



31<sup>st</sup> Annual **INCOSE**  
international symposium  
virtual event

July 17 - 22, 2021

# Return on Investment for Systems Engineering Tools



Paper #: 123

# Return on Investment for Systems Engineering Tools

## Authors

|              |                  |
|--------------|------------------|
| Robert Combs | Jim Duffy        |
| Jingyao Feng | James Richardson |

A Masters Degree Research Project  
George Mason University  
Fairfax, Virginia USA

# Agenda



## Purpose

- Purpose
- Objectives

## Scope

- Scope
- User Inputs

## Methods

- Background
- Approach

## Calculations

- Data
- Calculations

## Results

- Financial
- Value

## Findings

- Findings
- Conclusions



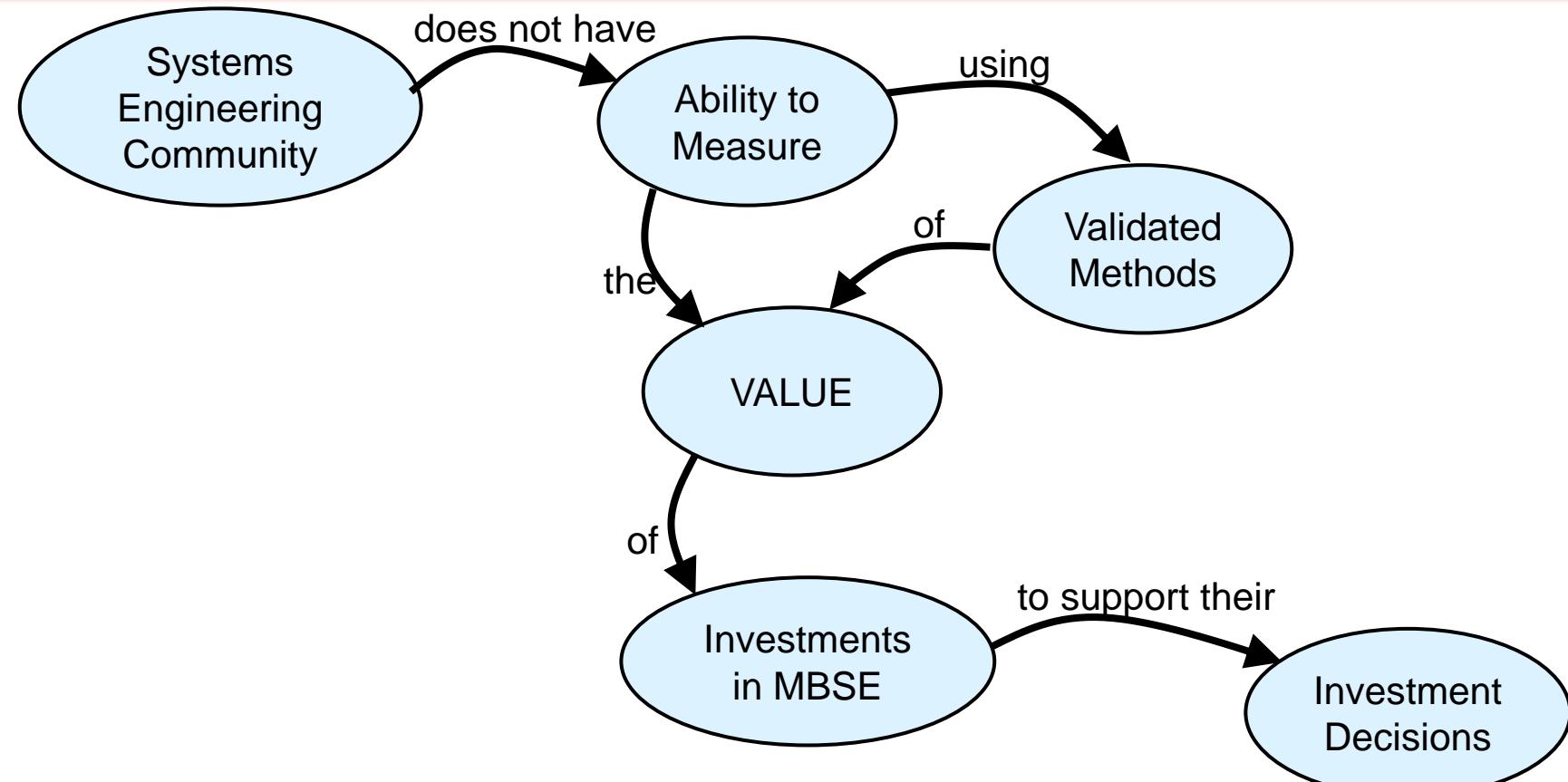
## INCOSE Value Proposition Initiative

- VPI seeks to create value propositions based on characteristics that are important to customers, providers, and decision makers
- This research attempts to provide numerical data for measuring the value proposition of system engineering software tools

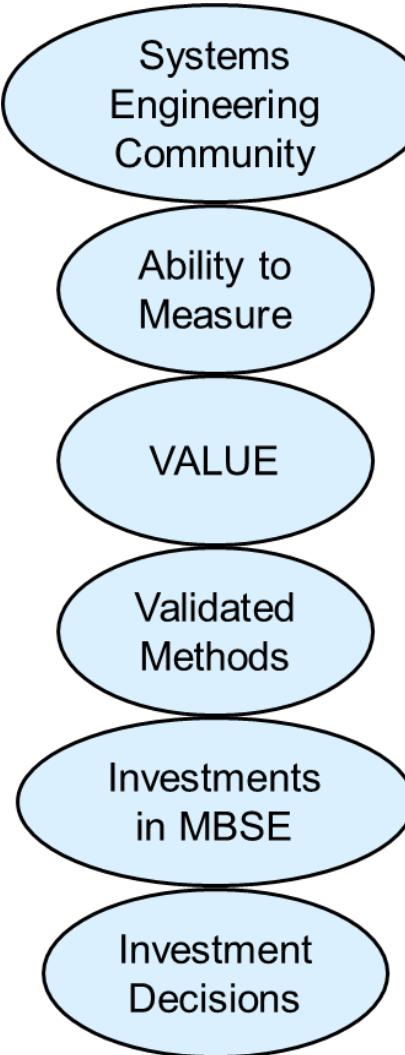
# SE Tools ROI - Problem Statement



Systems Engineering community does not have the ability to measure, using validated methods, the value of investments in model-based systems engineering to support their investment decisions.



# SE Tools ROI - Research Objectives



Commercial or non-commercial organizations of different sizes, varying objectives, varying amounts of SE tasks

Estimated ROI and ROA (\$\$) for investment (\$\$) in a selected SE tool (individual or category)

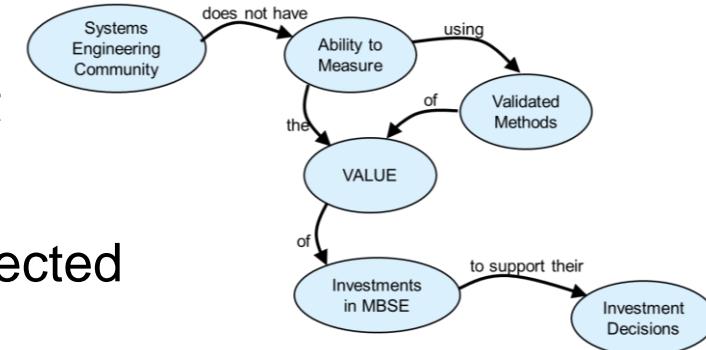
Value to the organization as determined by Profitability, Productivity, Capability, and Project Performance (weighted)

Method to determine Value from organization and SE tool attributes

- SE Tool Productivity, Ease of Use, Proficiency levels
- Organization Productivity

Amount (\$\$) of financial investments in SE tool acquisition and training

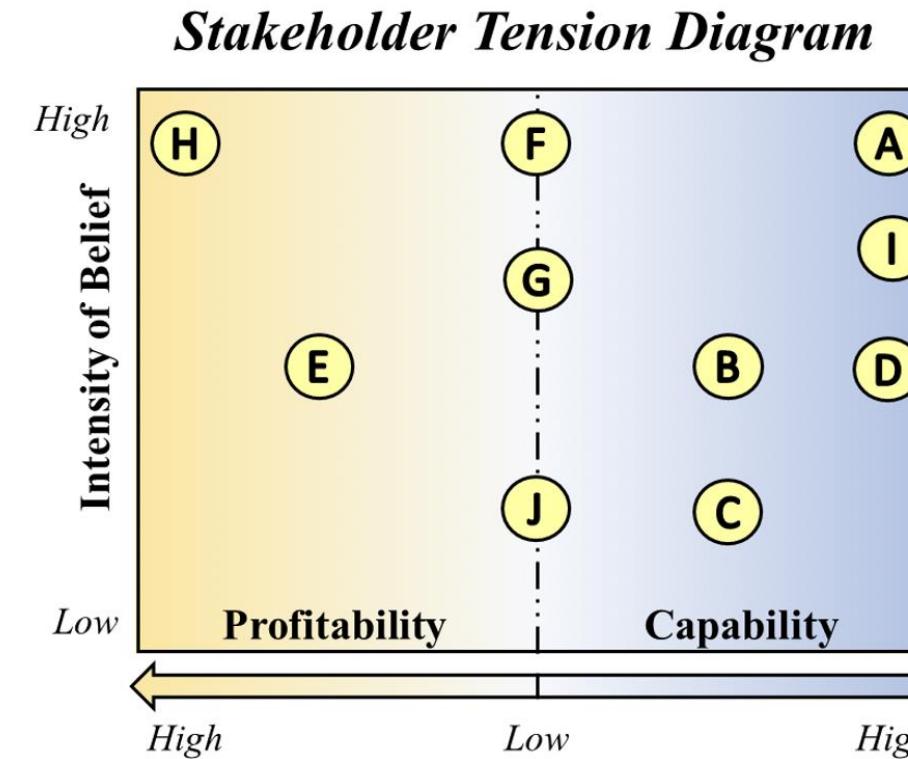
Determination of value over a several year period for alternative SE tools (individual or category)



# Organization Stakeholders – Varying Priorities



- Different stakeholders have different priorities
- We need a method that informs the DM based upon *their* priorities



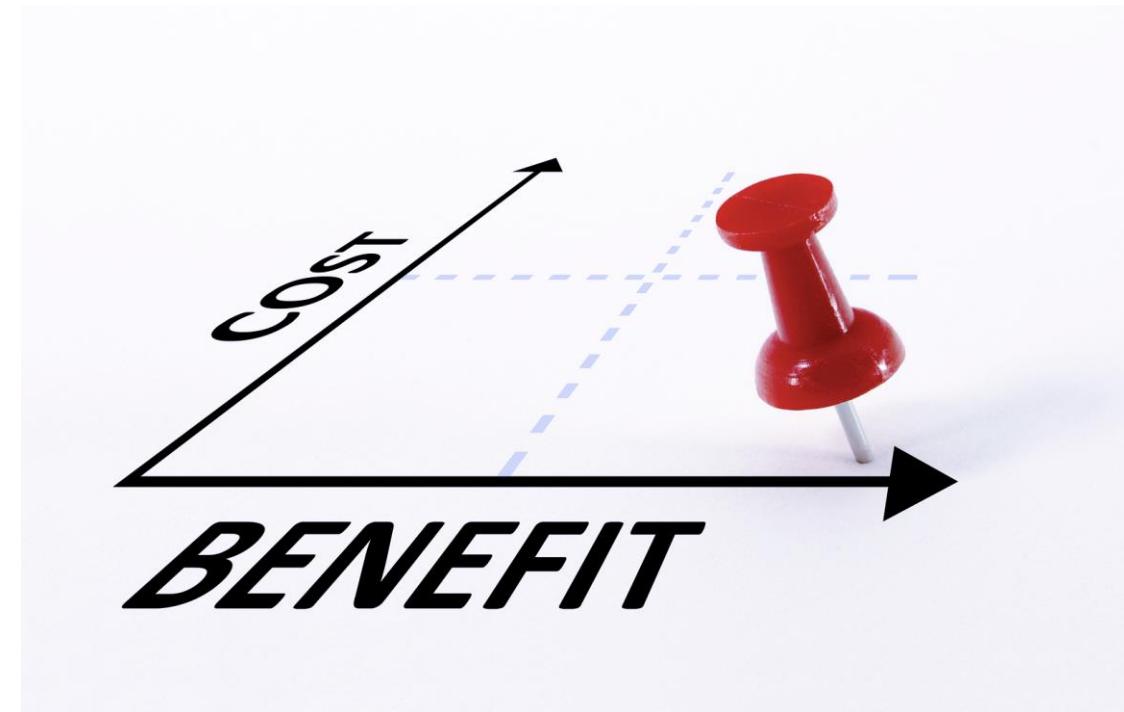
# Research Goal for the ROI Tool



To provide information to inform a decision maker regarding the value of changes to their current level of systems engineering capability

## Metrics Provided for a Decision

- Profitability
- Productivity
- Capability
- Project Success



Bhanot, Pradeep. "Cost/Benefit." *Actian*. 4 June 2019, <https://www.actian.com/company/blog/a-cost-benefit-guide-to-the-data-warehouse/>.

# Agenda



## Purpose

- Purpose
- Objectives

## Scope

- Scope
- User Inputs

## Methods

- Background
- Approach

## Calculations

- Data
- Calculations

## Results

- Financial
- Value

## Findings

- Findings
- Conclusions

# SE ROI Tool – User Considerations



## Method

- Information only as needed to make an investment decision
  - *not for predicting the future*
- Range of organization types (Commercial and Government)
- Range of organization sizes (S, M, L, XL, User Specified)
  - SE labor: ranges from 1 to 100 man-years of effort (\$100K to \$10M)
- Account for organization priorities and desired SE capability
- Consider current and future SE workloads plus degree of difficulty for the SE work (challenge)



## Organization Characteristics

- Type, Size, Priorities, Objective

## Organization Capabilities

- Current Systems Engineering capabilities
- Desired Systems Engineering capabilities

## Organization Workload

- Current workload, Future workload, SE Challenge Level



# Agenda



## Purpose

- Purpose
- Objectives

## Scope

- Scope
- User Inputs

## Methods

- Background
- Approach

## Calculations

- Data
- Calculations

## Results

- Financial
- Value

## Findings

- Findings
- Conclusions

# Systems Engineering Effectiveness Survey (2012)



Conducted by Software Engineering Institute (Joseph Elm)

- Finding: Investments in SE improves project performance
  - If <10% of project budget spent on SE, expect  $\approx$ 100% budget overrun
- Project challenge is a key factor in SE benefit determination
  - High challenge projects require SE investment to succeed
  - Low challenge projects: success is feasible without SE investment
- Showed relationship of 11 SE categories (capabilities) to the overall benefit of SE to project success



The Business Case for Systems  
Engineering Study: Results of the Systems  
Engineering Effectiveness Survey

Joseph P. Elm  
Dennis R. Goldenson

November 2012

SPECIAL REPORT  
CMU/SEI-2012-SR-009

CERT Program

<http://www.sei.cmu.edu>



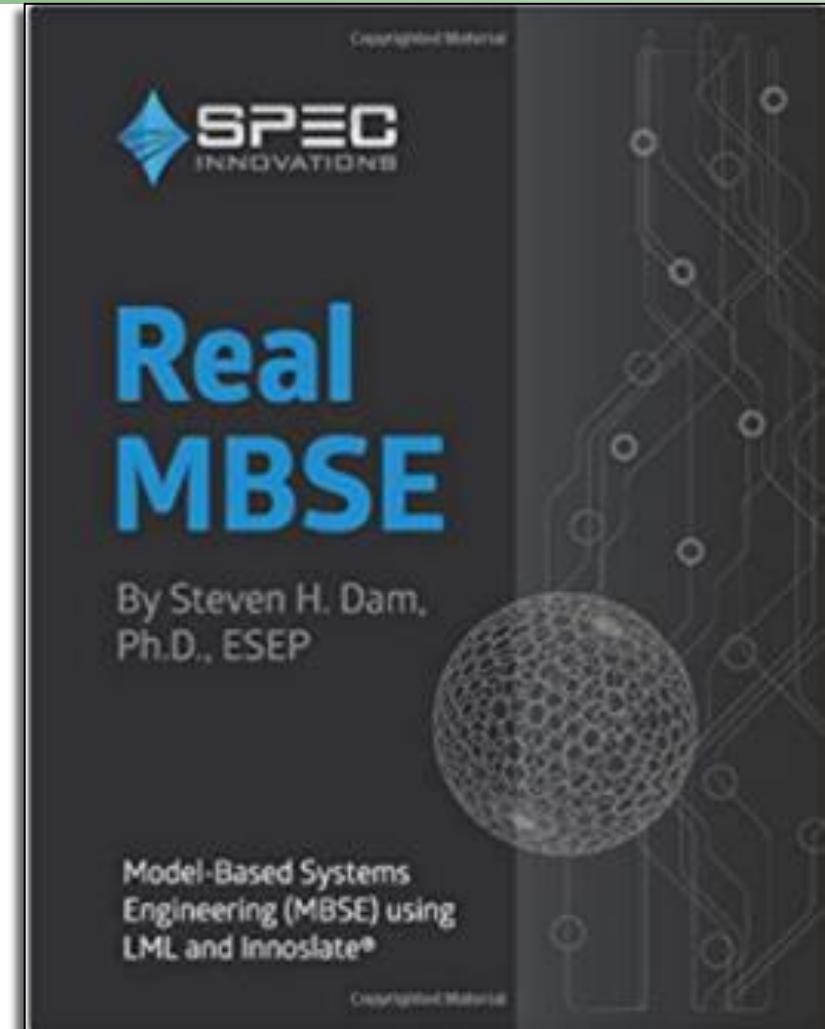
Carnegie Mellon

# Recent SE Tools ROI Assessment



Performed by SPEC Innovations (Steve Dam)

- Built upon the SEI survey to estimate an ROI for MBSE
  - 10% of project budget in SE functions produces an ROI of 1,000%
  - . . . but only if you are performing all of the SE functions (capabilities)
- Examined three types of SE tools (ad hoc, SysML, LML)
  - Ease of Use
  - Productivity (time to perform SE tasks)
  - Cost (acquisition and training)
- MBSE tools produce a very high ROI
  - As much as 100% ROI for LML\* tools (via 2X productivity increase)



\* LML = Lifecycle Modeling Language

# System Engineering Tool Categories



## Benchmark Tools

(Base)

External Requirements

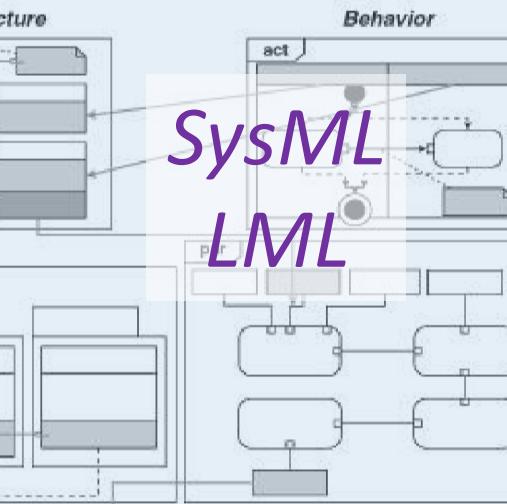
MS Office

System Documentation and Specifications

traceability rationale

viewpoint

## Integrated Tools

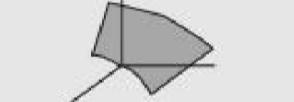


SysML  
LML

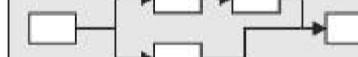
## Stand Alone Tools

analysis needs

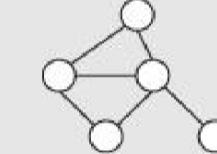
performance estimates



closed form



discrete event



network

Analysis Models

Mechanical Design Models

Electrical Design Models

Software Design Models

Testing Methods and Models

system framework for design

# SE Tools Evaluated



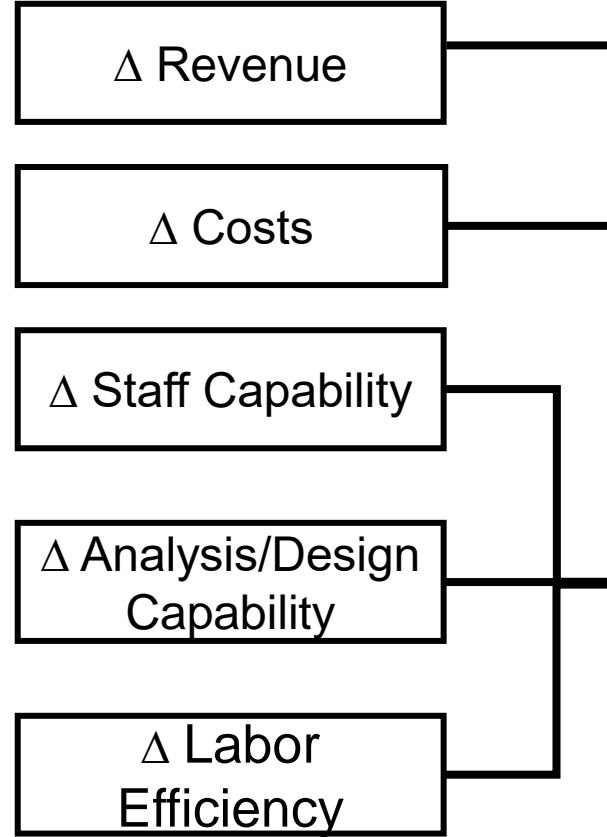
## SE Tools For Evaluation

- **Benchmark (Base):** MS Office Pro (Word/PowerPoint), Access, Excel (Analytic Solver), Publisher, Project Pro
- **Stand Alone:** StarUML, Analytica, Vensim, Logical Decisions, Matlab/Simulink, Deltek (Compass),
- **Integrated:** Innoslate, MagicDraw, Enterprise Architecture, Cradle, Core

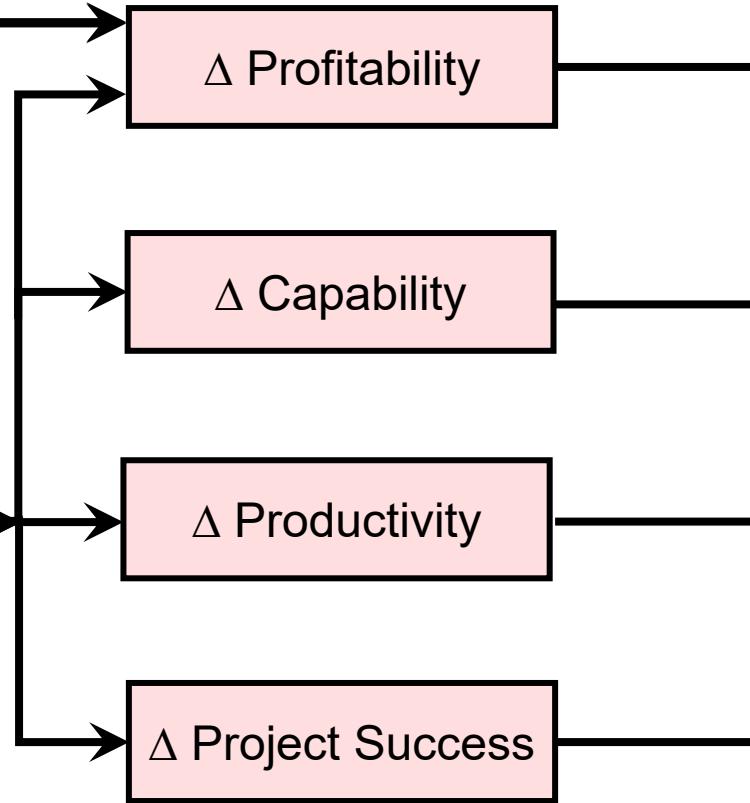
# Calculation of ROI - Schematic of Approach



## Means Objectives



## Strategic Objectives



## Goal

**MBSE  
Investment  
decision**

- **ROI**
- **ROA**

# User Inputs Allow Tailored Results



% now, % need

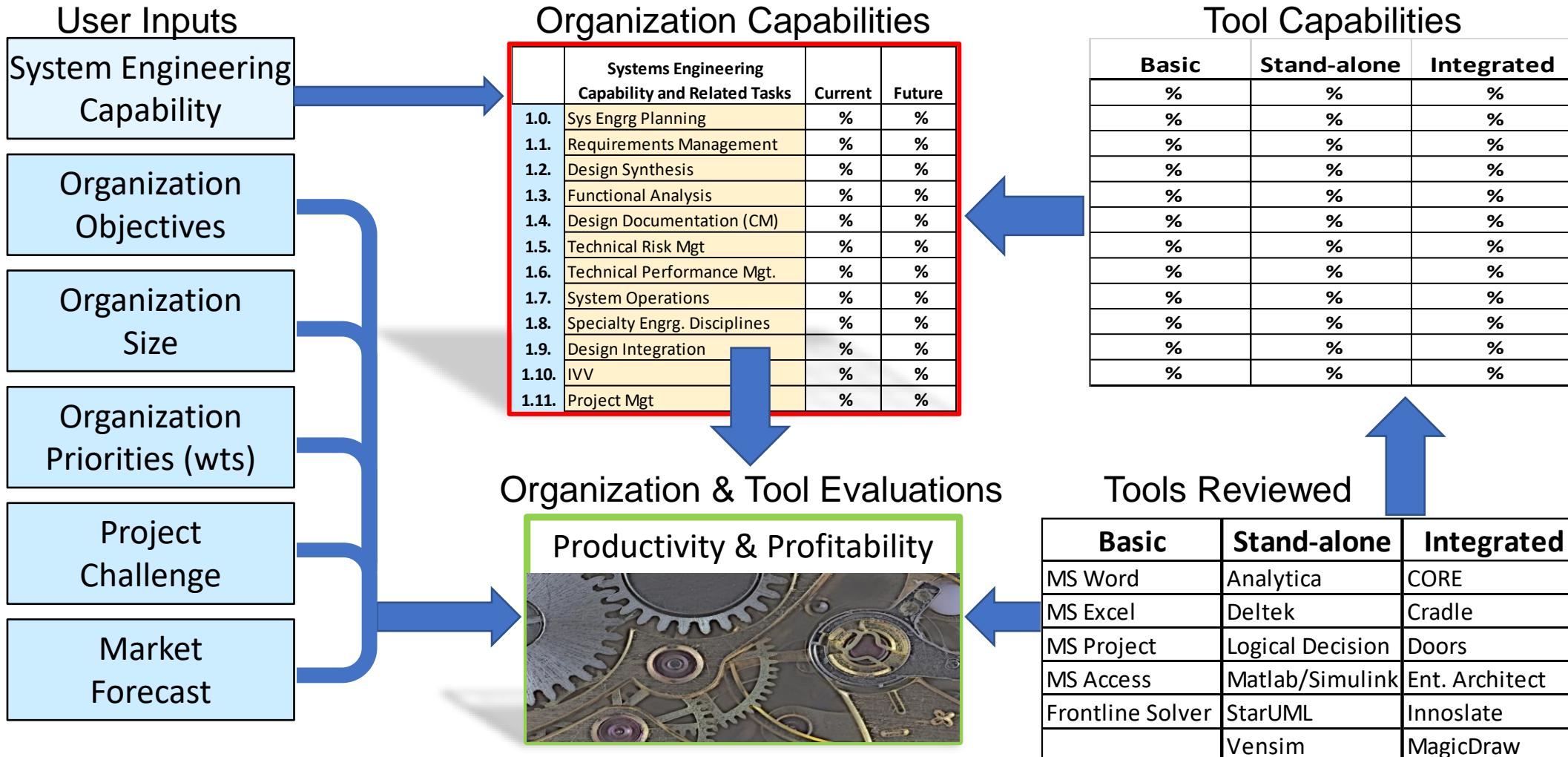
Growth  
Competition

S, M, L, XL

Profitability  
Productivity  
Capability  
Proj. Perform.

now, future

now, future



# SE ROI Tool Data – Capability Matrix



| Systems Engineering Capability | Systems Engineering Capability and Related Tasks | Concordance Factor (power) | Integrated MBSE Tools |                           |                         |        |      | SE Standalone tools |         |           |        |                   | Benchmark/Base Tools |           |                 |        |       |                               |                      |
|--------------------------------|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--------|------|---------------------|---------|-----------|--------|-------------------|----------------------|-----------|-----------------|--------|-------|-------------------------------|----------------------|
|                                |  |                            | Imnoslate             | MagicDraw w/ SysML Plugin | Enterprise Architecture | Cradle | Core | Deltek (Compass)    | StarUML | Analytica | Vensim | Logical Decisions | Matlab/Simulink      | MS Office | Word/Powerpoint | Access | Excel | Analytic Solver Comprehensive | Project Professional |
| 1.0.                           | Sys Engrg Planning                               | 1.000                      | 100%                  | 0%                        | 0%                      | 40%    | 0%   | 40%                 | 0%      | 0%        | 40%    | 0%                | 100%                 | 100%      | 0%              | 40%    | 0%    | 40%                           |                      |
|                                | SEMP   |                            | X                     |                           |                         |        |      |                     |         |           |        |                   |                      | X         | X               |        |       |                               |                      |
|                                | WBS Preparation                                  |                            | X                     |                           |                         | X      |      | X                   |         |           | X      |                   |                      | X         | X               |        | X     | X                             |                      |
|                                | WBS Maintenance                                  |                            | X                     |                           |                         | X      |      | X                   |         |           | X      |                   |                      | X         | X               |        | X     | X                             |                      |
|                                | RAM  |                            | X                     |                           |                         |        |      |                     |         |           |        |                   |                      | X         | X               |        |       |                               |                      |
|                                | Maintain/Evolve SE Mgt Plan                      |                            | X                     |                           |                         |        |      |                     |         |           |        |                   |                      | X         | X               |        |       |                               |                      |
| 1.1.                           | Requirements Management                          | 1                          | 100%                  | 100%                      | 17%                     | 100%   | 100% | 0%                  | 0%      | 0%        | 0%     | 0%                | 100%                 | 100%      | 33%             | 50%    | 0%    | 0%                            |                      |
|                                | Import Requirements Documents                    |                            | X                     | X                         |                         | X      | X    |                     |         |           |        |                   |                      | X         | X               |        |       |                               |                      |
|                                | Analyze Requirements                             |                            | X                     | X                         |                         | X      | X    |                     |         |           |        |                   |                      | X         | X               |        | X     |                               |                      |
|                                | Manage Requirements                              |                            | X                     | X                         | X                       | X      | X    |                     |         |           |        |                   |                      | X         | X               | X      | X     |                               |                      |
|                                | Trace Requirements                               |                            | X                     | X                         |                         | X      | X    |                     |         |           |        |                   |                      | X         | X               | X      | X     |                               |                      |
|                                | Allocate Requirements                            |                            | X                     | X                         |                         | X      | X    |                     |         |           |        |                   |                      | X         | X               |        |       |                               |                      |
|                                | Import & Allocate Standards                      |                            | X                     | X                         |                         | X      | X    |                     |         |           |        |                   |                      | X         | X               |        |       |                               |                      |
| 1.2.                           | Design Synthesis                                 | 1                          | 100%                  | 100%                      | 83%                     | 67%    | 67%  | 0%                  | 83%     | 0%        | 0%     | 0%                | 17%                  | 50%       | 33%             | 0%     | 17%   | 0%                            | 0%                   |

- Data gathered from research, team members' tool experience, and SME input
- Includes 11 core Systems Engineering + 1 Project Management tasks + subtasks
- Indicates each tool's capability to support specific SE process tasks & subtasks

# Agenda



## Purpose

- Purpose
- Objectives

## Scope

- Scope
- User Inputs

## Methods

- Background
- Approach

## Calculations

- Data
- Calculations

## Results

- Financial
- Value

## Findings

- Findings
- Conclusions

# SE ROI Tool Data – Software Cost



- Data gathered from research and vendor interaction
- Includes acquisition, training (cost and labor), + annual maintenance cost for each tool

| Average Acquis Cost | TOOLS                   | Acquisition Cost for ROI tool | Training Time (Hrs) | Training Cost | Renewal Cost (Yearly \$) | Average Maint Cost |
|---------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------------------|--------------------|
| \$ 3,588            | Integrated Tools        | Acquire                       | Time                | Course Fee    | Maintain                 | \$ 1,840           |
| minimum             | Innoslate               | \$ 2,000.00                   | 74                  | \$ 567.00     | \$ 2,000.00              | minimum            |
| \$ 639              | MagicDraw               | \$ 1,299.00                   | 40                  | \$ 1,600.00   | \$ 200.00                | \$ 200             |
|                     | Enterprise Architecture | \$ 2,000.00                   | 28                  | \$ 1,600.00   | \$ 2,000.00              |                    |
| maximum             | Cradle                  | \$ 639.00                     | 56                  | \$ 1,890.00   | \$ 2,500.00              | maximum            |
| \$ 12,000           | Core                    | \$ 12,000.00                  | 56                  | \$ 1,890.00   | \$ 2,500.00              | \$ 2,500           |
| \$ 1,913            | Stand-alone Tools       | Acquire                       | Time                | Course Fee    | Maintain                 | \$ 143             |
| minimum             | Deltek (Compass)        | \$ 2,350.00                   | 24                  | \$ 1,950.00   | \$ 500.00                | minimum            |
| \$ 99               | StarUML                 | \$ 129.00                     | 12                  | \$ 100.00     | \$ -                     | \$ -               |
| maximum             | Analytica               | \$ 2,495.00                   | 32                  | \$ 1,500.00   | \$ 500                   | maximum            |
| \$ 3,895            | Vensim DSS              | \$ 1,195.00                   | 64                  | \$ 500.00     | \$ -                     | \$ 860             |
|                     | Logical Decisions       | \$ 3,895.00                   | 6                   | \$ 750.00     | \$ -                     |                    |
|                     | Matlab/Simulink         | \$ 2,150.00                   | 24                  | \$ 2,000      | \$ 860                   |                    |
| \$ 820              | Base Tools              | Acquire                       | Time                | Course Fee    | Maintain                 | \$ 263             |
| minimum             | MS Office Professional  | \$ 144.00                     | 0                   | \$ -          | \$ 144.00                | minimum            |
| \$ 144              | Excel                   | \$ 144.00                     | 8                   | \$ 15.00      | \$ 144.00                | \$ -               |
|                     | Word/Powerpoint         | \$ 144.00                     | 0                   | \$ -          | \$ 144.00                |                    |
| maximum             | Access                  | \$ 144.00                     | 4                   | \$ 20.00      | \$ 144.00                | maximum            |
| \$ 1,030            | Excel + Anal.Solver     | \$ 2,139.00                   | 56                  | \$ 510.00     | \$ 644.00                | \$ 144             |
|                     | FL Analytic Solver      | \$ 1,995.00                   | 48                  | \$ 495.00     | \$ 500.00                |                    |
|                     | Project Professional    | \$ 1,030.00                   | 8                   | \$ 95.00      | \$ 120.00                |                    |

# SE ROI Tool Data – SE Capability



## Tool Effectiveness scores

| Score   | 0  | 2  | 4   | 6  | 8   | 10  |
|---------|--|--|---|--|---|---|
| Meaning | You cannot get the outcomes (0%) you want with this tool | You can get the few outcomes (50%) you want with this tool | You can get the most outcomes (80%) you want with this tool | You can get all outcomes (100%), but in multiple steps | You can get all outcomes (100%), but in few steps | You can get all outcomes (100%) directly with this tool |

## Time to Become Proficient scores

| Score   | 0          | 2           | 4           | 6           | 8          | 10        |
|---------|------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| Meaning | > 40 hours | 30-40 hours | 20-30 hours | 12-20 hours | 8-12 hours | < 8 hours |

- Data gathered through survey
- Outlines the user's ability to achieve their desired outcomes (graphs, data, documents, requirements) while using each tool

# SE ROI Tool Data – Labor Efficiency



Tool Proficiency scores

| Score   | 0  | 2  | 4   | 6   | 8  | 10  |
|---------|--|--|---|---|--|---|
| Meaning | <u>Beginner</u><br>Applied 10%<br>of the<br>features | <u>Novice</u><br>Applied 11-<br>20% of the<br>features | <u>Competent</u><br>Applied 21-<br>30% of the<br>features | <u>Experienced</u><br>Applied 31-<br>40% of the<br>features | <u>Advanced</u><br>Applied 41-<br>50% of the<br>features | <u>Proficient</u><br><u>Applied</u> >50%<br>of the features |

System Engineering Productivity scores

| Score   | 0                  | 2                              | 4                              | 6                              | 8                              | 10                             |
|---------|--------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Meaning | No Time<br>Savings | Job<br>Completed<br>10% faster | Job<br>Completed<br>25% faster | Job<br>Completed<br>35% faster | Job<br>Completed<br>50% faster | Job<br>Completed<br>66% faster |

- Data gathered through a survey
- Estimates how productive each user felt using the software and if the tool allowed them to complete their tasks *faster*

# Assumptions Used for ROI and ROA



- Company size: 

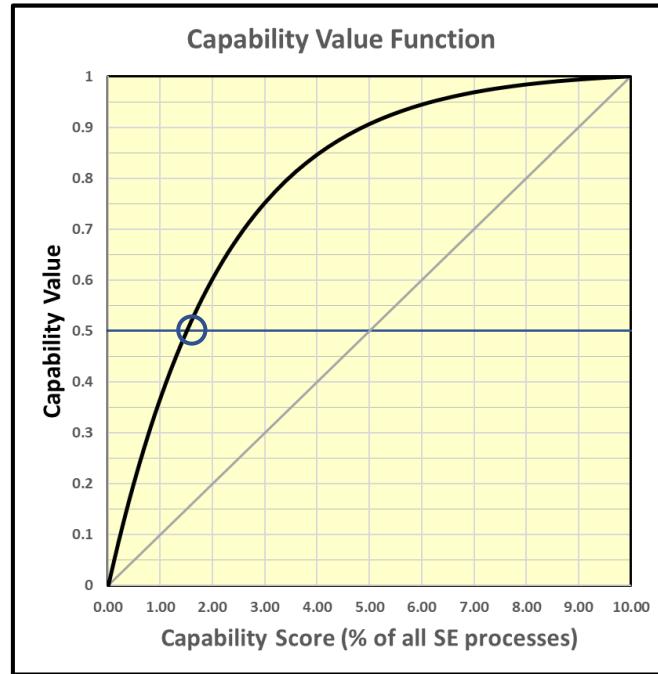
|                | <u>S</u> | <u>M</u> | <u>L</u> | <u>XL</u> | <u>Company X</u> |
|----------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|------------------|
| (in man-years) | 2        | 5        | 25       | 100       | user entered     |
- SE labor cost: \$104,000 per man-year (*Indeed.com, Nov 4, 2020*)
- Base profit level: 10% of SE labor expense
- NPV Cost of Capital: 8 %
- ROI = sum of Net Cash Flows (yrs 0-2) divided by sum of tool Investments
- ROA = Sum of Net Cash Flow (yrs 3 to 5) divided by SE staff headcount (EP). Annual Net Cash flow is Investments (tool costs) minus Benefits (increased project profit + reduction in labor costs)
- Project Performance = “Challenge” adjusted improvements in base profit level

# Sample ROI and ROA Calculations



| SE Tools ROI calculations    | INDIVIDUAL      | selected tool = <b>Innoslate</b> |               |               |               |               | Total         |               |
|------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
|                              | Year 0          | Year 1                           | Year 2        | Year 3        | Year 4        | Year 5        |               |               |
| SE task required labor       | 150,000         | 150,000                          | 150,000       | 210,000       | 210,000       | 210,000       | 1,080,000     |               |
| Cost to perform SE tasks     | \$ 7,283,654    | \$ 7,283,654                     | \$ 10,197,115 | \$ 10,197,115 | \$ 10,197,115 | \$ 10,197,115 | \$ 55,355,769 |               |
| Cost of new SE tools         | \$ 150,000      | \$ -                             | \$ 85,717     | \$ 68,226     | \$ -          | \$ -          | \$ 303,943    |               |
| Cost of SE tool training     | \$ 34,020       | \$ -                             | \$ 19,441     | \$ 15,474     | \$ -          | \$ -          | \$ 68,934     |               |
| Cost of SE tool maint/renew  | \$ -            | \$ 150,000                       | \$ 85,717     | \$ 68,226     | \$ 68,226     | \$ 68,226     | \$ 440,394    |               |
| Reduction in SE labor costs  | \$ 4,260,937    | \$ 4,260,937                     | \$ 5,965,313  | \$ 5,965,313  | \$ 5,965,313  | \$ 5,965,313  | \$ 32,383,125 |               |
| Improve in Project Perform   | \$ 2,890,392    | \$ 2,890,392                     | \$ 3,002,885  | \$ 3,002,885  | \$ 3,002,885  | \$ 3,002,885  | \$ 17,792,325 |               |
| Base Profit (SE base hrs)    | \$ 728,365      | \$ 728,365                       | \$ 1,019,712  | \$ 1,019,712  | \$ 1,019,712  | \$ 1,019,712  | \$ 5,535,577  |               |
| Assumed Base SE profit %     | 0.10            |                                  |               |               |               |               |               |               |
|                              | \$ 4,552,283.65 | \$ 3,823,918.27                  |               |               |               |               |               |               |
| Innoslate                    | Year 0          | Year 1                           | Year 2        | Year 3        | Year 4        | Year 5        | Total         |               |
| Sum Investments              | \$ 184,020      | \$ 150,000                       | \$ 190,875    | \$ 151,925    | \$ 68,226     | \$ 68,226     | \$ 813,270    |               |
| Sum Benefits (Return)        | \$ 7,151,329    | \$ 7,151,329                     | \$ 8,968,198  | \$ 8,968,198  | \$ 8,968,198  | \$ 8,968,198  | \$ 50,175,450 |               |
| Net Cash Flow                | \$ 6,967,309    | \$ 7,001,329                     | \$ 8,777,323  | \$ 8,816,273  | \$ 8,899,972  | \$ 8,899,972  | \$ 49,362,180 |               |
|                              |                 | 3yr ROI                          | 4333%         |               |               | \$ 191,589    | 3yr ROA       |               |
|                              |                 | SUM Benefits                     | \$ 23,270,857 |               | SUM Benefits  | \$ 26,904,593 | per m-year    |               |
| Rate for NPV (%)             | 8               |                                  |               |               |               |               | \$80,630.21   |               |
| Innoslate                    | Year 0          | Year 1                           | Year 2        | Year 3        | Year 4        | Year 5        | Yr 0-2 Total  | Yr 3-5        |
| Cost of SW Tool              | \$ (184,020)    |                                  |               |               |               |               | \$ (184,020)  | \$ -          |
| Depreciation of SW Tool      |                 | \$ 7,363                         | \$ 7,363      | )             | \$ 7,363      | \$ 7,363      | \$ 14,726     | \$ 14,726     |
| Operating Expense of SW Tool |                 | \$ (82,800)                      | \$ (82,800)   | \$ (82,800)   | \$ (82,800)   | \$ (82,800)   | \$ (165,600)  | \$ (248,400)  |
| NPV cashflow                 | \$ (184,020)    | \$ (75,437)                      | \$ (75,437)   | \$ (82,800)   | \$ (75,437)   | \$ (75,437)   | \$ (334,894)  | \$ (233,674)  |
| Total Benefits               | \$ 7,151,329    | \$ 7,151,329                     | \$ 8,968,198  | \$ 8,968,198  | \$ 8,968,198  | \$ 8,968,198  | \$ 23,270,857 | \$ 26,904,593 |
| Net Cash Flow                | \$ 6,967,309    | \$ 7,075,893                     | \$ 8,892,761  | \$ 8,885,398  | \$ 8,892,761  | \$ 8,892,761  | \$ 22,935,963 | \$ 26,670,920 |

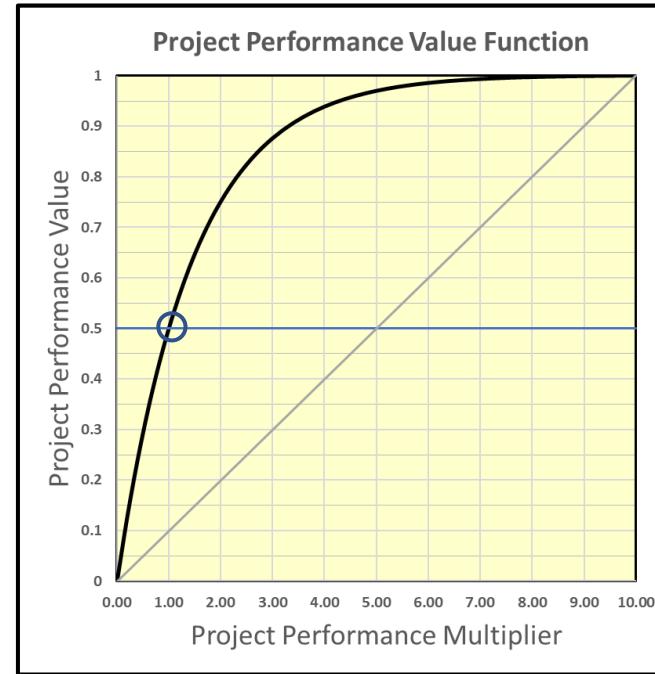
# Value Function Calculations (1/2)



## Capability Value

Score (x-axis) is percent of all SE processes performed by SE tool

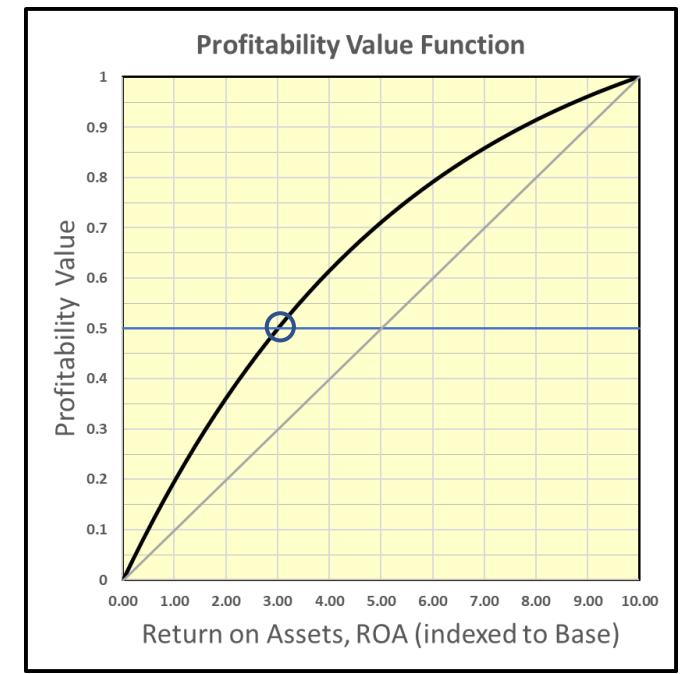
$$(Z_{0.5} = .85)$$



## Project Performance Value

Score (x-axis) is “SE challenge” weighted net profit from SE tool

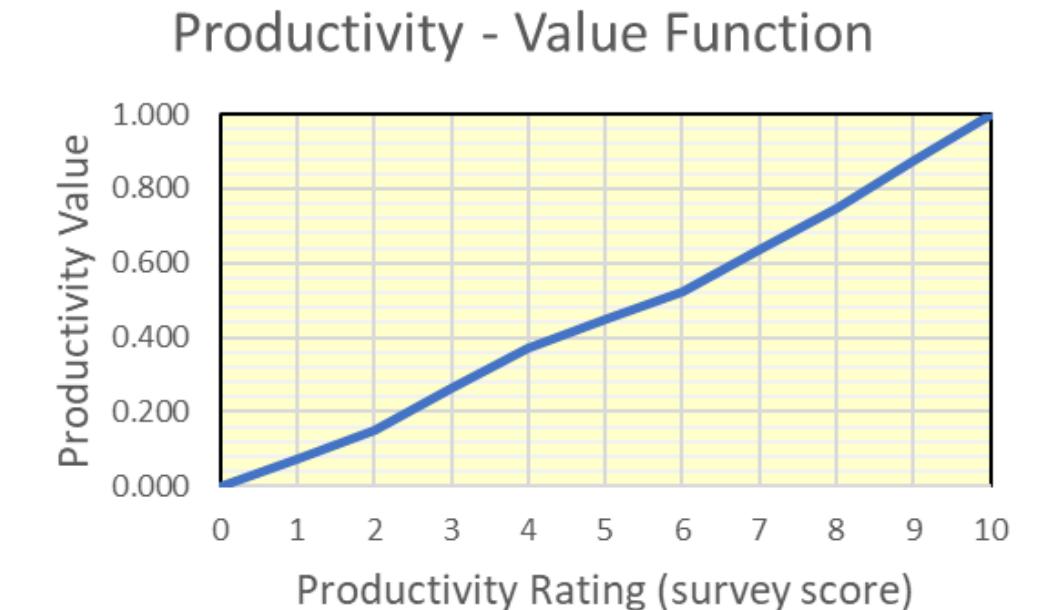
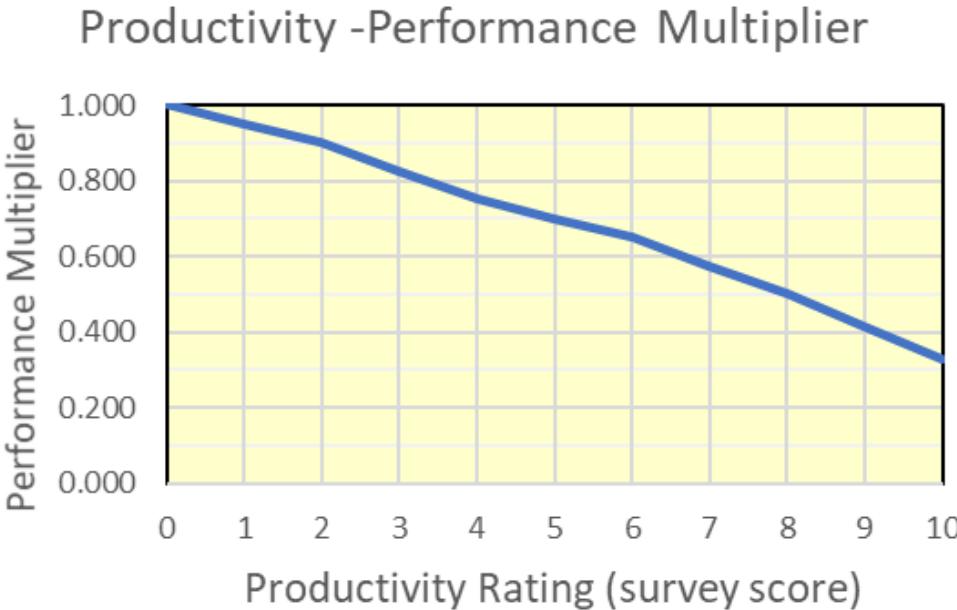
$$(Z_{0.5} = .90)$$



## Profitability Value

Score (x-axis) is ratio of  $ROA_{tool} / ROA_{base}$   
 $(Z_{0.5} = .70)$

# Value Function Calculations (2/2)



## Productivity Value

Score (x-axis) is results (rating) from SE tool productivity survey

- Survey indicated labor reduction values from 0 to 67 percent of benchmark values
- 67% performance reduction used as Value = 1.0

# Concordance – How It Saves Labor



| Productivity Improvement | 0.0%   | 0.0%        | 34.2%      | weighting |
|--------------------------|--------|-------------|------------|-----------|
| Concordance Factors      | Basic  | Stand-alone | Integrated | factor    |
| fewer errors             | 100    | 100         | 75.00      | 0.2       |
| faster processes         | 100    | 100         | 60.00      | 0.2       |
| auto-generated products  | 100    | 100         | 75.00      | 0.2       |
| tasks eliminated         | 100    | 100         | 80.00      | 0.2       |
| shared information       | 100    | 100         | 75.00      | 0.1       |
| communication efficiency | 100    | 100         | 90.00      | 0.1       |
| weighted average         | 100.00 | 100.00      | 74.50      | 1.00      |

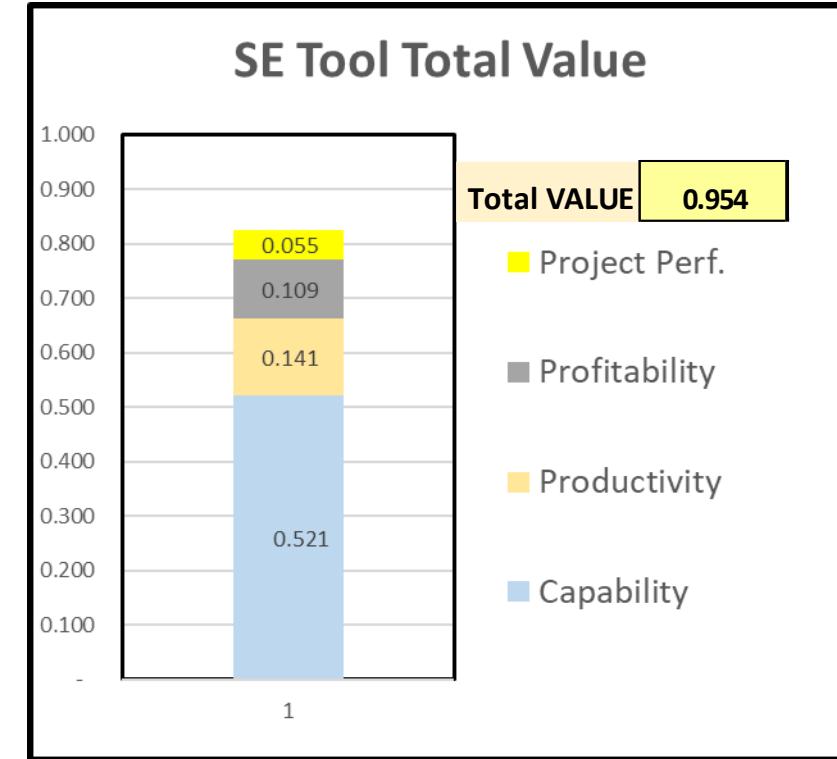
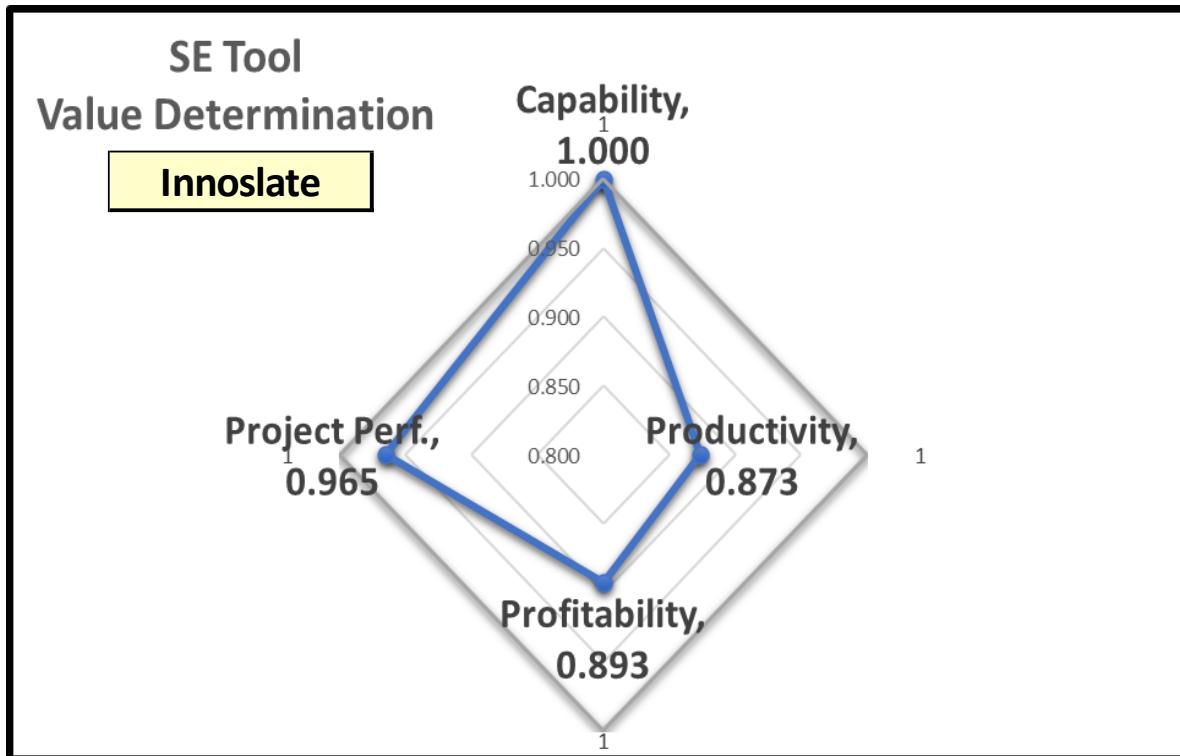
- Factors to apply Integrated tool concordance benefits are in the ROI model . . . but these additional productivity factors are not used
- There is **no data** to measure or justify these very real benefits

# Selected SE Tool – Value Assessment



Total Value of selected SE tool is automatically calculated from User Input parameters

- Company size, objectives, SE workload, SE task challenge, etc.
- Value by category (Capability, Productivity, Profitability, Project Performance)
- Total Value (sum of category values weighted by user priorities)



# Agenda



## Purpose

- Purpose
- Objectives

## Scope

- Scope
- User Inputs

## Methods

- Background
- Approach

## Calculations

- Data
- Calculations

## Results

- Financial
- Value

## Findings

- Findings
- Conclusions

# ROI Tool Financial Results



| Investments (Years 0 to 2)                                |            |            |              |               | Size | \$\$/yr |
|---|------------|------------|--------------|---------------|------|---------|
|   | Small      | Medium     | Large        | X-Large       |      |         |
| Base (benchmark)  | \$ 4,963   | \$ 16,507  | \$ 82,533    | \$ 330,130    |      |         |
|   | \$ 13,447  | \$ 33,616  | \$ 168,082   | \$ 672,329    |      |         |
|   | \$ 23,857  | \$ 59,642  | \$ 298,212   | \$ 1,192,847  |      |         |
| Benefits - Labor Cost Savings (Years 0 to 2)              |            |            |              |               |      |         |
|   | Small      | Medium     | Large        | X-Large       |      |         |
| Base (benchmark)  | \$ (0)     | \$ (0)     | \$ (0)       | \$ (0)        |      |         |
|   | \$ 104,477 | \$ 261,194 | \$ 1,305,968 | \$ 5,223,874  |      |         |
|   | \$ 324,373 | \$ 810,934 | \$ 4,054,668 | \$ 16,218,671 |      |         |
| Benefits - Labor Hours Savings, man-months (Years 0 to 2) |            |            |              |               |      |         |
|   | Small      | Medium     | Large        | X-Large       |      |         |
| Base (benchmark)  | (0)        | (0)        | (0)          | (0)           |      |         |
|   | 9          | 23         | 114          | 456           |      |         |
|   | 30         | 76         | 379          | 1,515         |      |         |

# ROI Tool Overall Results



## Summary of Research Results

| Return on SE Software Investments |       |     | Total Value<br>(weighted) |
|-----------------------------------|-------|-----|---------------------------|
|                                   | ROI   | ROA | Proj Perf.                |
| Base (benchmark)                  | 0%    | 9%  | 100%                      |
| Stand Alone                       | 677%  | 20% | 113%                      |
| Integrated                        | 1260% | 45% | 162%                      |

ROI =  $\sum$  Net Profit /  $\sum$  Investments for first 3-yr period

ROA =  $\sum$  Net Profit /  $\sum$  SE Headcount for second 3-yr period

*ROI and ROA can also be calculated for an individual user-selected SE tool*

# Summary of ROI Tool Results



## Stand Alone Tools

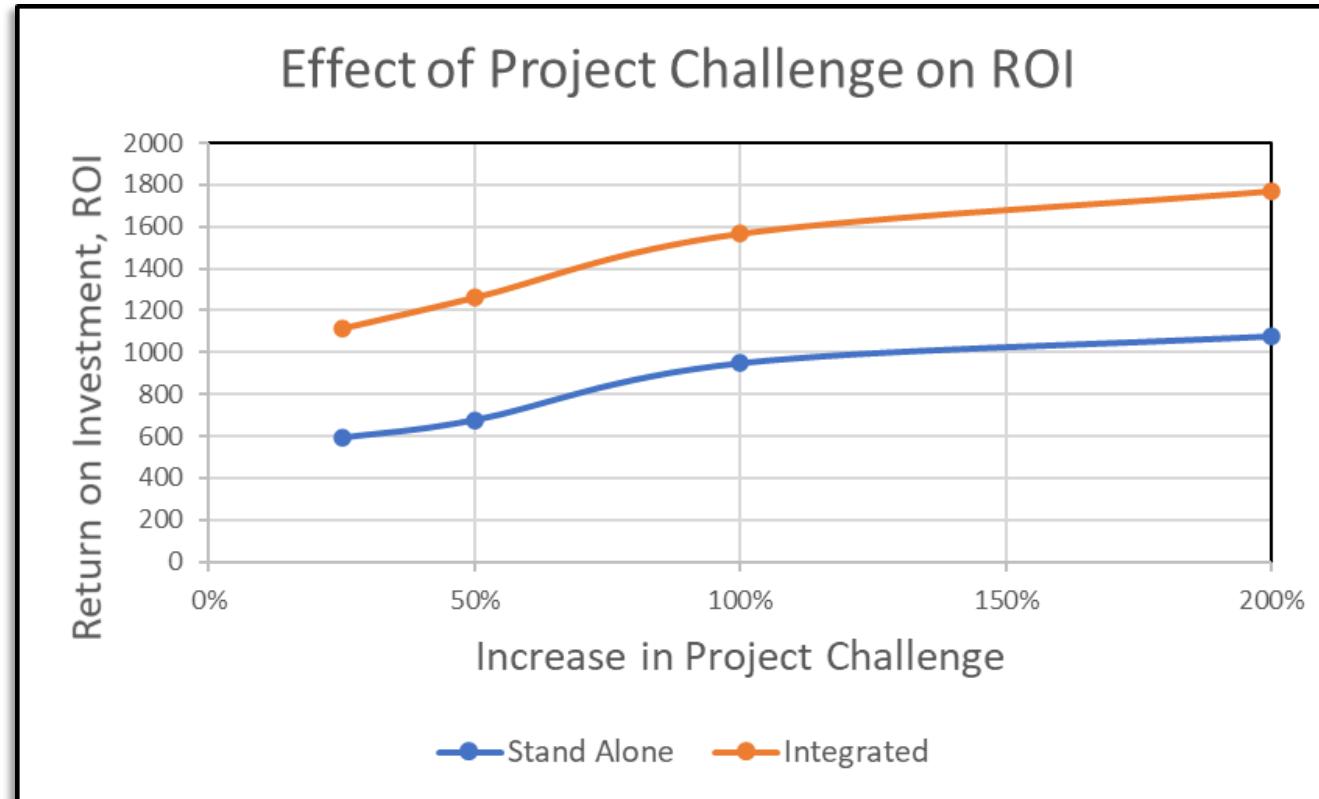
- Investment of **2%** of SE annual salary: **17%** labor savings, **677%** ROI  
**20%** ROA (Net Profit/SE)  
**+13%** Project Performance

## Integrated Tools

- Investment of **4%** of SE annual salary: **54%** labor savings, **1260%** ROI  
**45%** ROA (Net Profit/SE)  
**+62%** Project Performance
- Engineering Headcount Reduction

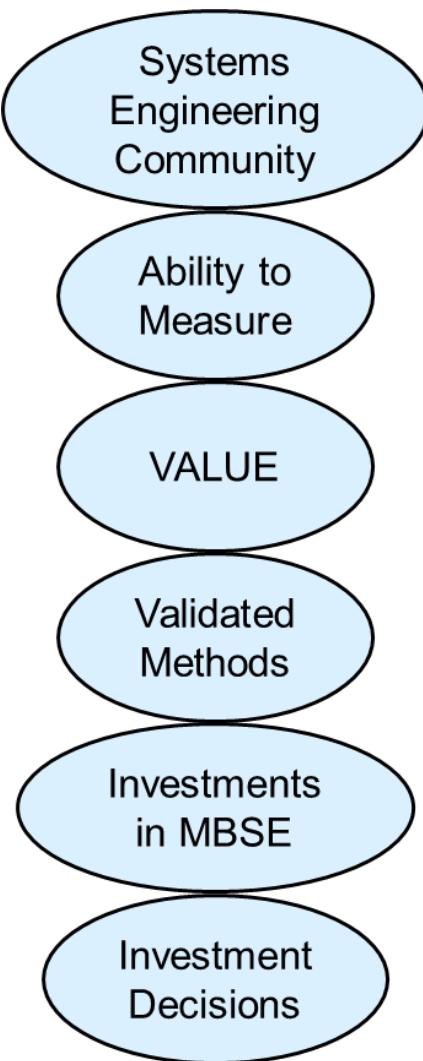
| Company size: | <u>Small</u> | <u>Medium</u> | <u>Large</u> | <u>X-Large</u> |
|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
|               | <b>3</b>     | <b>7</b>      | <b>38</b>    | <b>150</b>     |

# Effect of Project Challenge on ROI



- Model results are all based on project challenge levels of Moderate/High
  - A 50% increase from current project to future projects

# SE ROI Research Results



Commercial or non-commercial organizations of different sizes, varying objectives, varying amounts of SE tasks



Estimated ROI and ROA (\$\$) for investment (\$\$) in a selected SE tool (individual or category)



Value to the organization as determined by Profitability, Productivity, Capability, and Project Performance (weighted)



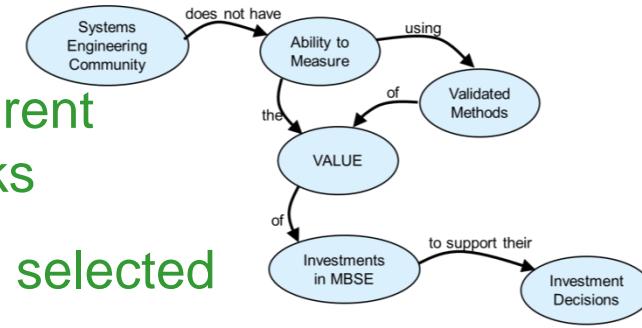
- ✓ Method to determine Value from organization and SE tool attributes
  - Tool Productivity and Proficiency data is difficult to measure, not validated
  - Organization Productivity is very difficult to measure, not validated



Amount (\$\$) of financial investments in SE tool acquisition and training



Determination of value over a several year period for alternative SE tools (individual or category)



# Agenda



## Purpose

- Purpose
- Objectives

## Scope

- Scope
- User Inputs

## Methods

- Background
- Approach

## Calculations

- Data
- Calculations

## Results

- Financial
- Value

## Findings

- Findings
- Conclusions

# Summary of Research Findings



## Stand Alone Tools

- Investment of **2%** of SE annual salary: **17%** labor savings, **677%** ROI  
**20%** ROA (Net Profit/SE)  
**+13%** Project Performance

## Integrated Tools

- Investment of **4%** of SE annual salary: **54%** labor savings, **1260%** ROI  
**45%** ROA (Net Profit/SE)  
**+62%** Project Performance
- Engineering Headcount Reduction

| Company size: | <u>Small</u> | <u>Medium</u> | <u>Large</u> | <u>X-Large</u> |
|---------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|----------------|
|               | <b>3</b>     | <b>7</b>      | <b>38</b>    | <b>150</b>     |

# Research Conclusions



- ROI and ROA for investments in SE tools can be estimated for a wide range of organizations, but cannot be validated
  - Empirical evidence of SE tool productivity, process applicability, and user proficiency levels does not exist (but is needed)
  - Anecdotal evidence of SE process benefits to project performance does exist
    - but extrapolation to general user experiences is speculative
- ROI and ROA estimates are much higher than expected
  - Dominant factor is SE labor savings (cost reductions) achieved from SE tool productivity benefits, far exceeding cost of SE tool investments
- Research studies from the INCOSE community to establish SE tool performance metrics can greatly improve confidence in ROI estimates

# Future Research Topics



- Define and measure *concordance* offered by SE tools
- Develop aggregated Value Functions for SE ROI
- Perform subject matter expert analyses to determine:
  - Tool Effectiveness, time required to become proficient, etc.
  - Expected labor savings to perform SE tasks
  - Refine the definition of proficiency



Thank you for your attention !

Questions ?

# References



Anon. How to Select a SysML Modeling Tool for MBSE. From SysML Forum. April 2018. <https://mbsetoolreviews.com/select-mbse-modeling-tool/>

Chami, Mohammas, Jean-Michel Bruel (2018) A Survey on MBSE Adoption Challenges. (2018) In: INCOSE EMEA Sector Systems Engineering Conference (INCOSE EMEASEC 2018), 5 November 2018 - 7 November 2018 (Berlin, Germany).

Chell, Brian and Jerry Sellers. Chell, B. The Sellers-Chell Method: A Standardized Technique for Assessing and Selecting a Model-Based Systems Engineering (MBSE) Tool. Life Cycle Modeling website. <http://www.lifecyclemodeling.org/>

Cloutier, Robert 2015. "The Ongoing Adoption of Model Based Systems Engineering". Proceedings of the 2015 Industrial and Systems Engineering Research Conference.

Dam, Steven. (2019). "Is There a Return on Investment from Model-Based Systems Engineering (MBSE)?". SPEC Innovations website. Accessed August 26, 2020. <https://www.innoslate.com/resource/is-there-a-return-on-investment-from-model-based-systems-engineering-mbse/>

Dam, Steven. (2020) "The Role of V&V in the Early Stages of the Lifecycle". SPEC Innovations website.

Damodaran, Aswath (2015). "An Introduction to Valuation". Lecture materials. Stern School of Business, New York University.

DeJong, Kent. Et al (2011). "Sandia Report: Process for Selecting Engineering Tools – Applied to Selecting a SysML Tool" SAND2010-7098. Sandia National Laboratories. <https://mbsetoolreviews.com/process-selecting-sysml-tool/>

Elm, Joseph. (2012). "The Business Case for Systems Engineering Study: Results of the Systems Engineering Effectiveness Study". Special Report CMU/SEI-2012-SE-09. Software Engineering Institute, Carnegie Mellon

Hoffman, Dr. Edward. (1994). Issues in NASA Program and Project Management, NASA SP-6101 (08). NASA, 1994.

Honour, Eric. (2004). "Understanding the Value of Systems Engineering" June 2004. INCOSE International Symposium 14(1)

Honour, Eric. (2006). "A Practical Program of Research to Measure Systems Engineering Return on Investment (SE-ROI)". INCOSE Symposium Proceedings, 2006. Orlando FL

Land, Rikard., et al. (2008) "COTS Selection Best Practices in Literature and in Industry". In: Mei H. (eds) High Confidence Software Reuse in Large Systems. ICSR 2008. Lecture Notes in Computer Science, vol 5030. Springer, Berlin, Heidelberg. [https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-540-68073-4\\_9](https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-540-68073-4_9)

Libby, Robert, P. Libby, and D. Short (2014). *Financial Accounting*, 8th Ed. McGraw Hill Education. New York.

Lin, Han, et al. (2006). "COTS Software Selection Process". SAND2006-0478. Sandia National Laboratories.

Orosz, Steven (2015). "Defining Essential Systems Engineering using Model-Based System Engineering". SYS800 – Special Problems in System Engineering, Stevens Institute of Technology. 2015.

Vaneman, Warren, J. Sellers, and S. Dam. (2019) "Essential LML. Lifecycle Modeling Language (LML): A Thinking Tool for Capturing, Connecting and Communicating Complex Systems". SPEC Innovations, 2018, Manassas, VA.