



34th Annual **INCOS**
international symposium

hybrid event

Dublin, Ireland
July 2 - 6, 2024



Expanding Horizons with Graph Embeddings to understand large trade space
from generative methods

Trade Space Wonders

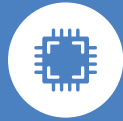
Mike Nicolai, Kefan Sun, Clement Bertheaume, Siemens

Agenda



Introduction

Generative methods, challenge, objective



Technical Details

Methodology explained with a toy example



Results

Real-world use cases, evaluation method, findings



Conclusion

Takeaways



Introduction

Trade Studies in Practice

- Do you do trade studies ?
- How many variants or architectures do you investigate?

The promised land of Generative

Product R&D:
Reducing research
and design time,
improving
simulation and
testing

Continue to next section



Potential productivity lift
Product R&D

12%

of global functional
spending

~\$328B

Generative AI's potential in R&D is perhaps less well recognized than its potential in other business functions. Still, our research indicates the technology could deliver productivity with a value ranging from 10 to 15 percent of overall R&D costs.

For example, the life sciences and chemical industries have begun using generative AI foundation models in their R&D for what is known as generative design. Foundation models can generate candidate molecules, accelerating the process of developing new drugs and materials. Entos, a biotech pharmaceutical company, has paired generative AI with automated synthetic development tools to design small-molecule therapeutics. But the same principles can be applied to the design of many other products, including larger-scale physical products and electrical circuits, among others.

While other generative design techniques have already unlocked some of the

Automatic Trade Space Generation



Generative Methods

Rule-based
Procedural modelling

Commercially available in
Simcenter Studio

Existing research prototype, more
semantic understanding needed for
LLM to create meaningful output

Declarative
Computational design
synthesis

Data-driven
Generative AI

Use Case Overview

Use Case	Type	# Architectures	# Variants
APOLLO	Mission	15	108
FIRESAT	System	8	56
HEV	Subsystem	26	1566
HEV benchmark	Subsystem	26 - 48968	1 per architecture

Motivation
Apollo mission design (NASA; 1962)

Architecture
Direct, orbit, rendezvous, ...

Configuration
Fuel type, number of astronauts, ...

Evaluation
Risk: measure for chance of success
Mass: measure of cost of mission concept

State-of-the-practice
Textbook example with ad hoc enumeration of mission concepts (Crawley et al. 2016, Simmons 2008)

Generative engineering for space systems
Combined exploration of electrical & control concepts

Conceptual design of 100s of architecture options

Simcenter Studio

Multiphysical simulation
Fault tree analysis

Multiphysical performance simulation rendering

Power & propellant budgeting

Systematic multi-attribute balancing & tradeoff

Use Case: HEV

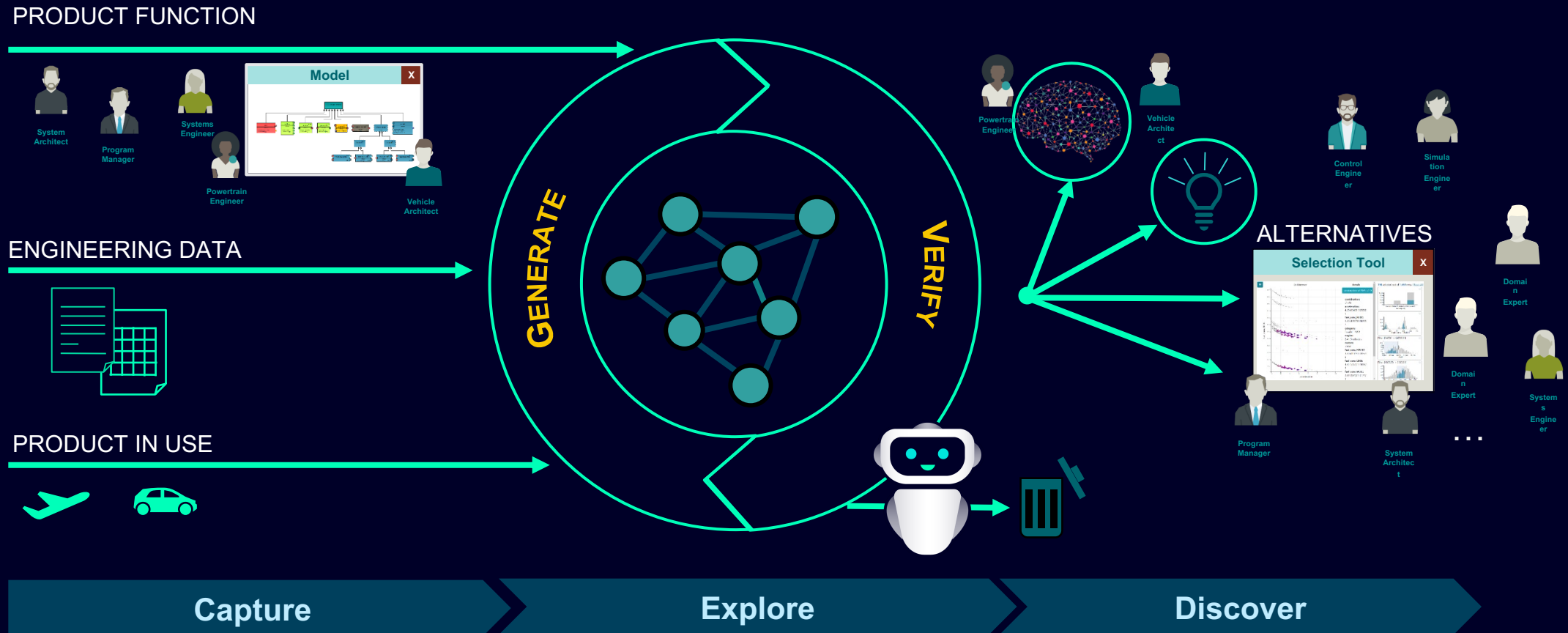
Challenge
Design of the optimal hybrid powertrain combining including multiple combustion engine and electric motor variants

Solution
Use Simcenter Studio to generate and evaluate 100s of powertrain architecture alternatives

Benefit
• Over 1500 powertrains generated and evaluated on multiple KPIs
• 20% improvement in fuel consumption, 7% cost improvement, 6% better acceleration

Automatic Systems Architecture Creation and optimization

From a Function to Logic Architecture





Objectives



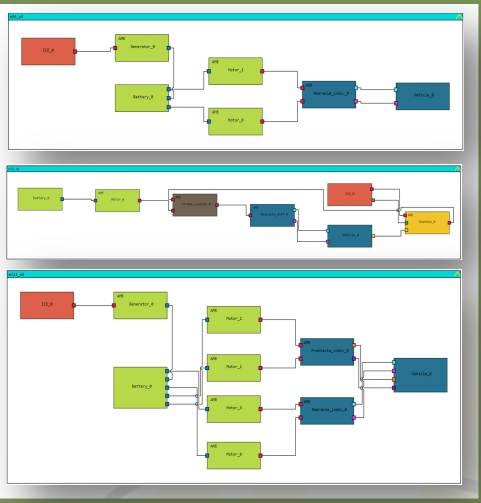
- **Understand** and **navigate** the design space
- **Unsupervised**: No labels required
- Encode **structural** and **parametric** information
- Create vector representation (**embeddings**) of designs
- Explore **similarity** and **dissimilarity** of designs
- **Interpretation** similar to human understanding



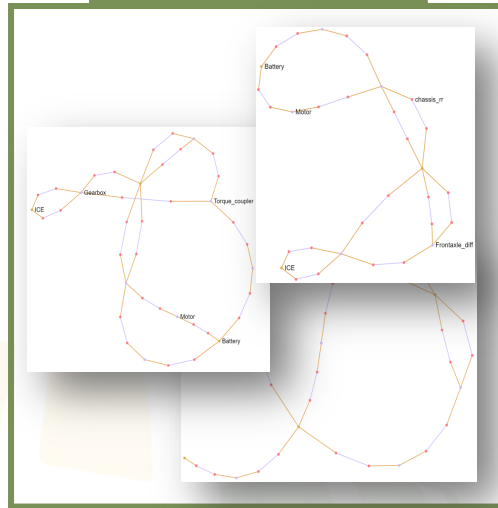
Technical Details

Method Outline

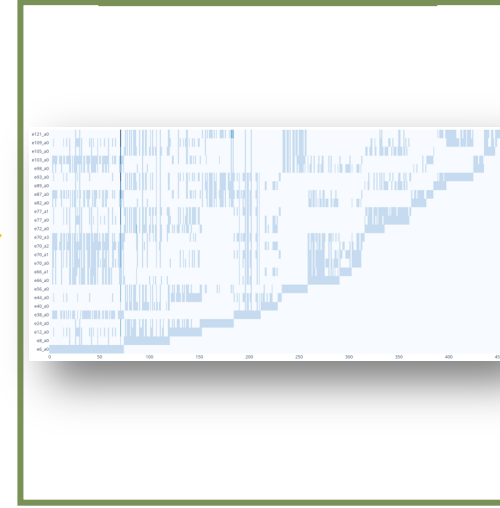
Generated Architectures



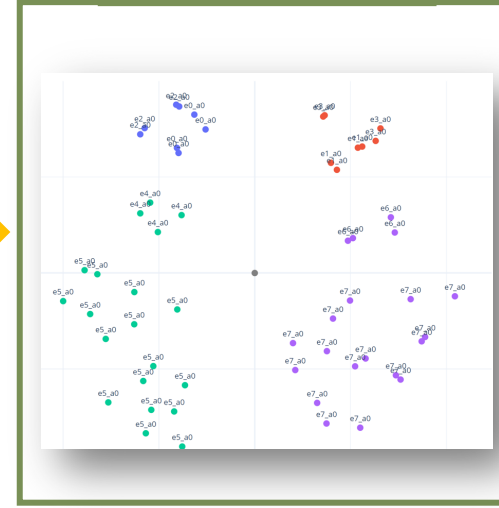
Graphs



Embeddings



Reduced Embeddings



(1)

Data Preprocessing

(2)

Graph Embedding

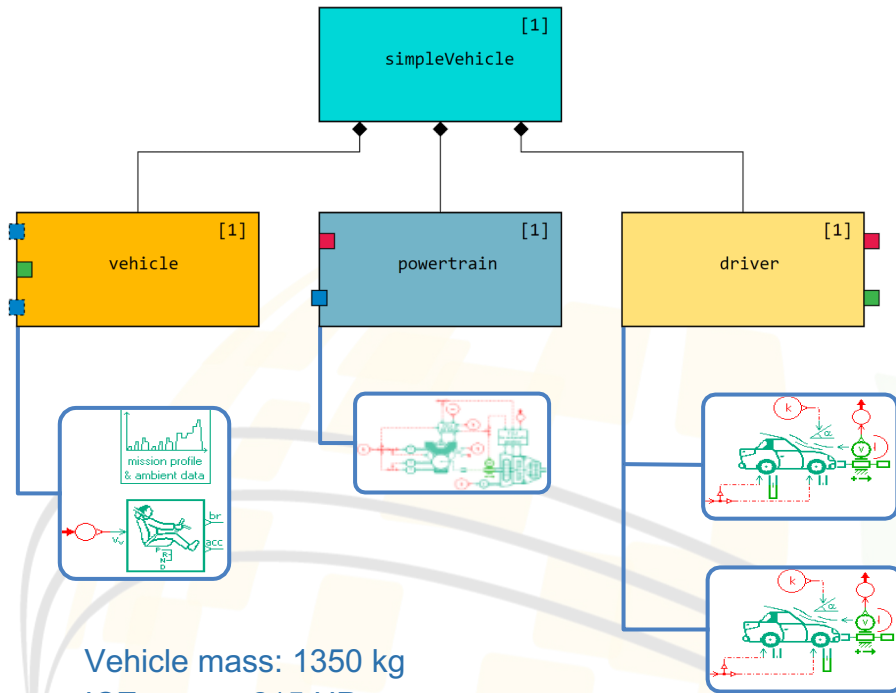
(3)

Dimensionality Reduction

Toy Example

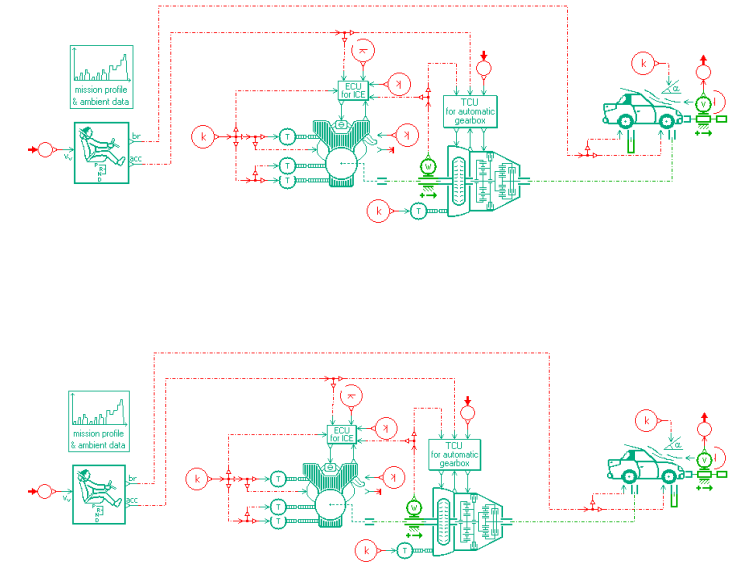
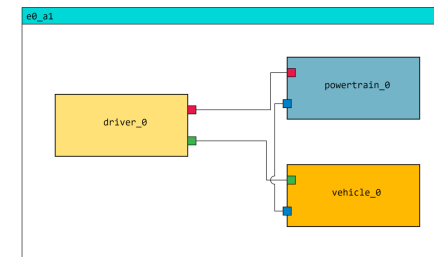
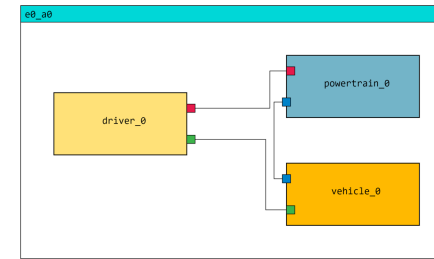
Note:
Toy example for illustrative purpose,
method scales to hundreds of components.

System Model



Vehicle mass: 1350 kg
ICE power: 215 HP
Weight distribution: 55%
Tires: 175/70R14
Friction coefficient: 0.8

Generated Architectures

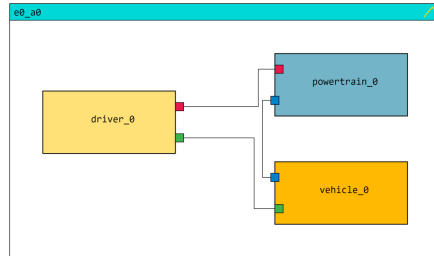


Data Preprocessing



All information is preserved.

Generated Architectures

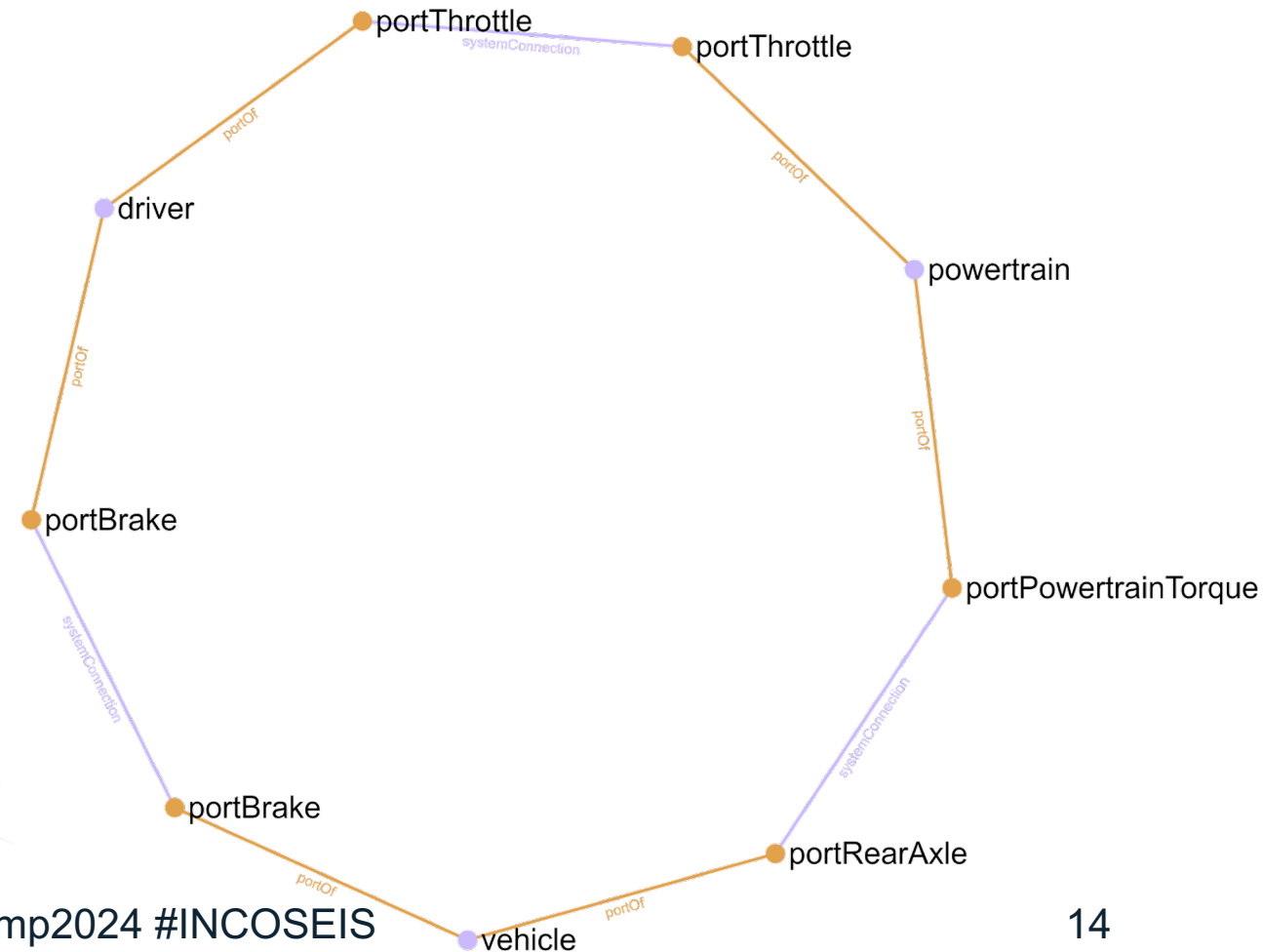


Vehicle mass: 1350 kg
ICE power: 215 HP
Weight distribution: 55%
Tires: 175/70R14
Friction coefficient: 0.8

2-6 July 2024

Graphs

Components and ports as nodes
Relationships as edges
Parameters as node attributes



Graph Embeddings



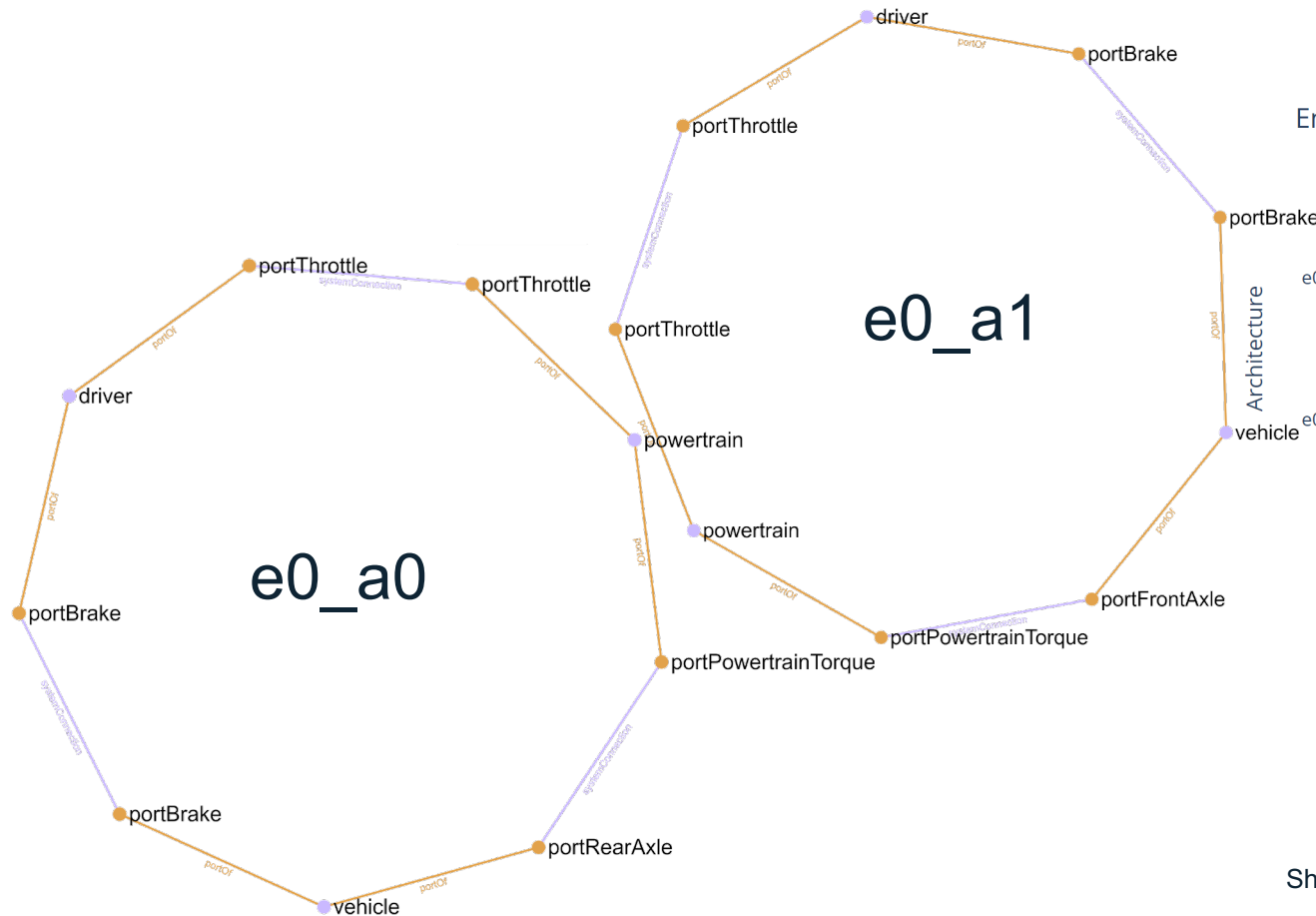
All information is preserved.

Graphs

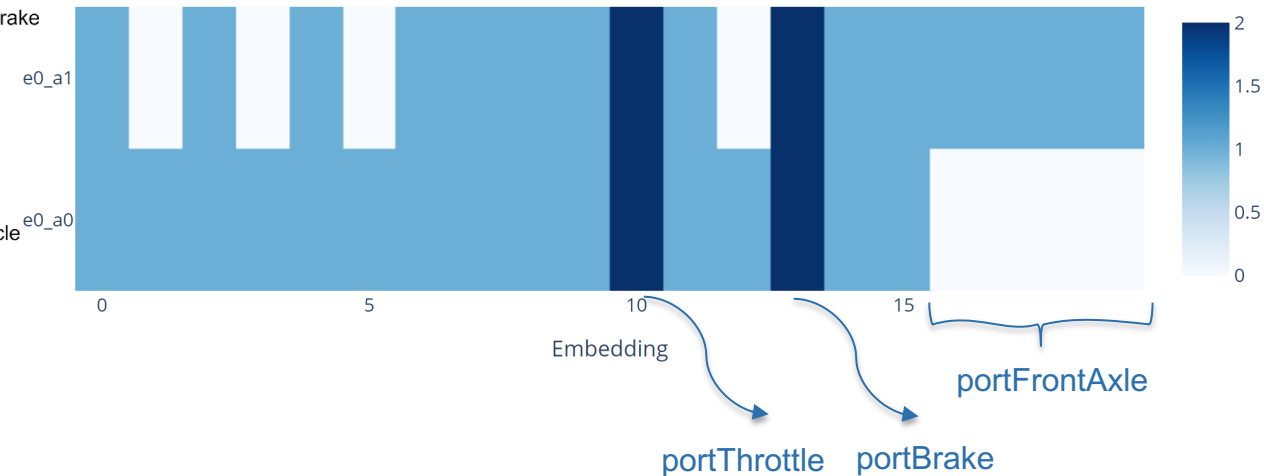
Components and ports as nodes
Relationships as edges
Parameters as node attributes

Embeddings

Counting: simple, fast, explainable
Node and edge attributes
Sparse, big matrix



Embedding matrix for simpleVehicle (Weisfeiler Lehman graph kernel with iteration = 1)



Shervashidze, N. et al., Weisfeiler Lehman Graph Kernels. Journal of Machine Learning Research. 2011.

Dimensionality Reduction

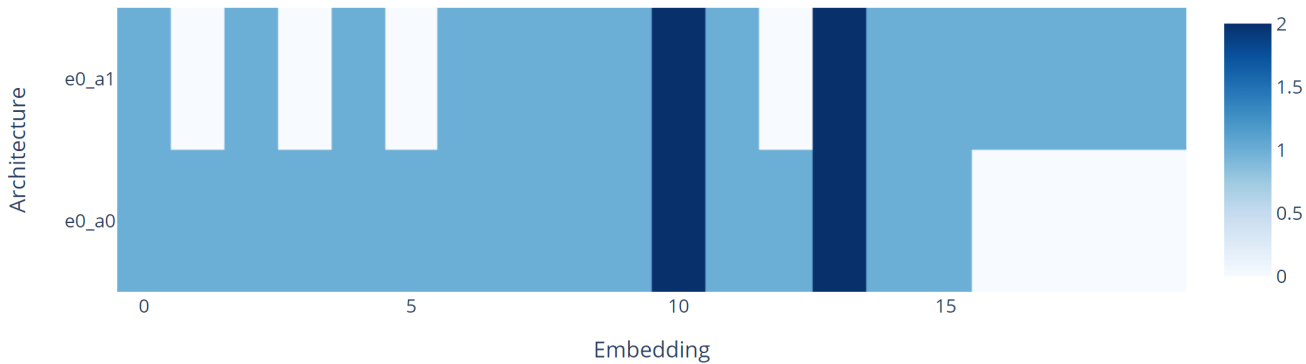
Embeddings

Counting: simple, fast, explainable
Node and edge attributes
Sparse, big matrix

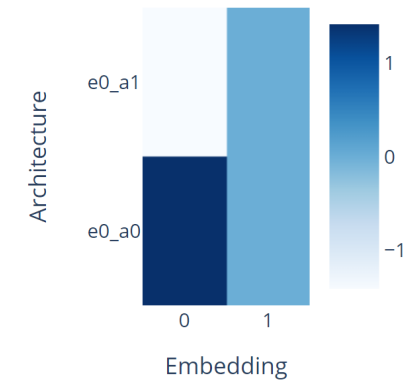
Reduced Embeddings

Coordinates of design architectures
Similarity and dissimilarity
Dense, small matrix

Embedding matrix for simpleVehicle (Weisfeiler Lehman graph kernel with iteration = 1)



Reduced embedding matrix for simpleVehicle (Weisfeiler Lehman graph kernel with iteration = 1)

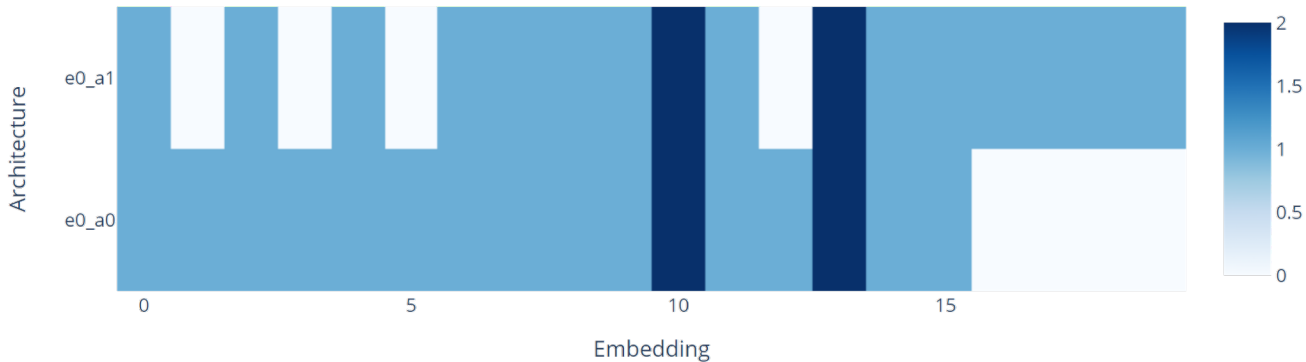


Dimensionality Reduction

Embeddings

Counting: simple, fast, explainable
Node and edge attributes
Sparse, big matrix

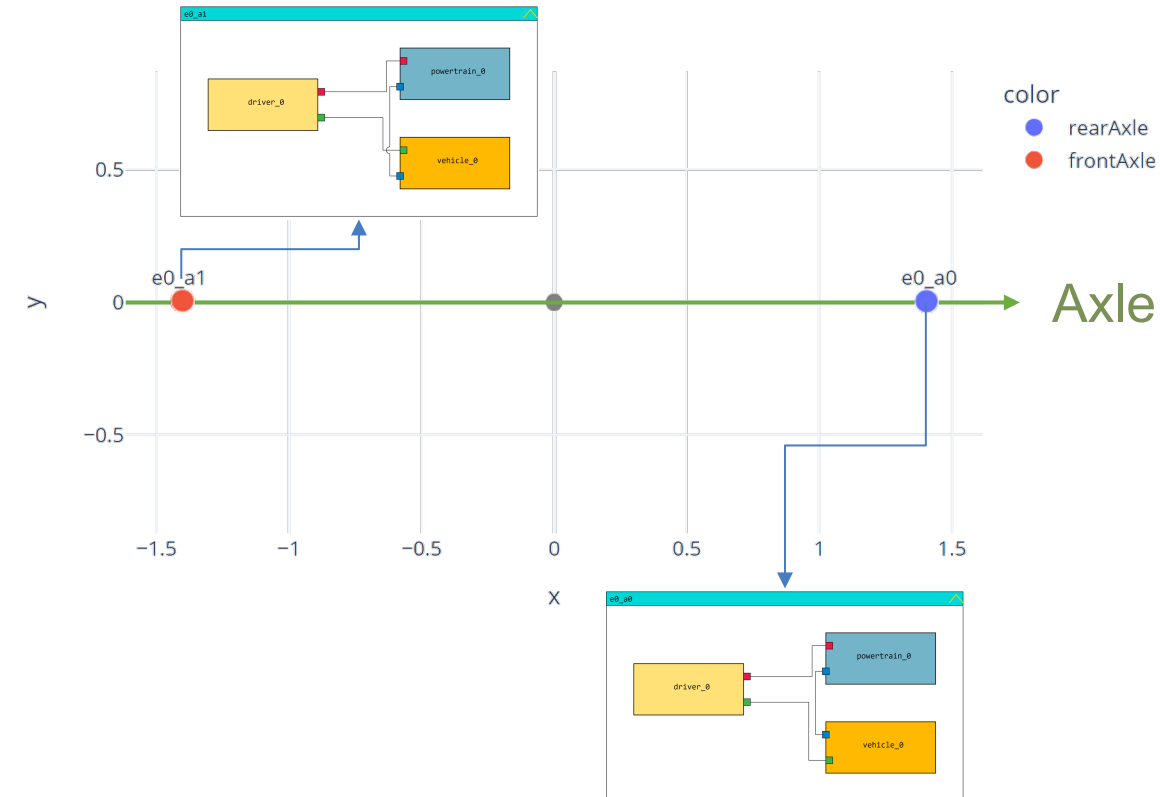
Embedding matrix for simpleVehicle (Weisfeiler Lehman graph kernel with iteration = 1)



Reduced Embeddings

Coordinates of design architectures
Similarity and dissimilarity
Dense, small matrix

simpleVehicle architectures coordinates





Results

Evaluation Method

Embedding
Space

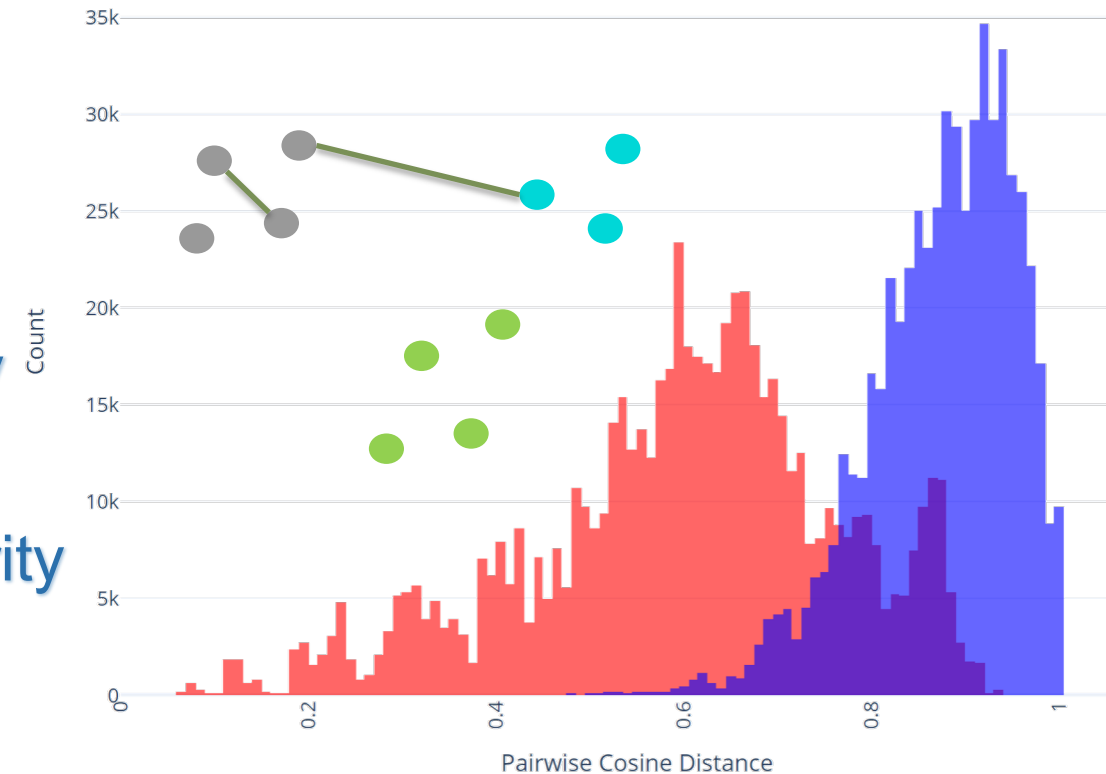
- **Labels:** Domain knowledge and human interpretation
- **Local Structure:** Intra-cluster structure characterized by local distance – intra-cluster pairwise distance
- **Global Structure:** Inter-cluster structure characterized by global distance – inter-cluster pairwise distance

Similarity

Dissimilarity

Conclusion: For all use cases, there is a statistically significant difference between the local and global distributions.

Histogram of Pairwise Cosine Distances for HEV Variants



Kolmogorov-Smirnov test:

Use Case	Statistic	P-value
APOLLO	0.46	8e-05
APOLLO Variants	0.63	4e-07
FIRESAT	0.83	7e-03
FIRESAT Variants	0.80	8e-216
HEV	0.73	3e-36
HEV Variants	0.75	0.0

Evaluation Method

Dimensionality Reduction (DR)

Method	Year	Type
MDS	1964	Exact
PaCMAP	2021	Approximate
PCA	1901	Projection

Reduced
Space

Qualitative:

- Visual inspection of design coordinates

Quantitative:

- **Baseline:** Original embedding space
- **Local Structure:** Let d be a design in the reduced space T , y its true label, and \tilde{y} the label predicted by a k-nearest neighbor classifier. The accuracy is given by:

$$KNN = \frac{1}{|T|} \sum_{d \in T} 1(y = \tilde{y})$$

- **Global Structure:** Random Triplet Accuracy (*RTA*).

Kruskal, J.B., Multidimensional Scaling by Optimizing Goodness of Fit to a Nonmetric Hypothesis. Psychometrika. 1964.

Wang, Y. et al., Understanding How Dimension Reduction Tools Work: An Empirical Approach to Deciphering t-SNE, UMAP, TriMAP, and PaCMAP for Data Visualization. Journal of Machine Learning Research. 2021.

Pearson, K., On Lines and Planes of Closest Fit to Systems of Points in Space. Philosophical Magazine. 1901.

Use Case: FIRESAT

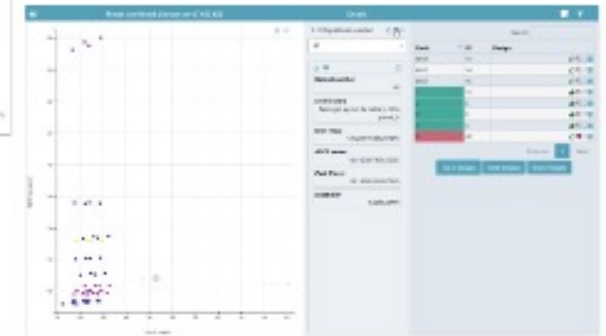
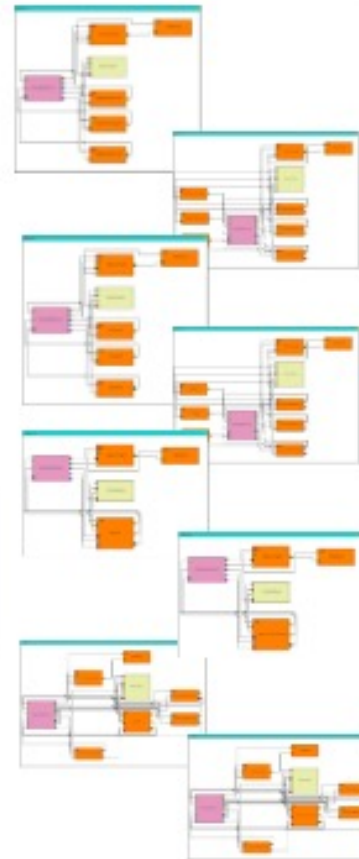
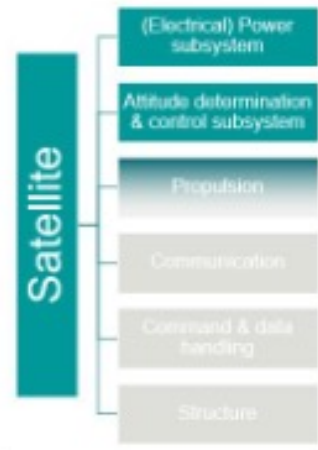
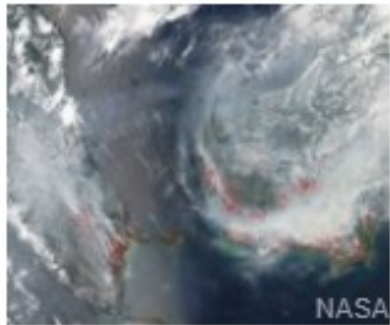
Mission design & objective

Subsystems definition, asset library

Architecture & configuration generation

Simulation & postprocessing

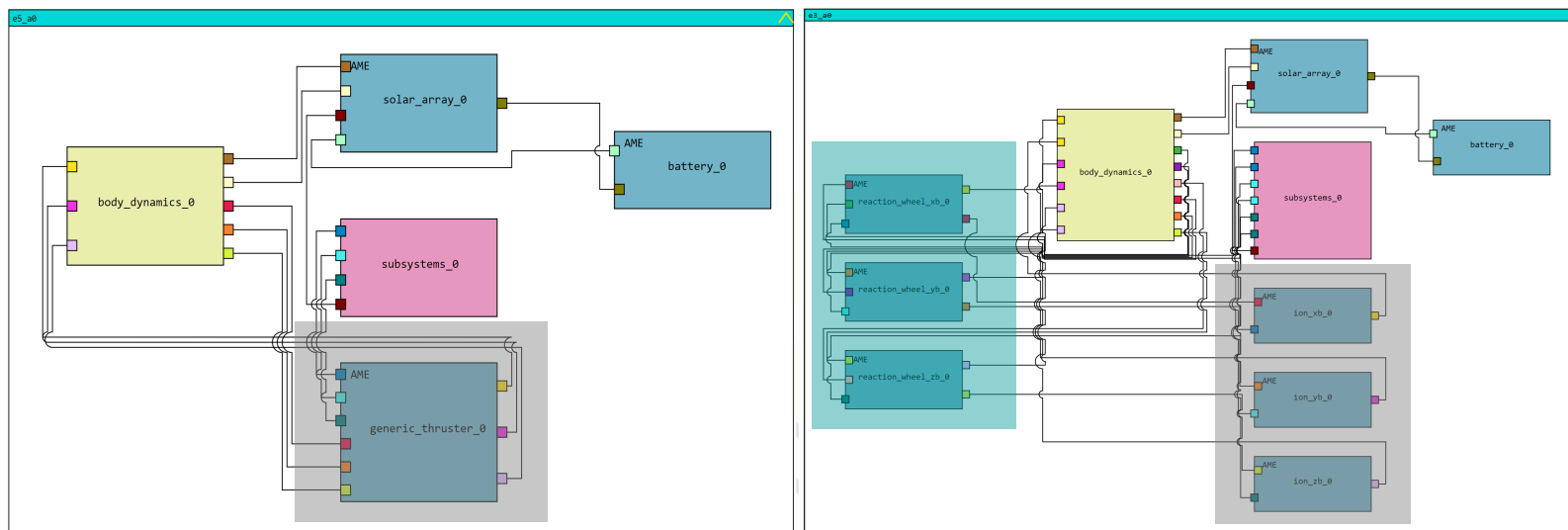
Attribute balancing & solution selection



Use Case: FIRESAT

Architectures

8 Architectures



Variants

56 Variants

- Solar array: Si or GaAS MJ
- Battery: NiCa or NiHy
- Generic thruster: 1, 2, 3, 4

Use Case: FIRESAT

Architectures

$y = x$ for ADCS
 $y = -x$ for reaction wheel

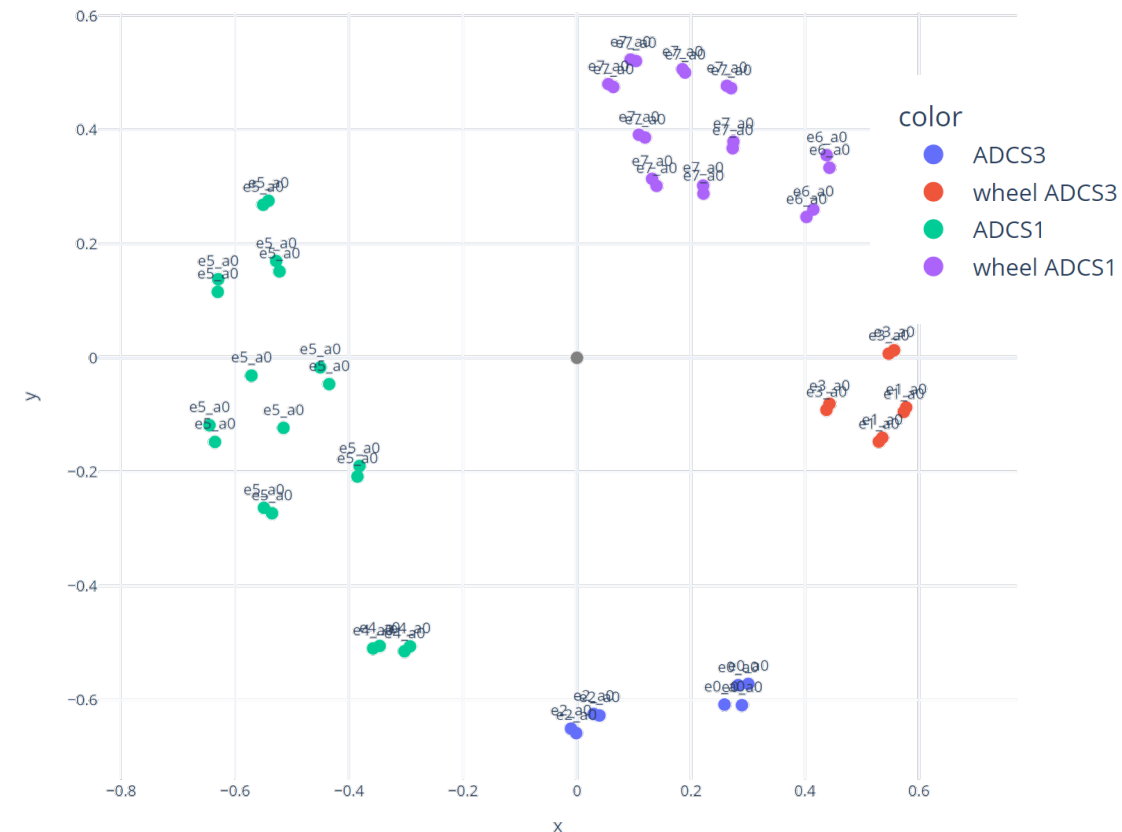
Variants

Clusters further expanded
Relative positions preserved

FIRESAT architectures coordinates - MDS



FIRESAT variants coordinates - MDS

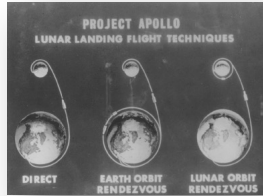


Use Case: APOLLO

Capture

Explore

Discover

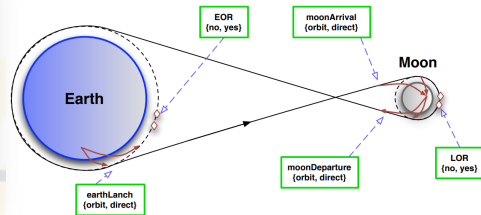


Considered 1962:

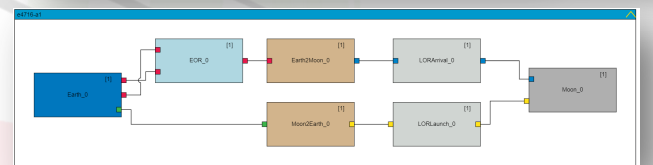
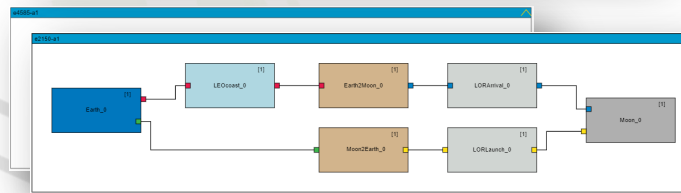
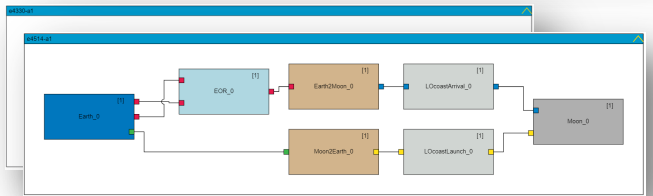
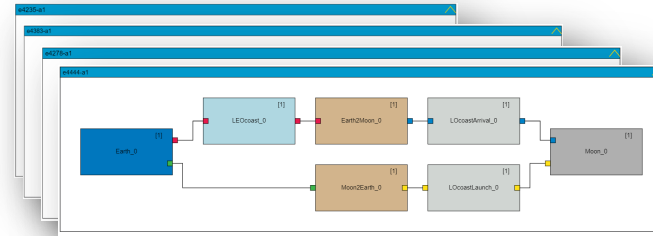
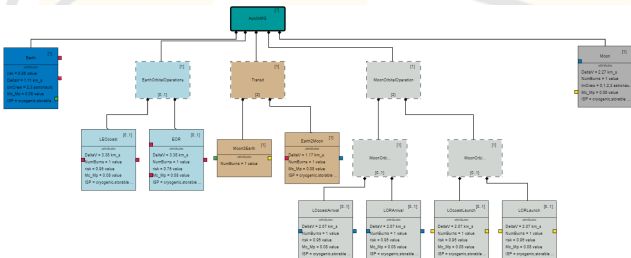
- Earth Orbit Rendezvous (EOR)
- Lunar Orbit Rendezvous (LOR)
- Liquid Nova Direct (NOVA DF)
- Saturn C-5 Direct (C-5 DF)



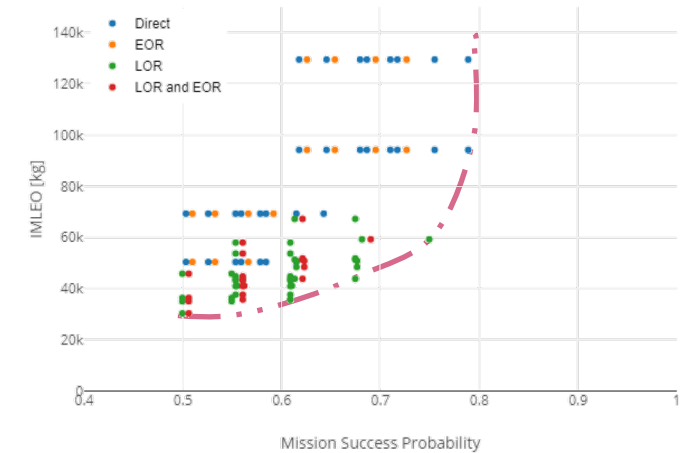
Nowadays part of textbooks



Remodeled with Simcenter Studio:



Apollo Mission Architecture Design



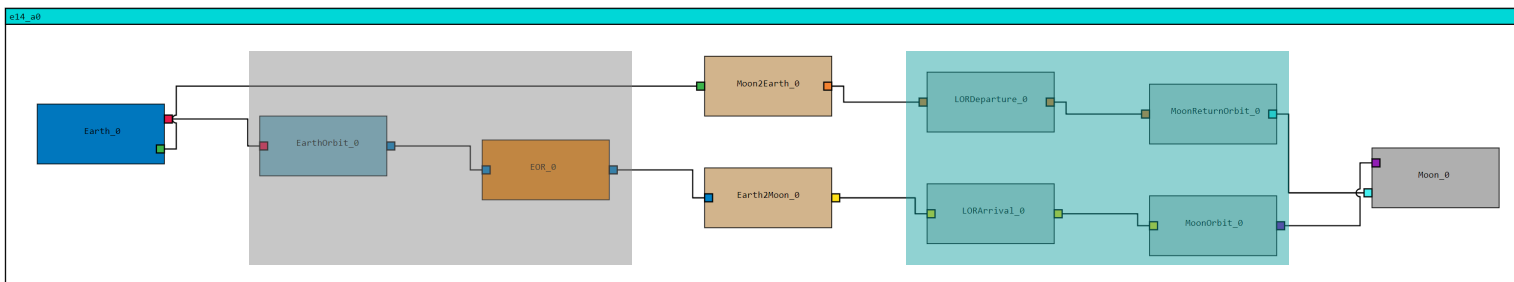
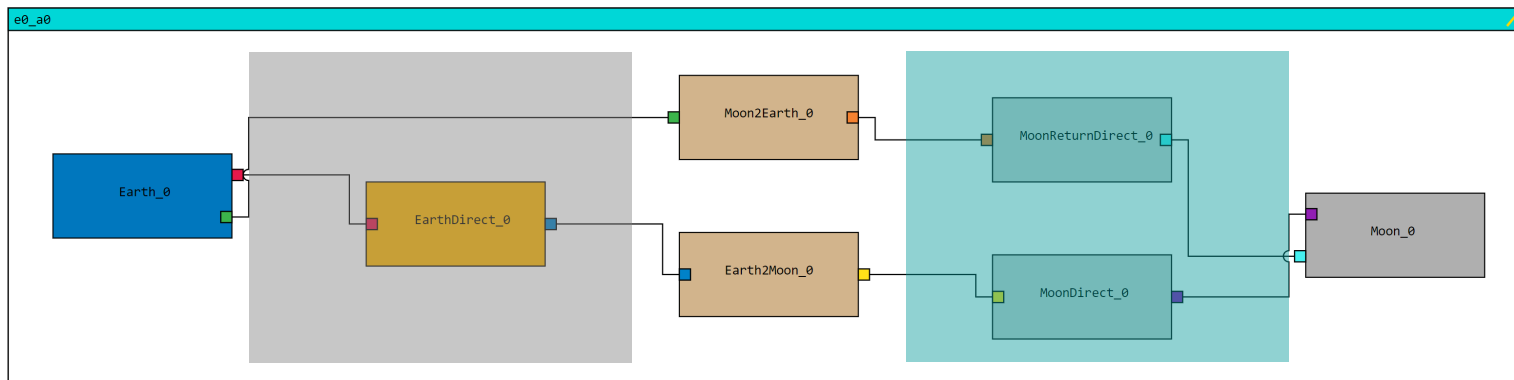
Trade-study considering:

- Architecture
- Crew size
- Propellant type
- Number of burns

Use Case: APOLLO

Architectures

15 Architectures



Variants

108 Variants

- # Crew Members: 2, 3
- # Crew Members to Moon: 1, ..., all
- Fuel Type: storable and/or cryogenic

Use Case: APOLLO

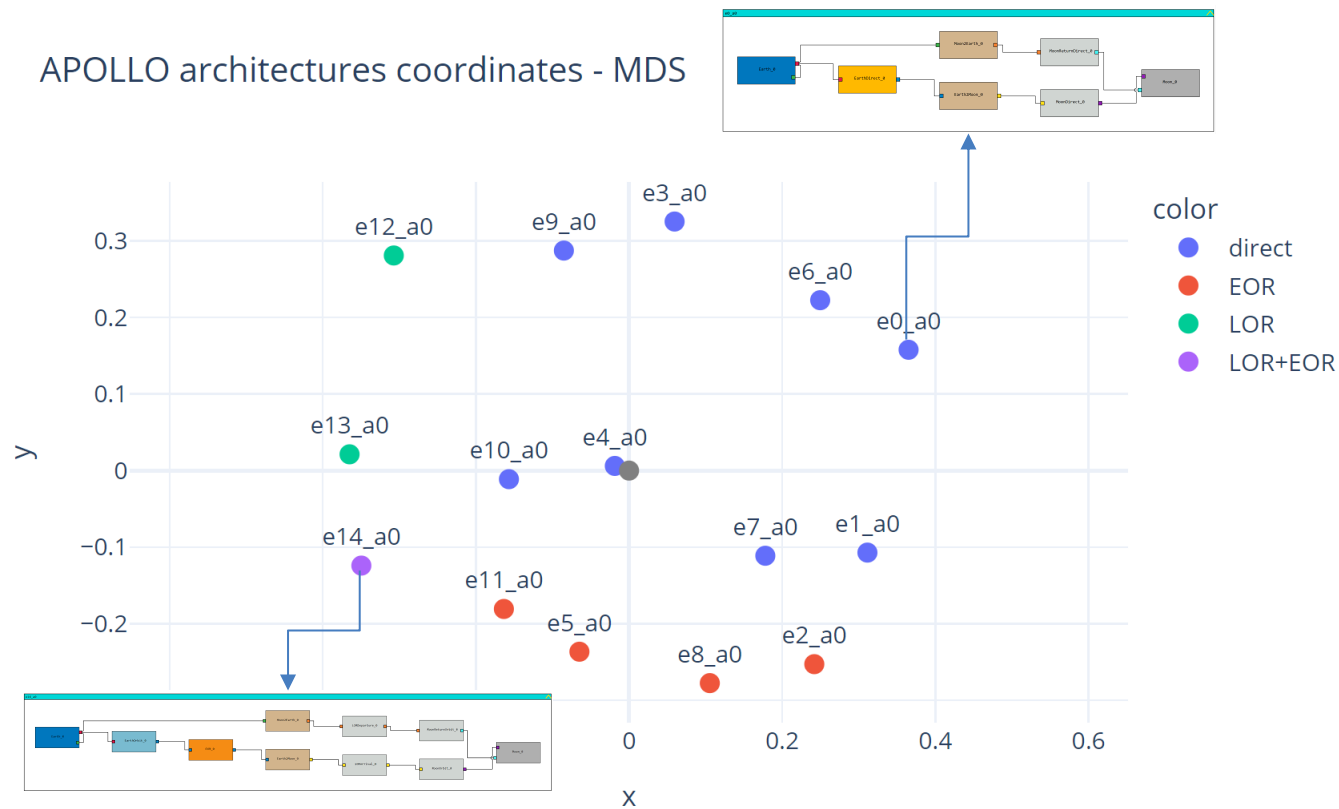
Architectures

X-axis for LOR
Y-axis for EOR

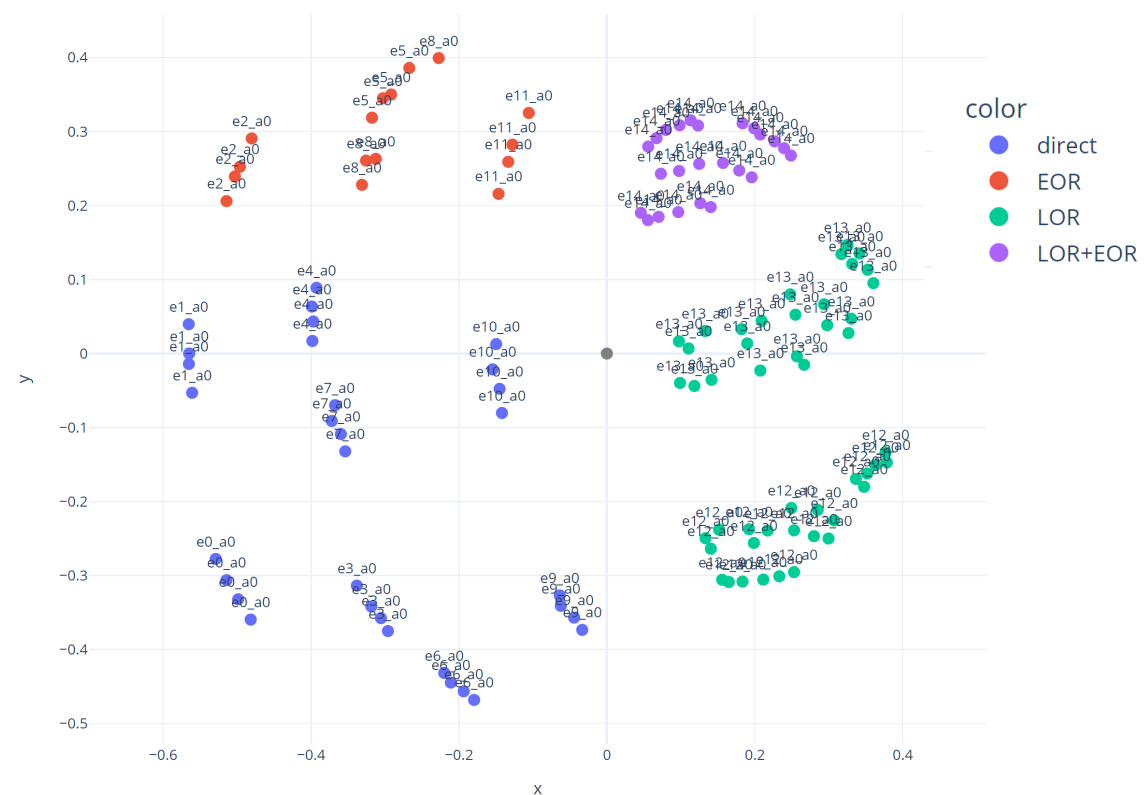
Variants

Clusters further expanded
Relative positions preserved

APOLLO architectures coordinates - MDS



APOLLO variants coordinates - MDS



Use Case: APOLLO – DR Comparison

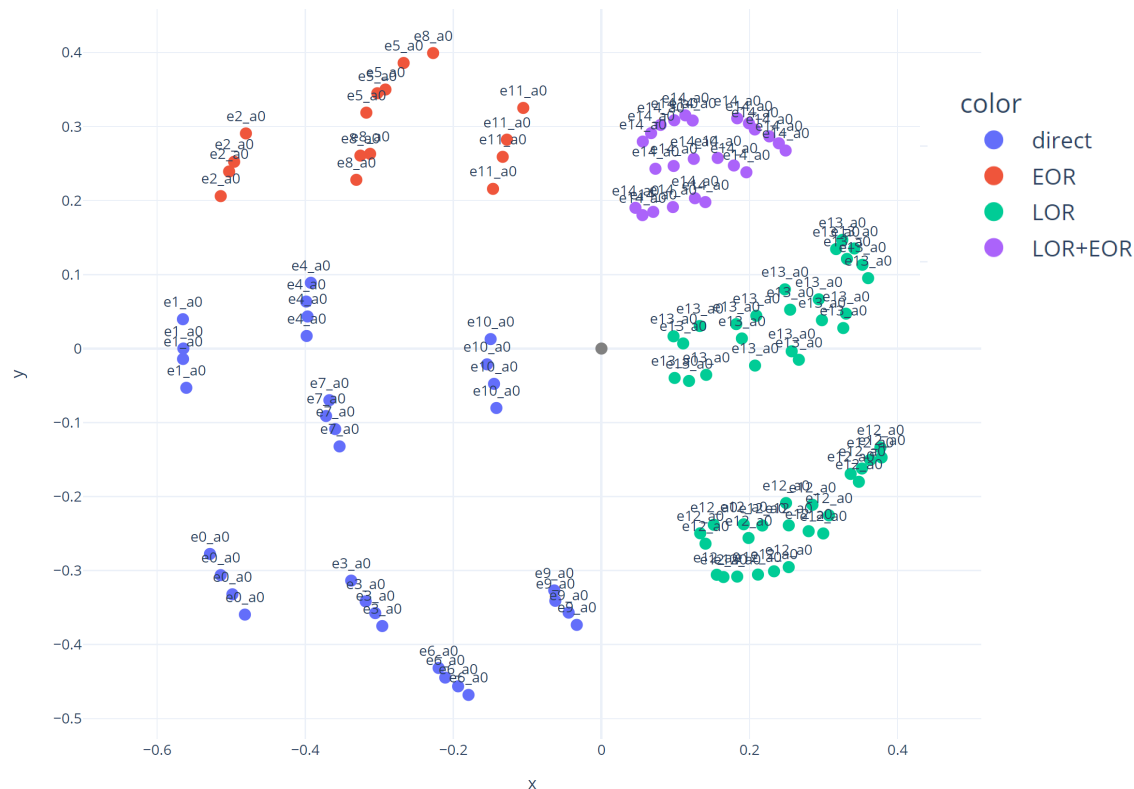
Variants

Clusters further expanded
Relative positions preserved

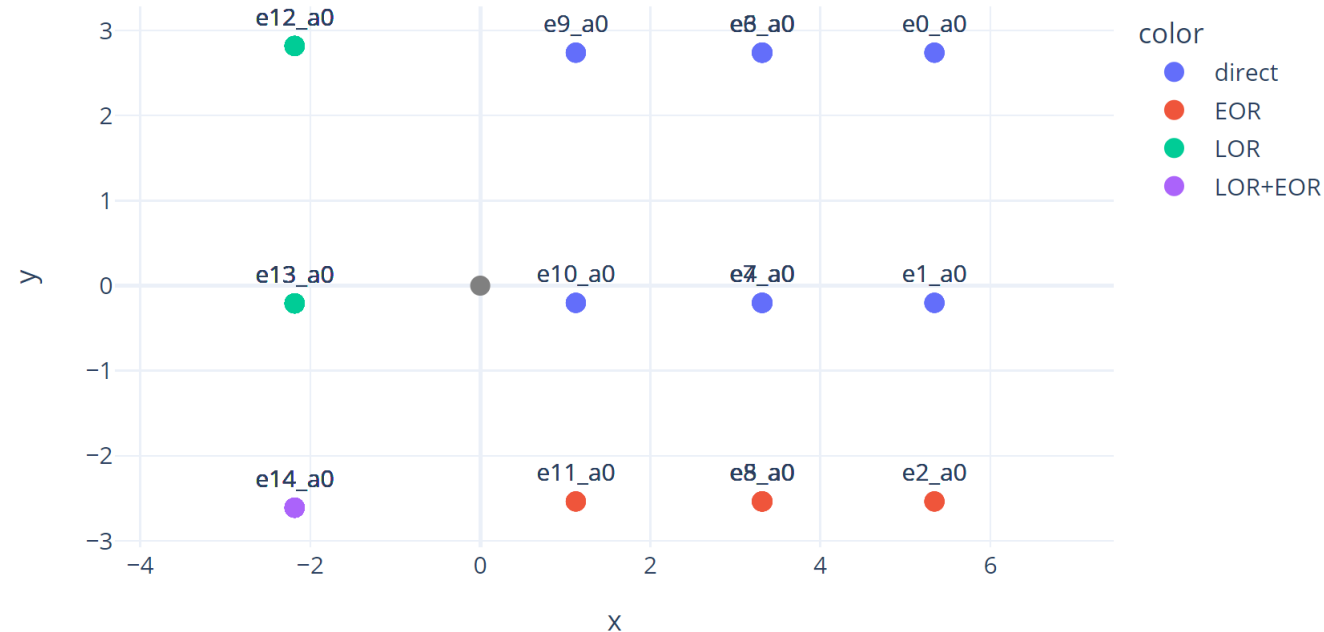
Variants

Global structure preserved
Local structure lost

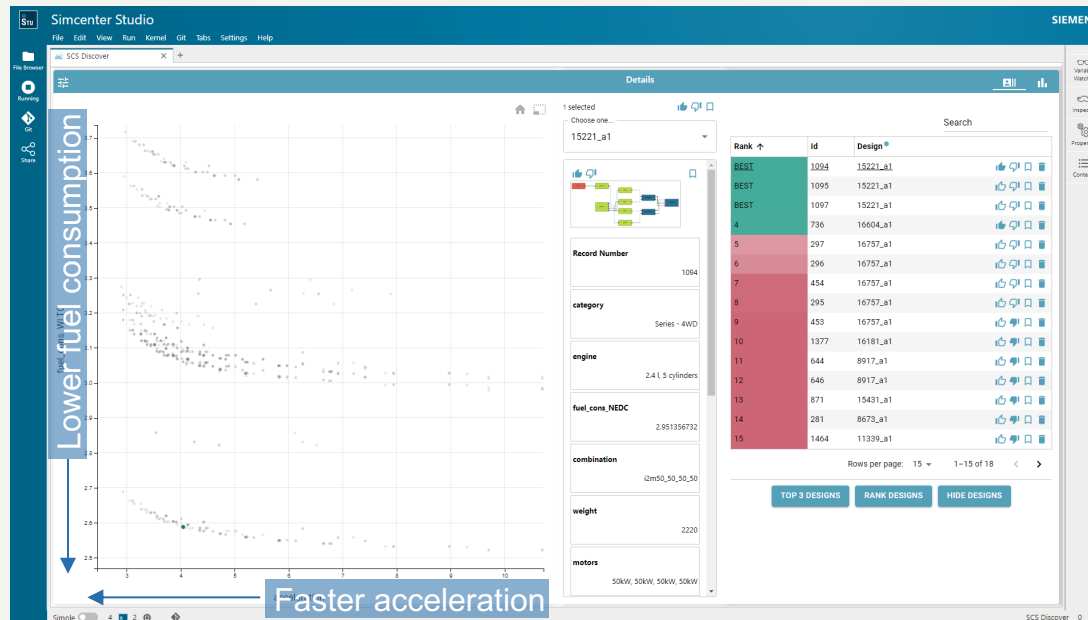
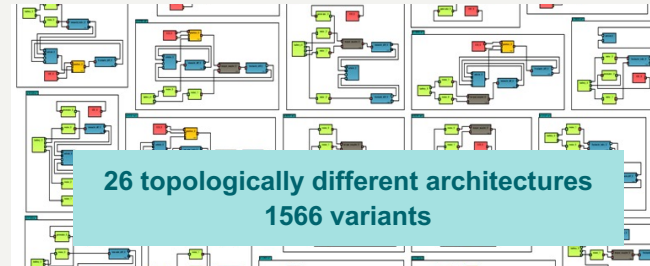
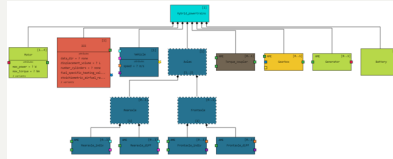
APOLLO variants coordinates - MDS



APOLLO variants coordinates - PCA



Use Case: HEV



Challenge

Design of the optimal hybrid powertrain combining including multiple combustion engine and electric motor variants

Solution

Use Simcenter Studio to generate and evaluate 100s of powertrain architecture alternatives

Benefit

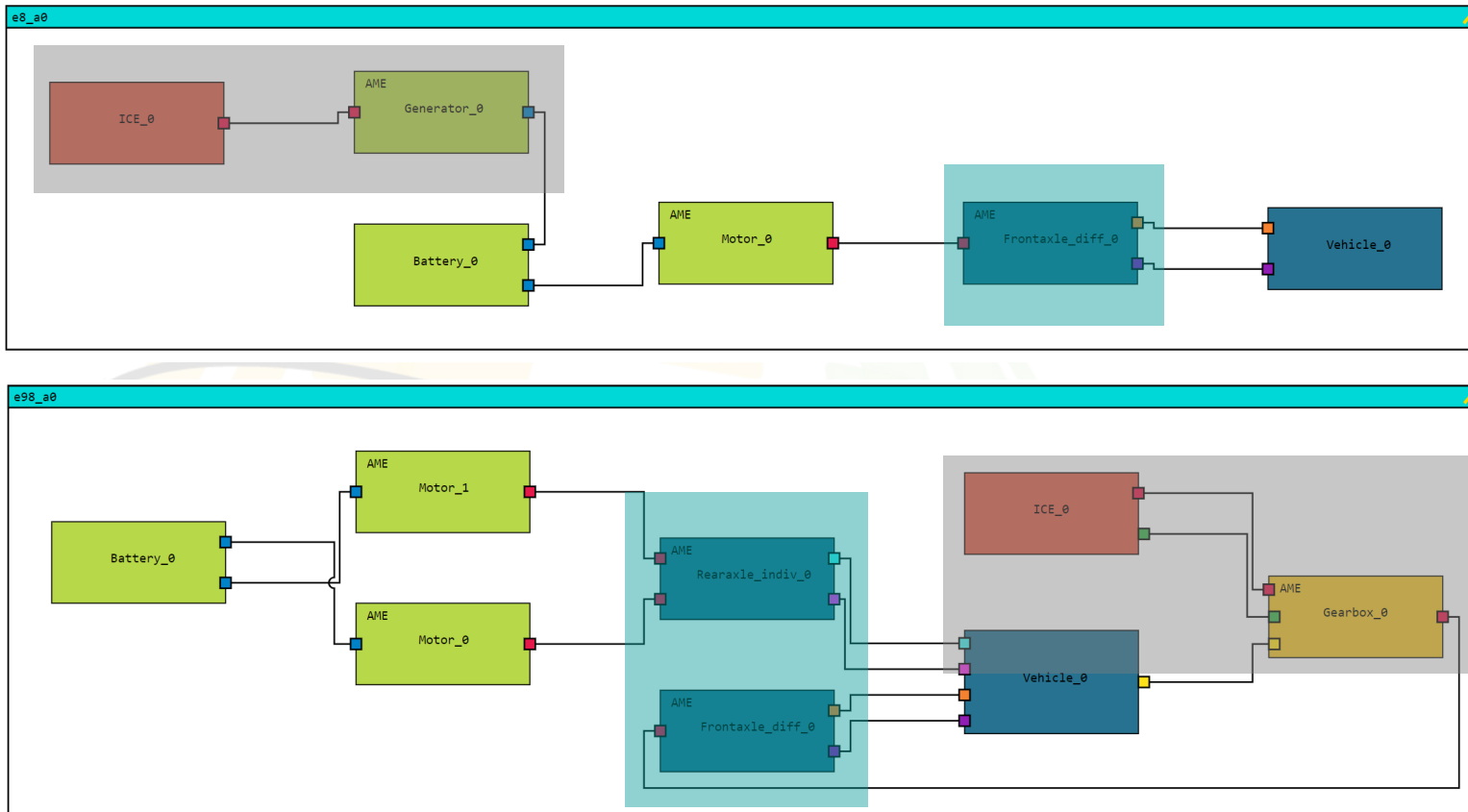
- Over 1500 powertrains generated and evaluated on multiple KPIs
- 20% improvement in fuel consumption, 7% cost improvement, 6% better acceleration

Vanhuyse J., Closed-loop Design Methodology for Hybrid Electric Vehicle Powertrains. 2018.

Use Case: HEV

Architectures

26 Architectures



Variants

1566 Variants

- ICE: 1, 2, 3
- Electric motor: 1, 2, 3
- # Electric motor: 1, ..., 4
- # Torque coupler: 0, 1
- # Generator: 0, 1
- # Gearbox: 0, 1
- Axles: front, rear, or both

Use Case: HEV

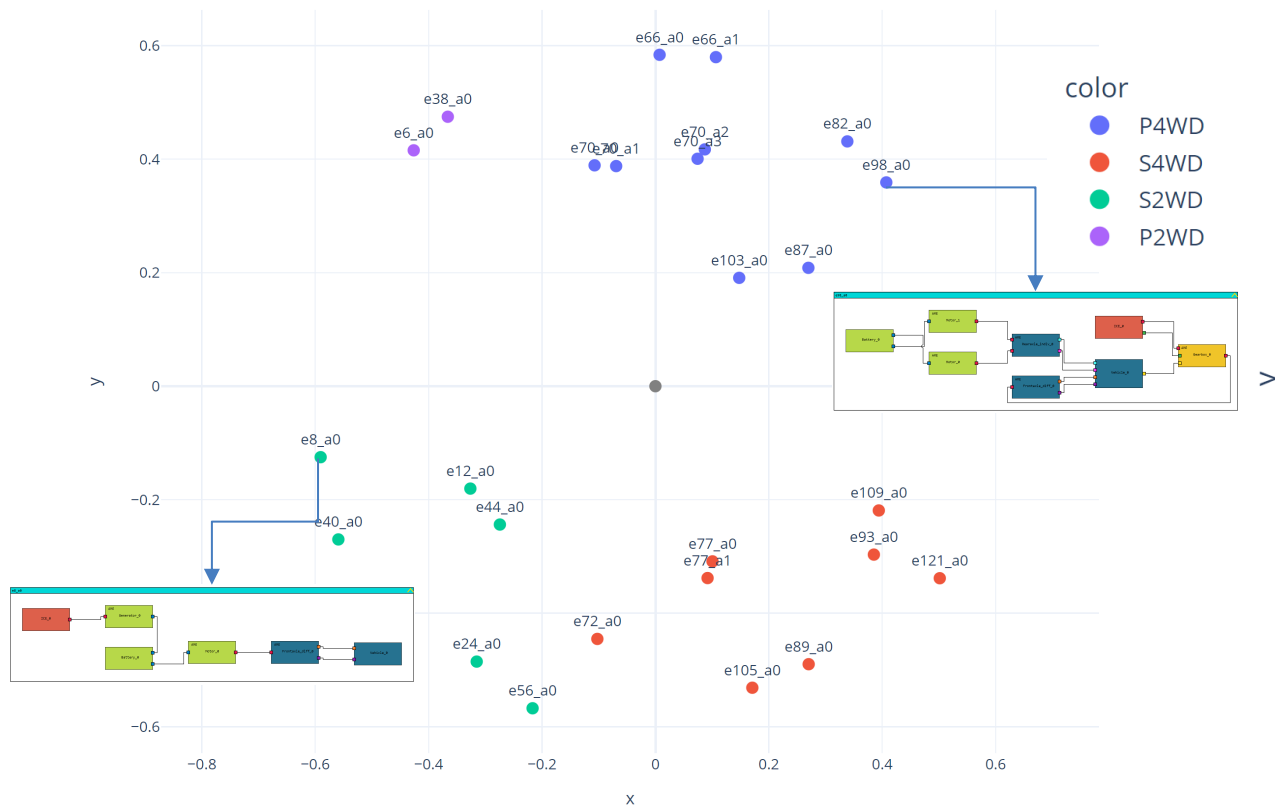
Architectures

X-axis for parallel / series
 $y = -0.15$ for wheel drive

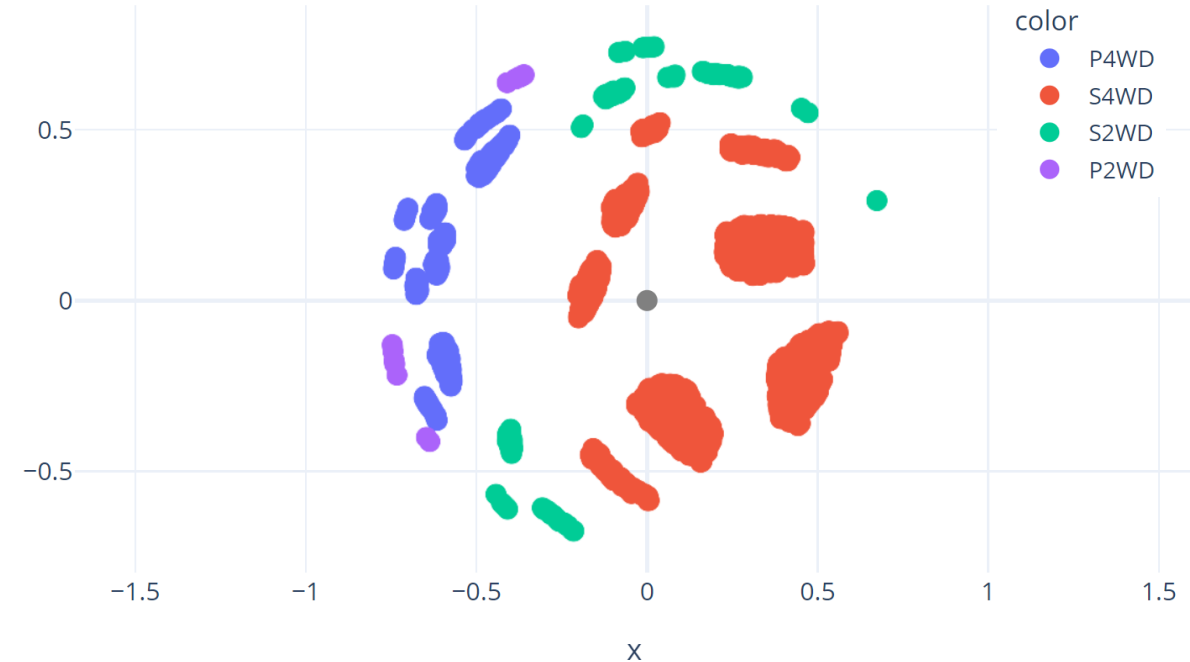
Variants

MDS fails
Computation time 104s

HEV architectures coordinates - MDS



HEV variants coordinates - MDS



Use Case: HEV – DR Comparison

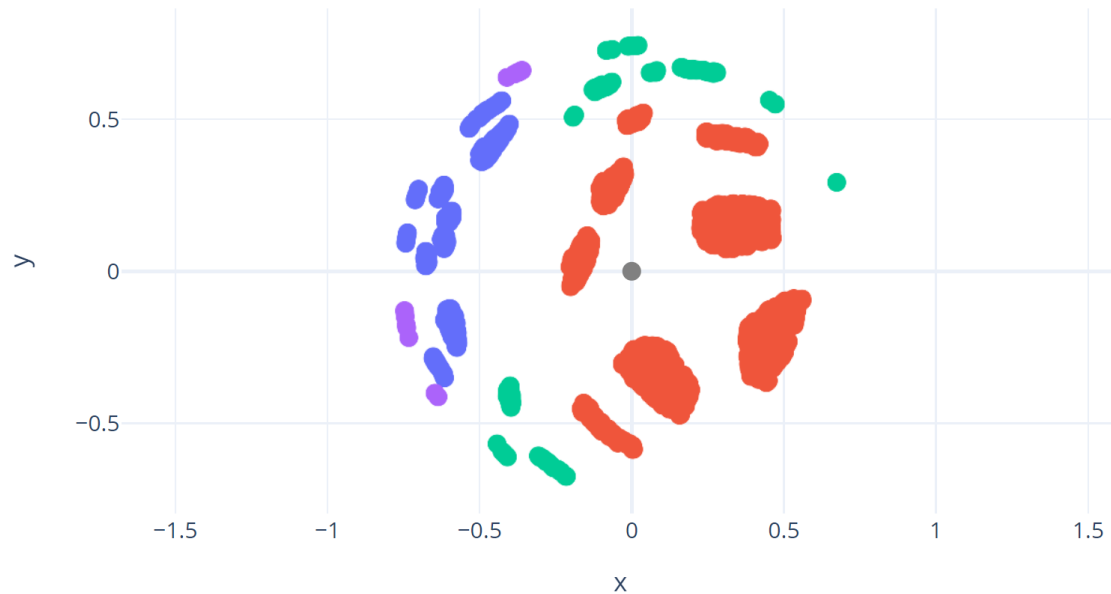
Variants

MDS fails
Computation time 104s

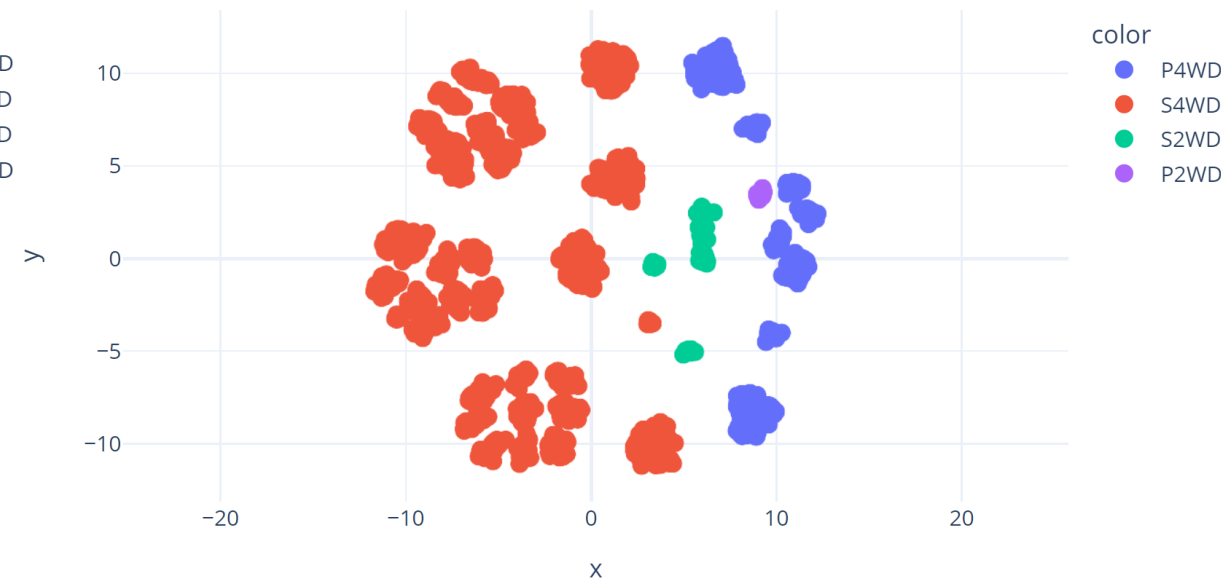
Variants

PacMAP preserves clusters
Computation time 10s

HEV variants coordinates - MDS

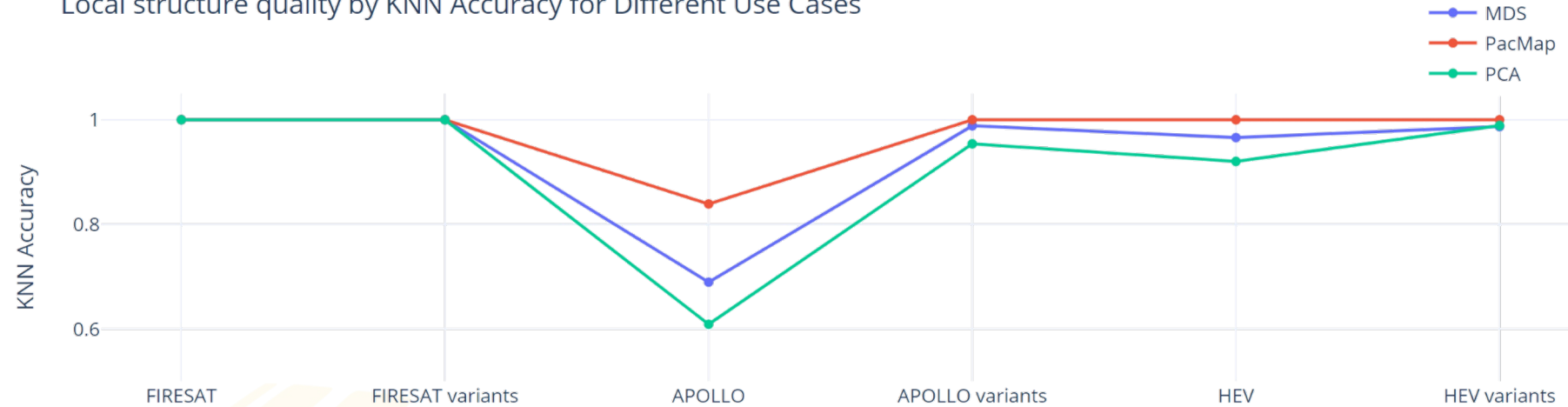


HEV variants coordinates - PacMAP

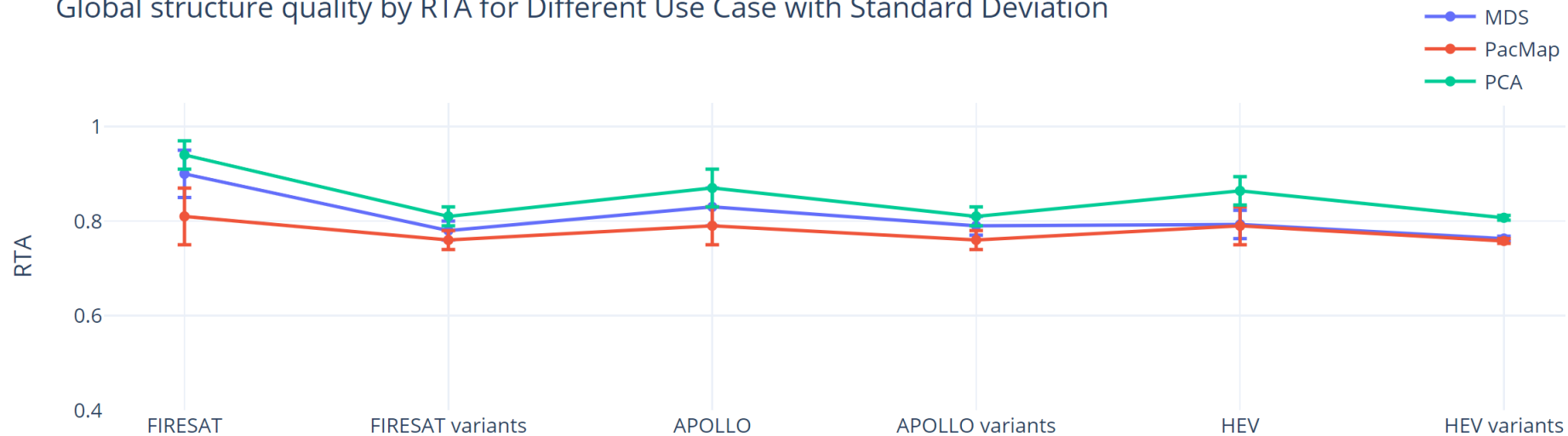


Quantitative Evaluation Results

Local structure quality by KNN Accuracy for Different Use Cases

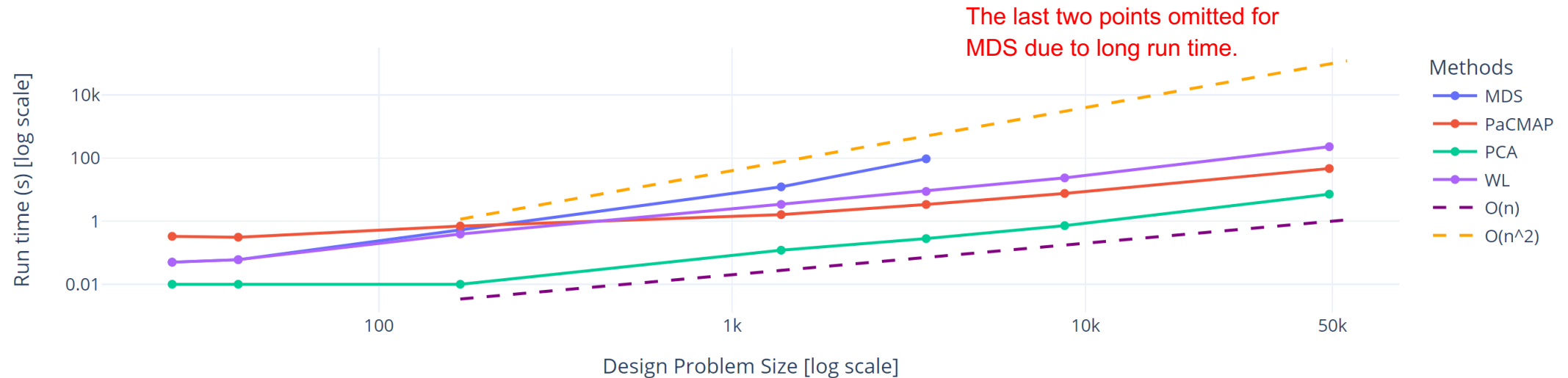


Global structure quality by RTA for Different Use Case with Standard Deviation



Quantitative Evaluation Results

Benchmark Results Comparison - DR (log scale)



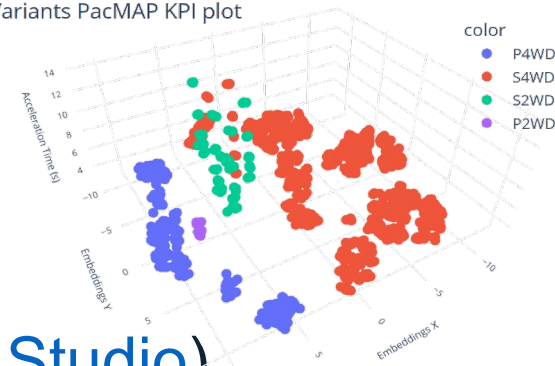
Method	Year	Type	Structure	Speed	Precision	Tuning
MDS	1964	Exact	Both	Slow	High	No
PaCMAP	2021	Approximate	Local	Medium	Medium	Yes
PCA	1901	Projection	Global	Fast	Low	No



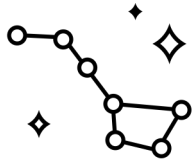
Conclusion

Conclusion

HEV Variants PacMAP KPI plot



Generative methods available for engineering ([Simcenter Studio](#))



Challenges in data interpretation



Machine Learning solutions for navigating complex trade space



Similarity & dissimilarity of topologically different, unlabeled designs



Real-world engineering problems from automotive, aerospace, and defense

Q&A

Thank you for your attention! Any questions?

Dr. Mike Nicolai

Head of Simcenter MBSE

Siemens Industry Software NV
Interleuvenlaan 68
3001 Leuven
Belgium

Mobile +32 471 35 98 94

E-mail mike.nicolai@siemens.com

Kefan Sun

Research Engineer

Siemens Industry Software NV
Interleuvenlaan 68
3001 Leuven
Belgium

Mobile +33 7 68 07 28 56

E-mail kefan.sun@siemens.com



34th Annual **INCOSE** international symposium

hybrid event

Dublin, Ireland
July 2 - 6, 2024

www.incose.org/symp2024
#INCOSEIS



Back Up Slides

Graph Embeddings

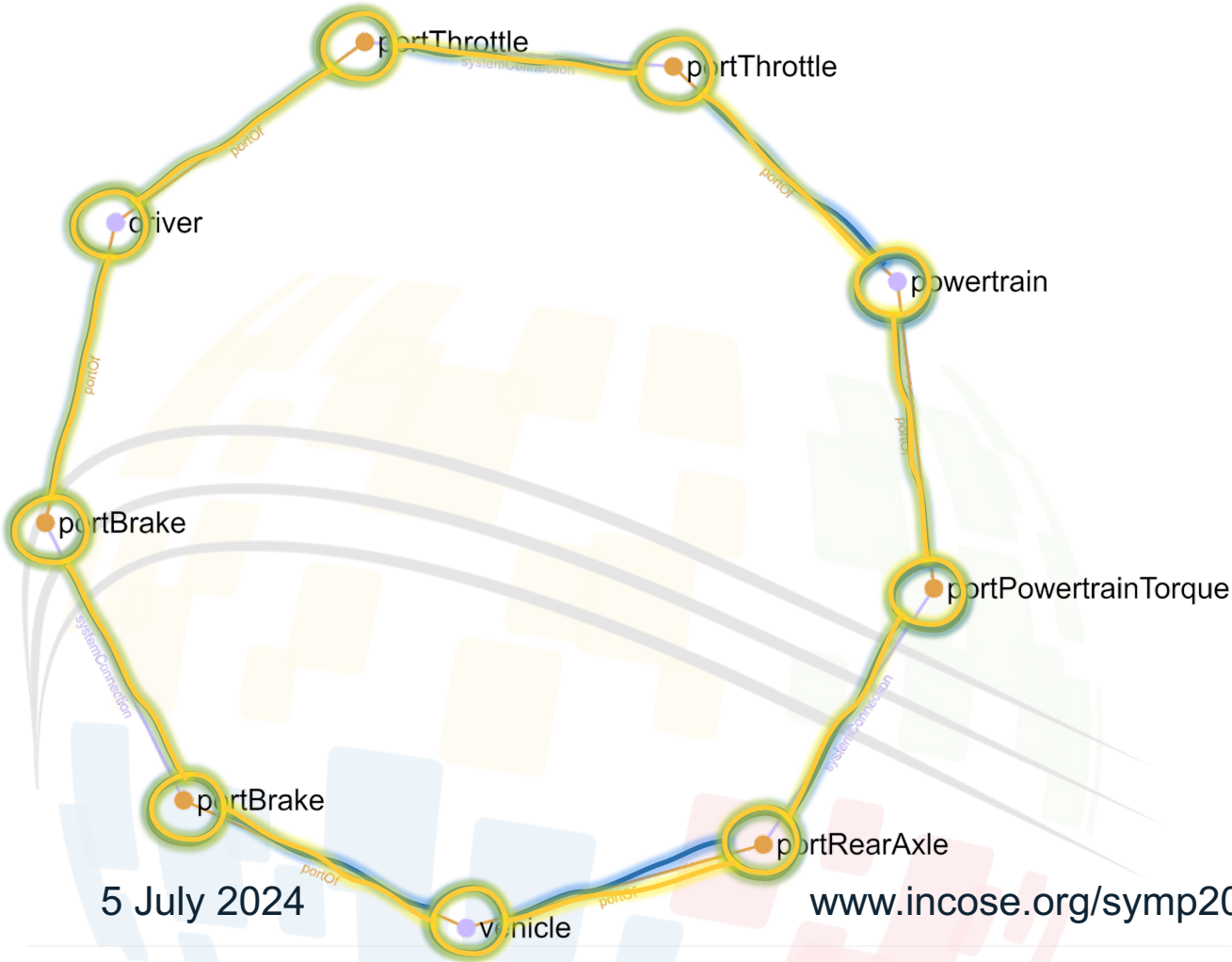
Graphs

Components and ports as nodes
Relationships as edges
Parameters as node attributes

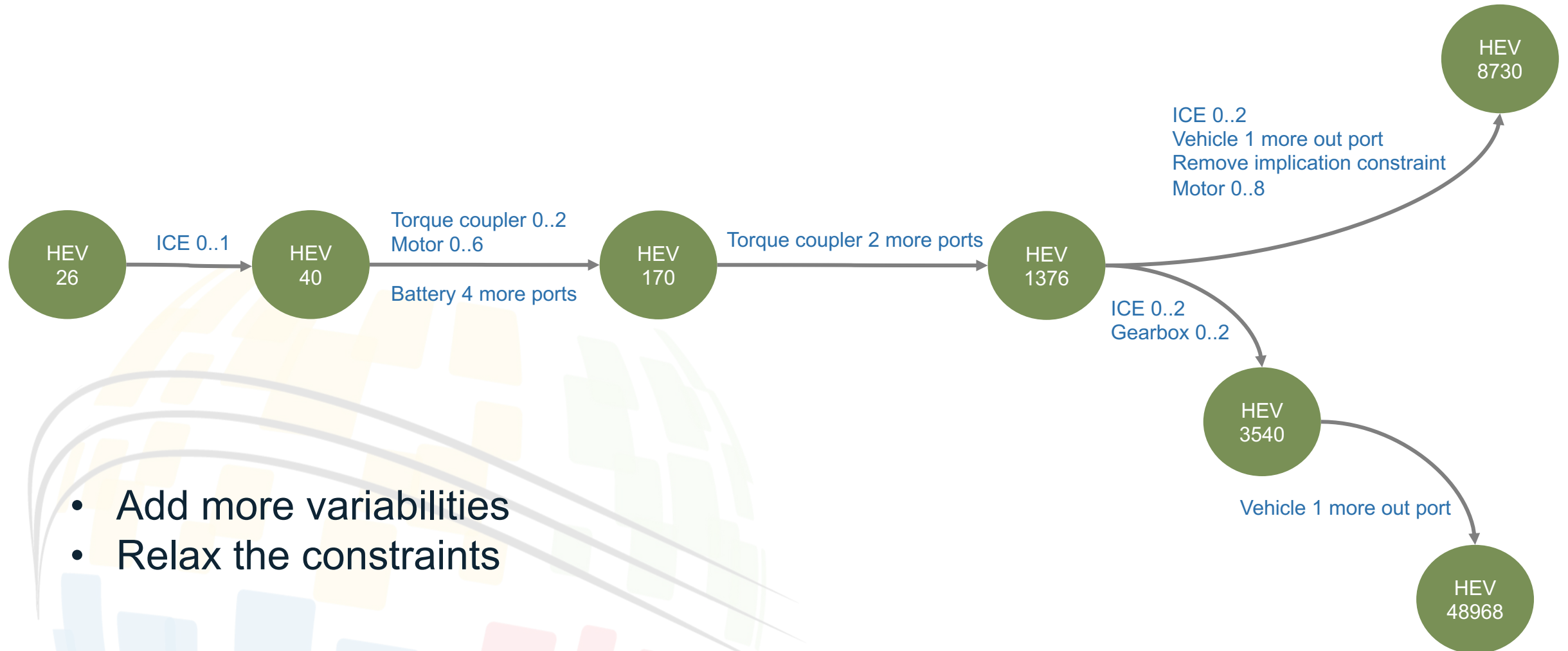
Embeddings

Iterative counting:

- Initialization, [driver, powertrain, vehicle, portBrake, ...]
- It=1, [driver_portBrake _portThrottle, portThrottle_driver_portThrottle, ...]
- It=2, [driver_portBrake _portThrottle _portBrake _portThrottle, ...]
- And so on...



Benchmark creation



- Add more variabilities
- Relax the constraints