



33rd Annual **INCOSE**
international symposium

hybrid event

Honolulu HI USA



Panel: Utilizing Model and Data Governance to Enhance Digital Engineering Execution



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Dr. Heidi Davidz, ManTech International

Utilizing Model and Data Governance to Enhance Digital Engineering Execution

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What is Model Governance?

Documented decisions, rights, and accountabilities
for model related processes,
executed according to an agreed upon set of rules
which describe:

- who can take
- what actions with
- what models,
- when, under
- what circumstances, using
- what methods.



Transparent



Collaborative



Measurable

Adapted from Pak 2021

Why Governance?

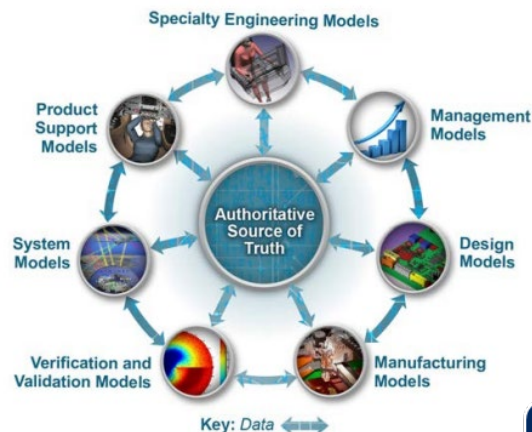
*“Digital Engineering (DE) is an **integrated** digital approach that uses authoritative sources of system data and models as a **continuum** across disciplines to support lifecycle activities from concept through disposal”*

Adapted from DoD 2018

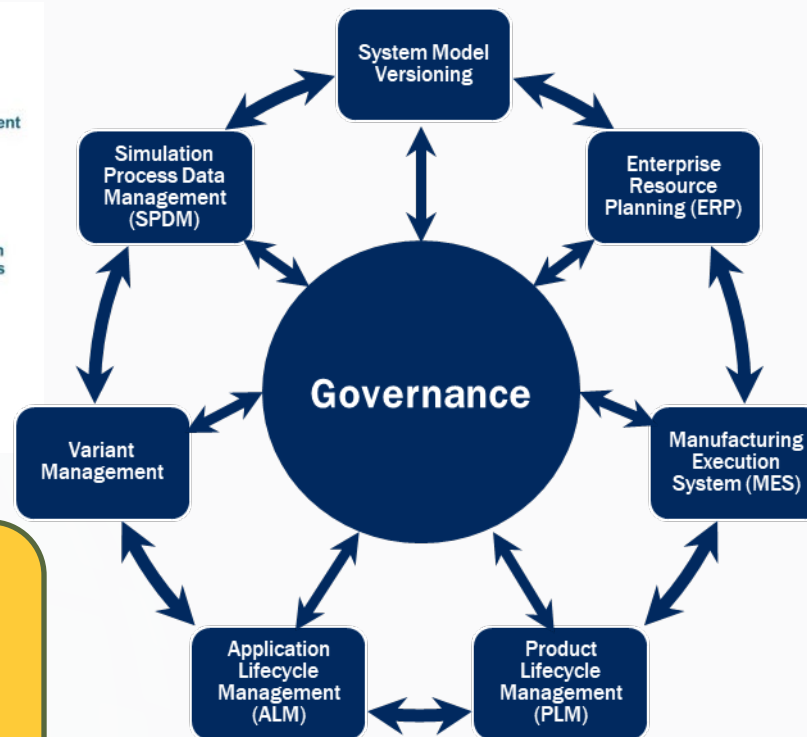
Use models



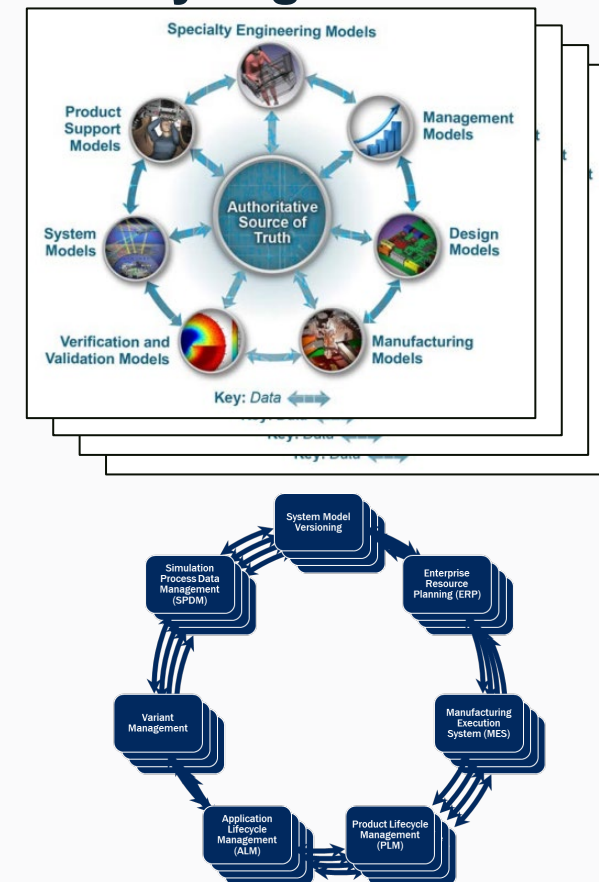
Different domains



Distributed data management



Many organizations

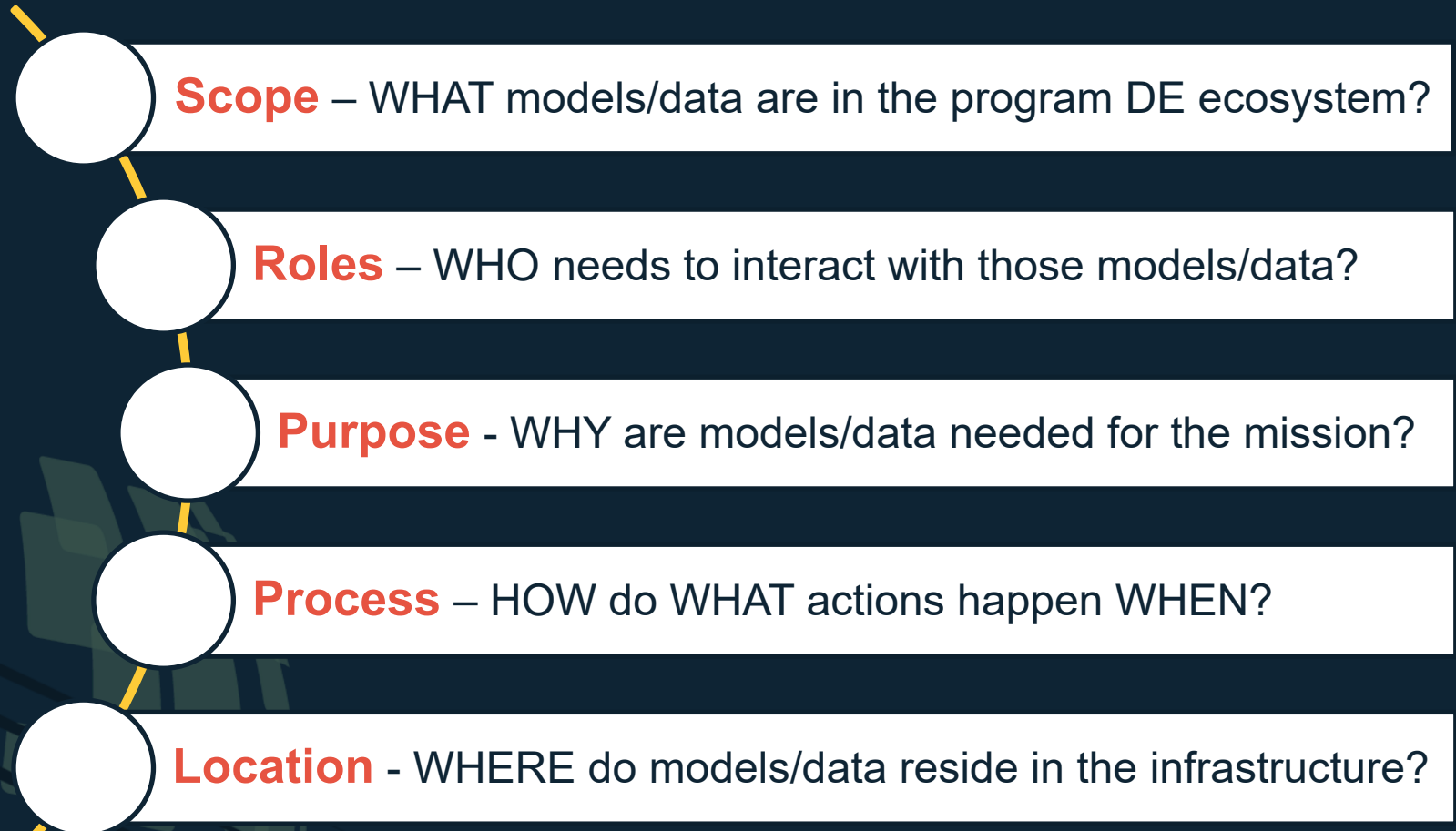


Reality

Governance across a digital thread must address a **set of data management tools** to ensure quality for decision making

Why Governance?

Organize the Digital Engineering ecosystem to execute efficiently and reduce the cost of confusion, churn, rework



Governance vs. Management

Model Governance

Govern – Define and oversee the right things

Model Management

Manage – Do the right things

Increased
model value,
reduced risk

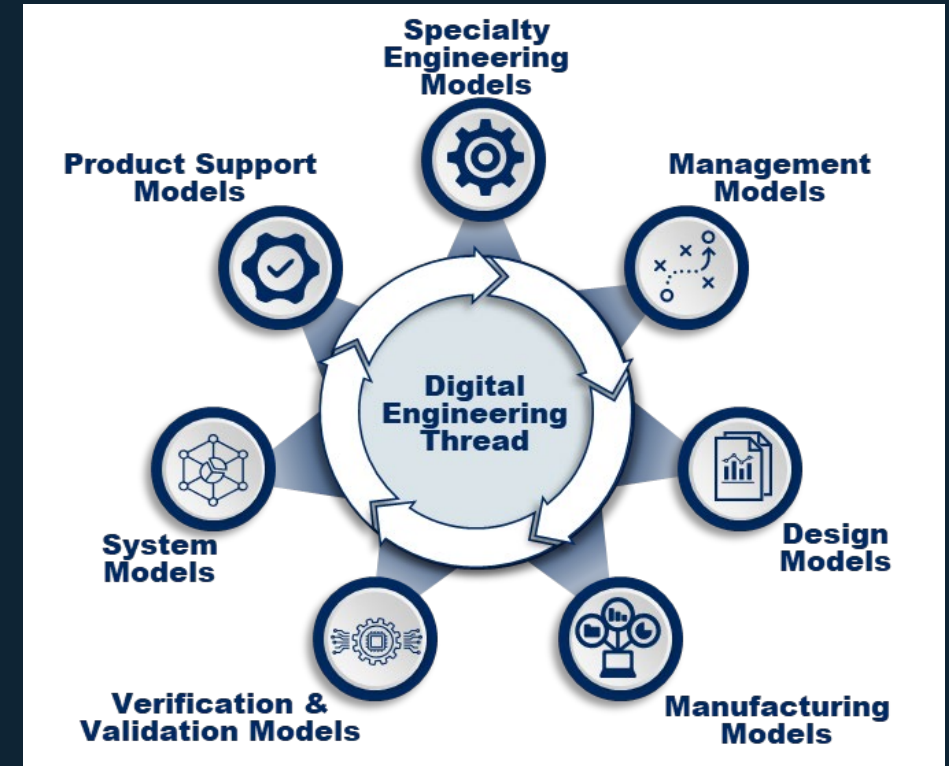
**Model Governance ensures
Model Management is happening**

Adapted from Ladley 2020

Two Sides of the Same Coin

Digital Engineering and Solution Debt

- Technical debt is the implied cost of additional rework caused by choosing a limited solution now
- Solution debt attempts a more comprehensive view across discipline and lifecycle, including data debt
- Evaluating solution debt includes: (1) impact, (2) fix cost, (3) contagion



From Redman 2017, Grandperrin 2022, Taylor et al 2022

DE Connects Data in Useful Ways, but Can “Super Spread” Debt Impact

One Solution

Design, deploy, sustain an effective data and model governance program



ManTech Model Governance Guide

As Digital Engineering (DE) employs a digital thread with a broad range of interconnected models, it can be difficult to govern linked models across disciplines and contractual boundaries. This approach includes:

GUIDANCE – Model-based guidance with in-model work instructions,

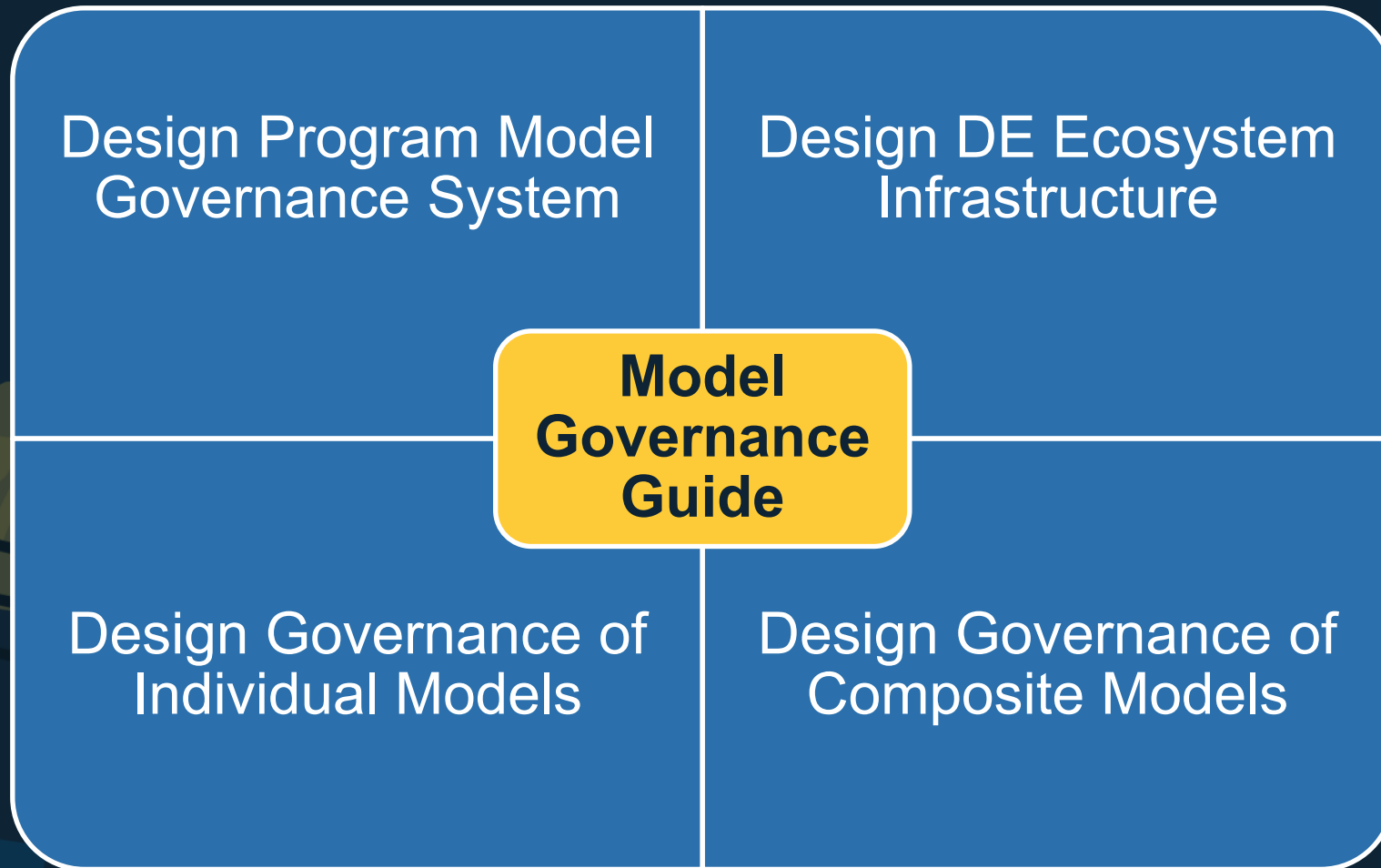
INTEGRATION – Integration of the overall model governance system, DE Ecosystem (DEE) infrastructure, individual models, and composite models,

PURPOSE – Traceability of model purpose and resolution of technical debt,

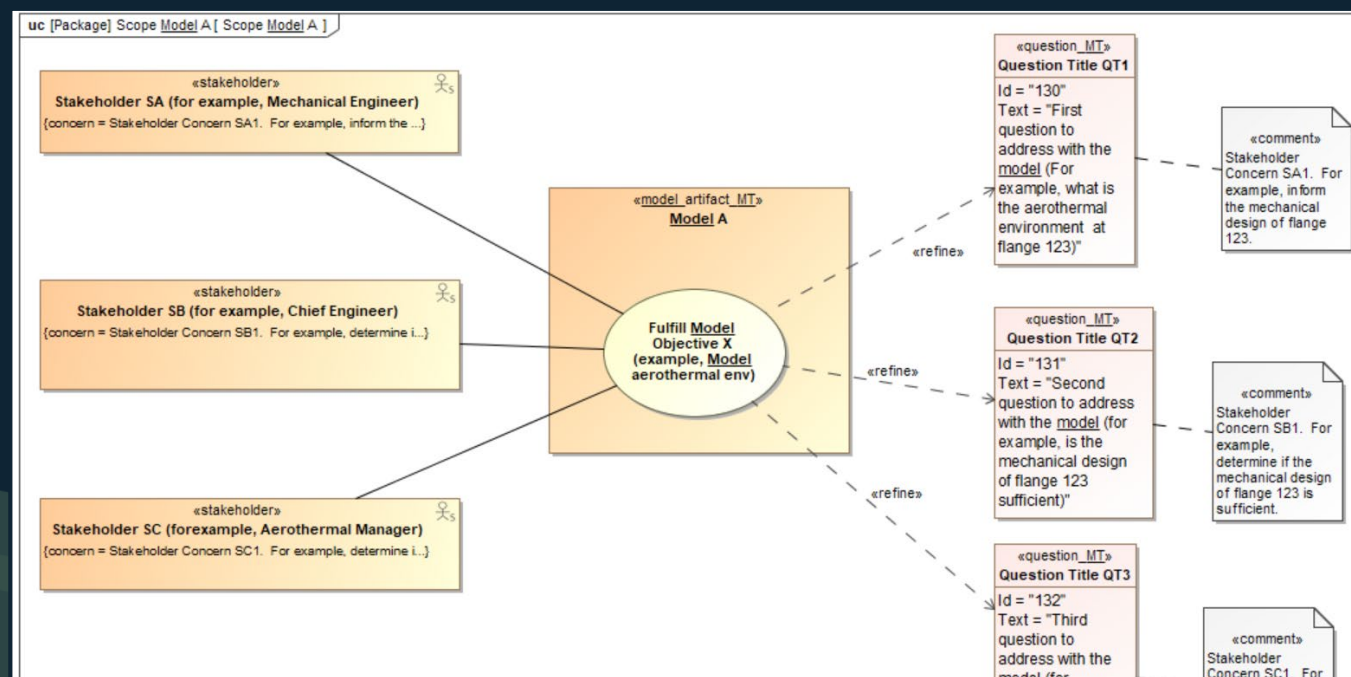
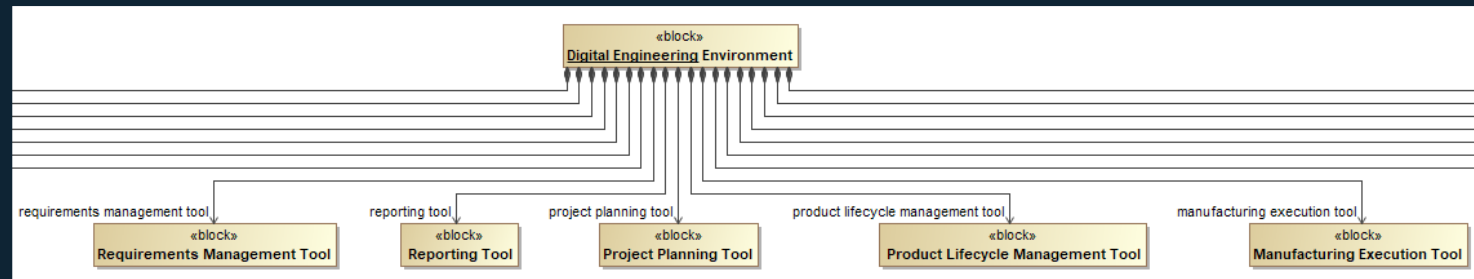
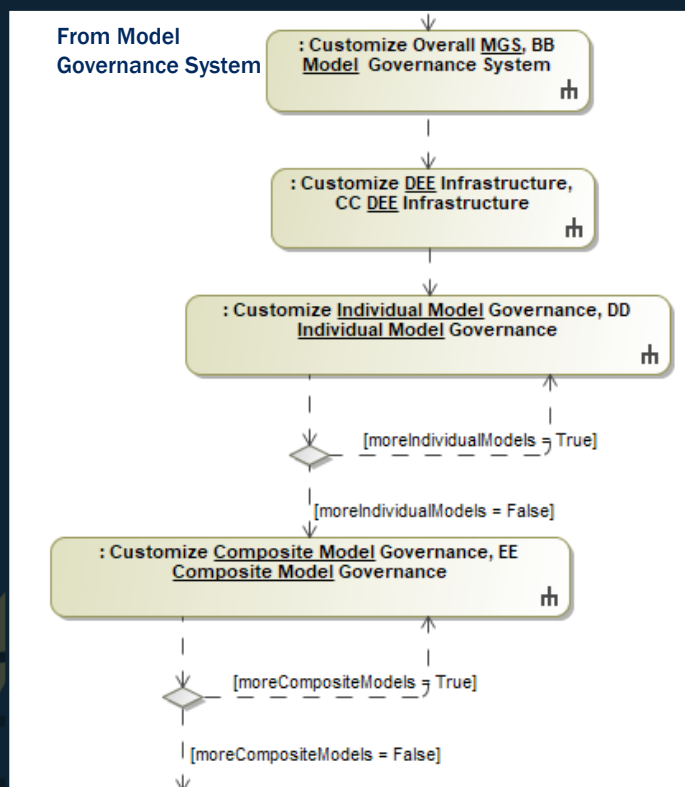
VALIDATION – Automated validation for insight on compliance,

FLEXIBILITY – Customization for flexibility and tailoring (flex-engineering®).

Design the Program DE Governance



Model Snapshots



#	Name	Documentation	Associated Assumptions	Associated Risks	Traced to Standards	Use Cases	Questions2	Satisfies	Allocated To	Location
1	Model A	This is the description of Model A...	Assumption B Assumption A	Risk R1	Standard 1 (for example, I Best Practice 3 (for examp Standard 2 (for example, (Fulfill Model Objective X (e	Question Title QT1 Question Title QT2 Question Title QT3	23 Modeling Questions MGSG-116 Risk MGSG-2 Model Name	ansys : ANSYS	AWS AppStream

Ensure Models and Infrastructure Address Program Needs

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Jordan Howie, The Aerospace Corporation

Model Portfolio Management

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Model Portfolio Management

What is it, and why do we need it?

- Acquirers are getting a large variance of responses by asking for “Model Management” work
- “Model Management” scored low by organizations – INCOSE Model-Based Capabilities Matrix
- “Model Management” as a significant area of improvement – SERC SE Survey
- No prior guide or standard that addresses managing a collection of models

INCOSE is adopting Aerospace’s Model Portfolio Management (MPM) Guide to assist organizations with managing their collections of models. The guide will serve as a solicitation reference document.

Portfolio

*A collection of **projects** grouped together to facilitate effective management of work to meet strategic business objectives.*
(Mathur, 2006)

Model Portfolio

A collection of models where the evaluation of that collection has been identified as being significant to mission accomplishment/enterprise management.

Model Portfolio Management

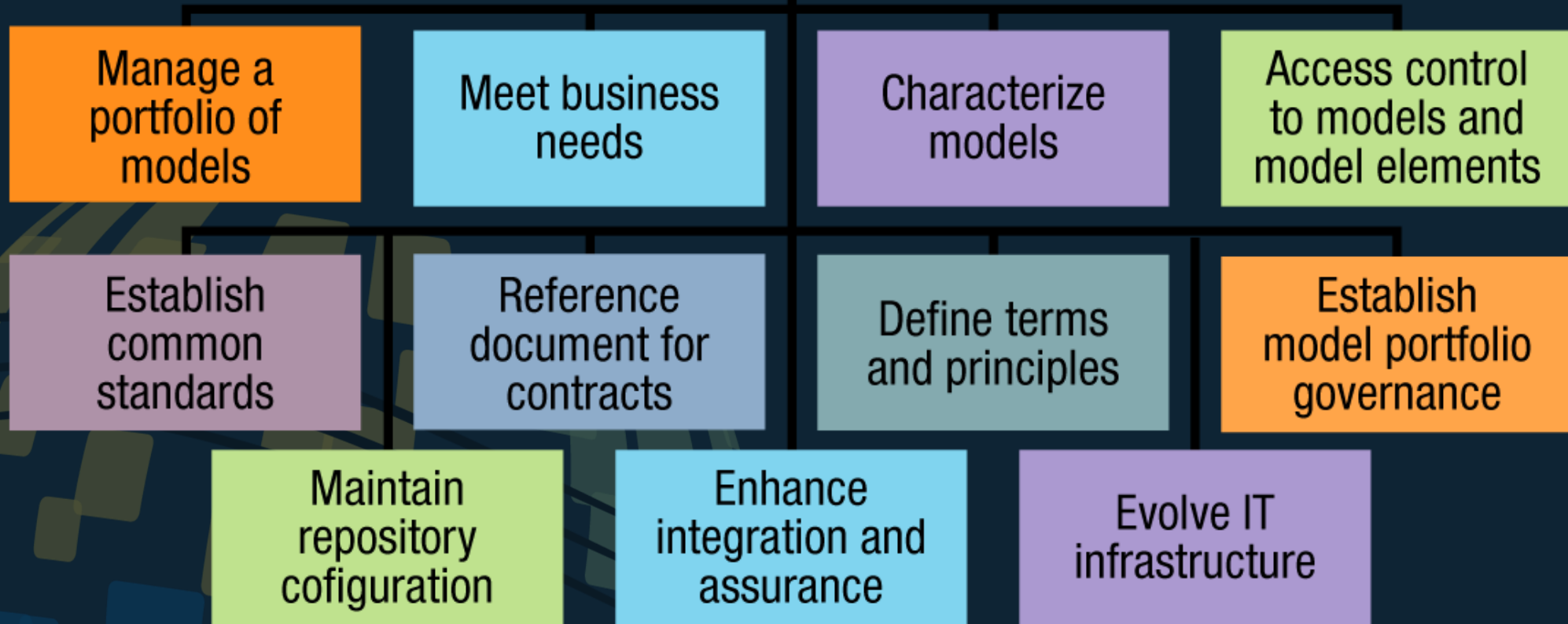
The administration or control of a collection of models, the purpose of which, is to achieve strategic objectives with particular attention to utilizing organizational resources in an efficient manner.

Model Portfolio Management Use Cases

How to use the MPM Guide



Users

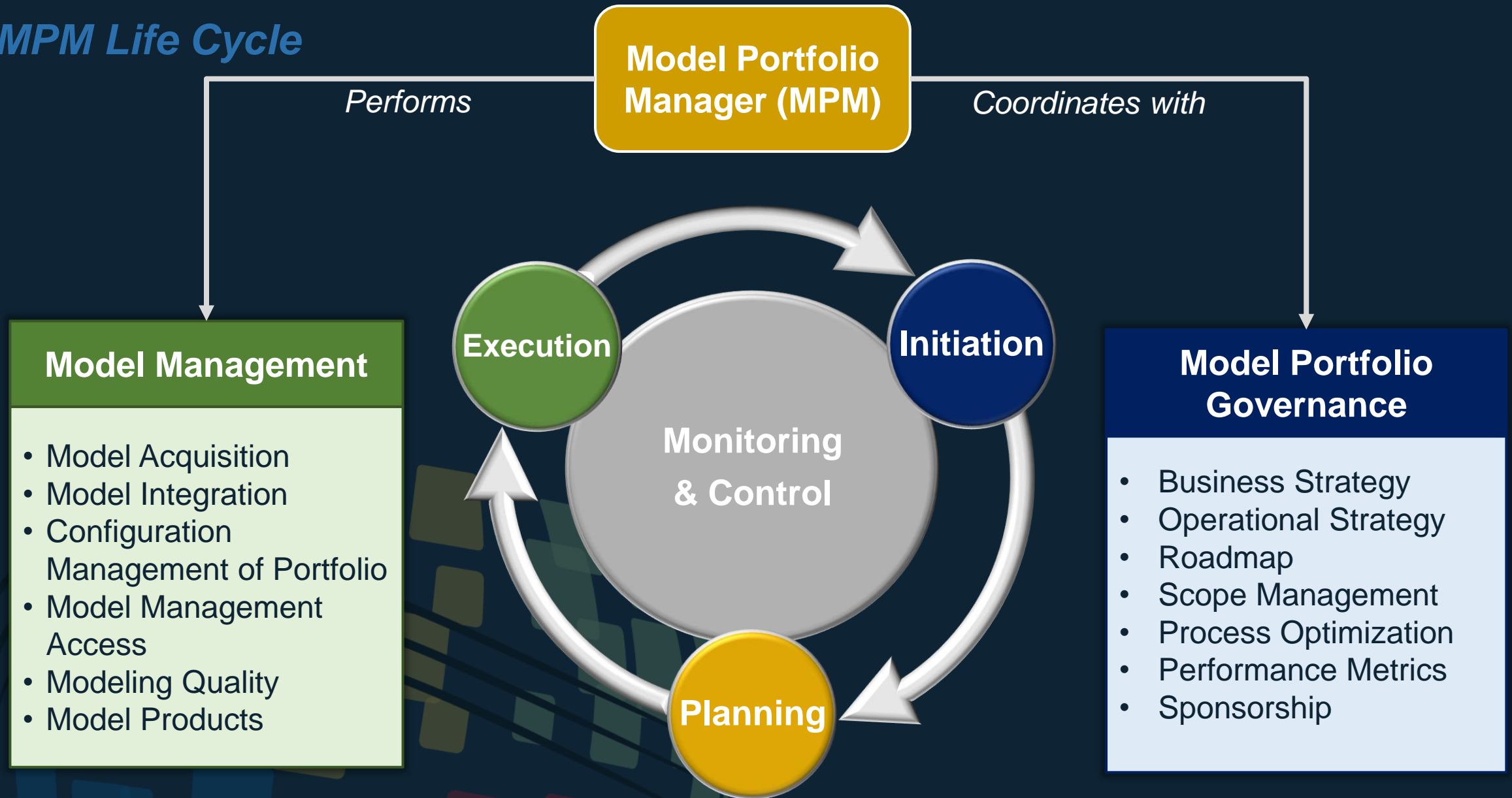


The MPM Guide can be used in several different ways to promote model governance and management

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MPM Life Cycle



MPM requires roles and responsibilities to be established to facilitate the portfolio through its life cycle

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Ryan Noguchi, The Aerospace Corporation

Governance for MBSE

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MBSE Model Lifecycle Processes

Key Questions to be Answered

Architecting Models

- How do we architect the model for maximize chances for success?
How do we define the model content needed to answer stakeholders' questions?

Planning Models

- How do we plan and manage the modeling effort?
How do we adapt our plans to address evolving knowledge and emerging needs?

Building Models

- How do we build models to achieve greater consistency, quality, and interoperability?
Which modeling constructs should we use (or not) and how should we use them?

Using Models

- How do we use reusable query and reporting templates, model extraction and transformation methods, and collaborative tools to best extract value from models?

Verifying Models

- How do we verify that models are satisfying users' needs?
How do we verify that we're getting good value from our modeling efforts?

Governing Models

- How do we govern the models to ensure they can be trusted to serve as ASOTs?
How do we ensure models evolve in a controlled manner that doesn't break users?

Federating Models

- How do federate models to achieve outcomes larger than the sum of their parts?
How do we govern these model federations to avoid chaos?

Sustaining Models

- How do we sustain and curate these models over time?
How do we track the evolving maturity of models over time?

Modeling shouldn't just be about building models—How many of these other questions are you addressing in your modeling efforts?

MBSE Model Lifecycle Model

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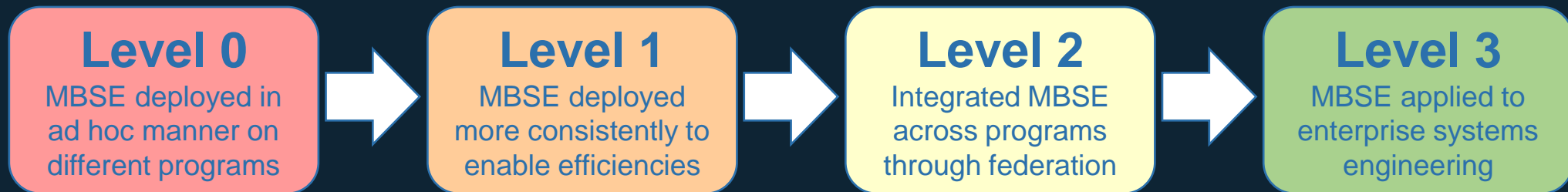
MBSE governance is largely focused on addressing these sorts of questions

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Enterprise MBSE Maturity Scales

- MBSE maturity can be measured by its level of implementation in the Enterprise
- Most organizations still in Level 0 and 1



(From Think Globally, Act Locally: Adapting MBSE to the Enterprise Context – 2022 INCOSE International Symposium)

- To progress to Level 1, need:
 - Common modeling methodologies
 - Common modeling processes
 - Common modeling toolsets and repositories
 - Standardized modeling templates
 - Standardized modeling profiles—often SysML
 - Decent reuse of models between programs
- To progress to Level 2, need:
 - Minimize divergence in MBSE implementation
 - Adopt key Enterprise-Ready modeling practices
 - Clear Partitioning of ASOT
 - Modeling for Federation
 - Modeling for Reuse
 - Exploiting Abstraction Layers

Progressing forward in MBSE maturity as an enterprise requires some convergence of MBSE implementations

MBSE Methodology Governance

- Establish governance board of experienced MBSE practitioners
- Execute a collaborative governance process
 - Identify **issues** facing modelers or model users
 - Identify **concerns** to be addressed
 - Identify **questions** to be answered
 - Identify **alternatives** to be assessed
 - Identify **tradeoffs** to be explored
 - Identify preliminary **guidance**
 - Perform consensus **review**
 - Document **consensus** guidance
 - Establish **reassessment criteria**
- Goal is to provide defensible guidance to model architects, builders, and users
 - Acknowledging various perspectives and needs
 - Achieving appropriate balance between competing factors
 - Promoting convergence to best practices

Convergence of MBSE methodology is needed to achieve greater consistency, quality, and interoperability of models



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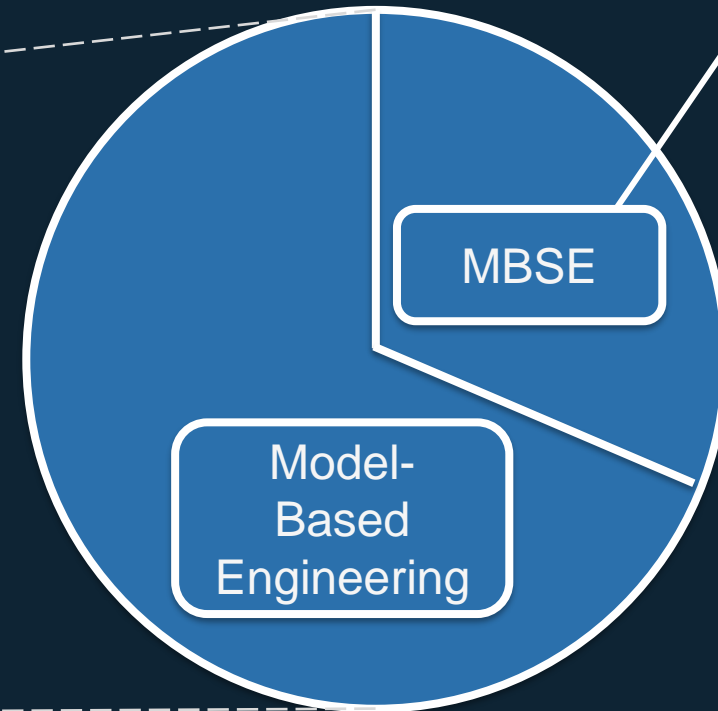
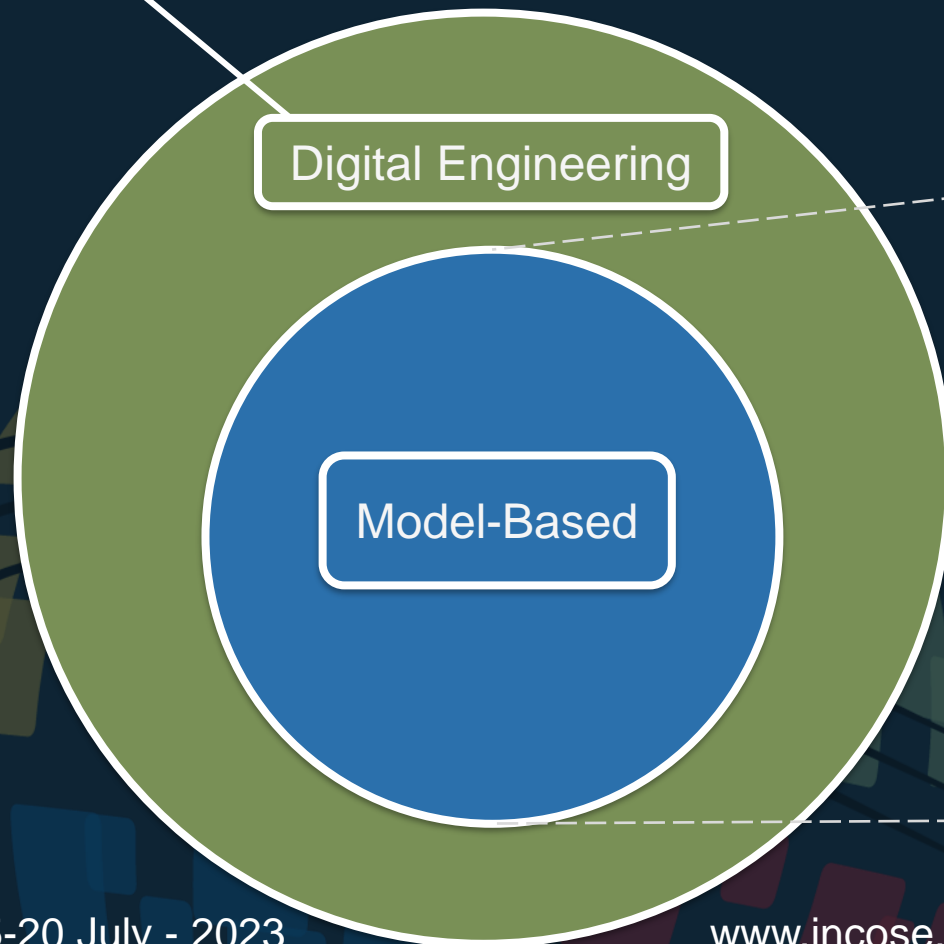


Sarah Scheithauer, Georgia Tech Research Institute (GTRI)

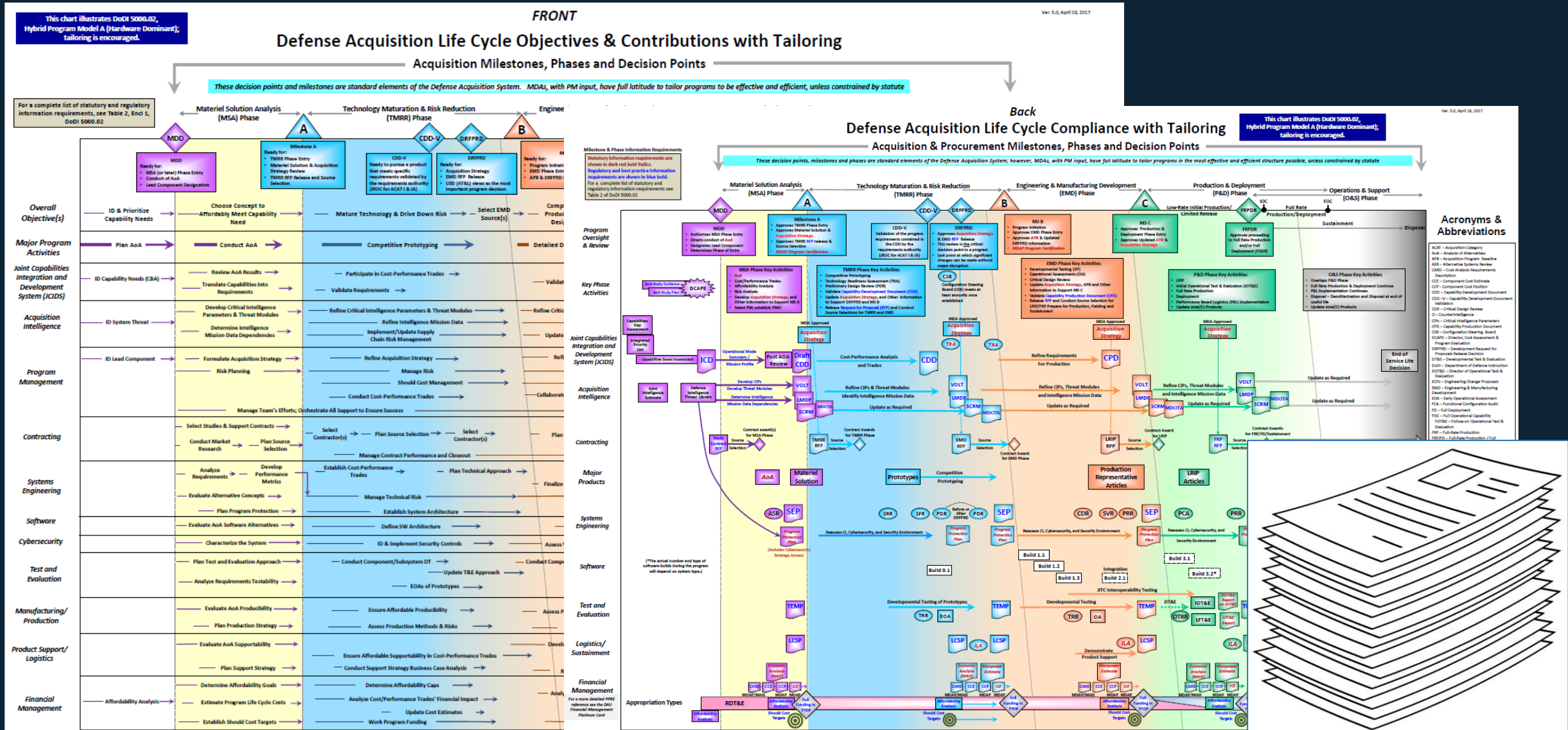
Model Governance: An Acquisitions Perspective

“Digital Engineering is an integrated digital approach that uses authoritative sources of system data and models as a continuum across disciplines to support lifecycle activities from concept through disposal” - USD(R&E)

“Model-Based Systems Engineering is the formalized application of modeling to support system requirements, design, analysis, verification, and validation activities beginning in the conceptual design phase and continuing throughout development and later life cycle phases.” – INCOSE



Traditional DoD Acquisition Process



Model-Based Acquisition in Context of MBSE and DE

“Model-based acquisition is the technical approach to acquisition that uses models and other digital artifacts as the primary means of information exchange, rather than document-based information exchange.” – OMG MBAcq User Group

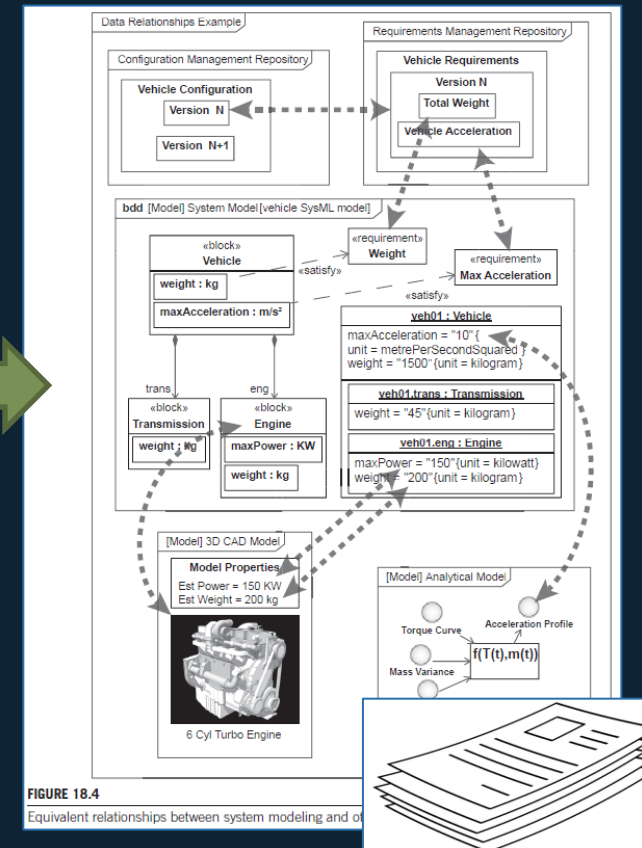
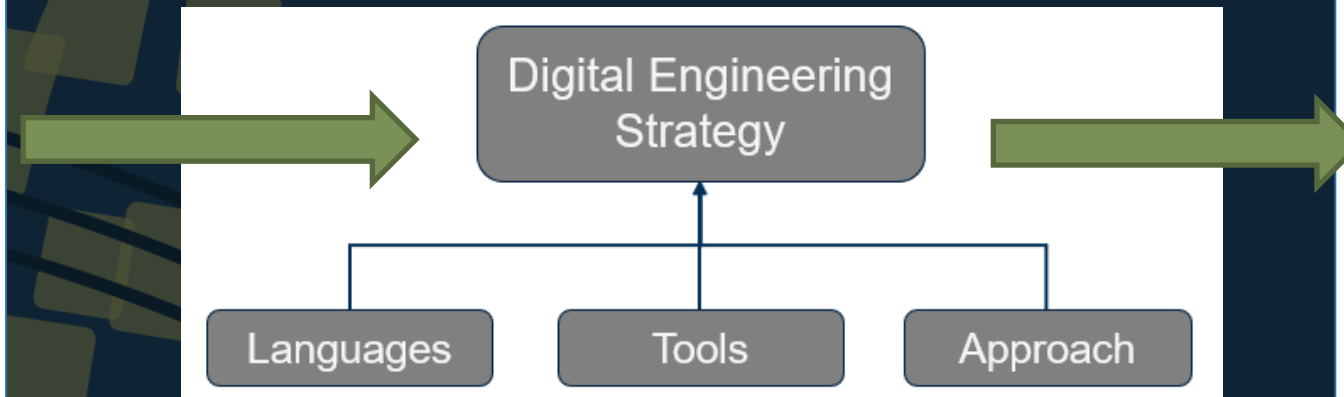
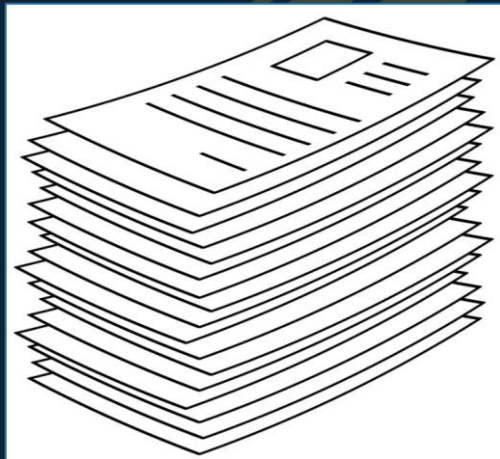
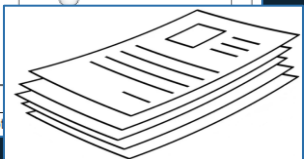


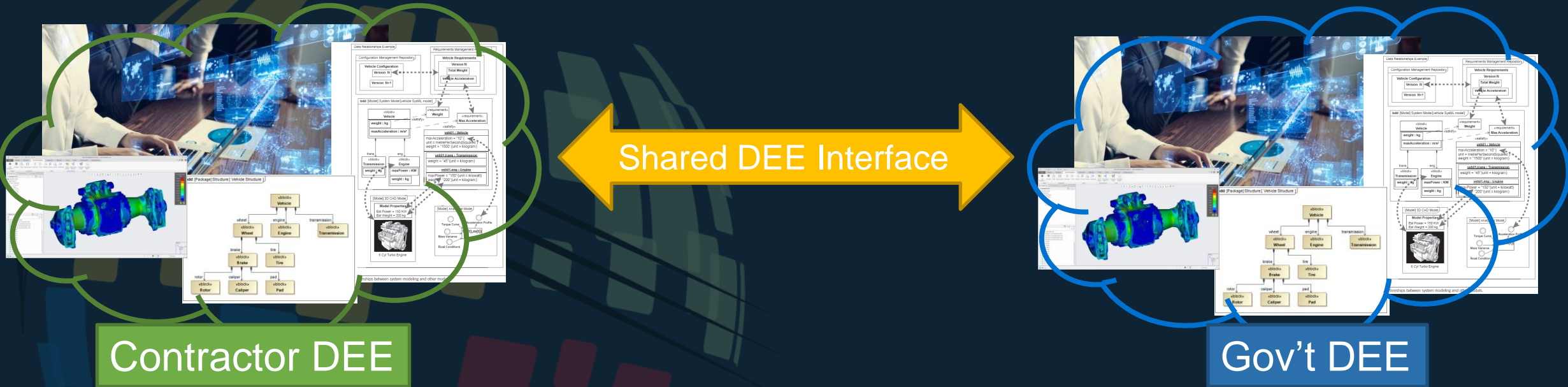
FIGURE 18.4

Equivalent relationships between system modeling and



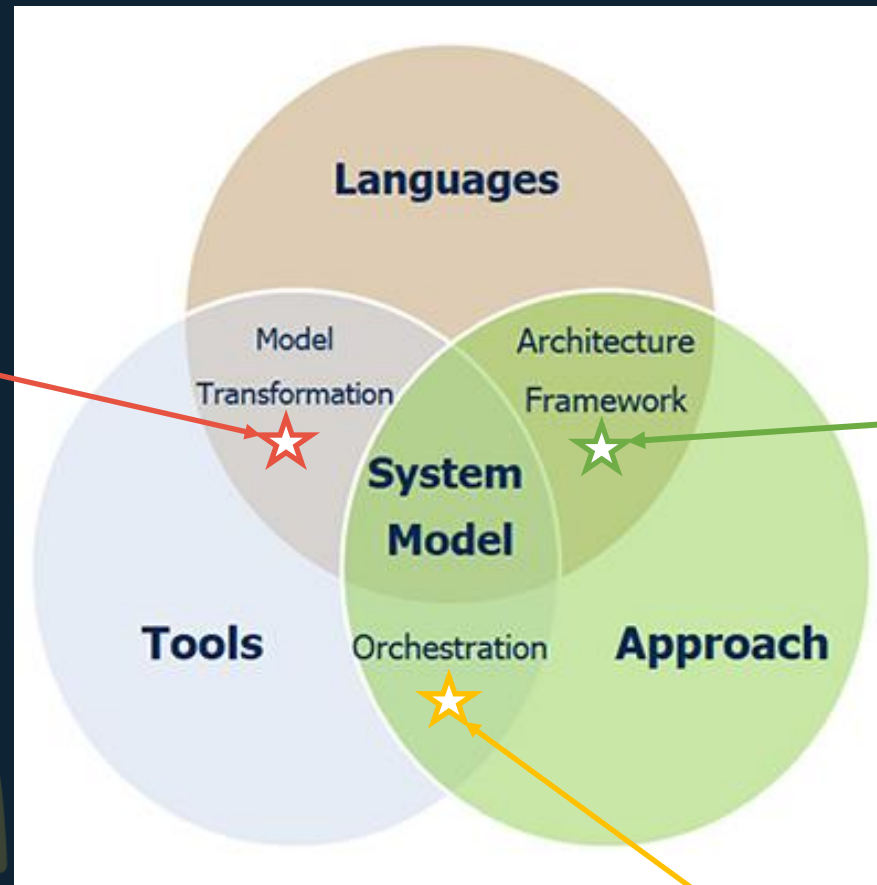
Importance of Governance in Hybrid Digital Engineering Environments (DEE)

- Hardware, network, and security constraints often prevent the Government from operating in the same DEE as the Contractor(s) throughout the acquisition process.
- Many DoD acquisition programs currently adopt a "hybrid" DEE approach, which introduces additional complexities in terms of bi-directional digital data exchange and the maintenance of a consistent digital thread throughout the data lifecycle.



- What data are being exchanged, and between whom?
- Are data exchanged in both directions?
- What is the volume of data?
- How often is the data exchanged and over what duration?
- Do the sending and receiving tools use the same modeling languages and formats, or is translation required?
- How is the data going to be stored, managed, and maintained?

Friedenthal, Moore, A., & Steiner, R. (2008). *A practical guide to SysML the Systems Modeling Language* / Sanford Friedenthal, Alan Moore, Rick Steiner. (1st edition). Elsevier/Morgan Kaufmann.



- What is the common practice for creating, interpreting, analyzing, and using data within a particular domain?
- Who are the stakeholders associated with the information, and what are their needs and concerns?
- What data needs to be delivered to satisfy stakeholder needs?
- What are the data interfaces and dependencies?
- What are the min viable requirements and constraints that might impact the DE approach?

A model governance plan plays a vital role in program planning as it can be developed iteratively throughout the acquisition process. It serves to inform decisions, document the rationale behind the digital engineering approach, and capture the decisions made regarding digital engineering environments.

- What resources (people, hardware, software, network) are needed to execute the DE strategy?
- Which standards/processes must be followed?
- Do new standards/processes need to be put into place?

Summary

- Model governance encompasses more than just models; it extends to all digital data across the acquisition lifecycle, from the RFP to the contractor deliverables.
- In the acquisition process, multiple digital engineering environments are typically involved, and careful consideration must be given to the data exchange between these environments.
- Having a robust model governance plan is essential for the following reasons:
 - It helps define the scope of the digital engineering strategy and provides an understanding of the digital data required to execute the strategy effectively.
 - It enables tracking of program decisions and the underlying rationale concerning digital engineering.
 - It facilitates documentation of the evolving configuration of the digital engineering environments (DEEs) as they mature.
 - It aids in comprehending the necessary processes for utilizing and managing data effectively.
 - It serves as a comprehensive reference for the workforce, outlining all data requirements such as sources, locations, fidelity, access, training, and more.

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