



**34<sup>th</sup>** Annual **INCOSE**  
international symposium

hybrid event

Dublin, Ireland  
July 2 - 6, 2024



Presenters: Kerry Lunney & Stéphane Bonnet

# The A to Z for Implementing a Digital Transformation (DT) on a Systems Project

“Copyright © 2024 by Kerry Lunney & Stéphane Bonnet. Permission granted to INCOSE to publish and use.  
Reuse by all others permitted with prior written consent of Kerry Lunney or Stéphane Bonnet”



# Trials & Tribulations of Transforming



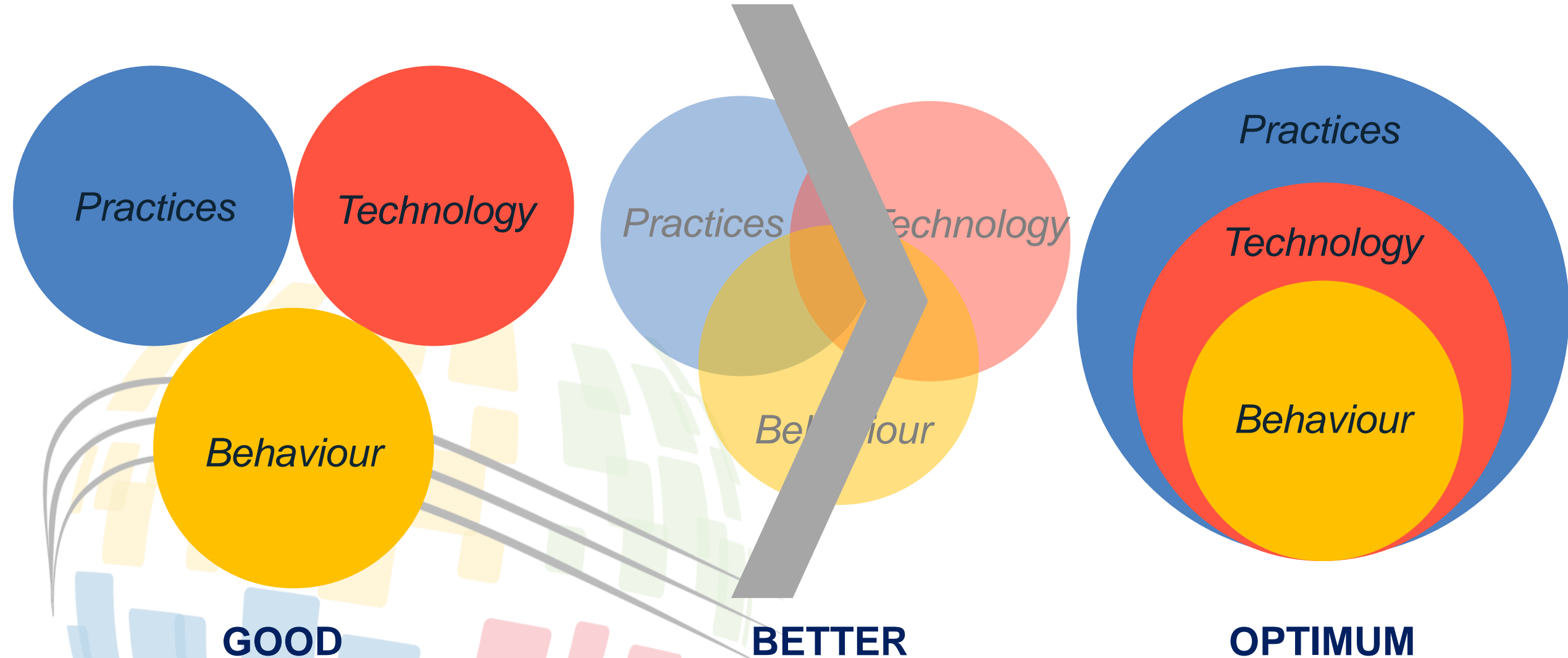


# Expected Outcomes from a Digital Transformation (DT)

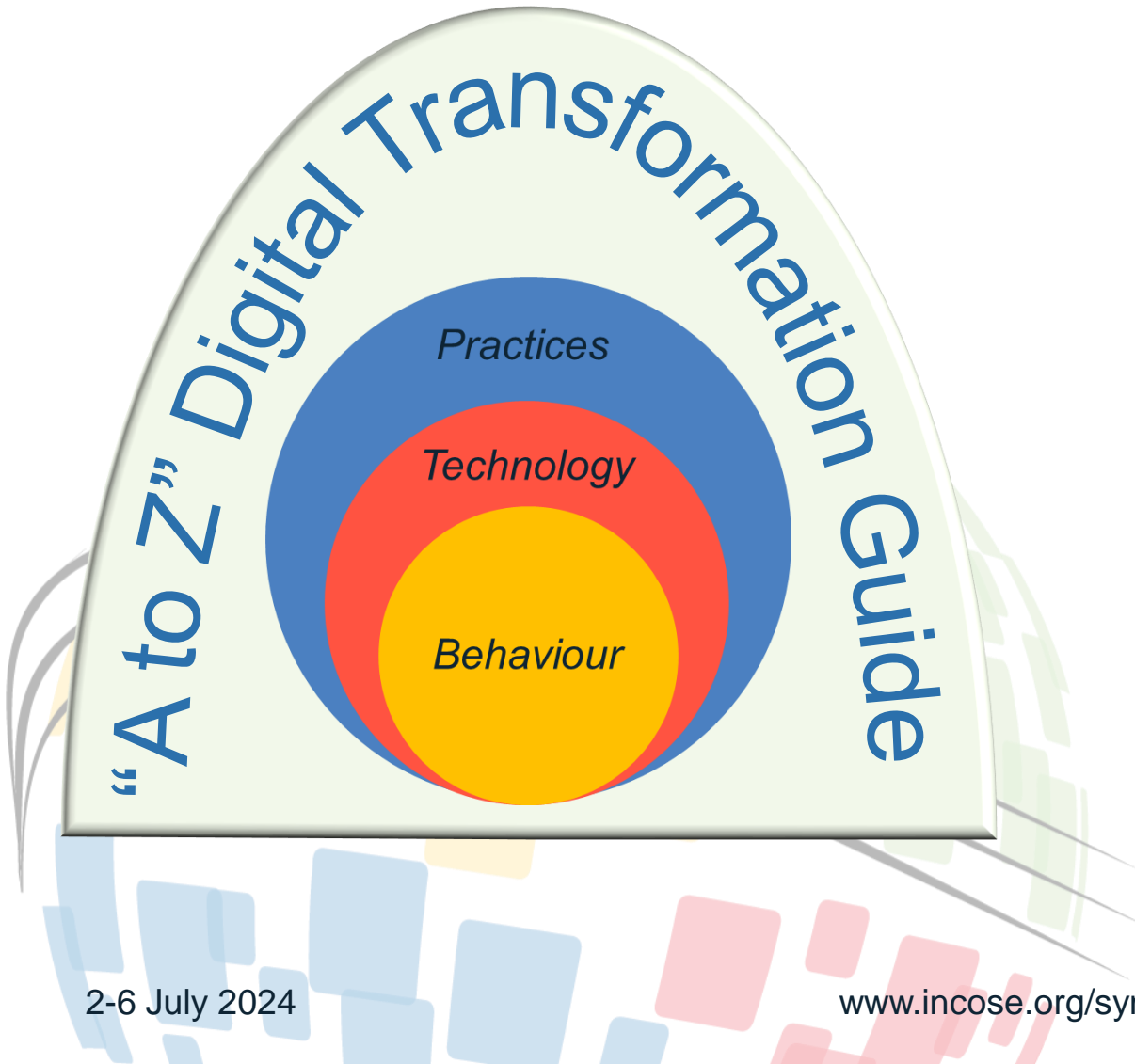
- Value creation
- Generation of data & knowledge
- Streamlined & “automated” processes
- Model based approaches
- Digital skilled organisation
- Multiple platform & infrastructure options
- Faster responsiveness
- Increased experimentation
- Greater collaboration & sharing capability
- Improved “what if” analysis
- Improved “speed to market”
- And more...



# Ideal Digital Transformation Pattern



# To Navigate the Digital Transformation (DT)



- Format for each letter –
  - Key word
  - Description
  - Importance
  - Bridges & Blockers – these are examples only
- Note that although the presentation will include 26 tips, when presenting only a handful will be discussed due to time limitations

# A to Z Digital Transformation (DT) Guide (1/7)

## A Agility

Description: Agility is required when delivering solutions (product/system/service) when knowledge is uncertain & operational environments are dynamic

Importance: Provides the means to improve responsiveness

\*Bridge(s): Modular architectures / shared knowledge management / attentive situational awareness

\*Blocker(s): Heavy processes / monolithic organisations / “old” acquisition schemes / wrong lifecycles

## B Business

Description: A digital mindset of the entire enterprise is required for a DT to sustain & possibly grow a business

Importance: The enterprise must sponsor, govern, evolve & flourish through a DT

\*Bridge(s): Digital resources / early adopters / digital mindset / tailorable company processes

\*Blocker(s): Existing contractual frameworks / financial cycles / fear of change/failure / low risk profile

## C Culture

Description: An organisation’s culture reflects its willingness to adopt & adapt a digital mindset to enable the practices & technologies for a DT

Importance: Without “a shared vision”, any attempt to carry out a DT will be sub-optimum

\*Bridge(s): Understanding the systems thinking “iceberg” / skilled digital workforce / early adopters

\*Blocker(s): Resistance to change / uninformed workforce / unskilled in digital technologies / fear of failure

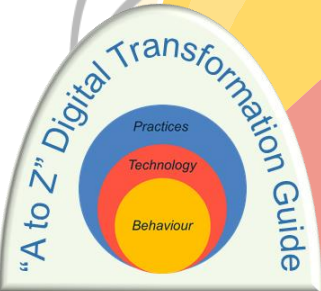
## D Data

Description: Defining, creating, sharing, storing & protecting data is key for a DT

Importance: There is no DT without data & the ability to analyse the data, possibly using new techniques such as visual data analytics & augmented data analytics

\*Bridge(s): Digital competent workforce / ability to categorise data & adjust the way the data is handled / \$\$ asset

\*Blocker(s): Unskilled digital workforce / wrong competencies / lack of digital resources / poor workflows



Key:

Behaviour

Technology

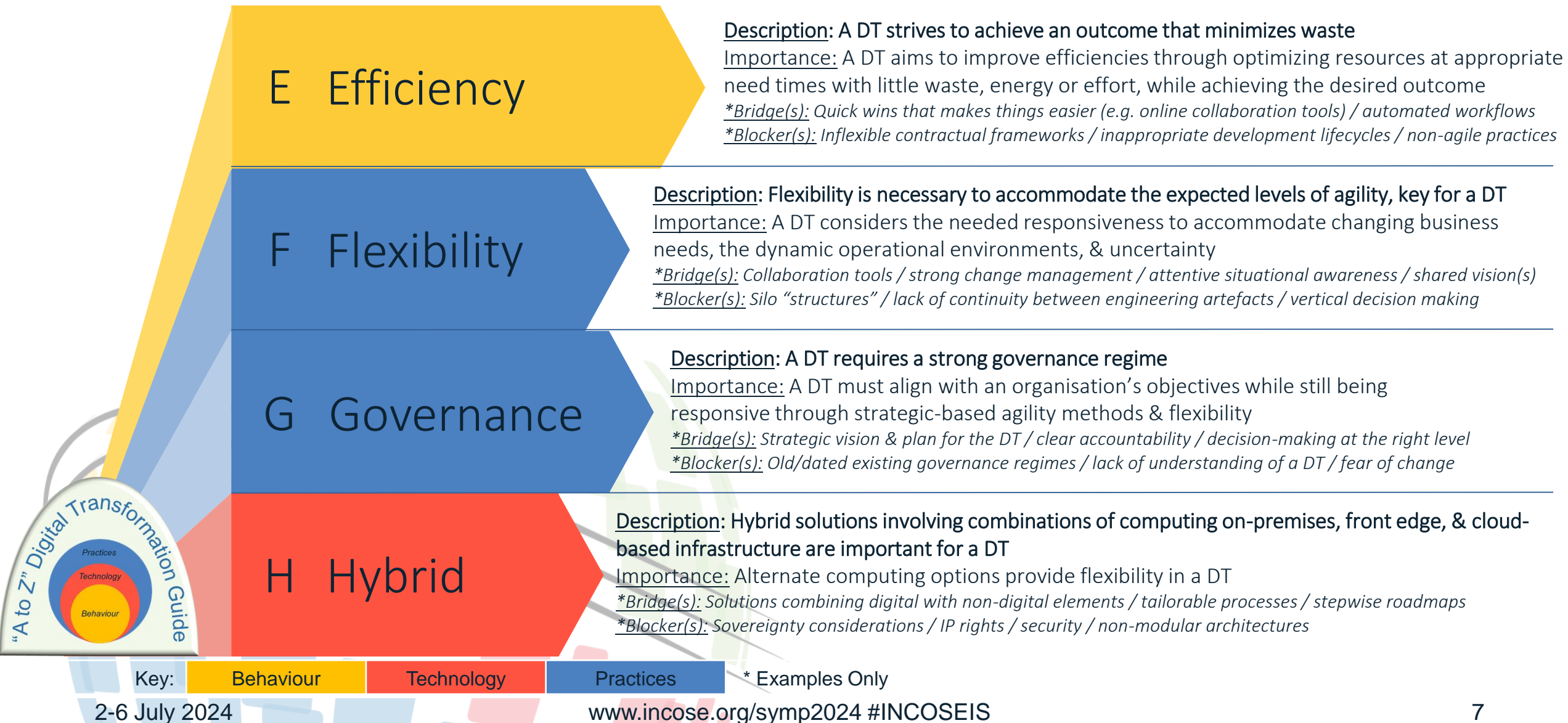
Practices

\* Examples Only

2-6 July 2024

[www.incose.org/symp2024](http://www.incose.org/symp2024) #INCOSSEIS

# A to Z Digital Transformation (DT) Guide (2/7)



# A to Z Digital Transformation (DT) Guide (3/7)

## I Innovation

Description: Transformations typically require innovation - DT is no different. Possible innovations relate to products & systems, services, practices, &/or organisational changes

Importance: DT & innovation go hand-in-hand, each supporting the other

\*Bridge(s): Digital solutions can support more “dynamic trial & error” activities / digital technologies

\*Blocker(s): Lack of sponsor(s) / short term goal focus / lack of investment in digital technologies

## J Journey

Description: DT is a journey, progressively building on each implemented initiative

Importance: A successful DT is the collection of various elements of an organisation, not just digital technologies, that combine enable the enterprise to advance

\*Bridge(s): Forward looking strategy / shared vision / DT roadmap / informed workforce / digital skills

\*Blocker(s): Fear of change / “wed to the current practices” / lack of digital resources / unskilled workforce

## K Knowledge

Description: Just as data is key to a DT, when put into context, knowledge is generated

Importance: Applying DT will increase the generation of data which in turn should increase knowledge & our ability to share it through greater data analytic capabilities

\*Bridge(s): Data analytic & management tools / collaboration tools / networking technologies

\*Blocker(s): IP constraints / security / knowledge silos / inappropriate protection of data / mistrust

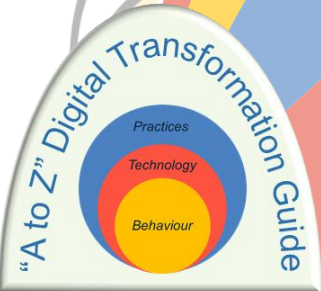
## L Legacy

Description: Stepwise transformations for digitalization are recommended building on the successful legacy products, systems, & services

Importance: The successes of the past should be considered as a foundation of the future

\*Bridge(s): Good & trusted reputation / strong existing product/system/service as foundation / loyal client-base

\*Blocker(s): “Wedded” to the legacy solution / unable to communicate transformation advantages / big bang approach



Key:

Behaviour

Technology

Practices

\* Examples Only

2-6 July 2024

[www.incose.org/symp2024](http://www.incose.org/symp2024) #INCLOSEIS



# A to Z Digital Transformation (DT) Guide (4/7)

## M Model

Description: Models are instrumental in progressing solutions through a DT

Importance: Models are responsible for generating the data, analysing the data, & creating value – invaluable in a DT

\*Bridge(s): Modelling mindset / digital skills / collaboration tools / forward looking aptitudes

\*Blocker(s): Inability to understand the model / inexperience working with models / instant value creation

## N Numerical

Description: Numerical methods & programming provide the tools for digitalisation

Importance: Numerical representations & solutions underpin a DT when considering automation, robotics & machine tooling

\*Bridge(s): Digital technologies / programming & algorithmic skills / strong workflows / economies of scale

\*Blocker(s): Unskilled digital workforce / lack of investment / short term roadmaps

## O Operations

Description: A DT considers the dynamics of the operational ecosystem

Importance: Operational concepts & practices evolve to either match or guide the DT, resulting in equal or better performance for a successful transformation

\*Bridge(s): Operational scenarios / repeatable practices / common goals / models / roadmaps

\*Blocker(s): Irregular, adhoc practices / lack of planning / inability to handle progressive changes

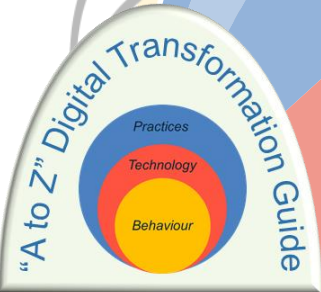
## P Platform

Description: The selection of the platform(s) is important for a DT

Importance: The platform underpins the exchange of data for a product, system & service, fostering collaboration, integration, interoperability, scalability & upgradeability

\*Bridge(s): Data models / secure networks & infrastructure / scalable & flexible architectures

\*Blocker(s): Lack of digital resources / sovereignty / security / monolithic architecture



Key:

Behaviour

Technology

Practices

\* Examples Only

2-6 July 2024

[www.incose.org/symp2024](http://www.incose.org/symp2024) #INCOSSEIS

# A to Z Digital Transformation (DT) Guide (5/7)

## Q Quality

Description: A DT aims to exceed the current quality of product, system, & service, experienced by end users of the existing solutions

Importance: A DT strives to deliver value, reduce waste & meet high quality standards

\*Bridge(s): Strong legacy foundations / modelling & simulations / continuum of data / user feedback

\*Blocker(s): Lack of investment / ignoring legacy & its practices / not building on previous experience

## R Resilience

Description: Operating under increasing uncertainty & dynamic ecosystems requires resilience

Importance: Without the ability to predict all outcomes a DT must produce resilient outputs, as well as the transformation itself must be resilient

\*Bridge(s): Key architecture drivers / architecture patterns to replicate / operational scenarios / “what-if” analysis

\*Blocker(s): Unfunded / inappropriate risk profile / monolithic architecture / not knowing how to be resilient

## S Security

Description: A DT addresses security, from both the perspective of the transformation & the digitalization of the product, system, & service

Importance: A transformation requires cybersecurity measures to protect the data, key to a DT

\*Bridge(s): Cybersecurity “in our DNA” / digital technologies / organisation’s reputation / proven building blocks

\*Blocker(s): Lack of funding / ignorance of security consequences / inappropriate risk profile

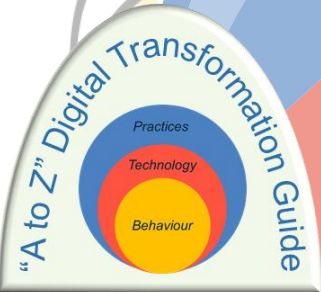
## T Twinning

Description: Digital twinning, whether a digital twin, sister or shadow, can optimise a DT

Importance: Digital twins support anticipation, collaboration, & reaction analytics, reflecting the behaviour of the entity of interest purely from a digital space

\*Bridge(s): Investment opportunity / safety & security focus / “what if” analysis / use of tangible entities

\*Blocker(s): Lack of funding / maintaining the twin lifecycle / unrealistic representation / lack of data-centric focus



Key:

Behaviour

Technology

Practices

\* Examples Only

2-6 July 2024

[www.incose.org/symp2024](http://www.incose.org/symp2024) #INCOSSEIS

10

# A to Z Digital Transformation (DT) Guide (6/7)

## U Upgradability

Description: A DT strengthens upgradability, in turn enhancing responses to change

Importance: Products, systems, & services have improved performance & increased longevity through upgrade strategies, better supported through a DT

\*Bridge(s): Product-system-service roadmaps / technology horizon scans / planned refresh programs

\*Blocker(s): Lack of forward thinking / “wedded” to legacy solution / extensive regression testing

## V Virtualisation

Description: Seek to augment or virtualize the products, systems, & services through a DT

Importance: Virtualisation through a DT enables greater agility, flexibility & experimentation in developing the real solution while potentially minimising costs

\*Bridge(s): Digital technologies & resources / synthetic environment / modelling & simulation skills

\*Blocker(s): Lack of realistic models / maintaining correlation between real & virtual space / lack of investment

## W Workflow

Description: A DT can optimise the sequencing of tasks & activities, streamlining workflow

Importance: Digitalisation of workflows increase collaboration, reduce potential rework, & aid in measuring progress

\*Bridge(s): Collaboration tools / integrated engineering workbenches / AI powered assistance / lean practices

\*Blocker(s): “Heavy” processes / adhoc behaviour / extensive vertical decision-making / lack of trust in automation

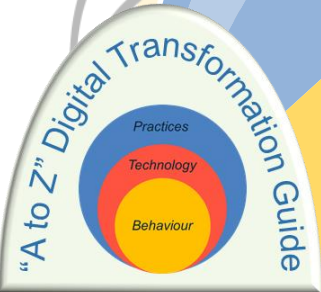
## X Xenacious

Description: The want to change & possibly experiment boosts the implementation of a DT

Importance: To test, try, & learn rather than seeking perfection in the first instance, exhibits a digital mindset, necessary to successfully implement a DT

\*Bridge(s): Forward looking mentality / psychological safe workplace / risk adopter

\*Blocker(s): Fear of change / risk adverse / daily constraints dominating worktime / lack of experimentation facility



Key: Behaviour Technology Practices \* Examples Only

2-6 July 2024

[www.incose.org/symp2024](http://www.incose.org/symp2024) #INCOSSEIS



# A to Z Digital Transformation (DT) Guide (7/7)

Y You

Description: A DT requires all stakeholders to align with the transformation

Importance: Having the latest technologies & digital practices will not guarantee a successful DT. An enterprise must have all stakeholders “on board” for the transformation

\*Bridge(s): Common vision / investments / collaboration tools / transformation plan & roadmap

\*Blocker(s): Lack of “one team” mentality / Fear of change / “wedded” to legacy solutions & practices

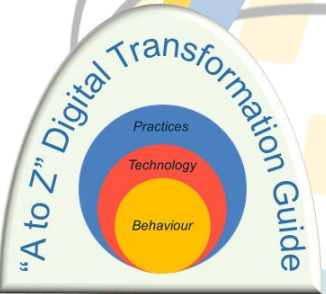
Z Zenware

Description: Keep a DT as simple as possible with the end user in mind

Importance: Uncomplicated user interfaces enhance adoption of the digitalized products, systems, & services

\*Bridge(s): Operational scenarios / feedback opportunities / modelling & simulation / training & coaching

\*Blocker(s): Limited feedback loops / lack of operational understanding of end user needs / complicated toolset



Key:

Behaviour

Technology

Practices

\* Examples Only

2-6 July 2024

[www.incose.org/symp2024](http://www.incose.org/symp2024) #INCOSSEIS

# Mapping DT Guidance to Typical SE Practices (1/3)

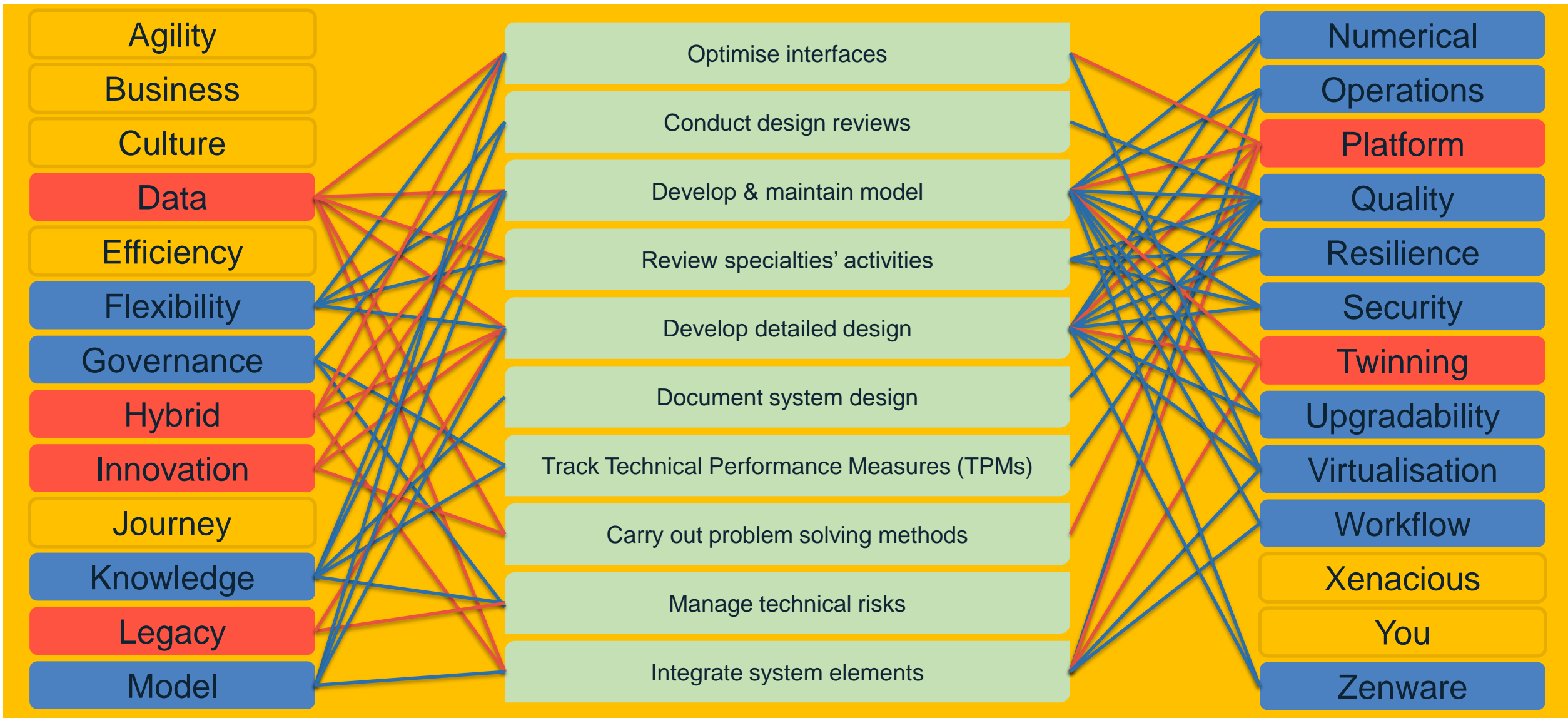


# Example – Develop Operational Scenarios

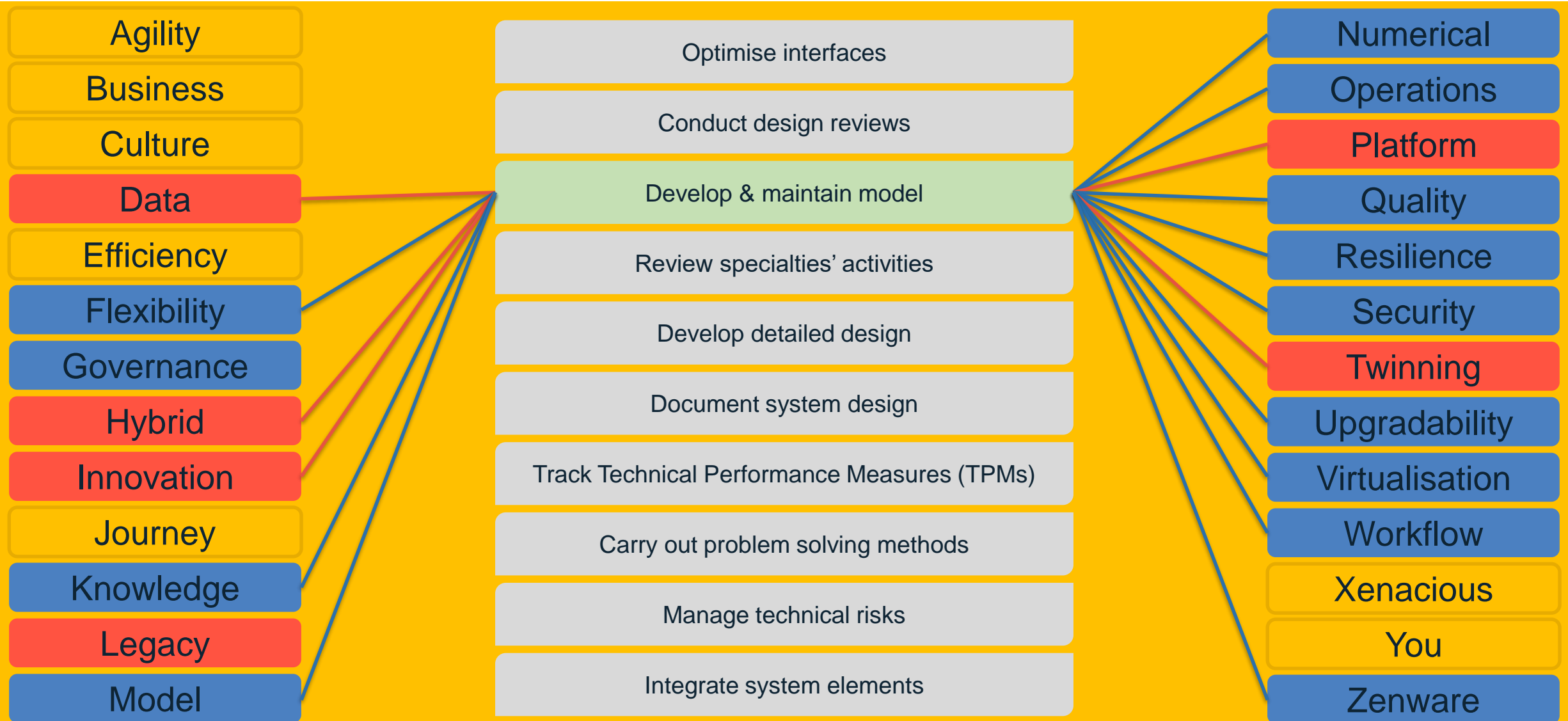




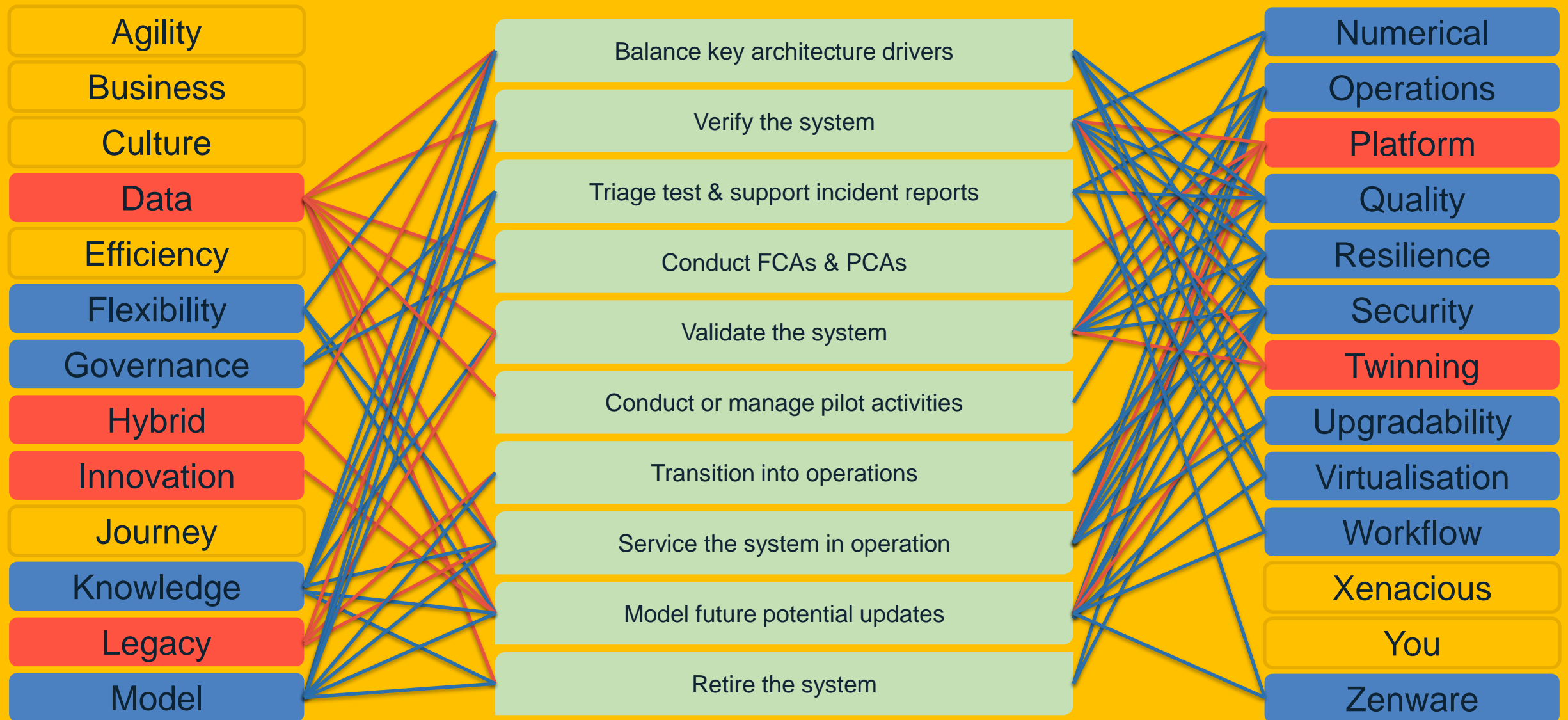
# Mapping DT Guidance to Typical SE Practices (2/3)



# Example – Develop & Maintain Model

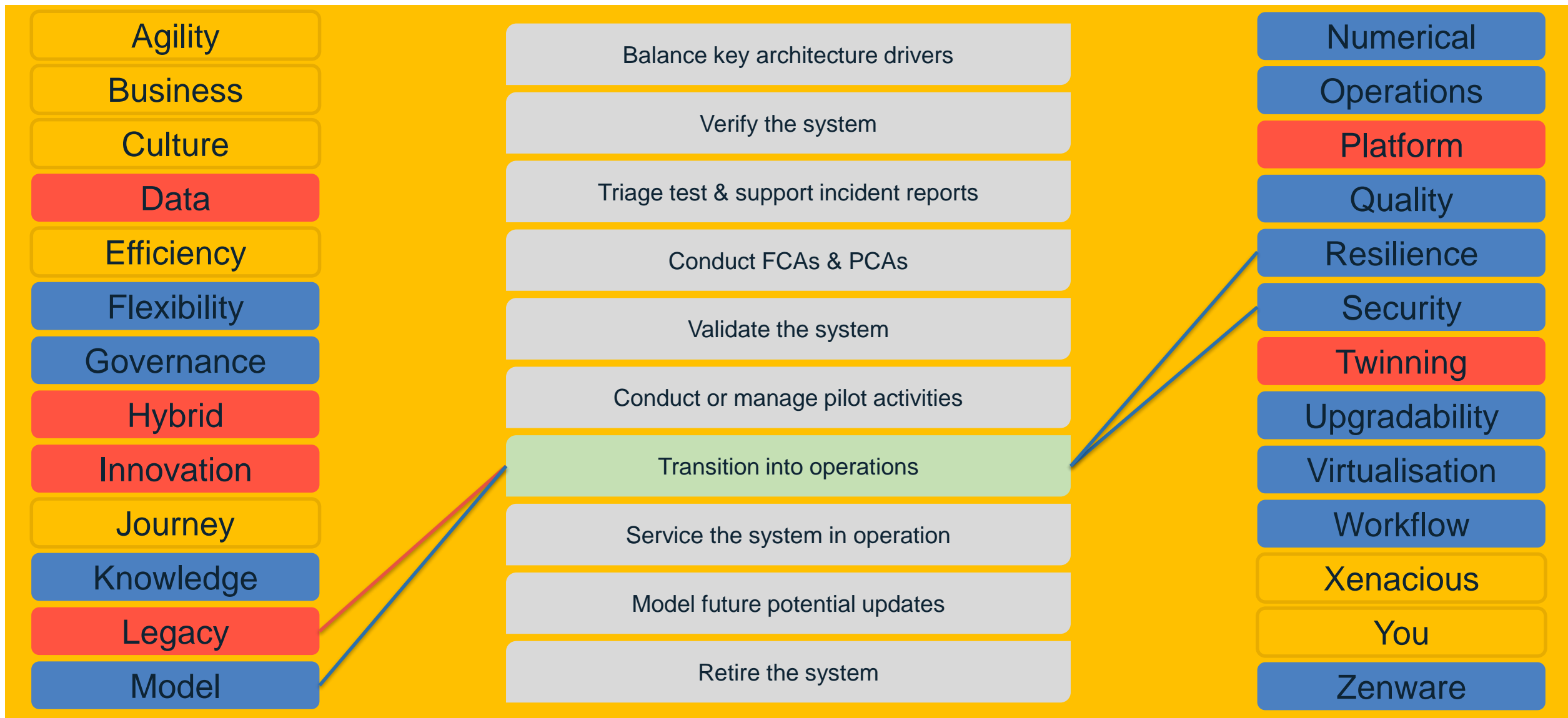


# Mapping DT Guidance to Typical SE Practices (3/3)



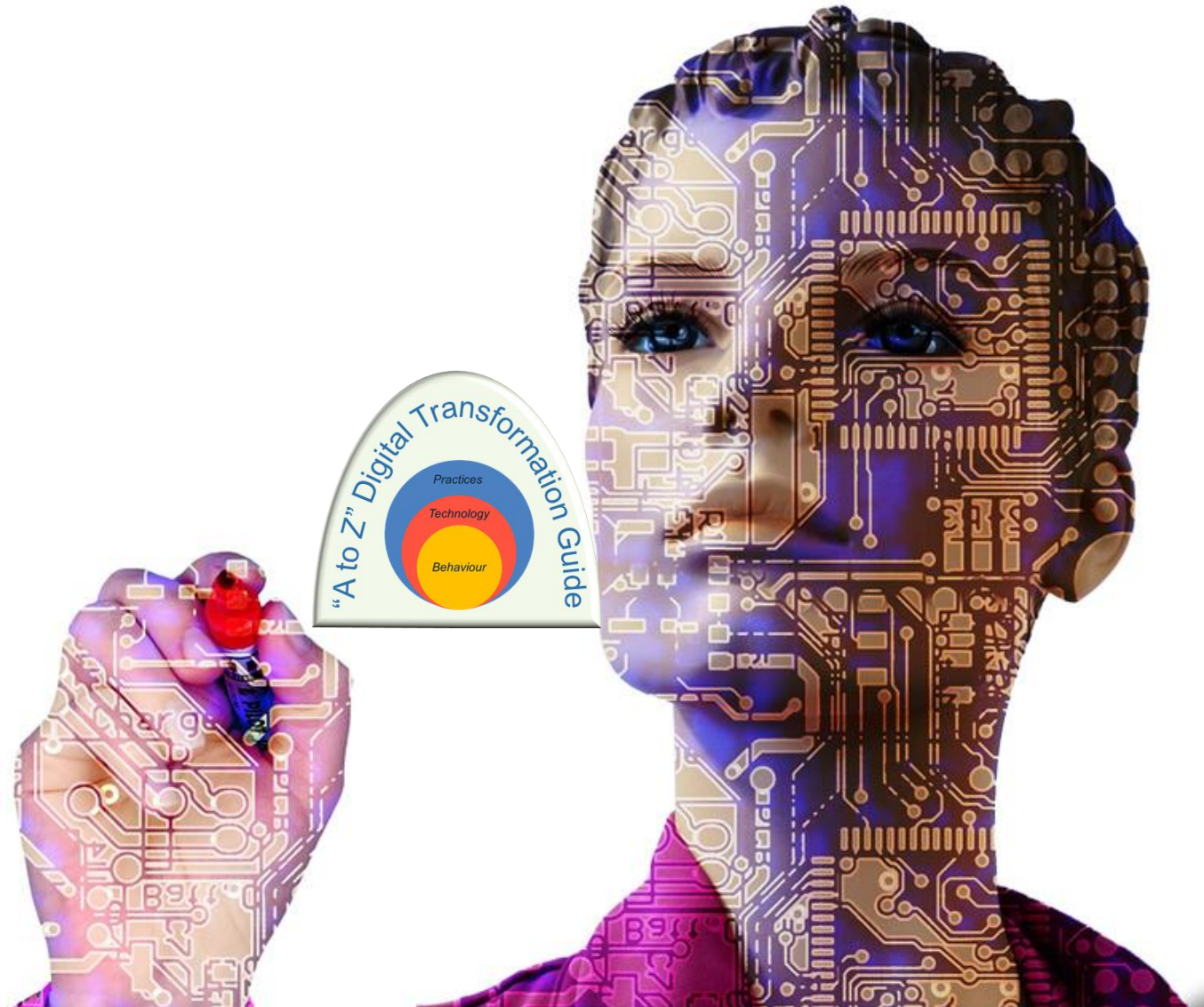


# Example – Transition into Operations



# Summary

- Strong digital culture
- Clear DT objectives
- Investment is necessary
- Identifying what needs to be digitalised → DT roadmap
  - Progressive DT recommended
  - Build on legacy
- Data is the asset
- Digital “upskilling” is necessary
- Digitalisation state > current state
  - Value creation!



# Q&A Time

*Thank You*

- **Contacts**

- Kerry Lunney
  - Thales Australia, Country Engineering Director / Chief Engineer
  - INCOSE Past President & Fellow, ESEP
  - Engineers Australia Fellow, CPEng & EngExec
  - [kerry.lunney@thalesgroup.com.au](mailto:kerry.lunney@thalesgroup.com.au)
- Stéphane Bonnet
  - Thales Avionics, System Design Authority & MBSE Expert
  - [stephane.bonnet@thalesgroup.com](mailto:stephane.bonnet@thalesgroup.com)

“Copyright © 2024 by Kerry Lunney & Stéphane Bonnet. Permission granted to INCOSE to publish and use. Reuse by all others permitted with prior written consent of Kerry Lunney or Stéphane Bonnet”





# 34<sup>th</sup> Annual **INCOSE** international symposium

hybrid event

Dublin, Ireland  
July 2 - 6, 2024

[www.incose.org/symp2024](http://www.incose.org/symp2024)  
#INCOSEIS