



# Defining a System of Systems Engineering and Integration Approach to Address the Navy's Information Technology Technical Authority

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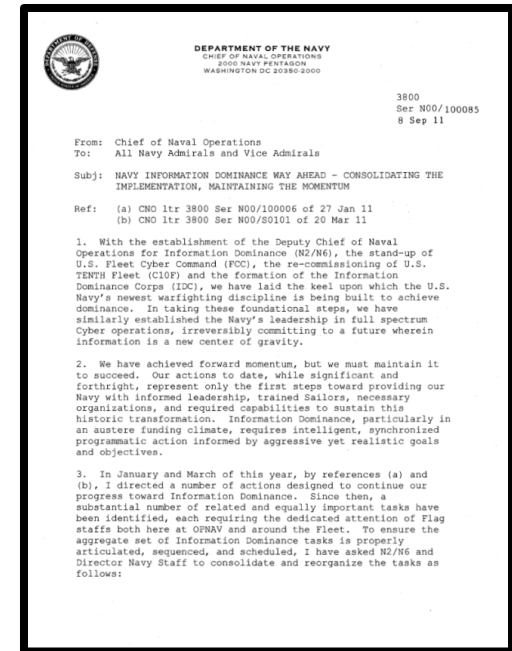
# Navy Drivers for Change

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# Navy Solution: System of Systems Engineering and Integration

- ▼ **System of Systems Engineering and Integration (SoSE&I)** approach to coordinate Navy IT development across all Naval System Commands and all Navy platforms
- ▼ SPAWAR SYSCOM has the responsibility for the Navy IT SoSE&I approach
- ▼ Establishing the organization and developing the processes & tools to begin executing the approach starting Oct 1, 2013 is underway



**Expanding role and responsibility to enhance integration and interoperability of information, network, and communications systems**





# SoS Definition

- **System of Systems (SoS)-**  
a set or arrangement of system that results when independent, and task-oriented systems are integrated into a larger systems construct, that delivers unique capabilities and functions in support of missions that cannot be achieved by individual systems alone.





# Types of SoS



Virtual

No Centralized  
Management  
Authority



Collaborative

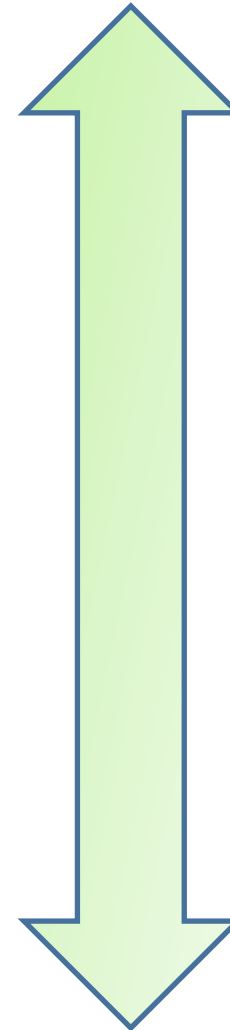


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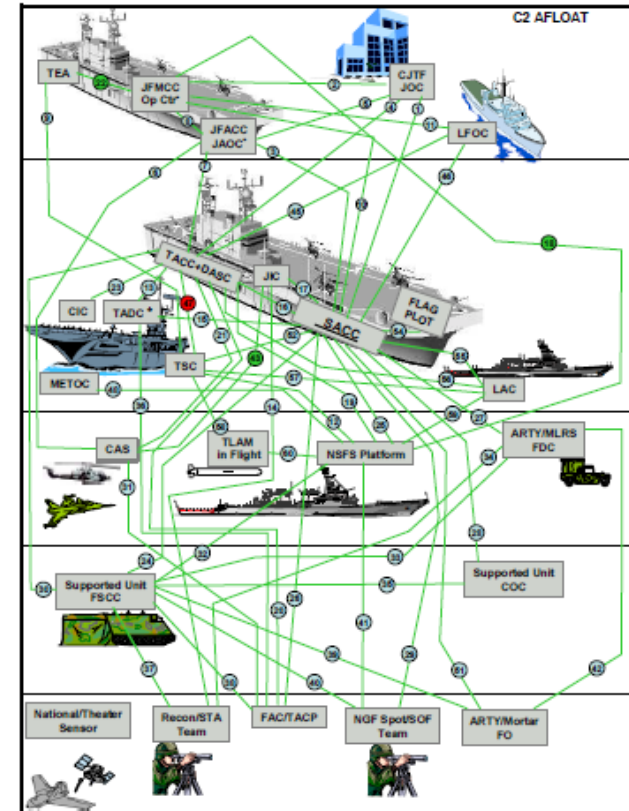
Directed

Centralized  
Management  
Authority



# Key Elements of SPAWAR SoSE&I

- ▼ Definition and control of a **Managed SoS baseline** that directly tracks to delivered capabilities
- ▼ Formal method of **Governance** and change control that puts discipline & rigor into investment decisions at the enterprise-level
- ▼ An established **SoS Test, Evaluation and Certification methodology** to evaluate delivered capabilities in context of mission performance



***SoSE&I approach puts systems engineering rigor & discipline into every Navy IT Acquisition & Sustainment decision***

# Why a SoSE&I approach?

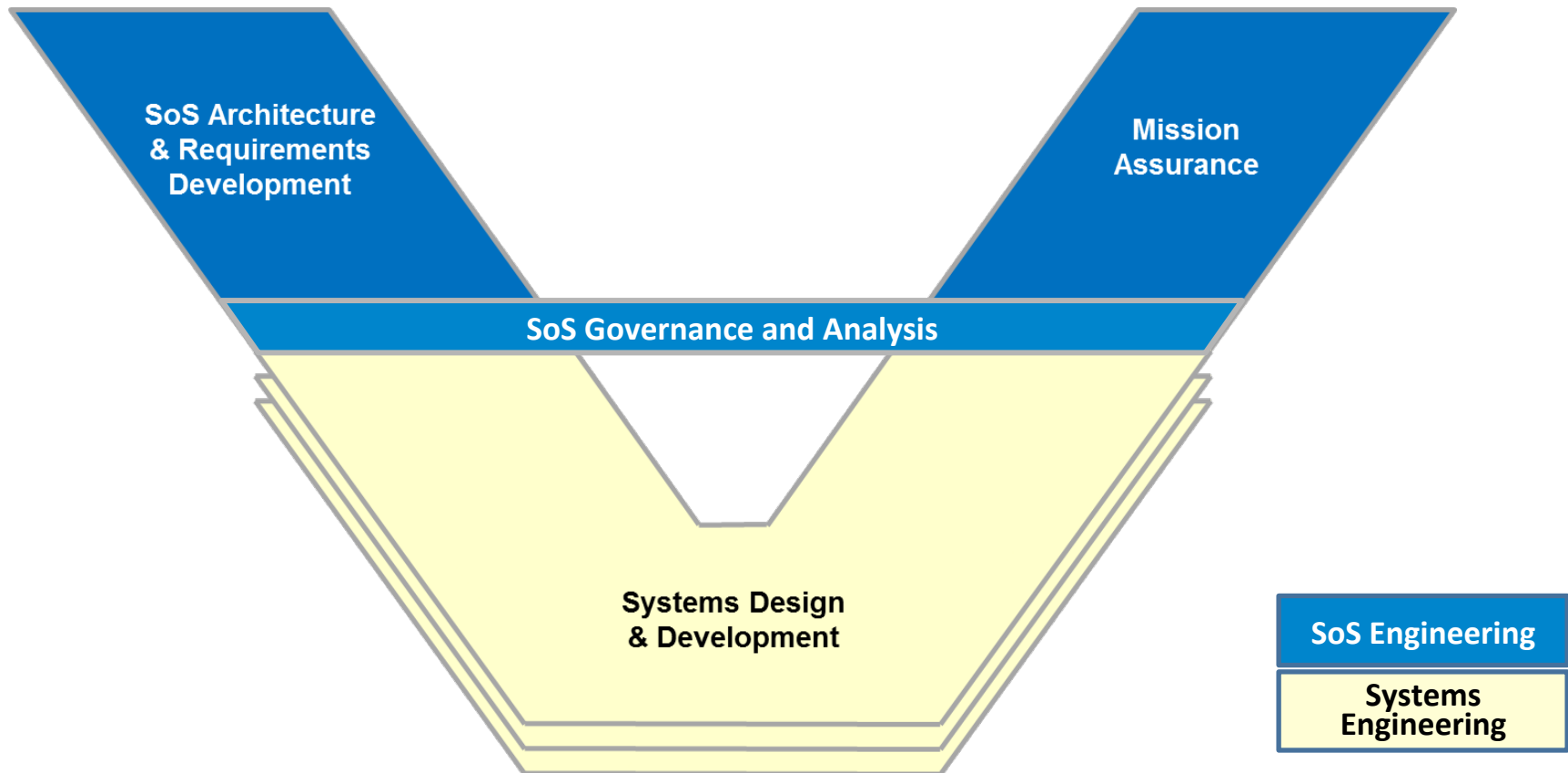


- ▼ Provides a single framework for driving integration, interoperability & standards into and across the Navy IT enterprise
- ▼ Provides enterprise-level control of the Navy's IT Architecture & Requirements Baseline
- ▼ Risk & Opportunity management for technical, cost & schedule elements for every program in the Navy IT Portfolio

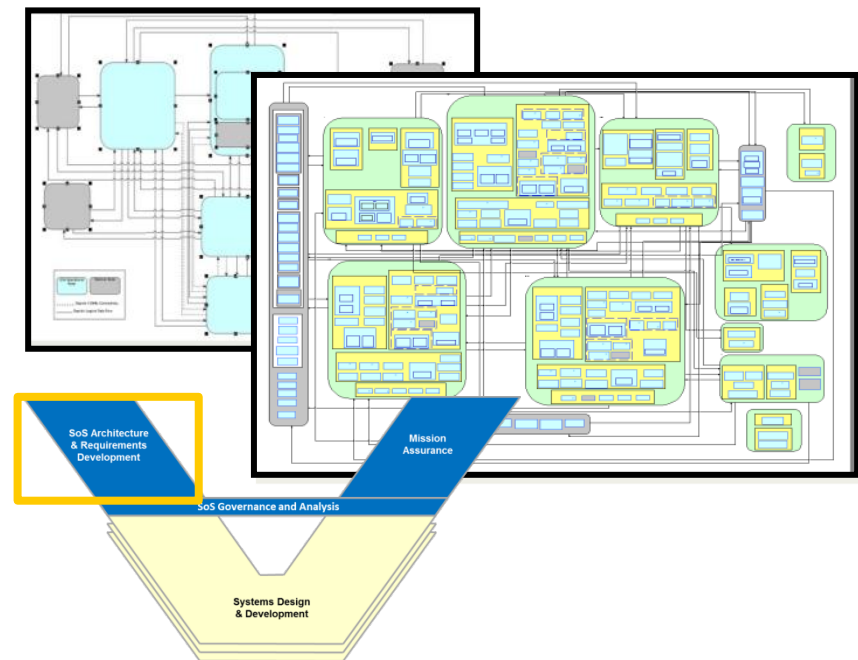
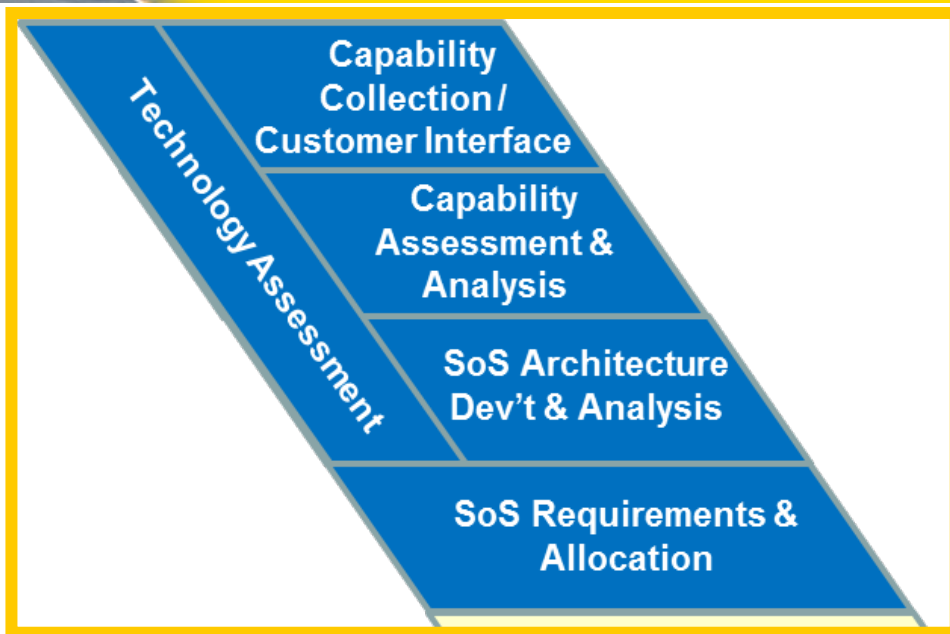




# SoSE&I “Vee”



# SoS Architecture & Requirements Development



## Benefits

- ▼ Comprehensive plan to align systems that are meant to work together for mission success
- ▼ Provides a foundation from which Navy Resource Sponsors can prioritize user needs and budget issues
- ▼ Establishes Overarching Requirements Baseline to improve Integration & Interoperability across the IT Acquisition Portfolio



# SoS Architecture & Requirements Development

Warfare Mission Needs



**Fleet IT Users**  
(e.g., FLT CYBERFOR)

Information Dominance  
Mission Needs Document



**IT Acquisition Decision Makers**  
(e.g., OPNAV)

Information Dominance SoS  
Architecture & Requirements



Portfolio Requirements &  
Interface Control Doc's



**SPAWAR  
CHENG**

System Requirements &  
Interface Control Doc's



***SPAWAR's SoS baseline is the engineering/integration bridge at the enterprise-level to provide orderly flow-down of user needs to implemented platform baselines***

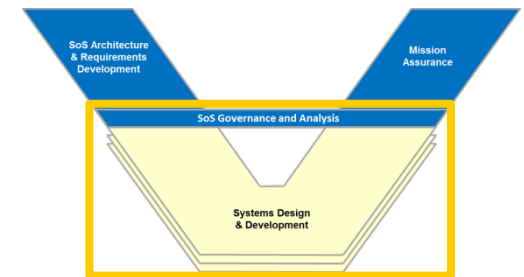
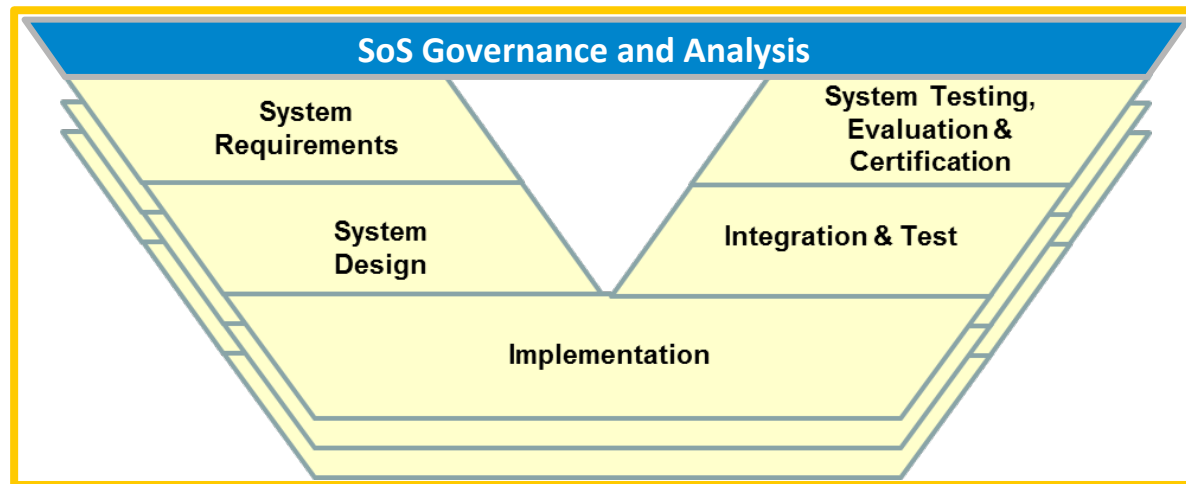




# SoSE&I Role in Systems Design & Development

## Benefits

- ▼ Provides a focus SoS mission success vice system optimization
- ▼ Establishes a framework for better coordination among individuals systems and programs



# Systems Design & Development

Warfare Mission Needs



**Fleet IT Users**  
(e.g., FLT CYBERFOR)

Information Dominance  
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**IT Acquisition Decision Makers**  
(e.g., OPNAV)

Information Dominance SoS  
Architecture & Requirements

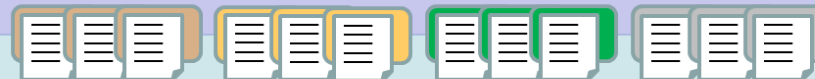


Portfolio Requirements &  
Interface Control Doc's



**SPAWAR  
CHENG**

System Requirements &  
Interface Control Doc's



Mission Segments



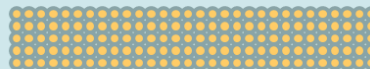
Services



Systems



CI ("box" design)



**IT Acquisition &  
Sustainment**  
(e.g., PEO, PMW)

Warfare Mission Operations

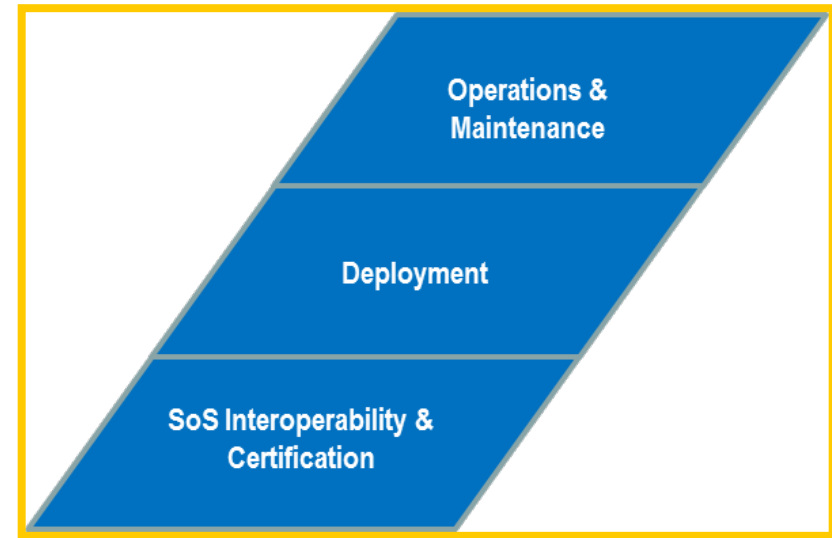


**Fleet IT Users**  
(e.g., Fleet Units)

***Assured traceability from mission needs to implementation ...  
Jointly monitored across the development lifecycle***

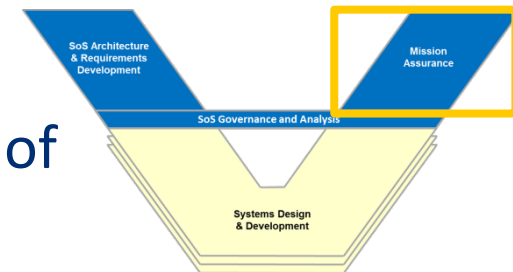


# Mission Assurance



## Benefits

- ▼ Understanding of SoS performance in context of mission success to shape acquisition planning
- ▼ Develops a comprehensive operations and maintenance to better align IT baselines in the Fleet





# Mission Assurance Example

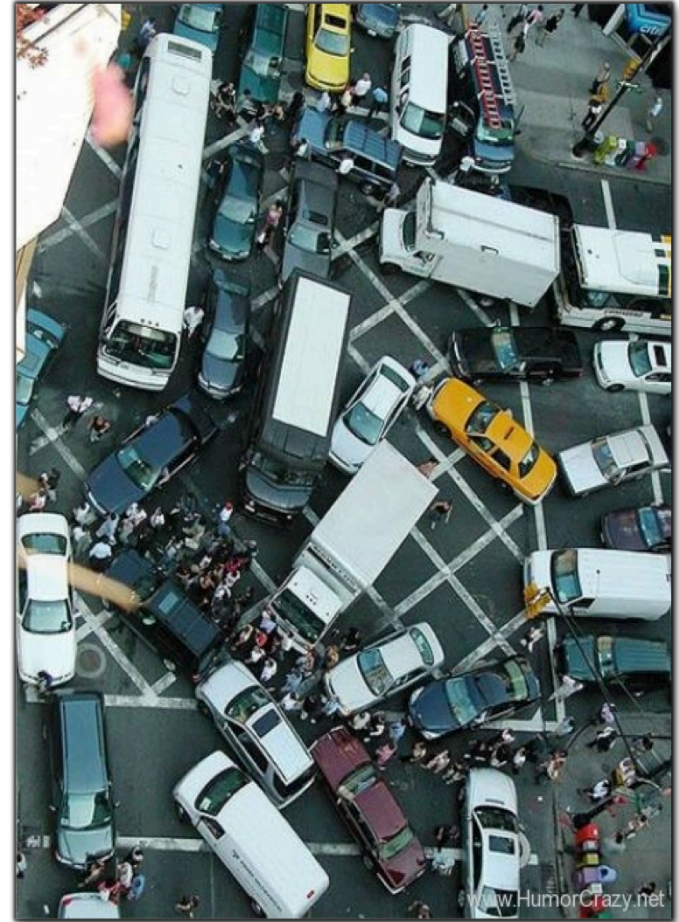


- ▼ SoS Test & Evaluation performed by analysis
  - Leverage Fleet Exercises and Experiments
  - Identify and mitigate Interoperability problems ahead of Deployment
- ▼ Multiple IT baselines exist in the fleet today
- ▼ Managing IT from a SoSE&I approach could eventually consolidate the number of baselines in the fleet.
- ▼ Designation of SPAWAR as IT TA will give IT issues a voice when considering afloat availability.

# SoS Governance

**Governance** – the set of rules, policies, and decision-making criteria that will guide the SoS to achieving its goals and objectives.

- ▼ A cornerstone of effective System of Systems (SoS) is a sound governance structure.
- ▼ Governance is well represented in the IT world, but a discussion of how to apply it to an SoS is absent.





# Criteria-Based Governance Framework

- **Criteria 1: Organizational Structure, Standards and Policies**
  - The organizational structure, standards, policies, and the management environment must be understood to develop effective governance.
  - To be successful, the governance must be consistent with the organization.
    - Virtual SoS (such as the Internet) organizational structures are loosely defined, therefore the governance is limited to standards bodies.
    - Directed SoS (such as a Space SoS) organizational structures are very well defined, therefore governance tightly couples the constituent systems.
- **Criteria 2: Governance Composition and Principles**
  - Determines the degree of participation, responsiveness, consensus, inclusiveness, and accountability needed in the governance strategy.
    - Virtual SoS, participation is limited to standards committees. Typical SoS participants not included in the decisions of suggested changes.
    - Directed SoS, a high degree of participation, inclusiveness, responsiveness, and consensus.



# Criteria-Based Governance Framework

- **Criteria 3: Encapsulation**

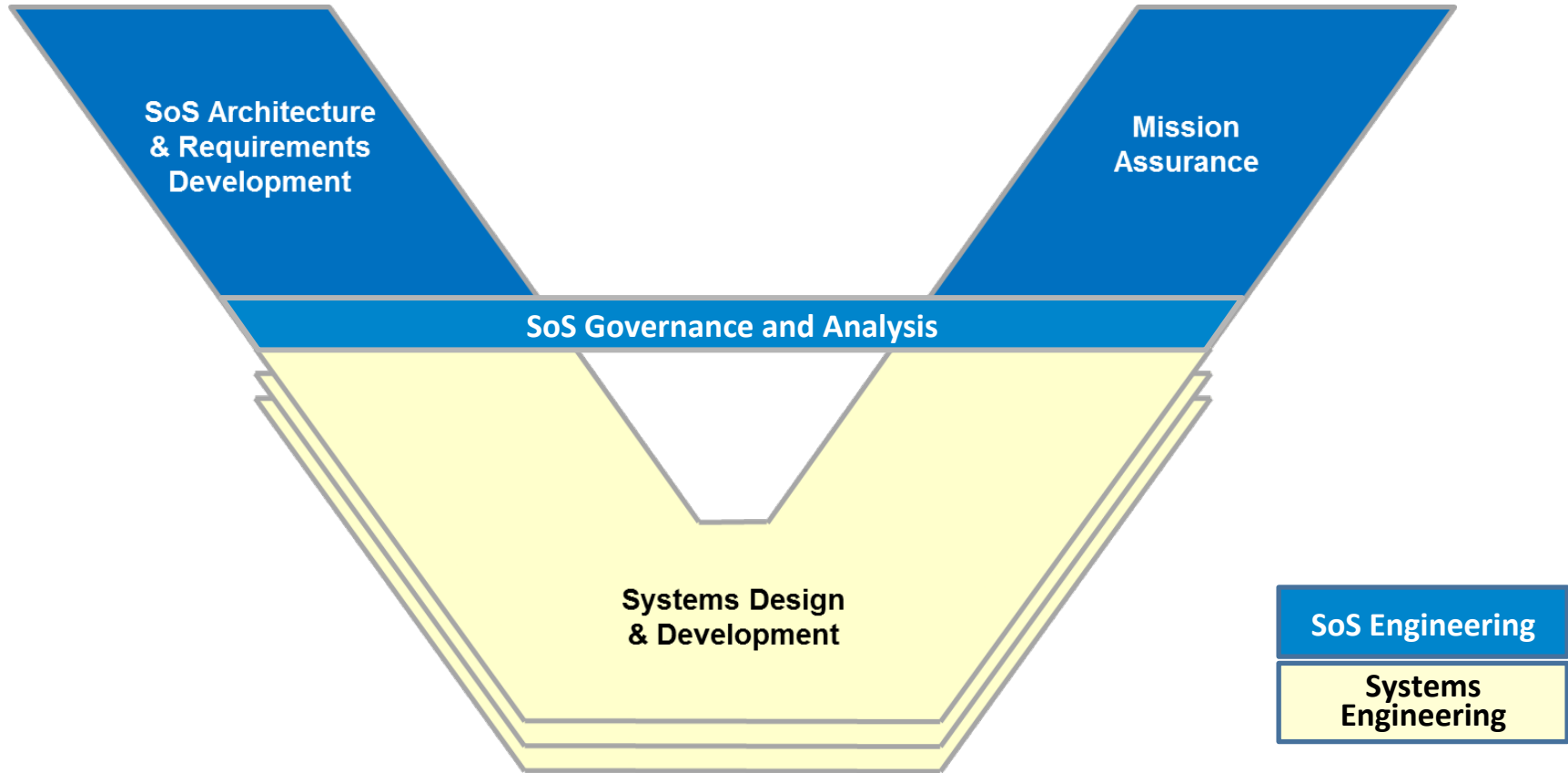
- Refers to how transparent the governance decisions are, and how enforcement is managed within the SoS.
  - Virtual SoS, the governance and decisions are made by a small number of stakeholders. Most stakeholders don't care how decisions are made or how the rules are enforced as long as they can achieve their missions and goals.
  - Directed SoS, stakeholders are closer to the decision-making process. Therefore, the governance strategy is required to be more inclusive and transparent.

- **Criteria 4: Governance Effectiveness and Interoperability**

- Determines the effectiveness and interoperability attributes of the SoS
  - Virtual SoS, participants use the SoS for their own purposes, therefore governance effectiveness and interoperability should favor independence, decentralization, and heterogeneity.
  - Directed SoS, are designed to work together to achieve a common objective, therefore governance effectiveness and interoperability should focus on engineered effectiveness standards and tightly controlled interface standards.



# SoSE&I “Vee” In Review

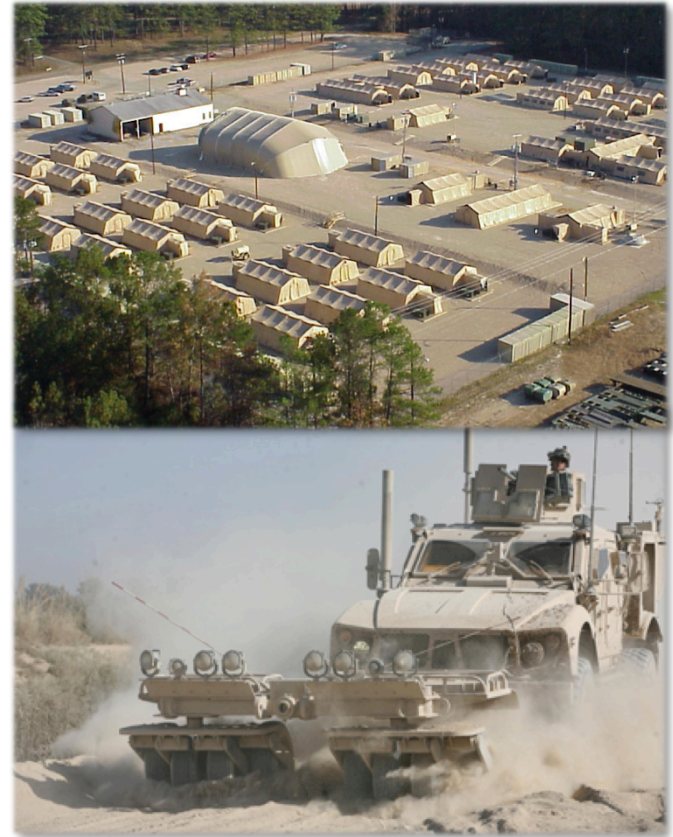


***Coordinated effort across Navy Stakeholders to ensure User Needs are effectively translated into Interoperable Solutions***



# Conclusions

- ▼ SoSE&I is a disciplined approach to successfully guide simultaneous, complex acquisition and operations of Navy IT
- ▼ Approach is applicable beyond the Navy and can be extended to other SoS Applications
- ▼ Governance is crucial to SoS success, but requires further exploration and analysis for effective implementation



***Managing and Governing the SoS throughout the development lifecycle is critical to Mission Success***



# Questions

