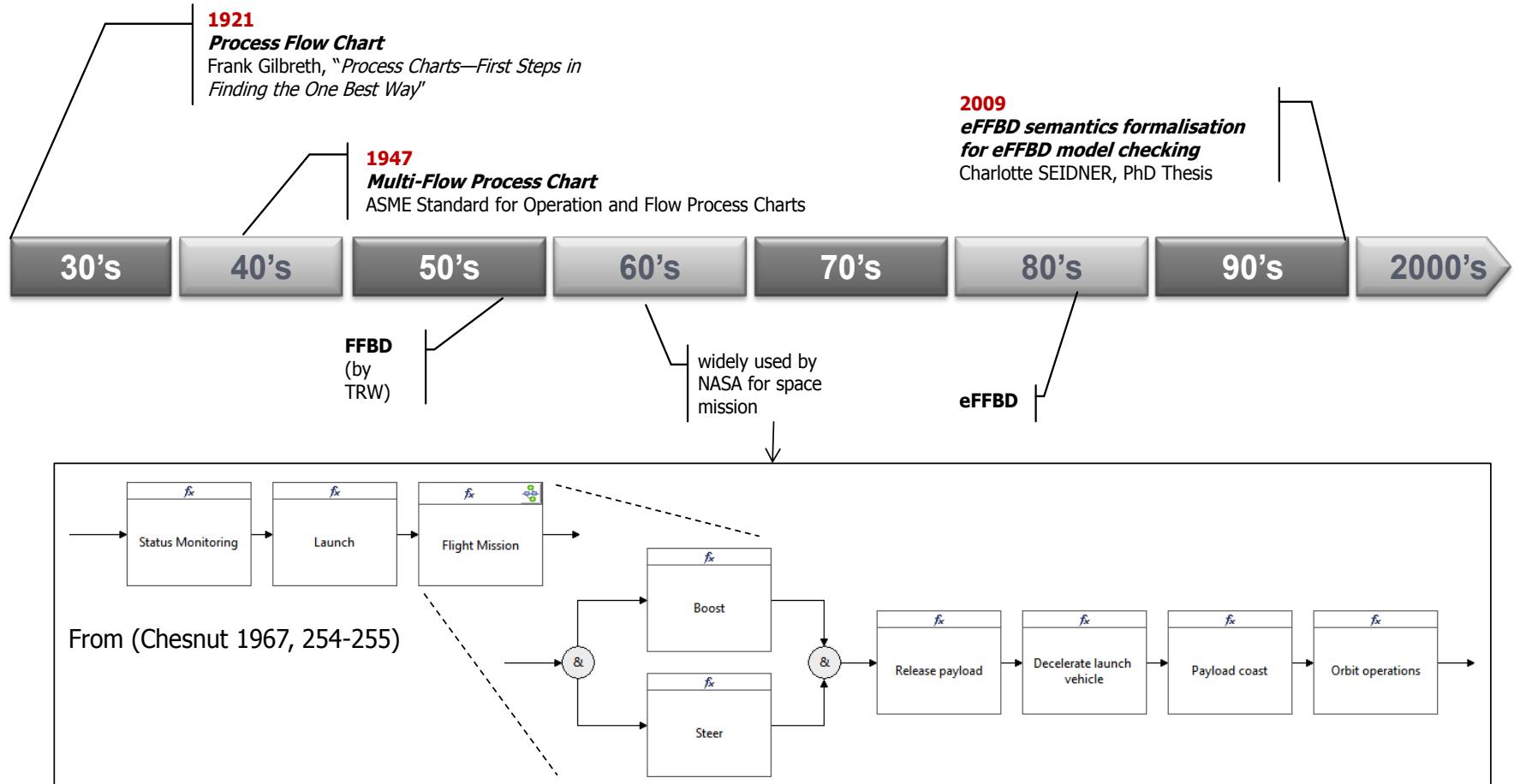
EFFBD

Inspired from “Relationships between Common Graphical Representations in System Engineering”, Jim Long, President Vitech Corporation

And its



(e)FFBD in short...



According to INCOSE SE HDBK ...



... Two tracks for MBSE

Object-Oriented SEM

metaclass
delegation
package instance
inheritance stereotype
polymorphism metamodel
association binding
meta object facility
superclass
subclass

Functions-Based SEM

allocation
refinement
link function
mode flow
projection breakdown logic
set element
transfer function
matrix



What kind of Improvement can be expected ...



Towards a formal semantics for xFFBD

Flows:

- kind: information (not only!), matter, energy
- discrete vs. continuous
- streaming vs. event vs. ...
- computational model for flows (queuing ...)

Fl Function itself:

- transformation?
- transfer function?
- processes?
- dysfunctional behaviour

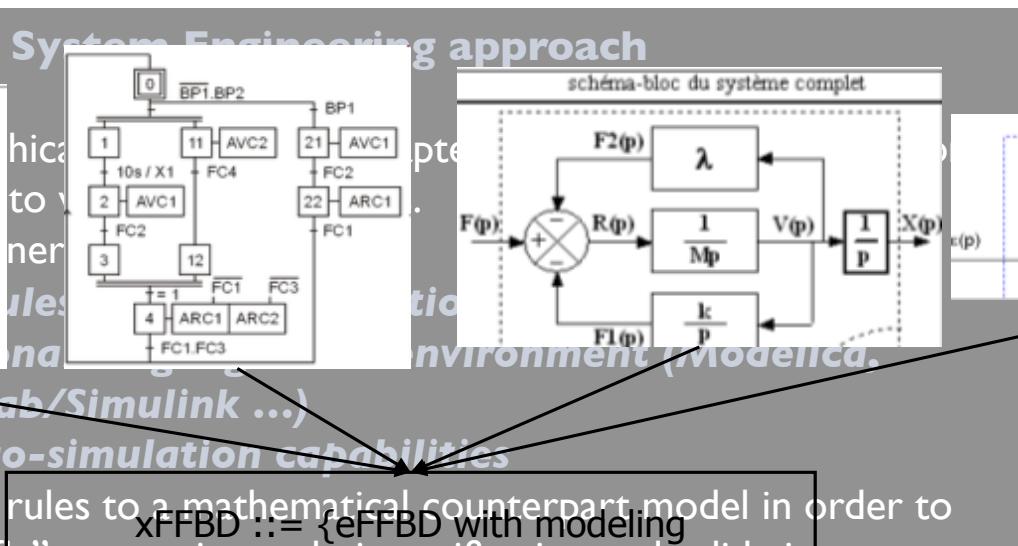
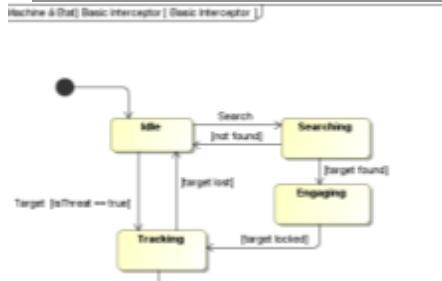
(enhancement of) Operational semantics of a functional architecture

- Capability to validate an architecture against formalised expected behaviour or properties.
- Capability to map the functional architecture on the physical one.



Towards “self contained” models

xFFBD to support System Engineering approach



Altarica, Matlab/Simulink ...)

▪ Hybrid and co-simulation capabilities

▪ Transformation rules to a mathematical counterpart model in order to “on the fly” properties analysis, verification and validation

Hybrid
(co)simulation

Dependability analysis

properties checking
and assessment

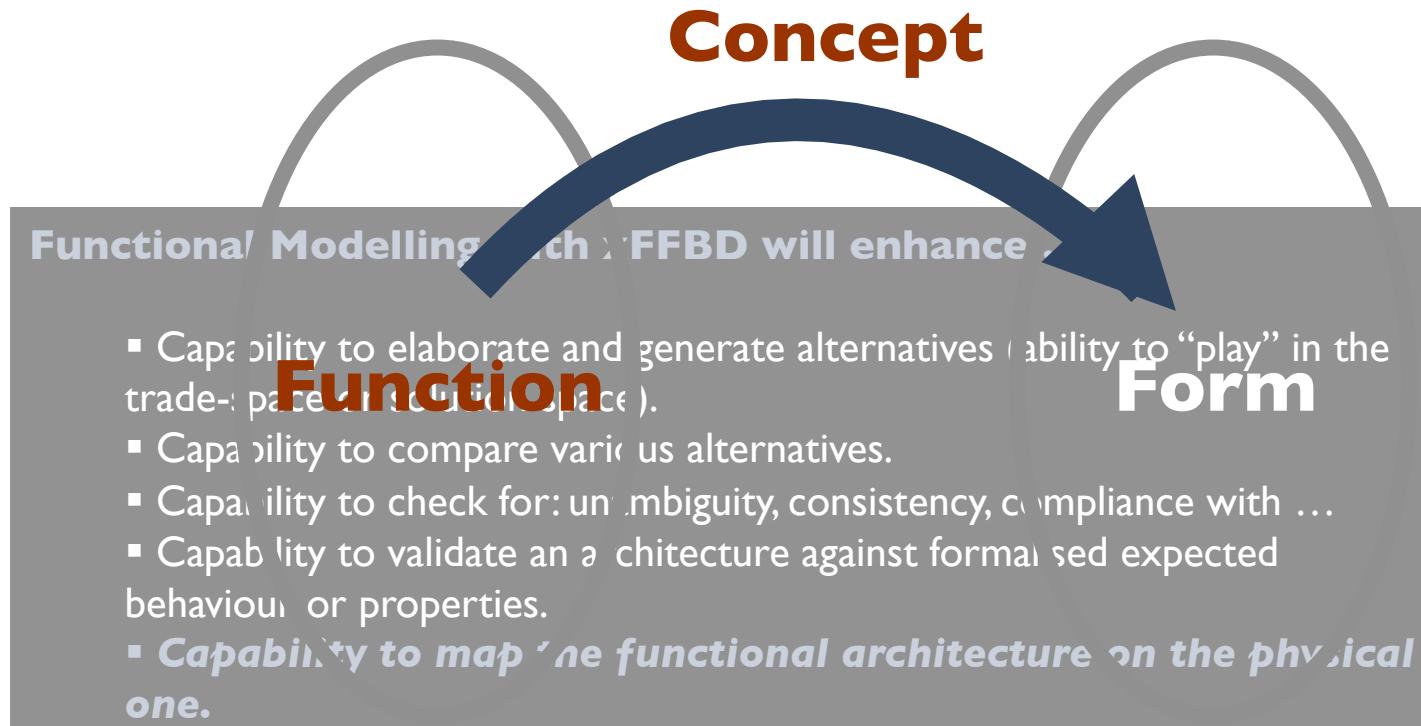
- An xFFBD model does not “throw away” other functional models; it just provides the “cement”
- Aspect-oriented modelling



Functions and Forms



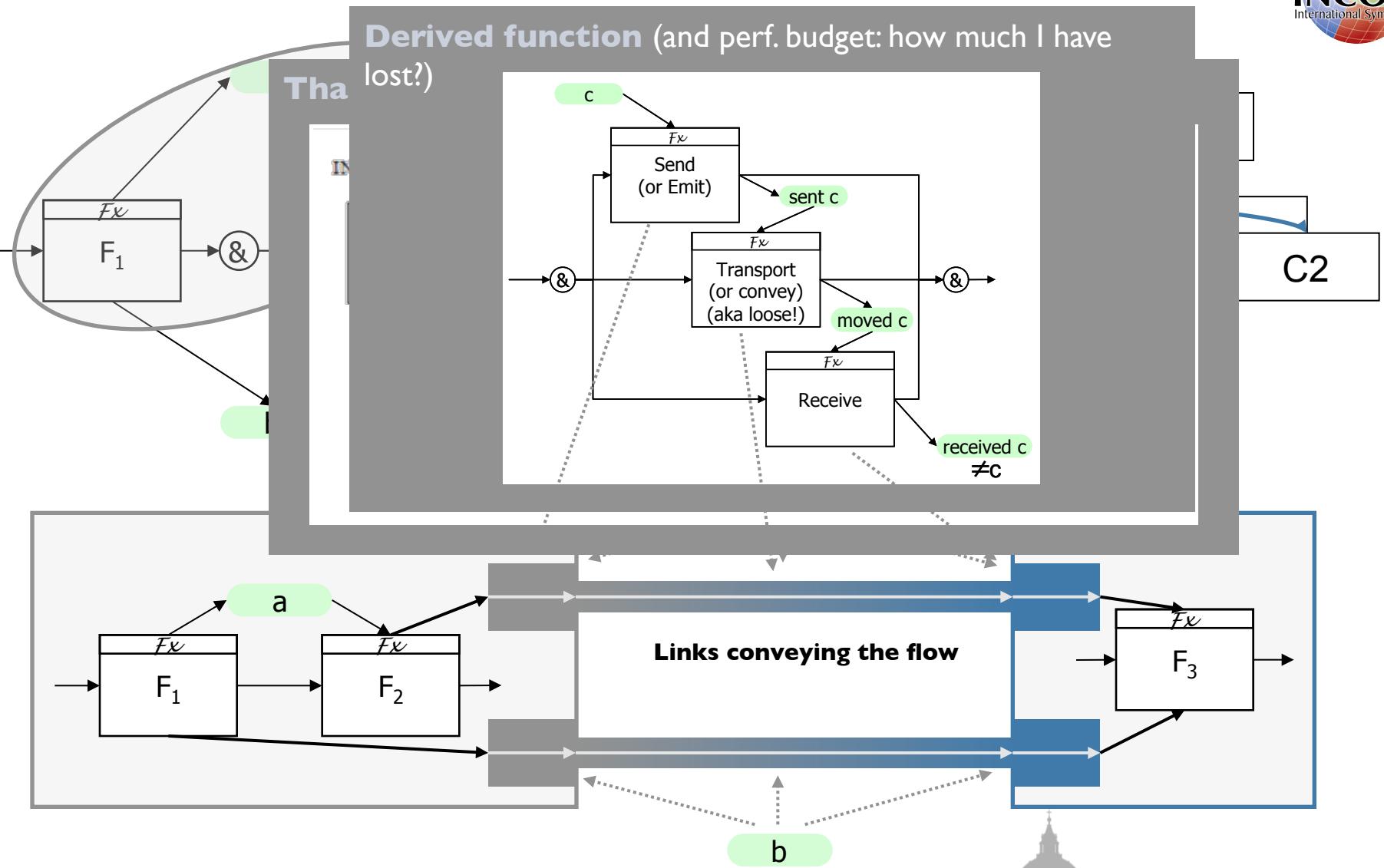
Architecture: the embodiment of **concept**, and the allocation of physical/informational **function** to elements of **form**, and definition of **interfaces** among the elements and with the surrounding **context**. (Ed. Crawley, MIT)



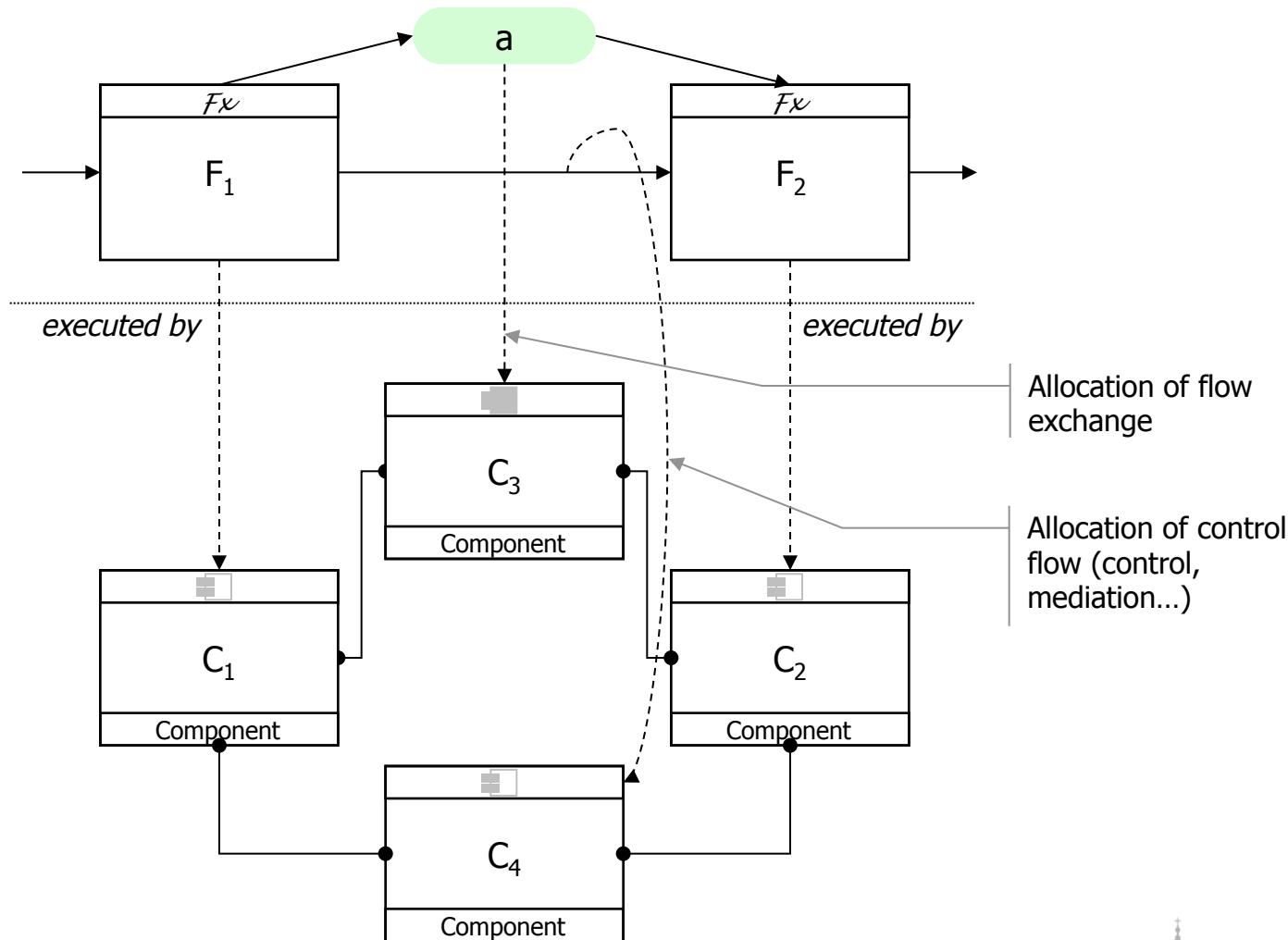
What the system **does**

What the system **is**

Mapping: Not a simple “drag&drop”!



Interface Engineering: NOT a “simple” drag&drop of functions into components!



extracted from “Complex Systems and Systems of Systems Engineering”, Wippler & ali

Architecting is the **deliberate manipulation** of structure to **achieve** desired system **behaviour** and **properties** (OCW, MIT)



Functional Modelling with xFFBD will enhance ...

- **Capability to elaborate and generate alternatives (ability to “play” in the trade-space or solution space).**
- **Capability to compare various alternatives.**
- Capability to check for: unambiguity, consistency, compliance with ...
- Capability to validate an architecture against formalised expected behaviour or properties.
- Capability to map the functional architecture on the physical one.



We should look on “How to?” from ...



TRIZ: 40 Principles for Innovative Problem Solving

ASIT (Advanced Systematic Inventive Thinking)

- Segmentation
- Taking out
- Local quality
- Asymmetry
- Merger
- Universality
- "Nested dolls"
- Anti-weight
- Preliminary anti-action
- Preliminary action
- Before and after
- Equilibrium
- "Theodoric's"
- Sphericity
- Dynamics
- Partial or excessive actions
- Skipping
- "Blessing in disguise" or "Turn
- Introducing a slightly modified
- Copying
- Cheap short-living
- Mechanics substitution
- Self-copying
- Introducing an object and reorganizing it
- Pneumatics and hydraulics
- Problem by turning a symmetrical
- Discarding and reusing
- Parameter changes

▪ **Unification:** Solve a problem by assigning a new use to an existing component (the pipe and metal balls problem is solved by Unification - the balls are put to a new use, i.e. protecting the pipe).

- **Multiplication:** Solve a problem by

- **Division:** Solve a problem by dividing

- **Breaking Symmetry:** Solve a problem situation into an asymmetrical one.

- **Object Removal:** Solve a problem system and assigning its action to another

- Another dimension
- Mechanical vibration
- Periodic action
- Continuity of useful action

- Phase transitions
- Thermal expansion
- Strong oxidants
- Inert atmosphere
- Composite materials

The six modular operators (Design Rules, The power of modularity, Baldwin & Clark)

- **Splitting**
- **Substituting**
- **Augmenting**
- **Excluding**
- **Inverting**
- **Porting**



"The fact that many complex systems have a... hierachic structure is a major facilitating factor in enabling us to understand those systems." Herbert Simon, *The science of the artificial*, (1969), MIT Press



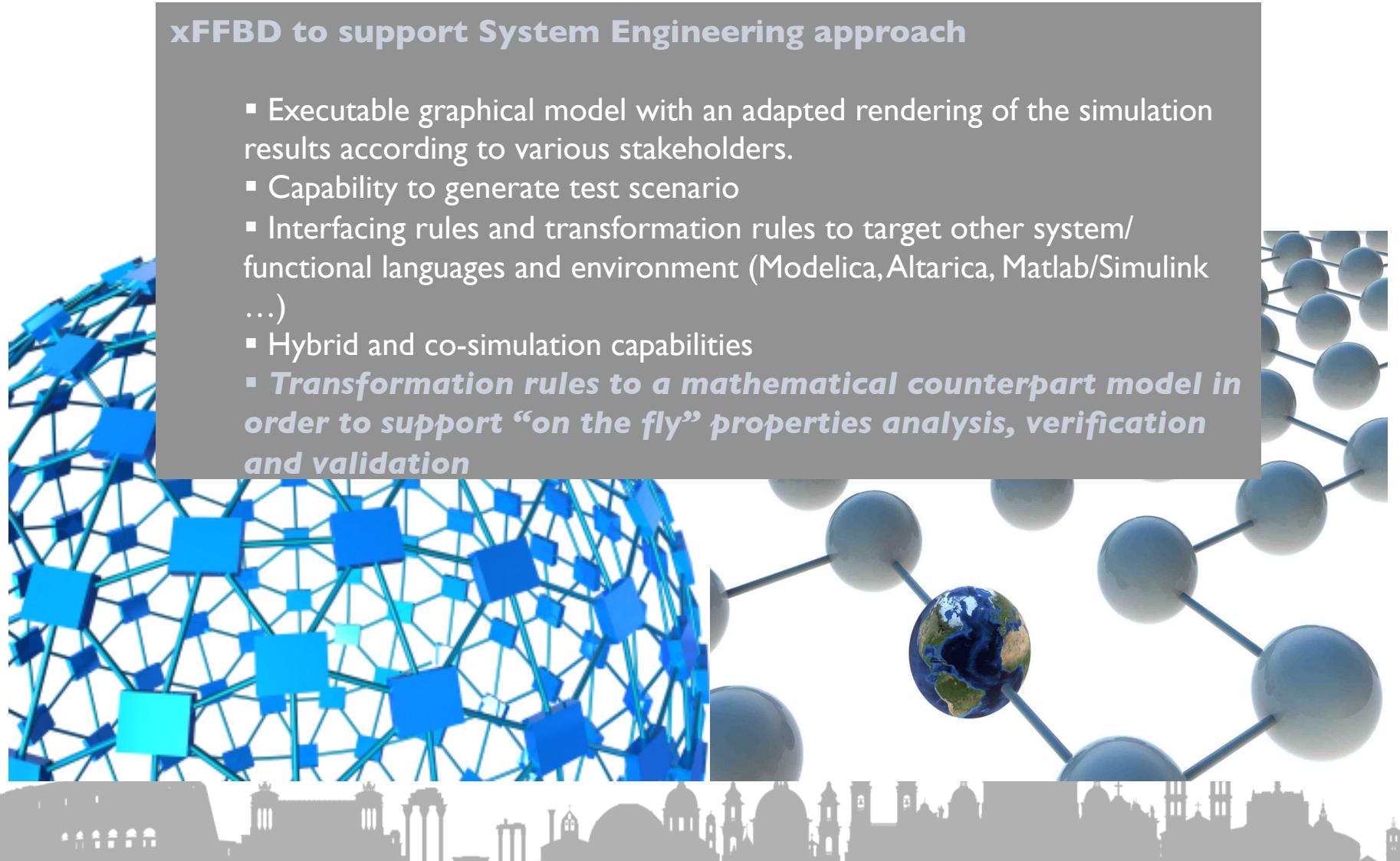
However, reducing the architecture of such system to a hierachic breakdown is not a way to fully comprehend its structure, its characteristics, its behaviour

"A city is not a tree", Christopher Alexander, 1965

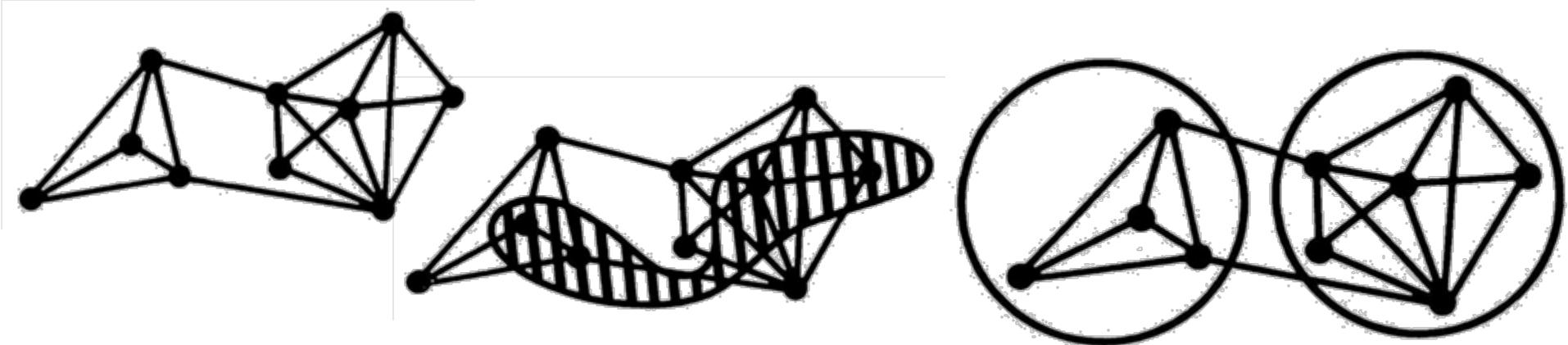
A step in graph theory ...

xFFBD to support System Engineering approach

- Executable graphical model with an adapted rendering of the simulation results according to various stakeholders.
- Capability to generate test scenario
- Interfacing rules and transformation rules to target other system/functional languages and environment (Modelica, Altarica, Matlab/Simulink ...)
- Hybrid and co-simulation capabilities
- ***Transformation rules to a mathematical counterpart model in order to support “on the fly” properties analysis, verification and validation***



Address (truly and objectively!) modularity

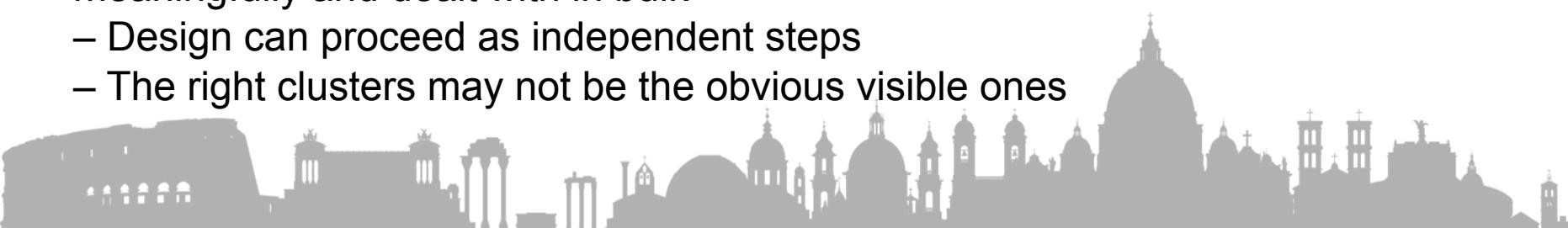


Simon: **modularity related to evolution, survival, and complexity (1962)**

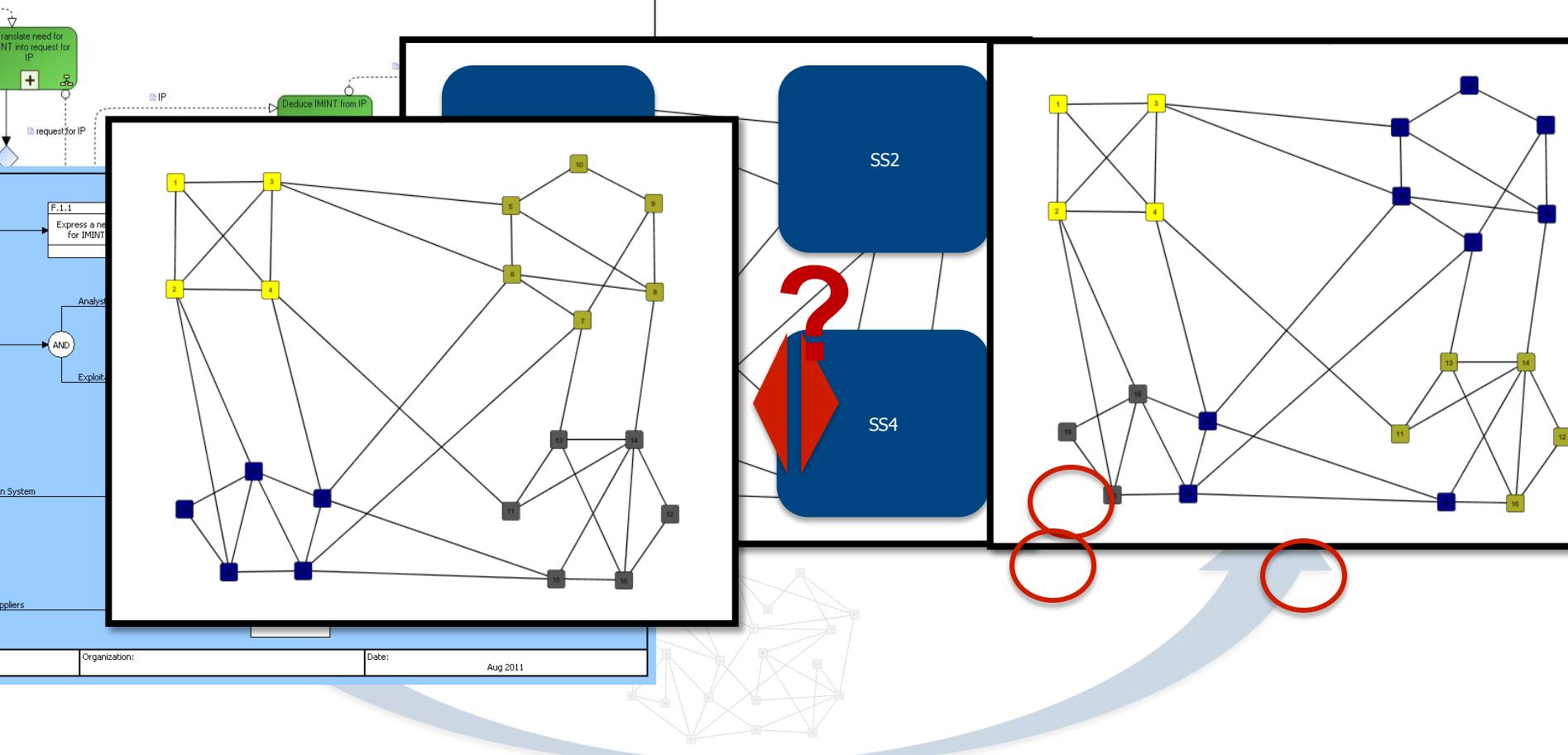
- Can't survive (due to propagating failures) unless there is some independence between modules
- The modules form into (nested/closed) hierarchies
- Evolution can proceed in separate activities
- Also: decomposable systems are less complex

Alexander: **modularity related to efficient design procedures (1964)**

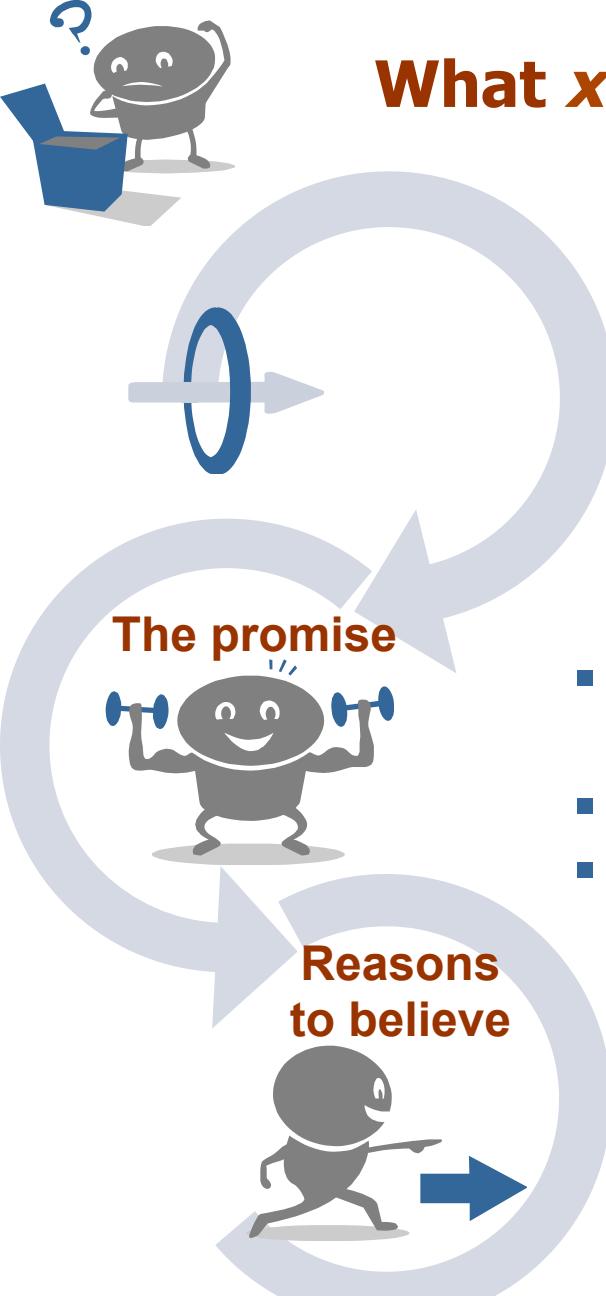
- Can't make design decisions (due to interactions) unless they are clustered meaningfully and dealt with in bulk
- Design can proceed as independent steps
- The right clusters may not be the obvious visible ones



groupment in sub-systems



Automated
clustering



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Thank you for your attention.

I hope to see you on the road to xFFBD

