



33rd Annual **INCOSE**
international symposium

hybrid event

Honolulu, HI, USA
July 15 - 20, 2023



Towards an approach to co- execute system models at the enterprise level

Authors

Dr. Jovita BANKAUSKAITĖ
CATIA Systems, R&D Senior Analyst

- ▷ PhD, MS, and BS in Software Systems Engineering
- ▷ ≈10 years in Software and Systems Engineering
- ▷ OCSMP certified



Žilvinas STROLIA
CATIA Systems, Industry Process Specialist

- ▷ MS and BS in Electronics Engineering and Business
- ▷ ≈10 years in Software and Systems Engineering
- ▷ Focus on MBSE and executable system models
- ▷ ASEP, OCSMP certified



Dr. Aurelijus MORKEVIČIUS
CATIA Systems, Industry Process Consulting Director

- ▷ PhD, MS, and BS in Software Systems Engineering
- ▷ 17 years in Software and Systems Engineering
- ▷ UAF co-chairman in OMG, member of INCOSE and NATO ACaT
- ▷ ASEP, OCSMP, OCEB, OCUP certified professional
- ▷ Originator of MagicGrid



Agenda



1. Introduction
 2. Suggested Approach
 3. Case Study
 4. Conclusions
 5. Q&A
-



Introduction

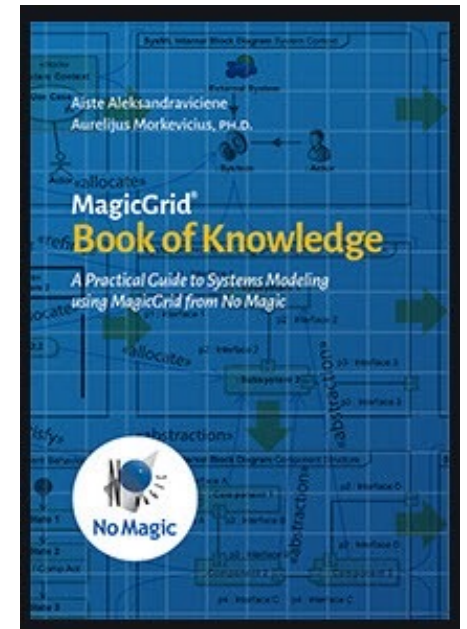
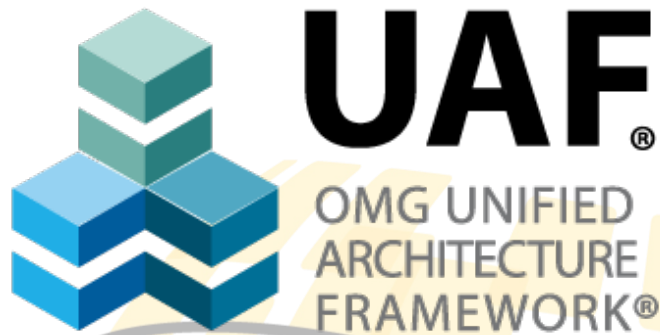
Motivation

- MBSE practices are widely applied to enterprise (including system of systems and mission) architectures, which become a crucial part of successful digital transformation.
- Today's primary challenge encompasses not only the establishment of digital continuity by interconnecting different model layers but also the successful execution of detailed analysis and simulation within the enterprise-level model.

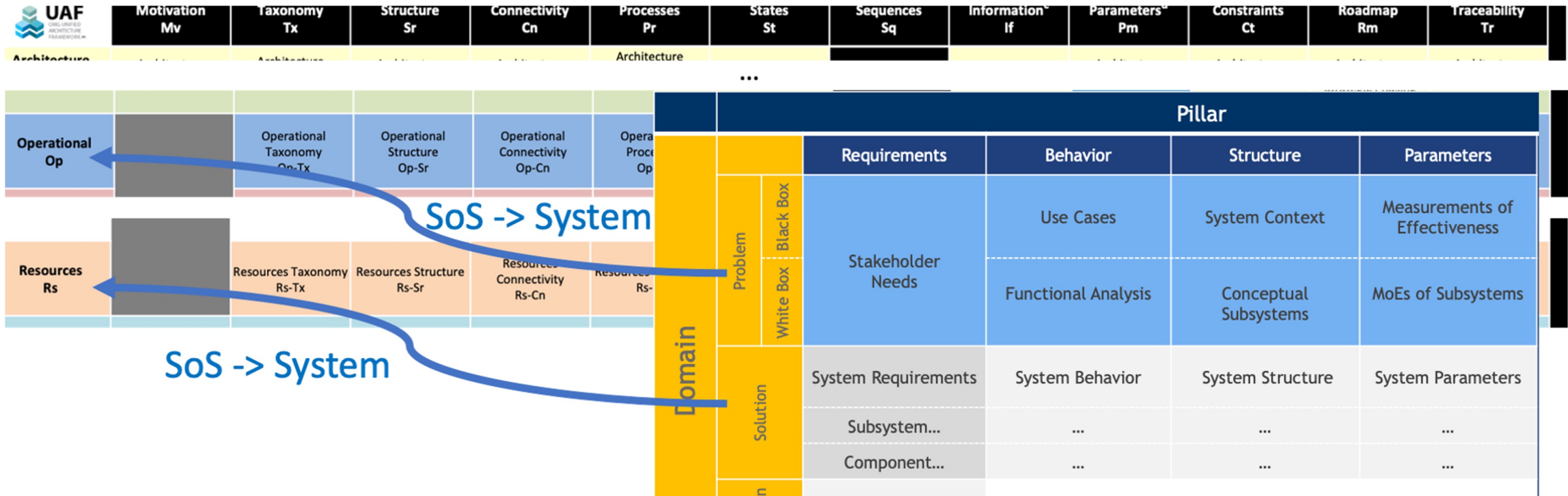
Purpose

- Our paper proposes guidelines for **co-executing** system models defined in Systems Modeling Language (**SysML**) in the integrated model of Unified Architecture Framework (**UAF**) resource configuration.
- The approach covers **end-to-end co-execution** of the integrated enterprise model.
- A thorough SoS case study on **urban transportation** is presented to prove the usefulness of the proposed approach in the overall lifecycle of system engineering.

Core of the proposed approach



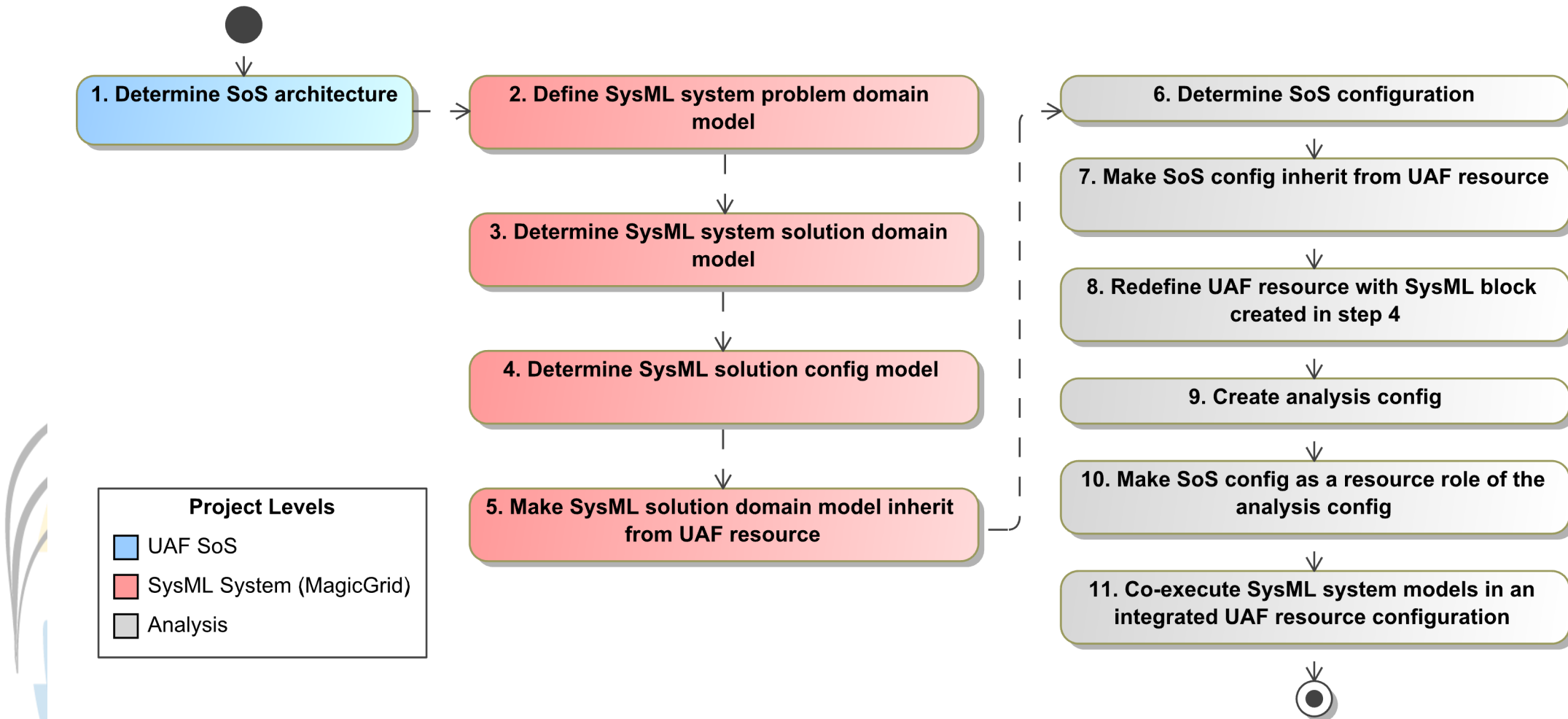
Alignment between levels of abstraction of UAF and MagicGrid



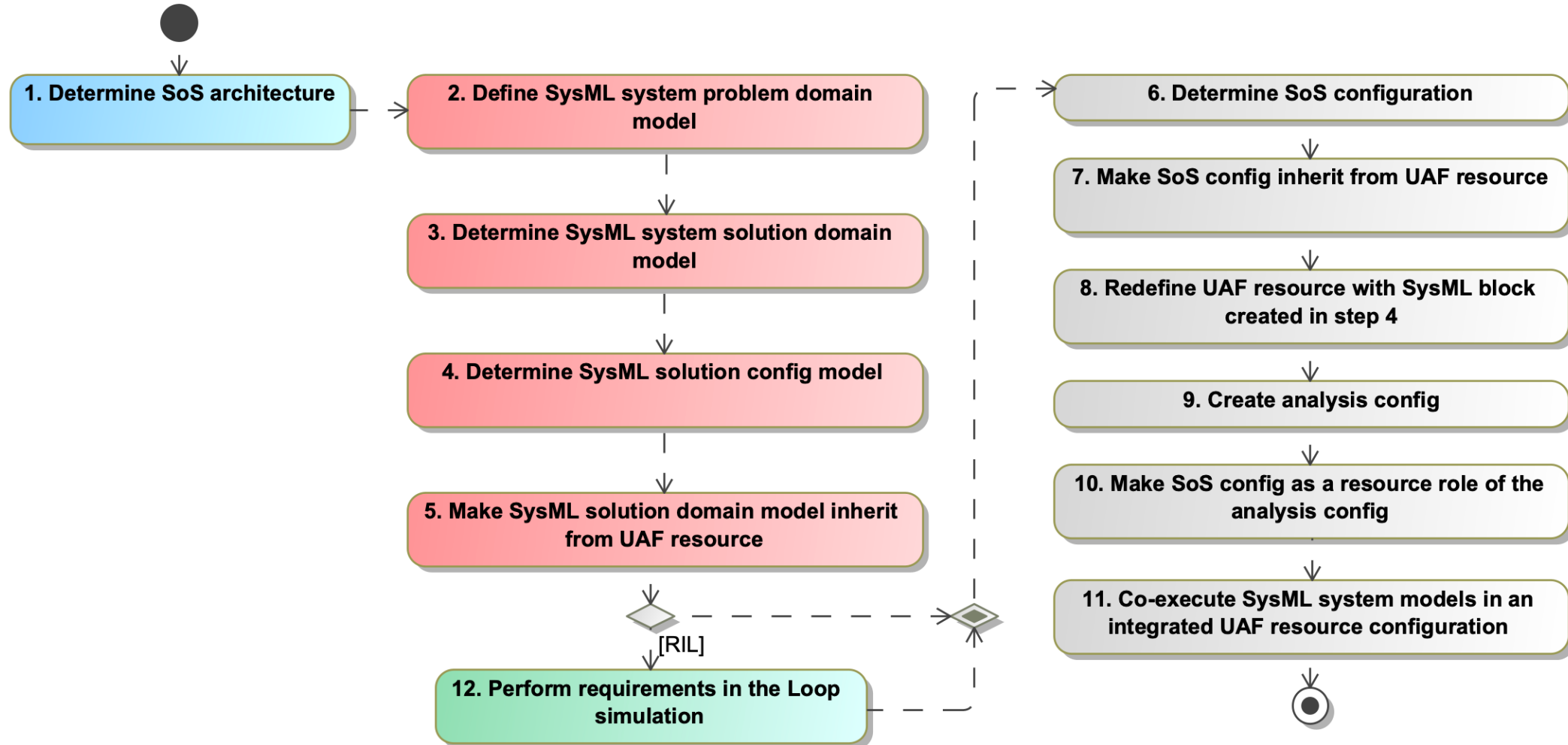


An approach to co-execute SysML system models in an integrated UAF resource configuration

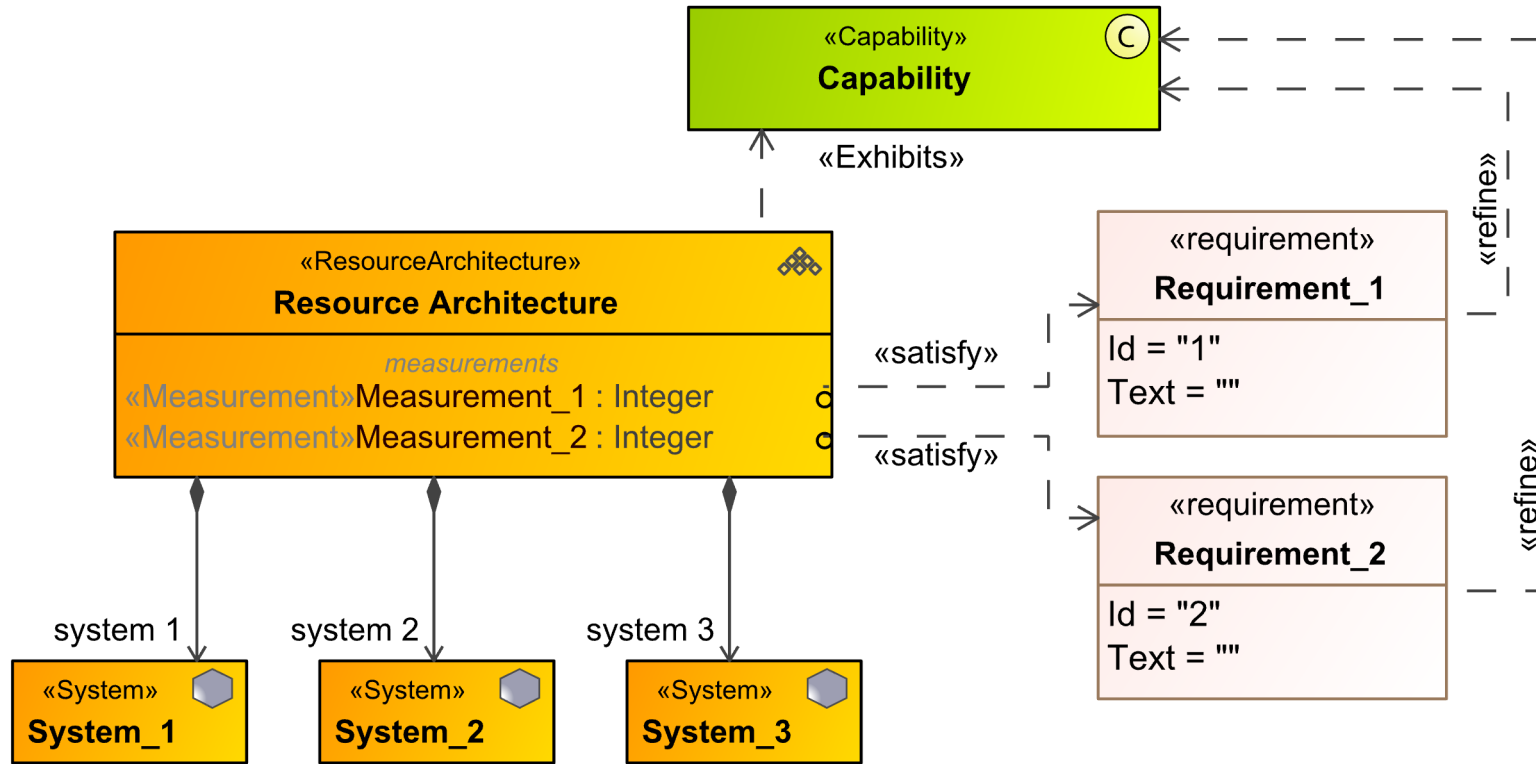
Workflow of co-executing SysML system models within UAF resource configuration approach



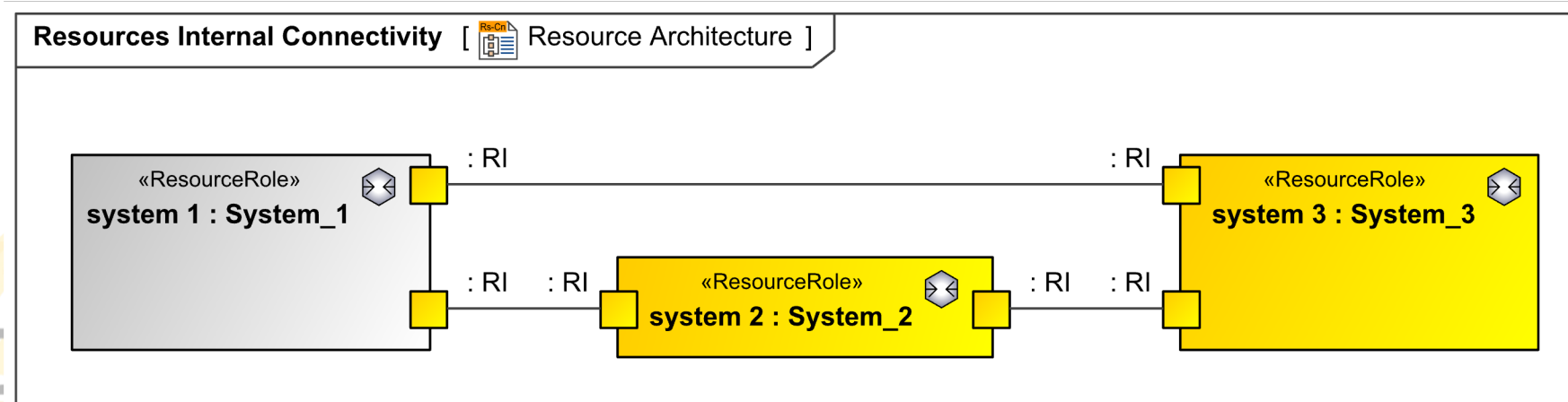
Workflow of approach within Requirements in the Loop



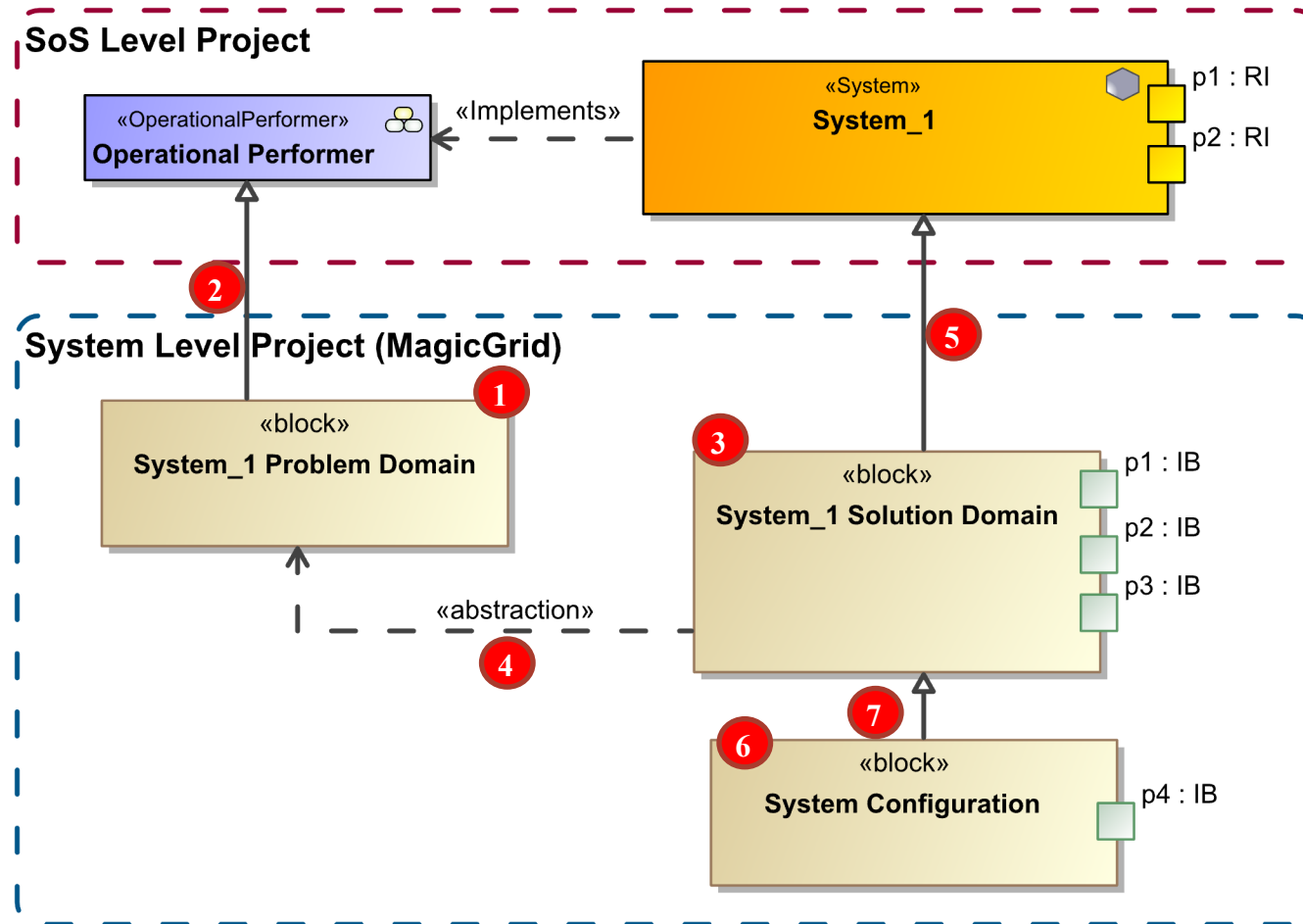
Approach: SoS level project / UAF Resource Configuration (1)



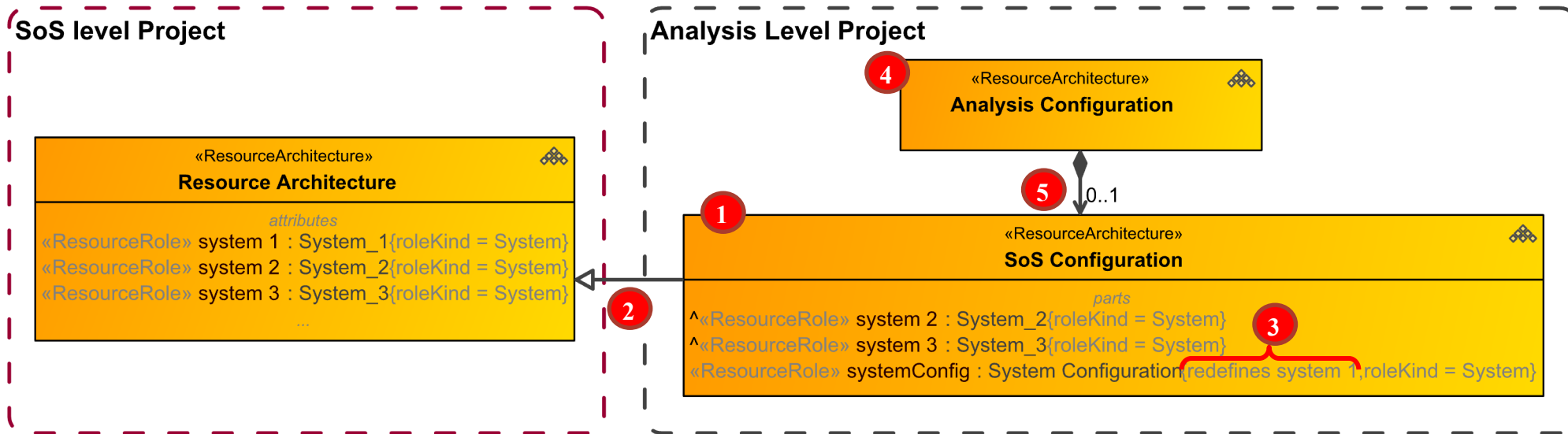
Approach: SoS level project / UAF Resource Configuration (2)



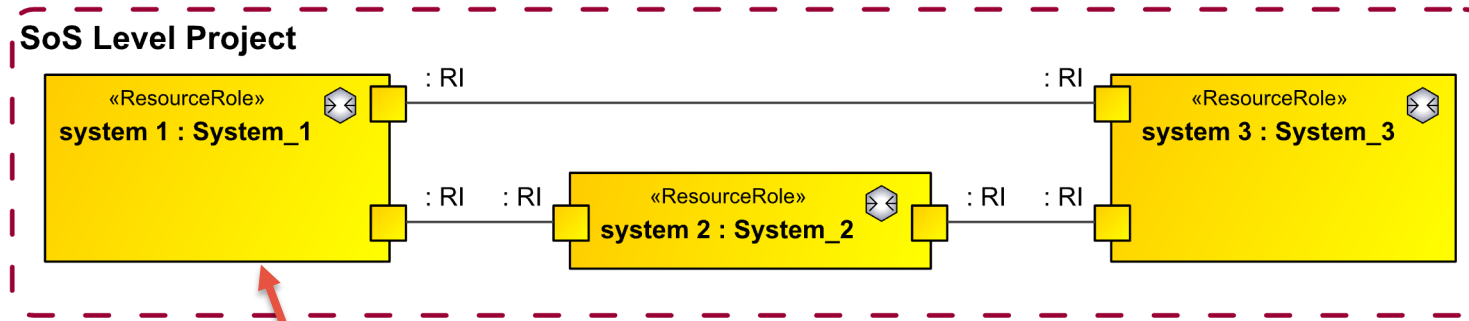
Approach: System level project (MagicGrid) / SysML system model



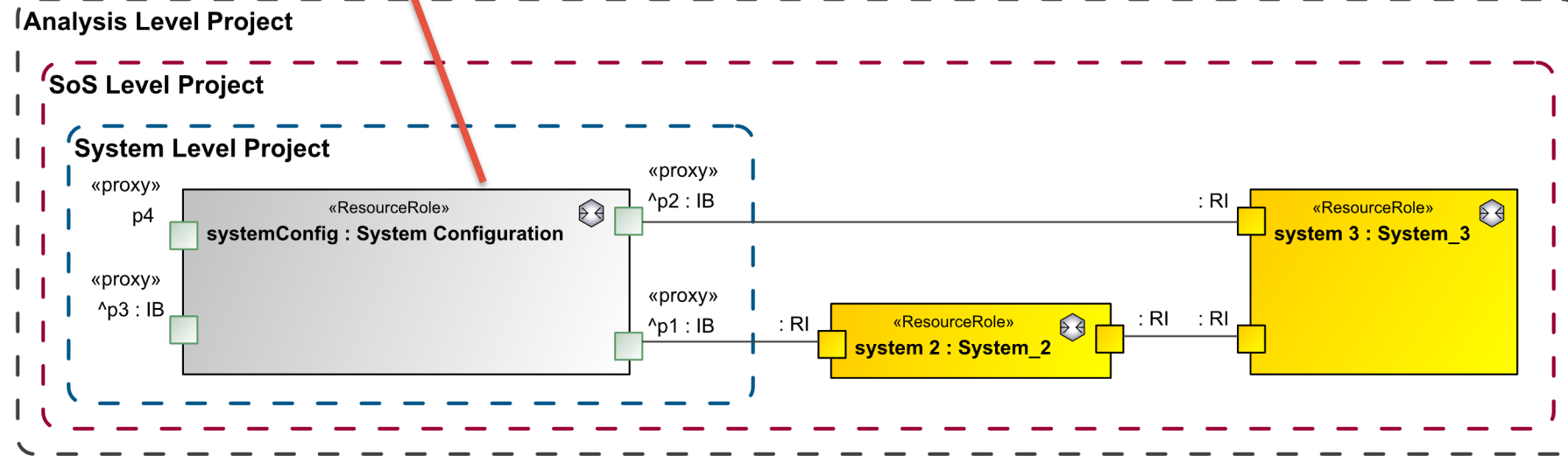
Approach: Analysis level (1)



Approach: Analysis level (2)



redefines





Case Study

Case Study – System Of Interest (1)

- The City Transportation System was chosen as the subject for the case study
- Using the proposed approach, our objective was to analyze and compare the performance of different Electric Bus fleets configurations



vs.

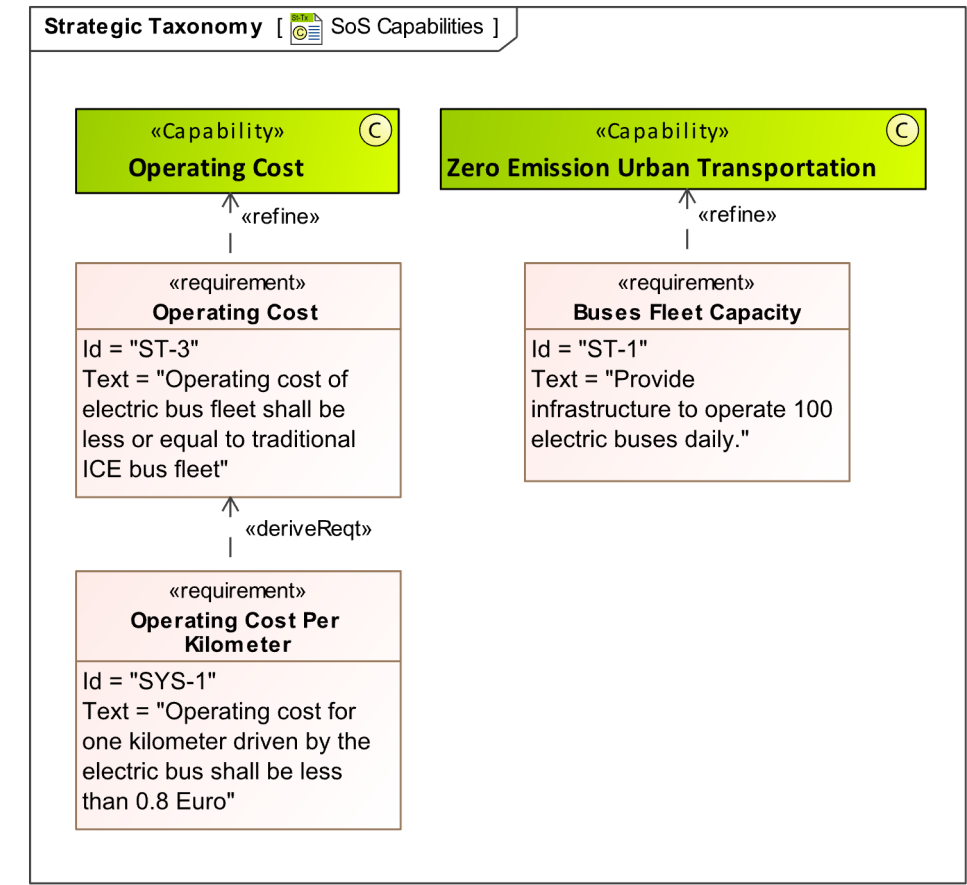


Case Study – System of Interest (2)

- This selection was made because this is understandable system and has SoS characteristics
- The question at hand is how to transition from executable SysML models to executable UAF models

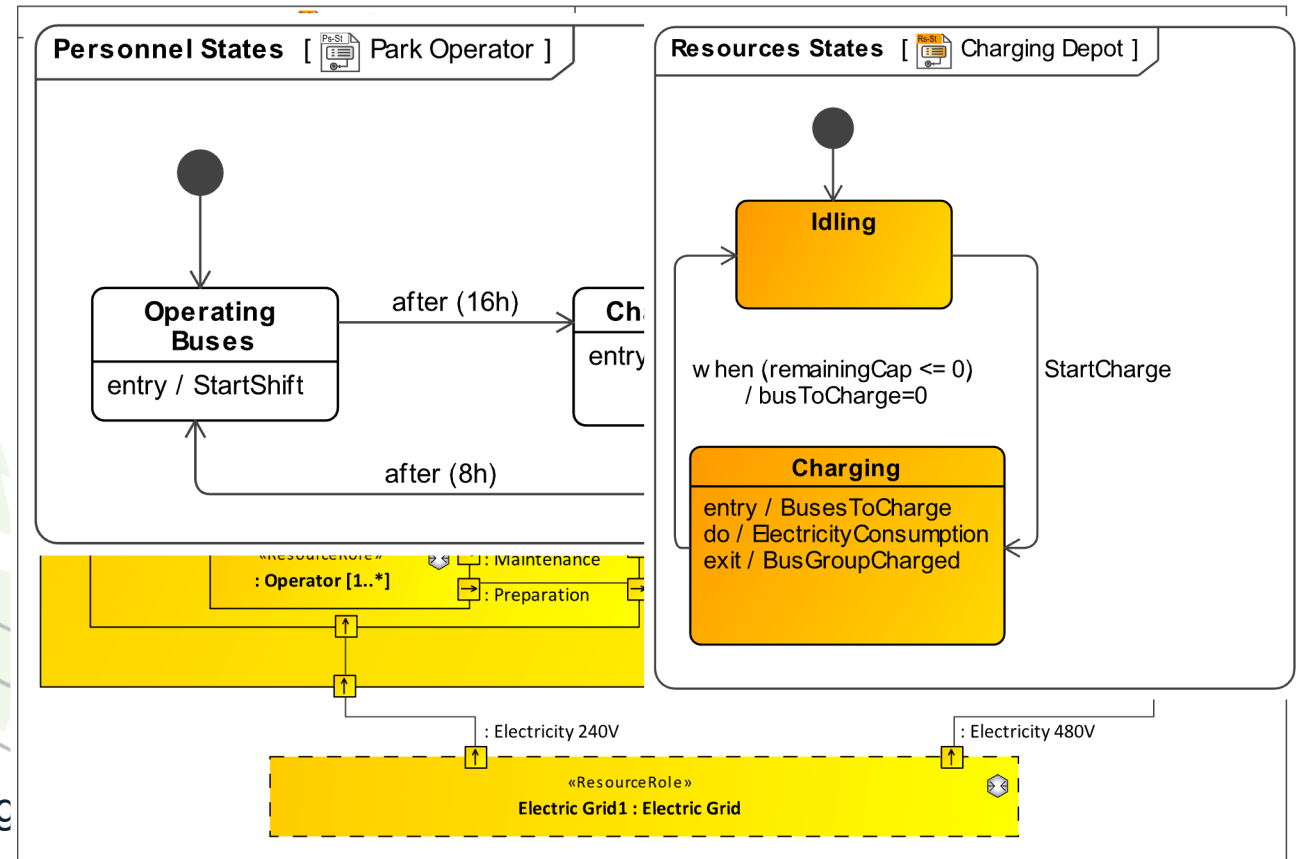
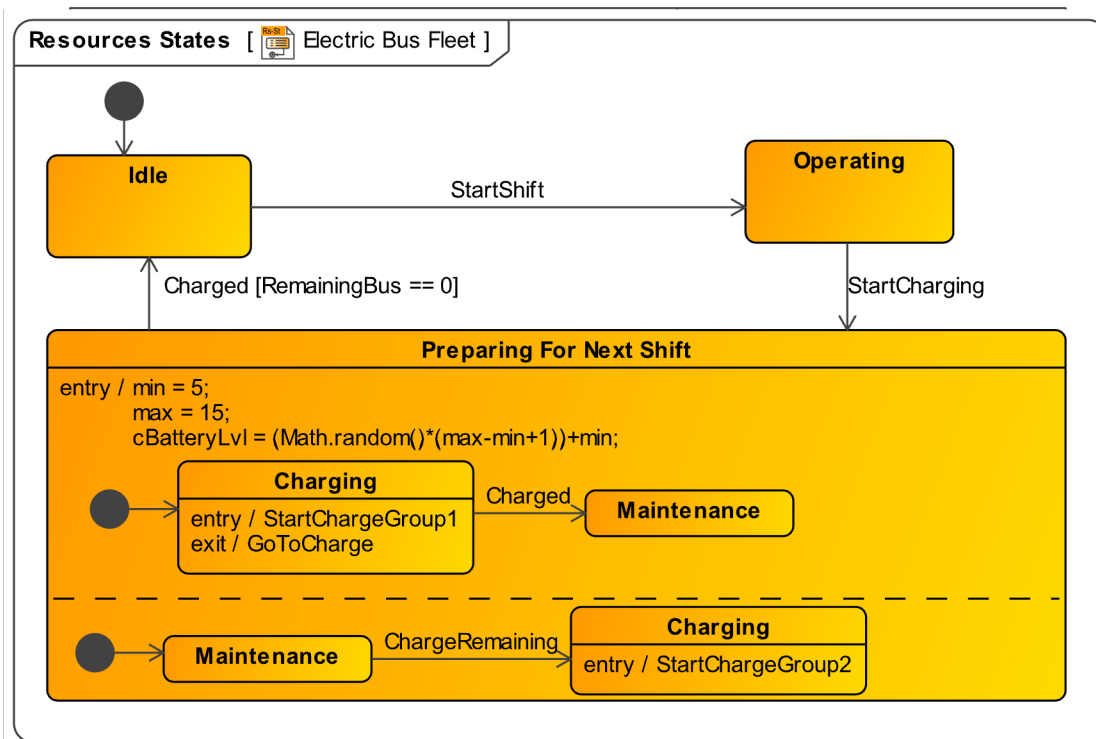
Focus of the Case Study

- Given the immense size of the SoS and its associated systems, we have focused our primary attention on a specific criterion for the analysis of the case study
- The primary criterion considered for the case study was the operating cost



Definition of Model

- We start at SoS and define structural and behavioral views



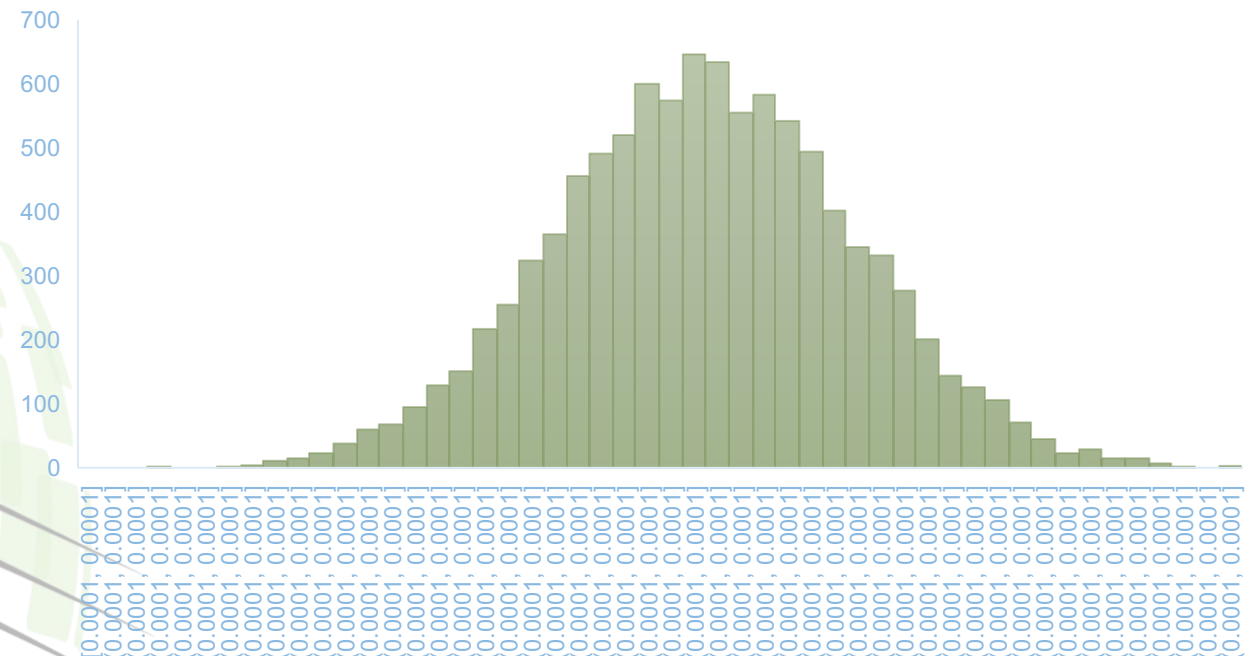
- Next step involved the definition of analysis model responsible for calculating the



Inherent Probabilistic Characteristics of SoS

- SoS model had few stochastic features
- Therefore Monte-Carlo analysis was applied

	Mean Value Euro	Standard Deviation Euro	Runs No
Operating Cost per Kilometer, Euro	0.7940	0.0643	10000

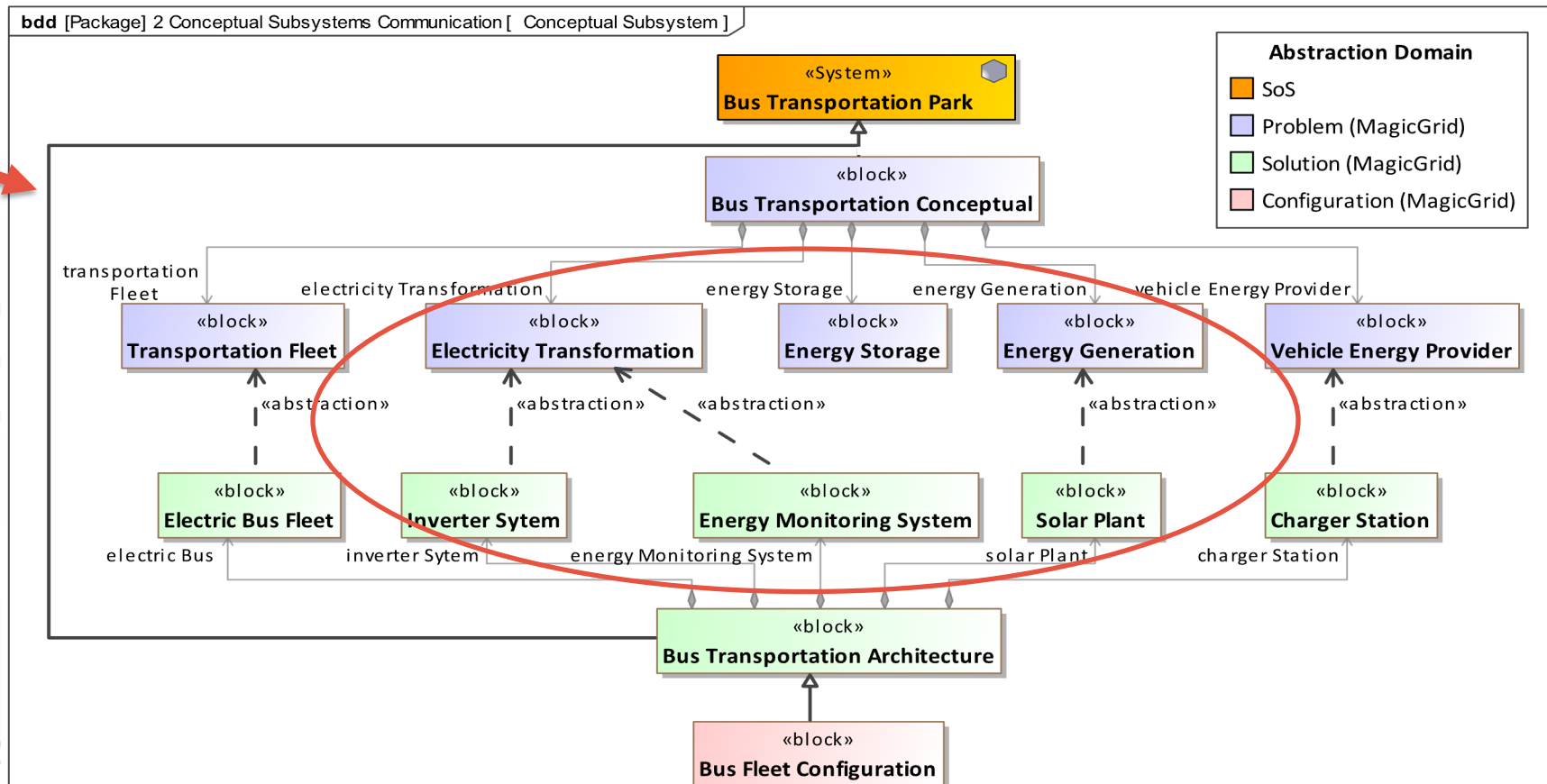


SoS Individual System Analysis

- This was initial analysis of SoS
- In systems engineering processes this could be categorized as Business/Mission Analysis and Stakeholder Needs Definition
- After these steps the SoS is then subjected to analysis by each individual system
- Since SE processes are not linear and sequential, it should be anticipated that information from lower-level processes will be fed back to higher-level processes
- Need to integrate executable SysML models to UAF models

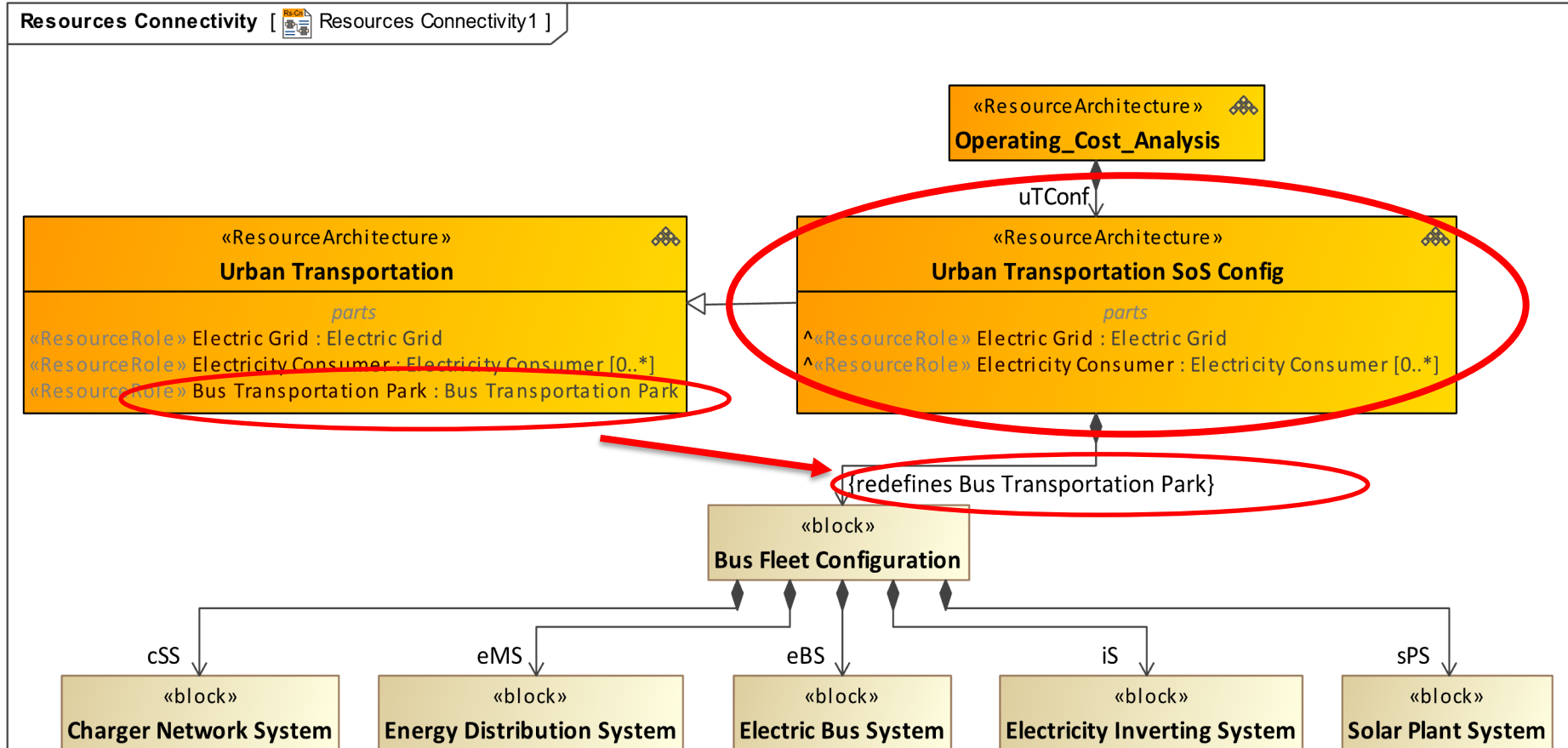
Transportation Park Analysis

- During the analysis at the system level, the potential for incorporating a solar energy generation system is identified

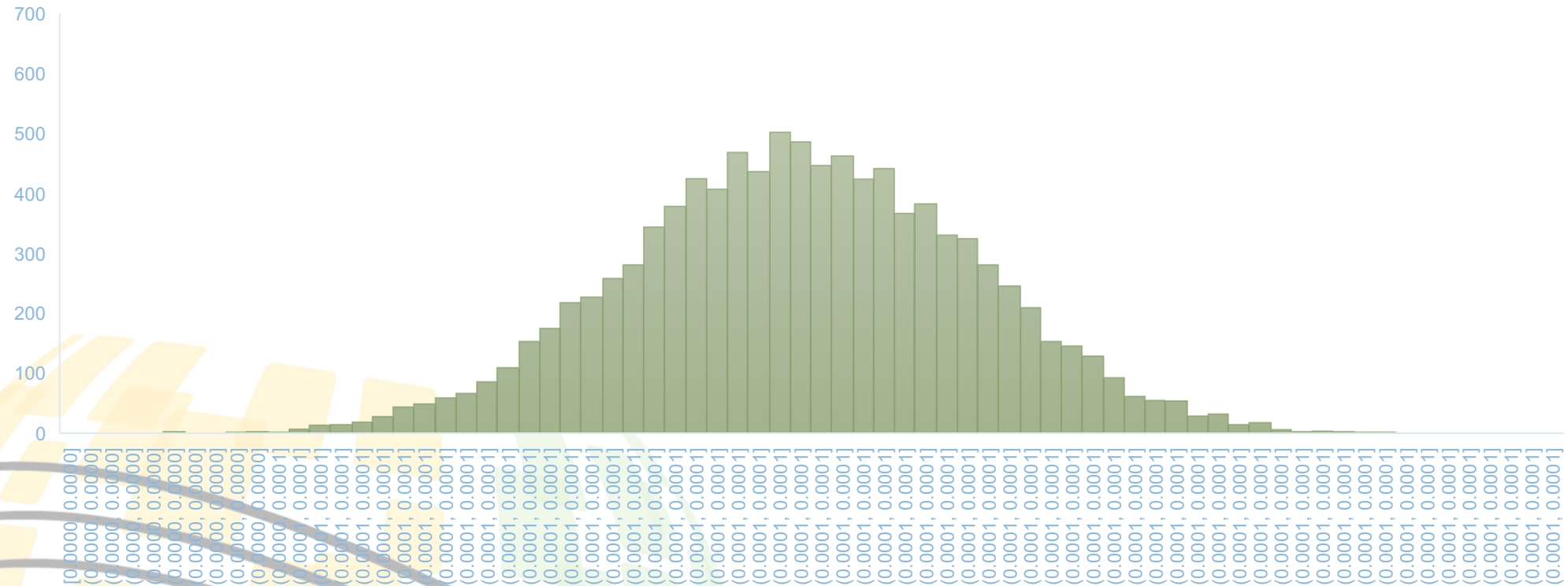


Configuration of SoS Model

- Inheritance is not enough. SoS components need to be redefined with updated system description from System models



Rinse and Repeat



	Mean Value, Euro	Standard Deviation, Euro	Runs No
Operating Cost per Kilometer, Euro	0.7509	0.0831	10000
Difference	-5.4 %	+29.2 %	

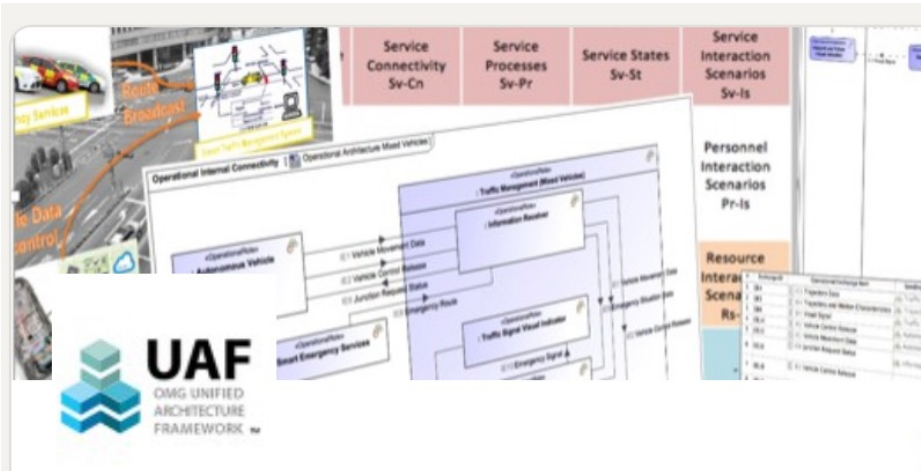


Conclusions

Summary and Conclusions

- The industry is exploring ways to transition from SoS models to Systems models in their modeling approach
- This paper presents a potential method for connecting and co-executing SoS and System models
- This proposal is based on the concepts of UAF, SysML and the MagicGrid framework
- The proposed approach necessitates inheriting System Level models into SoS Level models in order to redefine an updated system
- From case study we understood that the most sensible approach is to redefine the atomic systems of SoS, since this allows the most straightforward system model integration into a SoS model

More on UAF



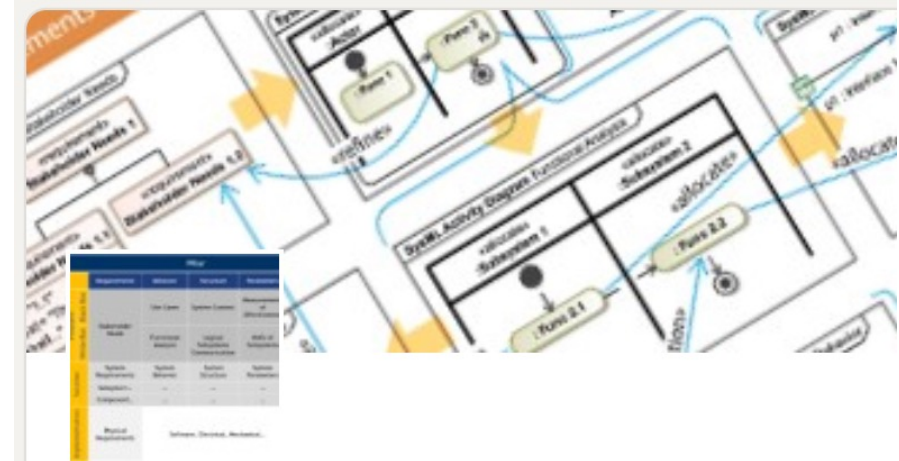
Unified Architecture Framework

iii Listed group



Unified Architecture Framework

<https://www.linkedin.com/groups/8878655/>



MagicGrid

iii Listed group



MagicGrid

<https://www.linkedin.com/groups/9016086/>



Q&A



33rd Annual **INCOSE**
international symposium

hybrid event

Honolulu, HI, USA
July 15 - 20, 2023

www.incose.org/symp2023
#INCOSEIS